ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Wednesday, October 15, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' subscantic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Classified Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

ASTLE.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at The Close, Halton Camp, Bucks, to Marguerita, wife of Flt.-Lieut. F. H. Astle, R.A.F.—a son.

BELL.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Ealing, to Bertha (née Thompson), the wife of Isaac K. C. Bell—a son.

COLCLOUGH.—On Monday, Oct. 13, 1930, at 28, Brompton-square, S.W.3, to Betty (née Cozens), wife of Rex Colclough—a daughter.

COOPER.—On Oct. 14, 1930, at Deerswood, Ifield, Sussex, to Ida Mary, wife of Cecil M. Cooper—a son.

CURTIS.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at Long Cottage, Beckham Green, Surrey, to Betty (née de Glehn), wife of John Heywood Curtis—a son.

EVANS.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at a nursing home, Exeter, to Catherine Blanche, wife of J. D. Evans, of The Rise, Dawlish, and of Sotik, Kenya Colony—a son.

GEORGIADES.—On Oct. 14, 1930, at 48, Harley House, N.W.1, to the wife of Costa J. Georgiades—a son.

GREEN.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Whittington, Lichfield, to Ella, wife of Capt. W. C. Green, South Stafford Regiment—a daughter.

GUNTHER.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at 5, Windmill-hill, Hampstead, N.W.3, to Mavis H. D. Gunther (née Carr), B.Ch., wife of Eustace Rolfe Gunther—a daughter.

HARDIE.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at a nursing home, Rochbeath, to Joan, wife of L. G. G. S. Hardie, Royal Artillery—a daughter.

HYNES.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at Belfast, to Ruth, wife of Captain W. H. Hynes, The Gloucestershire Regiment—a daughter.

KENNEDY.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at "Crown Nest," St. George's-hill, Weybridge, to Marie Dolores, wife of A. T. Kennedy—a daughter (still-born).

LOW.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at "Ernsford," Southsea, to Joan, wife of Instructor-Commander A. J. Low, R.N.—a daughter.

MARTINEAU.—On Oct. 10, 1930, at a nursing home, Edgbaston, to Emily (née Somerville) and B. Garow Martineau—a son.

MILNER-WHITE.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at Belhus, Purfleet, Essex, to Geraldine, wife of R. Milner-White, I.C.S.—a daughter.

SAMUEL.—On Oct. 14, 1930, at a nursing home, Westcliff-on-Sea, to Doris Margaret (née Foster), wife of Frank Samuel—a son (Burford).

WATSON JEAN.—On Oct. 10 and 11, 1930, at Guernsey, to Teuda (née Croft), wife of Flight-Lieutenant J. Watson Jean, R.A.F.—twin daughters.

WOOD.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Knightcote House, Leamington Spa, to Sylvia (née Pearman), wife of T. Spencer Wood—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

BARRATT : MARSHALL.—On Oct 14, 1930, at St. Mary's, Pinner, W. Donald Barratt to Dorothy Marshall.

BARTON : LITTLE.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at St. Saviour's Church, Belgrand, Francis Wilson Barton, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Barton, Basingstoke, to Kathleen, only daughter of the late Henry Gardiner Little, of Dublin and Las Palmas, and Mrs. F. Hochaltinger, of Buenos Aires.

HOCART : HEARN.—On Oct. 6, 1930, at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Merton, by the Rev. E. H. Hearn, brother of the bride, Arthur Maurice, son of the late James Hocart, of The Vale, Guernsey, to Elizabeth Graham, daughter of the late Charles H. Hearn, of Hatcham, London.

LOWE : DAVIES.—At St. Martin-in-the-Fields, by the Rev. A. A. P. Wisser, Henry Stinton Lowe, of Tyreros, Andover, to Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Davies, Llanilar, Cardiganshire.

OWEN : MEADE-KING.—On Oct. 14, 1930, at St. Philip's, Kensington, Ewin Trefid Owen, of Cerrig-y-Druidion, N. Wales, to Alexandra Catherine, only daughter of the late Rev. F. Meade-King, of West Hay, Wrington, Somerset.

WOODCOCK : WHITAKER.—On Oct. 14, 1930, at St. Mary's, Monkton, Sidney A. Woodcock, to Lilian Mary, elder daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles Whitaker, of Teddington.

GOLDEN WEDDING

BEADELL : FLAXMAN.—On Oct. 14, 1880, at St. Marylebone Parish Church, Charles Beadell to Jessie Maud Mathilda Flaxman.

DEATHS

ABERCROMBY.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Hove, Sussex, George Cosmo Abercromby, late Captain, Scots Guards, second son of the late Sir George Abercromby, 11th Bt., of Birkenbog, Banffshire, and Forglen, Aberdeenshire, Scotland. Funeral at Forglen.

ALDIS.—On Oct. 14, 1930, at Arundel Lodge, Waldon, Surrey, Thomas William Aldis, late of Widford, Herts, and F. S. Deacon and Co., Hankow, aged 83. Interment Abney Park Cemetery, 12 noon, to-morrow (Thursday). No mourning, by special request.

ASTON.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at 21, Grove-road, Worthing, Kate Whitney Aston, only daughter of David Wilson Aston, aged 71. Funeral at St. Matthew's Church, Worthing, to-day (Wednesday), at 2.30.

BARKER.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at 40, Redcliffe-gardens, S.W., Joseph Hurton Aveling Barker, of St. German's Hall, King's Lynn, Norfolk, aged 66. Funeral announcement later.

BELLAMY.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Southampton, Alice Bellamy, for 29 years devoted Matron and friend at "Sunnyside," Winchester College.

BENITZ.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at Buenos Aires, Clara E. Benitz, widow of William O. Benitz, of La California Estancia.

BOYLE.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at 4, The Plantation, Ompton-lane, Worthing, Arthur Woolmer, the beloved husband of Maude Boyle, in his 51st year.

CHENEY.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Leys House, Banbury, John Cheney, aged 74 years. Funeral at 2.15 o'clock on Friday, Oct. 17.

CLARKE.—On Oct. 12, 1930, suddenly, at Southbourne, Grace, daughter of the late Colonel H. S. Clarke, of Winsbledon. Funeral, to-morrow (Thursday), at 3 o'clock, at Wimbledon Cemetery.

CORNWALL.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Oakleigh, Brighton, near Reading, Emily Susan, only surviving daughter of the late Rev. Alan Gardner and Mrs. Cornwall, and widow of Walter Cornwall, of Sheffield, suddenly, at Shakespeare-road, Whitby, Yorks, William Asbon, dearly loved husband of Agnes Shield Headlam, aged 69 years. Funeral at Lythe to-day (Wednesday), following service at St. Hilda's Church, Whitby, at 2 o'clock.

HEELIS.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at Denver, Monmouthshire, Watford, Percival Heelis, the dearly loved husband of Emily Heelis. Service at Wesleyan Church, Queen's-road, Watford, to-morrow (Thursday), 11 o'clock.

HUE.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at The Cottage, St. Lawrence, I. of W., Emily Charlotte Hue, daughter of the late Rev. C. B. Hue, of St. Lawrence.

HUNTER.—On Oct. 11, 1930, at Dixons, Lockerbie, Frank Hunter, Writer to the Signet. Funeral to-day (Wednesday), Lockerbie Cemetery, at 12.30. No flowers, by request.

JAMES.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at Glan-Mor, Truro, Cornwall, Isabel Joanna James, widow of Charles Whitaker James, of Tuckingmill, Cornwall, aged 73 years. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday), at 3 p.m., Kenwyn Church.

KLEIN.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at 7, Deansway, East Finchley, Maisie, the dearly loved wife of Sydney Bernard Klein.

LANE.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at a nursing home, after a long illness most bravely borne, Captain Denis Downes Lane, R.N. (retired), of 12, St. Mary Abbots-court, Kensington, beloved husband of Anna Phillips Lane. No flowers, by request.

MITCHELL.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at The Pleasance, Gullane, Scotland, A. G. Sydney Mitchell, son of the late Sir Arthur Mitchell, K.C.B., Edinburgh. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday). Arrangements in "Scotsman" of Oct. 15 and 16.

O'BRIEN.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at 23, Ovington-gardens, S.W.3, the Hon. Ellie O'Brien, younger daughter of the late Rt. Hon. Lord O'Brien. Requiem Mass at The Oratory to-morrow (Thursday), at 10 o'clock.

PARSONS.—On Oct. 14, 1930, at 24, Iverna-gardens, W., Blanche Eva, widow of Col. Ramsay Parsons and beloved mother of John Clive Russell Parsons. Funeral arrangements later.

PAYNE.—On Oct. 14, 1930, William Henry Payne, M.D., beloved husband of Ethel Payne, of 1A, Vanbrugh-terrace, Blackheath, late of 8, Vesta-road, Brockley, S.E., aged 69.

PERCY.—On Oct. 12, 1930, M. A. W. Percy, of St. Paul's Vicarage, Blackburn, Lancs, widow of Alfred Percy, late of Calcutta and Worthing, and daughter of the late Alderman W. H. Apthorpe, of Cambridge, in her 85th year. Interment Worthing Cemetery tomorrow (Thursday), 12 noon.

RALFE.—On Oct. 9, 1930, at his residence, 19, Court-lane, Dulwich, Percy Delacourt Ralfe, Interred Nunhead Cemetery, Monday, Oct. 13.

REID.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at Meadowland, Bath, Ellen Isobel Reid, formerly of Oporto. Funeral at St. James's Cemetery, Bath, at 2.30 to-morrow (Thursday).

ROMNEY.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at 49, Elsham-road, W.14, Margaret Louisa Romney (née Turner). Funeral at Kensington Cemetery, Gunnersbury, at 11.30 a.m. to-morrow (Thursday). No flowers, by request.

SAINSBURY.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at "Westcroft," Milford-on-Sea, Hants, Elsie, beloved elder daughter of Thomas Edward Sainsbury. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday), 3 p.m., at Milford-on-Sea Church.

SIMMONS.—On Oct. 14, 1930, very suddenly, Joseph Barnett Simmons, of 6, Kidderpore-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.3, devoted husband of Agnes Simmons. Funeral leaves the above address to-morrow (Thursday), at 11 o'clock, for Willesden Jewish Cemetery, Beacons-field-road. No flowers, by special request. Prayers Thursday evening only at 8.30 at 6, Kidderpore-gardens, N.W.

STEWART.—On Oct. 13, 1930, at 6, Belvedere-grove, Wimbledon, after a short illness, William Stewart, Writer to the Signet, in his 91st year. Funeral at St. Mary's Church, to-morrow (Thursday), at 11.30 a.m.

WOULFE.—On Oct. 13, 1930, suddenly, at Bournemouth, Algernon Thornton Woulfe, of 40, Hillstreet, Mayfair, and 28, Bedford-square, W.C., Solicitor, aged 65 years. Funeral, East Bournemouth Cemetery (Boscombe Station), to-morrow (Thursday), at 3 p.m. No flowers.

YATES.—On Oct. 12, 1930, at her residence, Coombeen, Waterlooville, Hants, Maria Ann Yates, aged 71.

IN MEMORIAM

ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BRITTON.—In proud and loving memory of Sec. Lieut. Herbert Edward Britton, R.F.A., who died of wounds received in action in France, Oct. 15, 1916.

CLARKSON.—In ever-loving memory of Lieut.-Commander Frederick William Clarkson, lost in H.M.S. Hawke, Oct. 15, 1914, only and much loved son of Ella Lady Warren.

DAVID.—In ever-loving memory of Thomas Morgan David, Engineer Lieut.-Commander, Royal Navy, H.M.S. Hawke, Oct. 15, 1914.

DICKSON.—To the dear memory of Midshipman David Angus Dickson, H.M.S. Hawke, lost by enemy action in the North Sea, Oct. 15, 1914, aged 17.

FLETCHER.—In proud and loving memory of Edward Kreling Fletcher, D.S.O., Lt.-Col., R.M.L.I., died at Deal as the result of wounds, Oct. 15, 1921.

FOWLER.—In loving memory of Lieut.-Colonel George Herbert Fowler, 1/8 Batt. The Sherwood Foresters, who fell at the taking of the Hohenzollern Redoubt, Oct. 15, 1915.

"Until the day break."

MACFARLANE.—In loving memory of Lieut. Alexander Macfarlane, R.F.A., aged 28, killed at Metz-en-Couture, France, Dec. 2, 1917: also of Midshipman Robert Craig Macfarlane, R.N., aged 17, H.M.S. Hawke, Oct. 15, 1914; sons of Robert Craig Macfarlane, Brachenfeld, Chislehurst.

PRATT-BARLOW.—To the memory of Commander Bernhard Pratt-Barlow, R.N., H.M.S. Hawke, who lost his life Oct. 15, 1914, in the North Sea.

ROLPH.—In loving memory of Charles C. Rolph, Capt., 2nd Leicestershire Regt., killed in action in France on Oct. 15, 1915.

SMITHIES-TAYLOR.—In proud and happy memory of Garth Smithies-Taylor, Lieut. (acting Captain), 1/5th Sherwood Foresters, who fell while gallantly leading his company near La Transloy, Oct. 15, 1916. Also in honoured memory of those who fell with him. (Dunhill, Steep, Petersfield.)

CRAVEN.—In loving memory of our dear aunt, Ann Craven, who passed away Oct. 15, 1913.—G., R., and C.

DALZELL.—To the dear memory of Captain John Dalzell, who passed away suddenly at Slough on Oct. 15, 1928.

Ever in our thoughts.

DRUMMOND-HAY.—In loving memory of my husband, Sir Robert Hay Drummond-Hay, K.C.M.G., Oct. 15, 1928. R.I.P. "Perpetual Light."

GORRIE.—In loving remembrance of Dorothy Elizabeth Gorrie, who passed over at Simla, Oct. 15, 1929.

"Out of the straus of the doing"
Into the peace of the done."

KERANS.—In ever-loving memory of my husband, Edward Thomas John Kerans, D.S.O., Major, Royal Tank Corps, who died Oct. 15, 1927.

MADDEN.—In ever-loving memory of Frederic Henry Madden, who died on Oct. 15, 1928.—K. M. A. M. and F. A. V. M.

K. K.—In affectionate remembrance of Eliza Kino of Hampstead. Born and died at Westbury, Wiltshire. Oct. 15, 1903.—L. J.

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Midwives and Maternity Nurses trained in the hospital (SUPPLIED) at once upon application to the Matron. Telephone Clerkenwell 6171.

PERSONAL

DOT.—I wish I could prevent you from doing anything so foolish: let me help you.—S.

The charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for four lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 5s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

Lady Brancker, Mrs. Brancker, and relatives of the late Air Vice-Marshal Sir Sefton Brancker wish to THANK ALL who sent the beautiful FLORAL TRIBUTES to his Memory.

£25 REWARD.—LOST 4th inst., between Whiteley's and Hyde Park Gate, a DIAMOND CLUSTER RING.—Wilson, Hunter and Co., 59, Old Bailey, E.C.4.

Essex Saloon, late 1925, recently overhauled and in first-class running order, £50 or nearest offer; owner going India.—Write Box F.807, The Times, E.C.4.

Broadstairs.—"Brookhurst," St. Peters. For Sale, this unusually well-built and fitted MODERN HOUSE, standing on sheltered position (one acre), sunk orchard and flower garden; hard tennis court (Gazes green); glass; sheltered from north open to south. Large lounge and two reception rooms (all parquet floor), cloak room, five bed rooms, dressing room; £4,000 or less for quick sale.—Apply Owner.

Advertiser re SILENTLY CLOSING LIFT GATES wishes to THANK those who answered, as they are too numerous to reply to individually. He suggests they should get in touch with lift makers and thus perhaps save our already overstrained nerves from complete prostration. But they should remember the gate should not only be capable of closing silently but incapable of being closed noisily.

Public School man (35), with character plus brains, desires change offering scope for proved initiative and business ability, indoor or out, advertising, sales, and good general experience; telling copywriter, capable correspondent, highest references.—Write Box R.1568, The Times, E.C.4.

Properties in Hampshire, Dorset, and Wiltshire for DISPOSAL.—This SPECIAL FEATURE will be found on pages 24 and 25.

"I believe the present is a splendid time for intending settlers to take up farming here."—Extract from letter from a Yorkshire farmer now in South Africa.—For information apply to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association, 190, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

Famous Salmon River (Wales).—Small Sporting Estate, excellent fishing. Very low prices.—See Country and Seaside Houses, page 24.

Buick Page Hunt drop head Coupé, 1927; excellent condition throughout; mileage guarantee; unexceptionable; owner returning Africa; 90 guineas for immediate sale.—Owner, 7, North View, Wimbledon. Tele. 5532 Wimbledon.

Envelope addressing and circularising urgently required to daily; driven and call; clerks Work promptly executed.—For estimates 'phone Padd. 4557, or write Capt. Spicer, Church Army, 187, Marylebone-road, N.W.1.

Cheery Sports Party being formed for WENGEN, departing December 22nd; ramblers invited. —Write Box 09257, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

Winter Sports Party leaving for Pontresina December 22nd has VACANCIES. Moderate cost. —Write Box 09258, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

Miss A. M. MacNaught, Diplômée (Cordon Bleu) Paris.—Home-made Cakes, Sweets, Jces, Pommes variées, Aspics; dinners cooked, carved, and served; cooking lessons given; kitchens in order; otherwise; outside catering.—76, Charlwood-street, S.W.1.

Old Tye Place, Mersham Village.—A delightful XVIIth Century private or business House on main road; labour-saving appliances; four bed (hot and cold basins), bath, two reception, great lounge with noble brick open fireplace and oak gallery; barn, garage, large garden; rent £180.—Wickman, Wray Common, Reigate.

Accommodation (London) required for evening lectures; three to five rooms, well furnished; club or similar room suitable; must be good central address. —Write Box 09259, The Times, E.C.4.

East Sussex. Amidst beautiful country.—To be LET FURNISHED, or would sell, Gentleman's RESIDENCE of CHARACTER; hall, two reception, eight bed and dressing, bath, &c.; labour saving; garage, &c.; excellent condition throughout; tennis court, woodland, &c. Rent for winter months, 4gns. per week.—Write Box R.1438, The Times, E.C.4.

Moderate living costs, low taxation, &c., in British Columbia enable the possessor of a small income to enjoy healthy pleasures which would otherwise be denied. Information Dept. T., Agent-General for British Columbia, 1/3, Regent-street, S.W.1.

From 25s. weekly.—BABY or little CHILD offered HOME.—Write Box R.1193, The Times, E.C.4.

Bargain.—1926 40/50 ROLLS-ROYCE, Blue Weymann Saloon; by H. J. Mulliner; partition behind driver; mileage 12,000; Marchal head lamps and complete equipment; condition of the whole car as new; price £1,400 or nearest offer. No dealers.—Write Box R.1440, The Times, E.C.4.

Bachelor quarters, bed room and sitting room, breakfast and dinner, all meals week-ends. 3gns.; near Tube and District.—Fulham 5000.

Wanted, lady owner-driver take delicate young lady short drives and shop about London; must be good careful driver.—Write Box 8161, The Times, 43, Wigmore-street, W.1.

Chateau d'Oex.—Capt. Armitage, R.N., will LET FURNISHED winter or longer, with possession, the sunny CHALET GURNEFLIN; large living room, closed verandah, three bed rooms, maid's room, two baths, bath room; automatic electrical water-heater, electric kitchen range, electric light, telephone; plate, linen.—Apply W. E. Kelly, La Rey, Château d'Oex, Switzerland.

Young French doctor and WIFE offer to two ladies or gentlemen, or husband and wife, PARIS BOARD and LODGING at NICE in exchange for same in London. —Write to Mr. E. de la Batut, 10 bis, Rue des Saints, Paris.

Colonel, retired, or similar, wishing to augment income, should telephone Victoria 0407 any time, Sunday Overseas Visitors, superfluous officers, for those requiring care while on leave.

Lipp baby grand; perfect condition and tone; can be tried by appointment; 95 guineas. No dealers. Write Box R.1564, The Times, E.C.4.

Bexhill.—To be LET, immediately, 6-12 months, well FURNISHED HOUSE; two sitting, two double, two single bed rooms, bath.—Miss T., Brookdene, Pevensehall, Saxmundham.

Thousands RABBITS, good sport, £1 day gun; 2 miles Sandwich; 1 hour London 50 miles.—Write Box R.1447, The Times, E.C.4.

Monte Carlo.—Bargain.—£180 buys completely FURNISHED FLAT; salon; two bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; central heating. Rent 7,500 francs (£60) yearly.—Write Box R.1445, The Times, E.C.4.

English lady wants POST of trust, Paris, or anywhere abroad; capable, adaptable; good salary essential.—Write Box F.810, The Times, E.C.4.

German lessons by German Lady (Diplôme), 6/- p.h., 6d. hour.—Write Box W.1697, The Times, E.C.4.

Guest house (high-class) at Finsbury Park (three minutes Tube); newly equipped; hot and cold running water and telephone in rooms; all beds have Staples Mattresses and Vi-Springs; Connecticom Wardrobes; Garage. Terms from 2gns.—155, Queen's-road, N.4 (Phone North 1135).

Experienced Verbatim Reporter.—Miss E. Wilkinson, 23, Baldry-gardens, S.W.16.

Tunbridge Wells.—Gentleman (young) seeks home nice family. Room, and possibly evening meal; simple tastes.—Write Box E.1464, The Times, E.C.4.

Winter quarters.—Small first-class Residential Hotel to be let for few months; five bed rooms, extreme comfort; best English cooking; quiet house in congenial surroundings close to sea, very sheltered, shops, R.C. and other churches, &c.—Write Box R.1451, The Times, E.C.4.

Viscountess is willing to CHAPERON a lady in London until Christmas and would go abroad after, or London season later. Good credentials required.—Write Box R.1448, The Times, E.C.4.

Regent's Park Mansions.—Custom-built NON-RESIDENTIAL HOUSE; central heating; three beautiful bath rooms; facing south over lovely gardens. To be SOLD or Let Furnished or Unfurnished. Mortgage arranged.—Primrose 6040, Mr. Hyde, Saturday-road, W.

Hampshire SHOOTING.—Owner, obliged to reduce staff abroad, has to LET about 1,000 ACRES, Farnham-Odiham district; 500 pheasants' eggs set.—Write B., Redfields, Church Crookham, Hants.

Kenya estate.—Owner, at present unable to be in Kenya enough to supervise management properly, wants PARTNER who will go out and visit estate for a month or two enough to see accounts, photographs, and full particulars here, interesting and enjoyable occupation; no income-tax; prospect of profitable investment.—Write Box R.1478, The Times, E.C.4.

Very choice wines.—Please write for free illustrated Booklet and price lists to HEDGES and BUTLER, Ltd., 153, Regent-street, London, W.1.

Modom, use one of Portnum and Mason's cuddylove wallets that carry money, cigarettes, and score cards. They are just what you are looking for when golfing. 18/6; carriage paid.—The Sports Department, 181A, Piccadilly, W.1.

Hunting.—Mr. Rogers, Breeches and Jodhpurs Specialist, Cutter to Huntsmans for 10 years, has joined the Personnel of EMMS, Ltd., Tailors, Breeches makers, 11, Savile-row, W.1. Regent 3584.

The WALTHAM WATCH DEPOT; sales and repairs. —5, Southampton-row, W.C.1. Catalogue free.

Very choice PIANOS.—Secondhand pianos at greatly reduced prices. Payment by instalments accepted. Apply for particulars of BLUTHNER and Co., Ltd., 17-22, Wigmore-street, W.1.

Enormous demands such as we have for LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S UNREQUIRED EFFECTS enable us to give exceptionally high prices for dresses, furs, suits, overcoats, and all discarded clothing. Also household linen, jewellery, &c. Cash or offers same day as seen.—Mr. and Mrs. Isaacs, 40, Aldwych, or 329, Oxford-street, W.1. Gerrard 4335. Special terms commercial hires.

Minerva Hire, Ltd., London's Superior Hire Service. Open day and night.—Minerva House, Chenies-street, Tottenham Court-road. Phone, Museum 0040 and 9677.

Cheery Sports Party being formed for WENGEN, departing December 22nd; ramblers invited. —Write Box 09257, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

Winter Sports Party leaving for Pontresina December 22nd has VACANCIES. Moderate cost. —Write Box 09258, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

Miss A. M. MacNaught, Diplômée (Cordon Bleu) Paris.—Home-made Cakes, Sweets, Jces, Pommes variées, Aspics; dinners cooked, carved, and served; cooking lessons given; kitchens in order; otherwise; outside catering.—76, Charlwood-street, S.W.1.

Old Tye Place, Mersham Village.—A delightful XVIIth Century private or business House on main road; labour-saving appliances; four bed (hot and cold basins), bath, two reception, great lounge with noble brick open fireplace and oak gallery; barn, garage, large garden; rent £180.—Wickman, Wray Common, Reigate.

Accommodation (London) required for evening lectures; three to five rooms, well furnished; club or similar room suitable; must be good central address. —Write Box R.1438, The Times, E.C.4.

East Sussex. Amidst beautiful country.—To be LET FURNISHED, or would sell, Gentleman's RESIDENCE of CHARACTER; hall, two reception, eight bed and dressing, bath, &c.; labour saving; garage, &c.; excellent condition throughout; tennis court, woodland, &c. Rent for winter months, 4gns. per week.—Write Box R.1438, The Times, E.C.4.

Moderate living costs, low taxation, &c., in British Columbia enable the possessor of a small income to enjoy healthy pleasures which would otherwise be denied. Information Dept. T., Agent-General for British Columbia, 1/3, Regent-street, S.W.1.

From 25s. weekly.—BABY or little CHILD offered HOME.—Write Box R.1193, The Times, E.C.4.

Bargain.—1926 40/50 ROLLS-ROYCE, Blue Weymann Saloon; by H. J. Mulliner; partition behind driver; mileage 12,000; Marchal head lamps and complete equipment; condition of the whole car as new; price £1,400 or nearest offer. No dealers.—Write Box R.1440, The Times, E.C.4.

Bachelor quarters, bed room and sitting room, breakfast and dinner, all meals week-ends. 3gns.; near Tube and District.—Fulham 5000.

Wanted, lady owner-driver take delicate young lady short drives and shop about London; must be good careful driver.—Write Box 8161, The Times, 43, Wigmore-street, W.1.

Chateau d'Oex.—Capt. Armitage, R.N., will LET FURNISHED winter or longer, with possession, the sunny CHALET GURNEFLIN; large living room, closed verandah, three bed rooms, maid's room, two baths, bath room; automatic electrical water-heater, electric kitchen range, electric light, telephone; plate, linen.—Apply W. E. Kelly, La Rey, Château d'Oex, Switzerland.

Young French doctor and WIFE offer to two ladies or gentlemen, or husband and wife, PARIS BOARD and LODGING at NICE in exchange for same in London. —Write to Mr. E. de la Batut, 10 bis, Rue des Saints, Paris.

Colonel, retired, or similar, wishing to augment income, should telephone Victoria 0407 any time, Sunday Overseas Visitors, superfluous officers, for those requiring care while on leave.

Lipp baby grand; perfect condition and tone; can be tried by appointment; 95 guineas. No dealers. Write Box R.1564, The Times, E.C.4.

Bexhill.—To be LET, immediately, 6-12 months, well FURNISHED HOUSE; two sitting, two double, two single bed rooms, bath.—Miss T., Brookdene, Pevensehall, Saxmundham.

Thousands RABBITS, good sport, £1 day gun; 2 miles Sandwich; 1 hour London 50 miles.—Write Box R.1447, The Times, E.C.4.

Monte Carlo.—Bargain.—£180 buys completely FURNISHED FLAT; salon; two bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; central heating. Rent 7,500 francs (£60) yearly.—Write Box R.1445, The Times, E.C.4.

English lady wants POST of trust, Paris, or anywhere abroad; capable, adaptable; good salary essential.—Write Box F.810, The Times, E.C.4.

German lessons by German Lady (Diplôme), 6/- p.h., 6d. hour.—Write Box W.1697, The Times, E.C.4.

Guest house (high-class) at Finsbury Park (three minutes Tube); newly equipped; hot and cold running water and telephone in rooms; all beds have Staples Mattresses and Vi-Springs; Connecticom Wardrobes; Garage. Terms from 2gns.—155, Queen's-road, N.4 (Phone North 1135).

Experienced Verbatim Reporter.—Miss E. Wilkinson, 23, Baldry-gardens, S.W.16.

Tunbridge Wells.—Gentleman (young) seeks home nice family. Room, and possibly evening meal; simple tastes.—Write Box E.1464, The Times, E.C.4.

Winter quarters.—Small first-class Residential Hotel to be let for few months; five bed rooms, extreme comfort; best English cooking; quiet house in congenial surroundings close to sea, very sheltered, shops, R.C. and other churches, &c.—Write Box R.1451, The Times, E.C.4.

Viscountess is willing to CHAPERON a lady in London until Christmas and would go abroad after, or London season later. Good credentials required.—Write Box R.1448, The Times, E.C.4.

Regent's Park Mansions.—Custom-built NON-RESIDENTIAL HOUSE; central heating; three beautiful bath rooms; facing south over lovely gardens. To be SOLD or Let Furnished or Unfurnished. Mortgage arranged.—Primrose 6040, Mr. Hyde, Saturday-road, W.

Hampshire SHOOTING.—Owner, obliged to reduce staff abroad, has to LET about 1,000 ACRES, Farnham-Odiham district; 500 pheasants' eggs set.—Write B., Redfields, Church Crookham, Hants.

Kenya estate.—Owner, at present unable to be in Kenya enough to supervise management properly, wants PARTNER who will go out and visit estate for a month or two enough to see accounts, photographs, and full particulars here, interesting and enjoyable occupation; no income-tax; prospect of profitable investment.—Write Box R.1478, The Times, E.C.4.

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Hunting.—Mr. Rogers, Breeches and Jodhpurs Specialist, Cutter to Huntsmans for 10 years, has joined the Personnel of EMMS, Ltd., Tailors, Breeches makers, 11, Savile-row, W.1. Regent 3584.

The WALTHAM WATCH DEPOT; sales and repairs. —5, Southampton-row, W.C.1. Catalogue free.

Very choice PIANOS.—Secondhand pianos at greatly reduced prices. Payment by instalments accepted. Apply for

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BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

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P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.
Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	M'seilles
*Ranpura	17,000	Furbeay	Oct. 17	Oct. 17
Moultan	21,000	Morton	Oct. 17	Oct. 24
†Mantua	11,000	Hignett	Oct. 24	Oct. 31
†Rawal	17,000	Brooks	Oct. 31	Nov. 7
†Viceroy of India	20,000	Townshend	Nov. 7	Nov. 14
Malwa	21,000	Browning	Nov. 14	Nov. 21
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	Nov. 21	Nov. 28
Oronsay	20,000	Cartwright	Dec. 5	Dec. 5
†Rajputana	17,000	Cadle	Dec. 5	Dec. 12
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19
†Ranpura	17,000	Furbeay	Dec. 19	Dec. 26
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Dec. 26	Jan. 2
†Mantua	11,000	Hignett	Jan. 2	Jan. 9

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

Mooltan	21,000	Morton	Oct. 17	Oct. 24
†Chitral	15,000	Sizgen	Oct. 31	Nov. 6
Malola	21,000	Browning	Nov. 14	Nov. 21
†Moldavia	17,000	Allin	Nov. 28	Dec. 4
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Dec. 12	Dec. 19
†Mongolia	17,650	Parker	Dec. 26	Jan. 1
Narkunda	17,000	Parker	Jan. 9	Jan. 16

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
"One Class" Service at Special Fares. Calling Southampton.

Padua (cargo)	6,000	—	Oct. 24	—
Surdwan (cargo)	6,000	—	Nov. 7	—
Bahar (cargo)	6,000	—	Nov. 21	—
†Novara	7,000	Pigot	Dec. 5	Dec. 11

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Kaisar	9,000	Cooper	Oct. 16	—
Ranchi	17,000	Brooke	Oct. 31	Nov. 7
†Perim (cargo)	7,648	—	Nov. 1	—
Kashmir	9,000	Maltby	Nov. 13	—
Umaria	15,000	Cartwright	Nov. 28	Dec. 5
Kaisar	9,000	Sudell	Dec. 11	—

Taking Passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan. ‖ Taking also 3rd Cabin. ¶ Not Calling Southampton.

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON	Antwerp.
†DOMALA	8,441	—	Oct. 24	Oct. 26
†‡KHAMBURA	8,500	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16
†*MUNDRA	7,275	Nov. 29	Nov. 5	Nov. 7
†WARFIELD	4,060	Dec. 20	Dec. 24	Dec. 27

* Cargo steamer. † Calls Southampton.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON
MANTOLA	8,000	—	—	Oct. 18
MASHOBRA	8,324	—	Oct. 25	Nov. 1
MANDALA	8,246	Oct. 29	Nov. 8	Nov. 15
MANELA	8,303	Nov. 12	Nov. 22	Nov. 29

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	† Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON	M'seilles
MALDA	9,086	—	Oct. 18	Oct. 24	Nov. 1
MOOSA	9,070	Nov. 1	Nov. 12	Nov. 19	Nov. 26
MADURA	9,277	Nov. 29	Dec. 10	Dec. 19	Dec. 26
MATIANA	9,067	Dec. 27	Jan. 7	Jan. 16	Jan. 24

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE.
Manager, F. H. Grosvenor.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.
City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3; Strand Office, Passage and Freight (A. F. Case, Manager); Australia House, W.C.2; Paris, Société Française P. & O., 41, Bld. des Capucines; Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de la Madone.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS:—
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 123, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
Freight Brokers:—
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Finch-lane, E.C.3.
B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middlesbro' to Bombay and Karachi) Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Sir J. Potter and Hughes, 2, Finch-lane, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-Weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
*ROTORUA	12,500	Oct. 17
REMUERA	11,500	Oct. 31
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	Nov. 20
TAIARINUI	11,000	Dec. 19
TEKAPEHU	9,000	Dec. 19

* Via Suva. ‡1st and 3rd Class passengers.
† Cabin and 3rd Class passengers only.
Apply the N.Z.S. Co. Ltd., 3, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3 (Tel. Avenue 5220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 8724).

UNION S.S. CO. of NEW ZEALAND
LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.
By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A., thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From ‡ Vancouver.	From † San Francisco.
MAUNGANUI	—	Oct. 29
AORANGI	Nov. 12	—
MAKURA	—	Nov. 26
NIAGARA	Dec. 10	—

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.
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P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

	Tons.	London.	Plymouth.
BALLARAT	12,000	Oct. 24	Oct. 25
BENDIGO	12,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 8
†BARADINE	12,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
†BARRABOOL	12,000	Jan. 3	Jan. 4

† Carrying H.M. MAJESTY'S MAILS and calling at Aden.
Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	17,000	Nov. 28	Dec. 4
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	17,000	Dec. 26	Jan. 1

Apply P. & O. 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

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CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORAMA	20,000	—	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2
ORANTO	20,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16
ORMONDE	15,000	Dec. 6	Dec. 12	Dec. 14
ORVIETO	15,000	Dec. 20	Dec. 26	Dec. 28
ORONTES	20,000	Jan. 3	Jan. 9	Jan. 11
ORONSAY	20,000	Jan. 17	Jan. 23	Jan. 25

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd. Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3. Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand, W.C.2.

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CITY HALL

BUCKNALL
FAST AUTUMN PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
SS Nile	8,500	Oct. 24	Bombay and Karachi
SS Baroda	7,129	Oct. 28	Colombo and Calcutta
SS City of York	7,644	Oct. 30	Bombay and Karachi
SS City of Exeter	7,644	Nov. 13	Bombay and Karachi
SS City of Lahore	6,983	Nov. 27	Bombay and Karachi

Calls (a) Marseilles. (b) Port Sudan. (c) Madras. (d) Direct from Marseilles.
LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Karachi	5,573	Nov. 8	C. Town, Algoa B., Trafford Hall
Trafford Hall	5,381	Dec. 27	E. London, Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application. Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-5, Leadenhall-st., E.C.3. Tele. Avenue 9340
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Central 3840
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street. " Central 9222

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM MARSEILLES. (Services Contractuels).
EGYPT, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
ANGKOR Oct. 23 and Nov. 6
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
B. DE ST. PIERRE Oct. 31 and Nov. 14 SPHINX
PIERRE LOTI Oct. 21 and Nov. 4—THEOPHILE GAUTIER
EGYPT, PALESTINE, BEYROUT.
MARIETTE PACHA Oct. 28 and Nov. 11 ANGKOR
For passages and all particulars apply:—
LONDON: 72, Fenchurch-st., or 62, Pall Mall, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.
LIVERPOOL to BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ

‡CALIFORNIA	Oct. 23	†TUSCANIA	Dec. 12
‡CIRCASSIA	Nov. 26	‡BRITANNIA	Jan. 2

* First Class Passenger only. Specially low fares.
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† Calls Marseilles Jan. 10.
Vessels recognised by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

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New T.S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers; sails Glasgow, via LIVERPOOL, for BOMBAY, Oct. 23rd. All First Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine Third Cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.
CAMERONIA .. Oct. 17 | TRANSYLVANIA Oct. 31
CALEDONIA .. Nov. 7 | TUSCANIA Nov. 14
ANCHOR LINE, 49, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

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CHINA & JAPAN
may be simplified by arranging ocean passages, train reservations, hotel accommodation, sightseeing, &c., through COOK'S.
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SHIPPING (continued)

NORTH ATLANTIC SAILINGS
UNITED STATES
TO NEW YORK.

Oct.	Steamer	From	Line
16	OLYMPIC b	Southampton	White Star
17	CAMERONIA c, f	Glasgow	Anchor
18	BERENGARIA e	Southampton	Cunard
18	ADRIATIC c	Liverpool	White Star
18	SCYTHIA c, e	Liverpool	Cunard
22	MAJESTIC b	Southampton	White Star
24	CALEDONIA f	Glasgow	Anchor
25	MAURETANIA b	Southampton	Cunard
25	BRITANNIC c	Liverpool	White Star
25	MINNEWASKA c	London	A.T.I.
25	CARMANIA c, f	Southampton	Cunard
25	WESTERNLAND b	Southampton	Red Star
29	HOMERIC c	Southampton	White Star
31	TRANSYLVANIA c, f	Glasgow	Anchor
Nov.			
1	AQUITANIA b	Southampton	Cunard
1	SAMARIA c	Liverpool	Cunard
1	AURANIA c	Southampton	Cunard
5	OLYMPIC b	Southampton	White Star
8	BALTIC c, e	Liverpool	White Star
8	MINNEWASKA c	London	A.T.I.
8	FRANCONIA b	Southampton	Cunard
8	PENNLAND b	Southampton	Red Star

a Also calls Boston. b Via Cherbourg. c Via Belfast. d Via Belfast and Glasgow. e Via Queenstown. f Via Moville. g Via Havre. h Via Boulogne.

CANADA
TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.

Oct.	Steamer	From	Line
16	MONTCALM h	Southampton	Can. Pac.
17	DUKE OF BEDFORD c	Liverpool	Red Star
17	DORIC m	Liverpool	White Star
17	LETITIA c	Glasgow	Anch. Don.
18	ATHONIA h	Southampton	Cunard
24	DUCHESS OF YORK m	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
25	WESTERNLAND p, n	Southampton	Red Star
25	ANDANIA c	Liverpool	Cunard
31	DUKE OF RICHMOND m	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
31	LAURENTIC m	Liverpool	White Star
31	ATHENIA c	Glasgow	Anch. Don.
Nov.			
1	MONTCLARE n	Southampton	Can. Pac.
1	ARCANIA n	Liverpool	Cunard
7	DUCHESS OF ATHOLL m	Liverpool	Can. Pac.
8	PENNLAND p, n	Southampton	Red Star
8	ANTONIA c	Liverpool	Cunard

m Via Belfast and Glasgow. n Via Cherbourg. o Via Belfast. p To Halifax, N.S.

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FRENCH LINE C.G.T.
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO
NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER."
LAND AT PLYMOUTH AND SAVE ANYTHING FROM TWELVE TO SIXTEEN HOURS. (THE MAILS TAKE THIS ROUTE.) EMBARK ALSO AT PLYMOUTH. THE ADVANTAGE IS PRECISELY THE SAME

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c)	Oct. 16	Oct. 22
"DE GRASSE" (c)	Oct. 23	Oct. 31
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	Oct. 30	Nov. 7
"FRANCE" (c)	Nov. 5	Nov. 11
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c)	Nov. 12	Nov. 18
"DE GRASSE" (c)	Nov. 19	Nov. 28

(c) Express First and Second Class Liners.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Liners.
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HAVRE TO HOUSTON Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
HAVRE TO
NORTH PACIFIC COAST PORTS.
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PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD, VENEZUELA, COLOMBIA, PANAMA.

S.S. "CURAÇA"	Nov. 3
S.S. "FLANDRE"	Dec. 1

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AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Esperance Bay	14,184 tons	from Southampton	Oct. 29
Jervis Bay	14,184 tons	from Southampton	Nov. 19
Largs Bay	14,184 tons	from Southampton	Dec. 10

Fares from £35 to £52.
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ALFRED HOLT and Co., Liverpool.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY
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SARPEDON	8 Nov.	HECTOR	c. 31 Jan.
PATROCLUS	4 Dec.	ANCHISES	14 Feb.
ANTENOR	3 Jan.	AENEAS	28 Feb.

SHORT SEA VOYAGES.
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TO
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A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Rates.

(1) S.S. ULYSSES	From Liverpool	8th NOV.
(2) S.S. EURIPIDES	Liverpool	6th DEC.
(1) S.S. NESTOR	Liverpool	2nd JAN.

(1) First Class only.
(2) First and Third Class.
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Royal Mail House, 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
SOUTHAMPTON—NEW YORK.

†NIEUW AMSTERDAM (First Class fare from £35)	Oct. 18
ROTTERDAM (First Class fare from £42 10 0)	Nov. 1
S.S. STATENDAM (First Class fare from £51 10 0)	Oct. 25

CUBA AND MEXICO.

*LEERDAM	Nov. 1	VOLENDAM	Nov. 11

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S.S. "ORANJE NASSAU"	Oct. 22
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Vessel.	Tons.	Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Oxfordshire	12,500	Oct. 17	Oct. 23
Staffordshire	15,000	Oct. 31	Nov. 6
Gloucestershire	12,000	Nov. 14	Nov. 22
Cheshire	15,000	Nov. 28	Dec. 4

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	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KAMO MARU	9,000	Oct. 24	Nov. 1	Nov. 3
KATORI MARU	16,000	Nov. 7	Nov. 15	Nov. 17
KASHIMA MARU	10,000	Nov. 21	Nov. 28	Nov. 30

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†EDINBURGH CASTLE	—	Oct. 17
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†WINCHESTER CASTLE	—	Oct. 24
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Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Oct. 24	—
†DEMERARA	14,892	—	Oct. 25
*ARLANZA	14,892	Nov. 6	—
*ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Nov. 20	—
DARRO	11,484	—	Nov. 22
*ALMANZORA	12,551	Dec. 4	—
DESEADO	11,477	—	Dec. 6
*ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Dec. 18	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
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THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE Via France, Spain. PERU
BERMUDA PANAMA CANAL
HAVANA

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
†OROPESA (calls Jamaica)	14,075	Oct. 16
ORBITA	15,495	Oct. 30
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,227	Nov. 13
ORCOMA	11,580	Nov. 27

† With liberty to call at St. Michael's, Azores.
TOUR ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
ORDUNA, January 6, 1931.

R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS."
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From SOUTHAMPTON, DECEMBER 19, 19 Days. Fares 38 Guineas and upward.
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"ANDALUCIA STAR"	From	17 OCT.
"AVELONA STAR"	London	31 OCT.
"AVILA STAR"	and	14 NOV.
"ALMEDA STAR"	Boulogne	28 NOV.

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MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

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COLONIAL GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS.
APPLICATIONS from qualified CANDIDATES are invited for the following post:—
MECHANICAL ASSISTANT in WATERWORKS ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT required by the GOVERNMENT of NIGERIA for the PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT for two tours of not less than 12 nor more than 18 months' service in the first instance. Subject to satisfactory services, the officer appointed will be eligible at the expiration of three years' service for confirmation in the permanent and pensionable establishment. Salary £480 a year for the first tour, then £510, rising by annual increments to £920 a year. Outfit allowance of £60 on first appointment. Free quarters and passages, and liberal leave on full salary. Candidates, 25 to 35 years of age, must have a thorough technical training and possess such qualifications as will entitle them to membership of the A.M.I.C.E. diploma, or hold professional qualifications recognised by the Institution as exempting them from those examinations. Must have had, say, two years' practical engineering experience in waterworks construction.
Apply at once by letter, stating age, whether married or single, and full particulars of qualifications and experience, to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, London, S.W.1, quoting M/2486.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.
MINISTRY of EDUCATION.
The Ministry of Education REQUIRE for the Design Office of the Department of Technical Education the services of gentlemen qualified to act as DESIGNERS and to instruct in the execution of designs for the following posts:—
A DESIGNER specializing in FURNITURE and ALLIED TRADES.
A DESIGNER specializing in DECORATIVE LEATHER WORK.
Applicants must have had Applied Art School training and practical experience in design, full size detailing and execution.
The salary offered is £E420 (about £430) a year, and the successful candidate will be on contract for three years, renewable. A transfer allowance, usual in one month's salary, will be paid to the successful applicant if resident in Europe.
Applications, handwritten, with copies of diplomas and two recent testimonials, accompanied by drawings and/or photographs of work done, should be sent to the Under-Secretary of State, Ministry of Education, Cairo, so as to be received not later than November 14th, 1930.

SURVEYOR to BRIDEWELL and BETHLEM ROYAL HOSPITALS.
Qualifications:—F.R.I.B.A. and/or F.S.I.; age 35 to 50 years. Particulars of the appointment and forms of application may be obtained at my Office here and all applications must be forwarded to me endorsed "Surveyor," on or before Monday, 3rd November, 1930. The election will take place on Monday, 24th November, 1930. Personal canvassing is strictly prohibited.
JOHN L. WORSFOLD, Clerk and Receiver, Bridewell and Bethlem Royal Hospitals, 14a, New Bridge-street, E.C.4.

SUDAN CIVIL SERVICE.
CANDIDATES for POSTS in the Finance Department, Khartoum, which were recently advertised in this paper, are hereby notified that all such VACANCIES have now been filled.

THE RUBBER RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF MALAYA.
The London Advisory Committee invite APPLICATIONS for the APPOINTMENT of a JUNIOR BOTANIST.
Candidates should have an Honours degree in Science of a recognised British University, with special qualifications in Botany, preferably with some post-graduate experience. Candidates should be able to adapt themselves to life in a new country and be willing to take a keen interest in field problems in connexion with rubber cultivation in addition to their laboratory work.
The appointment is a Grade IV. post, carrying in the first year a salary of $5000 per mensem ($1700 per annum). There is also a transport allowance of $40 per mensem if the living quarters are more than one mile by road from the laboratories. The selected candidate will be required to take up his appointment as soon as possible, and will be expected to join the Provident Fund.
For further particulars apply to the Secretary, London Advisory Committee, 2-4, Idol-lane, Eastcheap, London, E.C.3.

UNIVERSITY of BIRMINGHAM. WOMEN'S HALL of RESIDENCE.—APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of HON. WARDEN, vacant in January, 1931. Particulars of the appointment may be obtained from The Warden, University House, Edgbaston Park-road, Birmingham, to whom applications should be sent before November 7th, 1930.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT
3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

APPLICANTS for Situations are advised not to send original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and in the event of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.
APPLICATIONS require testimonials. Well-arranged copies quickly typed; 12 copies assorted 1s. 6d.; 30 2s. 6d.—Miss Harrison, 11, Curzon-road, Muswell Hill, near Tube.
TESTIMONIALS duplicated by return of post.—Prices per testimonial: 25, 2s.; 50 2s. 6d.—Miss Nancy McFarlane (K), 11, Palmers-avenue, Westcliff.
buildings, Fleet-street, W.C.2.
ASSISTANT Sales Manager required by well-known British manufacturers, to develop sales of mains-operated electric clocks, domestic and public. Great possibilities for right man.—Write, stating experience, age and salary to Box E.142?, The Times, E.C.4.
ESTATE Agent requires experienced negotiator for interviewing applicants. No salary but generous commission. State experience.—Write Box E.1434, The Times, E.C.4.
EXCELLENT commission terms offered to suitable Lady demonstrators, in all districts, by manufacturers of new hand washing machine; lucrative positions for capable women.—Write details of experience, in strict confidence, to Box E.1457, The Times, E.C.4.
HOTEL Manager wanted for busy good-class hotel in the Provinces, 100 rooms; none but first-class men with thorough knowledge of hotel management need apply; good wages paid.—Write, with two recent references, Box E.1385, The Times, E.C.4.
LONDON Wholesale Representative required on commission by well-established firm of manufacturers of Dyed and Printed Cotton Piece Goods, Art Silk Dress Goods, &c. Thorough knowledge in and live connexion amongst the London home trade in Piece Goods absolutely essential. Only applicants giving full particulars will be considered.—Write Box E.1462, The Times, E.C.4.
LADY (28-45) for semi-professional work; must be tactful interviewer and capable of work with doctors; high remuneration and big opportunities.—Write Box 060, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
OLD established Manchester firm of manufacturers and merchants, specialising in Art Silk and Cotton Dress Goods, dyed and printed, require services of first-class Representative for London Making-up Trades, on commission. Only live and experienced man with sound connexion and credentials considered. All details to be fully stated in application.—Write Box E.1461, The Times, E.C.4.
REQUIRED, Junior Clerk, Public School boy preferred.—Apply, stating age and full particulars, General Manager, Gresham Life Office, 188, Fleet-street, E.C.4.
THE British Electric Transformer Co., Ltd., are appointing additional salaried representatives in the Greater London Area; only men with first-class selling records and unimpeachable references considered; no interviews will be granted at this stage.—Write only with full details to Dept. "P," Tricity, Wellington House, Strand, W.C.2.
THOSE serious-minded, willing-to-work Men are required to join our Sales Force; exceptional men of trade necessitates increase of sales force; age 23-40; able to pass fidelity bond.—Apply by letter only to Personnel Manager, Hoover, Ltd., 1, Manover-street, W.1.
TWO Good Salesmen are required for Londonderry and District by a reputable British Company; commencing salary £400 per annum. These vacancies offer an unusual opportunity for capable salesmen to make a permanent connexion with a progressive company with many opportunities for promotion. Applicants should fulfil the following requirements: age 24 to 30; at least three years' successful selling experience; possess their own car; be willing to live on the territory. Applications will be treated in strict confidence.—Write Box E.1486, The Times, E.C.4.
WANTED for Funeral Establishment, Dublin, middle-aged married man as Under Manager Clerk and Collector.—Box 484, Exan's Advertising Service, Dublin.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

WANTED by the Worcester Royal Porcelain Co., Ltd., as Art Director, a man of originality and versatility; a good salary and prospects are offered to a first-class man.—Applications will be treated in strict confidence and should be addressed to the Worcester Royal Porcelain Co., Ltd., Worcester, marking envelope "Art Director."
WELL-ESTABLISHED Company offers Travellers and Agents doing business with bakers, butchers, hotels, hospitals, &c., 25 per cent. commission on approved business, for their proprietary line that has been tried out and well received by the aforementioned. Only those with good sales record need apply.—Write Box E.1442, The Times, E.C.4.
YOUNG Gentlewomen, 18-25, seeking a career, offered training, followed by remunerative employment.—The National Association of Booklovers, BM/Booklovers, London, W.C.1.
ABILITY to sell is the foundation of all business success. Get what you are worth by developing your ability to sell your own services. The Russell Course in Scientific Salesmanship will give you the power to get what you want in the shortest possible time. You will be worth more as a Russell-trained man. The course is entirely postal, to be studied in your spare time, and when qualified we undertake to introduce you to firms having salaried vacancies. Take the Russell Way to Better Pay.—Send to-day for "Your Future—How to Make It Secure," Russell-Hart Co., Ltd., 65, Goschen-st.
ARE you seeking a position abroad?—Africa, India, Brazil, &c., or at home? Clerks, Accountants, Engineers, Mining, Railway men and others should send for particulars of assistance rendered, terms and details of past successes.—Percy Coutts and Co., Ltd. (Dept. 1), 256, High Holborn, London, W.C.1. Business est. 1908.
ASSISTANT Inspector of Taxes in the Inland Revenue, salary £260-£1,000; these positions are obtained by competitive examination open to all aged 21 to 24; special course of tuition by correspondence should be commenced now. Write for full particulars to the School of Accountancy, 111, Moorgate, London, E.C.2.
CHARTERED Secretaries' Examinations. — Expert postal and oral tuition of the highest grade is provided at reasonable fees, payable by instalments. Articles not necessary.—Apply Registrar, "Chartered Secretaries' Students Societies' Coaching Classes, 19, London-wall, E.C.2. Tele., Metropolitan 9041.
DO you wish to get on? If so, write to the Metropolitan College, Dept. G 7/6, St. Albans, for a free copy of the 136-page Guide to Careers in Business and the Professions. Over 8,500 Examination successes last year. Modern, efficient, simple, scientific postal training courses ensure speedy success.
EARN Big Money in the Wireless Trade!—Become a trained salesman and radio expert. A short training enables you to qualify for a really big job with good salary, ending in an introduction to prospective employers.—Write post-card for syllabus of Special Six-Lesson Course of Instruction in the evenings (commencing October), Dept. T.C.2, The London Telegraph Training College, Ltd., Morse House, Earl's Court, S.W.5. (Est. 24 years.)
HIGHER Executive and Administrative Posts.—We are in a position to place your qualifications and experience before 20,000 really first-class firms.—Call or write (quoting "Executive"), Johnson and Partners, Ltd., 159, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4. Central 5172 (6 lines) Extension 11.
MOTOR Engineering.—Practical workshop training in every branch to suit individual requirements. Courses from one month. Day or evening tuition. Fees by instalments.—Write or call for full particulars, Engineering Dept., The British School of Motoring, Ltd., 5, Coventry-street, Piccadilly-circus, W.1.
PARENTS should apply to the London Telegraph Training College, Ltd., for particulars of particulars of assured and remunerative positions available after tuition to Youths of from 15 years of age.—Write for prospectus to Dept. "A," Morse House, Earl's Court, S.W.5. (Est. 24 years.)
TO Public School or 'Varsity Men on the threshold of a career; also those returned from abroad or retired from Service.—Write or call for details of the "Key" Salesmanship," the career of the future, Business Careers Association, Ltd., 150, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

JOURNALISTS, PRINTERS, &c.

FEATURE Editor wanted for important periodical. Big salary for first-class man with sound experience in obtaining articles of outstanding interest and popular appeal. Applicants have good ideas and be qualified to take complete responsibility. All applications will be treated in strict confidence.—Write Box R.1529, The Times, E.C.4.
JOURNALIST required, cultured, well-educated, well-dressed woman, for general publicity work, well-known charity. Must have actually been a reporter on daily newspaper or done similar work and be capable of writing attractive appeal pamphlets.—Write, with particulars of experience and remuneration required, together with names of references, Box E.1481, The Times, E.C.4.

ARTICLED PUPILS

APPRENTICE Engineers.—Firm of London Contractors prepared train young men as Engineers for erection of Electrical Overhead Lines; no premium required; nominal salary at start.—Write fullest particulars Box M.1844, The Times, E.C.4.
AUTOMOBILE Engineering Training College, Chelsea, London, S.W.3. Day and Residential. Founded specially to train boys of good education for the automobile industry. Theoretical knowledge is essentially a practical modern works experience with training in administration appointments for qualified students. Candidates will be accepted for Probationary Term.—Sylvanus Priestley.
CHARTERED Civil Engineers, Westminster, with consulting practice in sewerage and waterworks, have vacancy for a pupil; moderate premium.—Write Box M.1950, The Times, E.C.4.
ESTATE Agent, managing extensive dual estates in Scotland, has vacancy for Pupil; premium £100 per annum.—Write Box No. 652, Keith and Co., Edinburgh.
SOLICITOR, London, with growing general practice, has vacancies for Articled Clerk; university man preferred; prospect early succession or partnership with succession.—Write Box 06062, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
WEST END firm of high standing offers opening for Public School boy of good education and social position; age 18-19; must be keen and ambitious and possess highest references.—Parents should write in the first instance to Box 064, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
WEST END Camera Portraitist has vacancy for Pupil (Young Lady preferred). Artistic ability essential. Course includes operating.—Write Box E.1476, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

ASSISTANT (Female) required with real initiative and experience of empoyment bureau and copying office; ability to supervise and check work of juniors; accurate shorthand and typing and good English absolutely necessary; language useful; not over 30; commencing salary £3-£3.—Write, stating age, education, training, experience, and when disengaged, to Box R.1575, The Times, E.C.4.
FLUENT German Correspondent (lady) required; good appearance, young, well educated; 25 to 30.—Apply after 10, Baker-street, Mary Bone (Wigmore Hall). Bush House, Aldwych.
AMBITIOUS Shorthand-Typists should qualify as Private Secretaries through the Institute's Postal Course. Qualified students are introduced to particulars of assured and remunerative positions available after tuition to Youths of from 15 years of age.—Write for prospectus to Dept. "A," Morse House, Earl's Court, S.W.5. (Est. 24 years.)
LADY Clerks, Typists, &c., prepare for a more remunerative post through Pitman's Courses.—Write for free booklet, mentioning "Day," "Evening" or "Postal" Course, 198 Southampton-row, W.C.1.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED
3 lines 3s. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

ACCOUNTANT (30), five years with chartered accountants (abroad), seeks responsible position commercial firm; working knowledge five European languages.—Write Box M.287, The Times, E.C.4.
A.C.I.S., Qualified Company Secretary (lady) desires position with progressive company or private secretarial post; accountant, shorthand-typist; take full control, act on own initiative.—Write Box F.854, The Times, E.C.4.
ADVERTISER (35) seeks position as Sales Organizer. Can offer unusual proposition; successful executive outdoor experience; sound knowledge modern sales and office routine; initiative, ability to create sales ideas; capable correspondent and organizer; advertising, printing, &c., required; commercial traveller also considered; subsidiary to prospects.—Write Box E.1460, The Times, E.C.4.
A Sales Manager with successful record and connexion in coal contracts throughout Britain desires appointment; experienced in company organisation, accountancy, and costing.—Write Box 09206, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
A Sales, General, or Departmental Manager (35), Public School, 12 years' sales experience in all branches, also excellent administrative experience, desires position as above; unsurpassed record; excellent testimonials.—Write Box 09277, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
A Senior Representative (38), 14 years Lancashire, Cheshire, North Wales &c., grocery and allied trade, desires change; knowledge both hot and cold proprietary second to none.—Write Box F.792, The Times, E.C.4.
ASSISTANT Secretary, propaganda association, desires change membership aged publicity body (non-religious); three years' specialised experience, with seven years' commercial management; public speaking asset; ex-officer; personable, energetic, with highest credentials.—Write Box M.282, The Times, E.C.4.
A 8 Representative, Cheshire, Lancashire Salesman, with successful selling experience to manufacturers and retailers; six years with well-known manufacturers; possessed of tact, initiative and aggression; previous remuneration on salary and commission averaged £600 per annum; position offering similar scope now desired.—Write Box E.1470, The Times, E.C.4.
A very high-class Salesman, with qualifications which cannot be used by his present employers, seeks a new position. Intimately acquainted with the British Colonies, North and South America. Speaks and writes German, French, Portuguese and Spanish. Also useful knowledge of Italian. Accustomed to interview leaders of industry and highly placed public officials. Highest business and personal references. Services available almost immediately.—Box 09251, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
CAPABLE Woman, age 35, seeks employment; business or private; Westminster, S.W., district preferred; small office; assist in bookkeeping or light business.—Write Box E.1335, The Times, E.C.4.
CATERING Manageress or Canteen Supervisor; trained and experienced, in all grades of management; 1,000 covers.—Write Box E.1436, The Times, E.C.4.
CHARTERED Accountant, Scot (26), seeks post, London or abroad; experience Spanish audits.—Write Box M.730, The Times, E.C.4.
CHARTERED Accountant (29), experienced in accountancy, taxation, secretarial duties, and office management, seeks a progressive appointment.—Write Box F.840, The Times, E.C.4.
ENGINEER (33), first class (B.O.T.) certificate, 12 years with premier shipping company, experienced Diesel engines, desires position ashore; must be one of trust and responsibility, with excellent prospects.—Write Box 1446, The Times, E.C.4.
ENGLISHMAN, 20, keen on learning any foreign language, speaking French, German, studying Japanese, Chinese, seeks post.—Woollatt, Lavenham.
EX-OFFICER (32) desires post first-class Salesman; seven years' experience; adaptable; excellent testimonials.—Write Box F.768, The Times, E.C.4.
ESTATE Clerk or Resident Sub-Agent; post required as such or similar capacity; all work connected with estate matters; age 28.—Write Box F.787, The Times, E.C.4.
FOREIGN Correspondent, Englishman, 24, born Berlin, Continental education, perfect English, German and French shorthand-typing, seven years' City and Continental experience, now secretary-director large American company, excellent references; seeks change; advertiser in London Oct. 22.—Care of Moore, 71, Great Ormond-street, W.C.1.
GERMAN and English Stenographer and accurate Translator seeks part-time work.—Write Box R.1562, The Times, E.C.4.
GENTLEMAN (31) desires post Confidential Secretary; Gexcellent references; travelled; knowledge of typewriting and bookkeeping; willing to go abroad.—Write Box 09238, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
GENTLEMAN, 27, ex R.A.F., Public School, University, G travelled Near East, worked East End London, slums of Birmingham, docks in Hull, acquiring considerable knowledge of men, wants job home or abroad.—Write Box E.1465, The Times, E.C.4.
LADY (28), educated, smart appearance, badly needs job to any capacity; preferably receptionist to professional man; knowledge accounts, typing; town.—Write Box F.836, The Times, E.C.4.
MECHANICAL Electrical Engineer, 18 years' foreign experience, maintenance, erection Diesels, shops, railway and power station, seeks position abroad; salary not first consideration if prospects good; fluent Spanish, Portuguese.—Write Box E.1575, The Times, E.C.4.
METROPOLITAN Police Pensioner, age 50, seeks situation as doorkeeper, porter, or any place of trust; good references.—A. Kimber, 75, Nowell-road, Castelnau, Barnes, S.W.13.
OFFICER'S Daughter (Regular), with experience and good references and able to organize, wants daily post in London; small salary.—Write Box 09295, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
"OLD Citizen," age 23, recently resigned safe pensionable job with poor prospects. I have energy, a good education, highest references, and know I can make good; commencing salary unimportant; interview anywhere.—Write Box M.231, The Times, E.C.4.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED (continued)

OXFORD Graduate (Forestry) seeks position at home or abroad.—Write Box E.1474, The Times, E.C.4.
POST as Librarian in London is desired by young lady; University course and six months' experience; institution or club preferred.—Write Box 09264, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
PROMINENT Business Executive, age 40, powerful in sales development, original modern advertising and commercial organizing generally, at present and for many years engaged in very responsible positions, wide experience, especially home markets, and practical experience most countries abroad, distinguished record and unquestionable ability, desires interview in strict confidence with principals of substantial firm with a view to appointment.—Write Box M.235, The Times, E.C.4.
SALES Manager, incorporated, seeks opportunity promote sales new industry; 10 years' success home and abroad; 33; five personality; exceptional references; present publicity trade association, desires bigger field.—Write Box M.285, The Times, E.C.4.
SECRETARY-ACCOUNTANT, qualified, experienced, requires post; highest credentials.—Address "G. X.," care of Streets, 30, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3.
SOLICITOR (23), Public School man, trained in conveyancing and general practice, desires position as assistant to London firm with view to partnership.—Write Box F.841, The Times, E.C.4.
TEA Trade.—Young man desirous of obtaining position as buyer, has thorough knowledge of all branches of the trade, buying, blending, and Mincing-lane Market experience.—Write Box M.157, The Times, E.C.4.
TO East India Merchants.—Experienced Tea Planter requires work, London office; could assist in checking invoices, returns, selection of staff, purchase stores, &c.—Write Box W.18854, The Times, E.C.4.
WORKS Manager, vigorous and determined man, experienced every aspect organization works and offices; expert machine assembly shops, and production for profit.—Write Box M.186, The Times, E.C.4.
YOUNG Lady seeks post as Assistant to Dentist. Doctor (West End experience), or would appreciate any business opening, not clerical; quick, willing; references.—Write Box E.1425, The Times, E.C.4.

ARTICLED PUPILS

LL.B. seeks Articles with London Solicitors; premium.—Write Box E.1431, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

A Well-educated young gentlewoman, adaptable, intelligent, with good shorthand and typing, seeks Secretarial Work; business or private; salary 25s.—Miss N., care of Mrs. Galloway, Hampton Court Palace.
EDUCATED Englishwoman (31), with unique experience of high-class secretarial work (writing, finance, commerce, advertising, diplomacy), desires responsible position offering scope for her ability; free in one week; highest references.—Write Box 09273, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
EDUCATED Lady Secretary, perfect German-English, of shorthand-typist, seeks post, mornings only or three whole days weekly; highest private and business testimonials.—Miss Mary Baker, 46, Ivanhoe-road, Hampstead, N.W.3.
EXPERIENCED Typist desires work in spare time at home; all classes of copying undertaken, literary work preferred; charges moderate.—Write Box F.835, The Times, E.C.4.
HALF-DAY post required by gentlewoman shorthand-typist with social welfare experience; literary or welfare work preferred; 25s. to 30s.—E. C., 31, Earl's Court-road, W.8.
LADY Secretary (London Graduate) seeks re-engagement; expert shorthand-typist, bookkeeper, &c.; many years' experience.—Write Box M.253, The Times, E.C.4.
LADY Secretary-Accountant, 32, of exceptional ability in modern business administration, requires executive position with reputable firm; seven years' American secretarial statistician to international bankers; supervision of staff; all correspondence on own initiative; accounts to final balance-sheet; keen and energetic worker; at present engaged secretary to limited liability company; salary £350 per annum.—Write Box 00421, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.
LADY with good shorthand and typing and ability to drive car seeks daily post; salary 50s. No. 479, The Times, E.C.4.
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CHAUFFEURS
(Continued from Page Three)

CHAUFFEUR-HANDYMAN; 17 years' experience, through Daimler works, electric lighting plant; good references private service; free now; cottage.—Almond, Clifton Court, near Rugby.

CHAUFFEUR-VALET; leaving through residence being sold; Daimler, other makes; excellent personal references.—Bell, " Fernside," Oldfield-road, Bickley, Kent.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; 20 years' driving and maintenance Rolls, Bentley, Lanchester, workshop experience; driver or valet as required; electric lean, estate machinery, handy with tools; married.—Blake, Rattlesden, Bury St. Edmunds.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Rolls-Royce works experience; excellent references, abstainer, married; age 33; accommodation desired.—E. R., 9, Bemish-road, Putney.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; Rolls, &c.; free; willing to take up flying (optional); single, 29; every qualification; on R.A.F. Reserve.—Chauffeur, 12, Gloucester-place-mews.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, age 30; personal references; single; abstainer; free 23rd; seven years' experience all cars; five years last place; live in or out.—Write Box 8, 107, The Times, E.C.4.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; Rolls, &c.; electric light; first-class references; age 33, married (no children); accommodation desired.—Allen, 174, Pavilion-road, S.W.1.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANICS, Rolls and other cars; town or country; continental; personal references.—Knightsbridge Agency, 18, Sloane-street. Sloane 3515.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; age 38, highly recommended, for Town or country post; 15 years' reference; good repairman; electric, &c.; free; wage £3 10s. and rooms.—Knightsbridge Agency, 18, Sloane-street. Sloane 3515.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, age 28, married, highly recommended.—Sturt, Longmead Hall, Bindley Heath, Guildford.

A Clergyman recommends young Chauffeur-Mechanic (26), married; excellent character and references.—R. Parker, Quay Bungalow, Blakeney, Norfolk.

CHAUFFEUR-GARDENER; highly recommended; 52; married; also years present situation; clean licence; all running repairs; age make; excellent character; disengaged.—Apply Major Shenger, 182, Piccadilly, W.1.

EXPERIENCED Chauffeur; any make of car; good references.—Manning, 44, Winchester-street, Victoria.

GENTLEMAN wishes personally to recommend thoroughly reliable married chauffeur, age 28, also workshop experience; knows London; used to high-powered car; excellent references; go anywhere; willing to be useful.—W. D., 26, Montague-road, Wimbledon.

GENTLEMAN highly recommends Chauffeur-Mechanic; expert Rolls, any make; 38; life experience; Town or country.—Chauffeur, 3, Bryanston-place, W.1.

GENTLEMAN personally recommends his Chauffeur-Mechanic, 46; 20 years' experience all leading makes; used to London traffic; South London district preferred.—H. Friend, 19, Faversham-road, Beckenham, Kent.

LADY, going abroad for about six months, highly recommends Chauffeur for temporary job; age 45; 10 years in her service.—Write B. Brodie, 54, Pembridge-road, W.11.

LADY recommends Chauffeur-Gardener, leaving owing to the death of her husband; excellent worker in both capacities; married; good mechanic.—Apply Mrs. Webb, Moorside, Ashtead, Leatherhead, Surrey.

MAN, sparks highly recommends her Chauffeur; careful driver; running repairs; 11 years' clean licence.—Write J. A. C., 22, St. Albans-road, N.W.5.

MRS. A. W. Bird, who is disposing of her cars, wishes to recommend Chauffeur-Mechanic; married; age 29; Rolls, Bentley, Minerva cars.—Inquiries 60, Onslow-place, S.W. Sloane 8432.

MRS. Bowyer-Smyth highly recommends his Chauffeur; fast, safe driver, splendid mechanic; honest; teetotaler; giving up car.—Reply 200, Queen's-gate, S.W.7.

OWNER-DRIVERS.—Service for you at last. Our men will clean and polish your cars at your own garages with our own tools; we also supply drivers for evening engagements; terms 6s. 6d.; drivers 7s. 6d. an evening.—Phone Western 0086.

PERSONALLY recommended Chauffeur-Mechanic; 31, tall, smart appearance, educated, good address; 10 years' experience; best references.—Box 1,000, Gray's, 29, Haymarket, S.W.1.

Y, 9, Fordyce-road, Lewisham, S.E.13.

LAUNDRIES
3 *lines* 9*s.* (*minimum*)

FOR perfect collar dressing and high-class laundering try Fir Peak Laundry, Strand-on-Green. Chiswick 0378 and 1675. On parle français.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE
3 *lines* 3*s.* (*minimum*);
Agencies 2*s. per line* (*minimum* 4 *lines*)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

A Bachelor's BED-SITTING ROOM, first floor, balcony, in French private house; beautiful house out of the ordinary; good service, breakfast.—33, Gloucester-gardens, Padd. 4614.

MARBLE ARCH.

A BACHELOR SUITE, will accommodate two; first-class service; excellent situate.—44, Seymour-street, Paddington 4688.

LANCASTER-GATE.

A Bare minute Kensington Gardens.—ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, newly furnished; bright and breakfast room; BREAKFAST ONLY; gas fires; close Tube and bus; from 35s. single, 60s. double; two bath rooms.—3, Craven-hill-gardens, W.2.—Padd. 4957.

HYDE PARK, W.2.
A BARE MINUTE LANCASTER-GATE or PADDINGTON STATION.—A lady has appointed newly decorated Residence for Business or Professional Men; two billiard tables, card room, music room, 70 attractive bed rooms (gas fires, and hot and cold in bath rooms; constant hot water; excellent food; mending and valeting); inclusive terms (no lunch) from £2 7s. 6d. per week; bed, breakfast and bath from 30s. 6d. per week.—Apply Sutherland House, 6-24, London-street.—Phone, Padd. 6021.

A Bare Minute Selfridge's.—Modernised house; ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLAT; constant hot water; —Welbeck 2082.

STRATHALLAN.

A Bare Four Minutes Earl's Court Tube.
38, BOLTON-GARDENS, S.W. Flat. 6847.
IDEAL RESIDENTIAL.
Standing in own grounds.
Replete with every comfort; excellent reception rooms, gentlemen's smoking room. Terms from 2gns.

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 31, Gloucester-gardens, W.2.—Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE from 45s.; excellent food.—Padd. 4530.

123, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE.

A Bare Minute Paddington, Hyde Park.—Ideal Residence for COLONIALS and VISITORS to LONDON. Newly decorated and refurnished; inclusive only from 3gns. weekly. Large doubles now available. Padd. 8805.

A BARE MINUTE PICCADILLY TUBE.—ONE ROOM FLATLETS; sitting room furniture; single, 27s.; double, 32s., including service, electric light, and gas fires; central heating.—Grenville-place, S.W.7 (Gloucester-road Tube). (Western 1256.)

SAYES COURT,
2-4, INVERNESS-TERRACE,
HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BEAUTIFUL and most comfortable PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL. Personally recommended for excellent food and service; English meals; constant hot water, gas fires; minute's walk Kensington Gardens; close Tubes; central all parts. Inclusive from 3gns. Park 9640.

34, INVERNESS-TERRACE, W.2.

A Beautifully FURNISHED superior RESIDENTIAL, close Hyde Park and Tubes; 3gns. for spacious and bright; really excellent catering and services. From 3gns.

A Beautifully FURNISHED FLATLETTE from 37s. 6d., including breakfast, light, and baths; private telephones; hot and cold water in bedrooms; gas fires.—25, Stanhope-gardens, adjoining South Kensington Station.

A Beautifully appointed RESIDENTIAL CLUB offers unequalled facilities for BOARD-RESIDENCE; basket court tennis, bridge, and dancing; cleanliness and good catering attractive; bed, breakfast and bath 50s. each; cold running water. Terms extremely moderate. Omnibuses pass the grounds and Tubes to all parts.—Apply Manager, 91st Side Club, Eaton-rise, Ealing, W.5.

HYDE PARK, W.2.

TWO MINUTES LANCASTER-GATE STATION.
TELEPHONE; PADDINGTON 5065.
Beautifully Furnished Bed-sitting Rooms and professional men offers bed-sitting rooms, fitted running hot and cold water and gas fires; ample bath room; terms, including breakfast, baths, light, boots, and attendance, from 2 guineas; comfort assured. Inspection invited.—41, Sussex-gardens.

A Bright FURNISHED SUITE with private bath room and kitchenette; also Bed-Sitting Room; use of kitchen; a lady's home and cooking if required; cooking and service.—37, Westbourne-terrace, W.2. Padd. 8165.

MAIDA VALE.

A Comfortable, good-class Residence; all modern conveniences; phone; good table; large garden; close bus and Tube; terms from £3.—181, Sutherland-avenue.

NEW MANSION RESIDENTIAL,
38, 39, and 40, LANCASTER-GATE, HYDE PARK, LONDON.

A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL ESTABLISHMENT overlooking beautiful Kensington Gardens, central for all parts of London. Gas and electric fires. Hot and cold running water in every bedroom. Nothing but the finest food served. Special terms for families. FULL BOARD from £2 12s. 6d. weekly (or 10s. 6d. daily); bed room, table d'hôte breakfast, bath, boots, and attendance. Only 6d. for telephone. Padd. 1003. Also Stuart House, 40, Lancaster-gardens.

THE ARMY AND NAVY,
1-2, QUEEN'S-GARDENS, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.

A HANDSOME SUITE of four reception rooms, GAS FIRES IN ALL BED ROOMS; hot spring and basin in bedrooms; constant hot water. The great feature is the QUALITY—EXCELLENCE AND LIBERALITY of our table and the unfailing catering service. South aspect, Heated day and night. Three minutes from three Tubes, buses, and Hyde Park. Special terms. Single £2 12s. 6d. and £3 13s. 6d. Double £4 7s. and £5 guineas. By the day from 10s. 6d. Phone, 1393. Illustrated Tariff.

A Lady and son offer a young gentleman a very pleasant, COMFORTABLE HOME. Turnham Green Station.—21, Esmond-road, Bedford Park, W.4.

ARLINGTON COURT.

A Quiet, comfortable house; 30 bed rooms, with running hot and cold water; gas fires; inclusive terms.—27, Craven-hill-gardens, Lancaster-gate. Padd. 4163.

MARBLE ARCH.

A Very attractive SERVICE SUITE. One or Two Bed Rooms, Sitting Room and private bath. Meals to order; excellent cooking. Telephone.—45, Seymour-street, W.1.

A bed, WELL FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOM; constant hot water; excellent cooking.—7, Devonport-street, Hyde Park, W.2.

10, NORFOLK-SQUARE, W.2.

ABSOLUTELY up-to-date BED-SITTING ROOMS, beautifully furnished; running hot and cold water; facing gardens; breakfast; terms moderate. Padd. 5661.

RIVIERA 73, HOLLAND-PARK.

A ABSOLUTELY BEST PART OF LONDON.—Most up to date (minute Tube; omnibuses all parts; minute West End); all bed rooms with hot and cold water, gas fires, box springs, hair mattresses, central heating (and coal fires); electric light; lounges; dancing studied. From 3gns. single; £5 double. Park 9173.

1, CLEVELAND-GARDENS,
HYDE PARK, W.2.

ABSOLUTELY Up-to-date Quiet Sunny Warm ROOMS with running water, gas fires; highly recommended for excellent table and service; five minutes Tubes and omnibus. Single from 2½gns. Padd. 2357.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ACCOMMODATION of the best; excellent cuisine; box spring beds; near Gloucester-road Tube; from 3gns. single; 5gns. double.—43, Stanhope-gardens. Ken. 4300.

REGENT'S PARK.

ALBANY HOUSE, 16, Park Village West, N.W.1.—FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL; excellent accommodation; noted cuisine.—Apply Tariff. Museum 7769.

HYDE PARK, W.2.

16, QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE. Park 9681.
ALL newly decorated Bed-sitting rooms, furnished and unfurnished; fitted lavatory basins; constant hot water; four bath rooms; excellent meals as required.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE
(continued)

9, NEVERN-SQUARE,
EARL'S COURT, S.W.5. FROBISHER 2129.
ALSO 54, Cambridge-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2.—Well appointed rooms; partial board from 2gns.

AN exceptionally comfortable SERVICE FLAT, with air cooling, central heating, constant hot water; most conveniently situated in best part of Hampstead; moderate inclusive terms.—4, Rosslyn-hill, N.W.3. Phone, 1184 Hampstead.

AN ENGLISH FAMILY receives Guests; young, congenial society; homely, comfortable; five minutes Earl's Court Underground (Piccadilly-circus 10, City 20, —53, Lexham-gardens, Cromwell-road, Kensington, W.8.

APARTMENTS.—Well FURNISHED DRAWING ROOM, DOUBLE BED ROOM, with bath; meals as required.—13, Manson-place, Queen's-gate. Ken. 8619.

ATHERSTONE HOUSE,
6 and 7, ATHERSTONE-TERRACE,
GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S. KENSINGTON.
One minute Gloucester-road Station. Tube and District. Redecorated. Gas fires. Running water. Under personal supervision. Tele. Western 4443.

ATTRACTIVE BOARD-RESIDENCE, 15 minutes City, overlooking Common; ideal for City people; from 45s.—100, North-side, Clapham Common. Phone, Battersea 2780.

ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOM, first floor, 60, Porchester-terrace, W.2; others from 25s. 6d., including breakfast, bath, electric light, telephone.

ATTRACTIVE SERVICE ROOMS, 2gns. to 5gns., including breakfast; constant hot water; manservant. —19, King-street, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 9281.

7, HOLLAND PARK-AVENUE.

ATTRACTIVE, newly Furnished BED-SITTING ROOMS, divan beds, gas fires, &c.; from 27s. 6d.; breakfast and dinner optional. Park 9272.

ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOM; every convenience; one minute Lancaster-gate Tube; meals optional; moderate.—Padd. 6853.

LANCASTER-GATE.

ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOMS, near Tube, from 30s.—2, Westbourne-crescent, W.2. Padd. 7922.

ATTRACTIVE Bed-Sitting Rooms, breakfast, bath, all attendance; dinner optional; clean, quiet, select; minute Kensington Gardens; moderate.—10, Prince of Wales-terrace, W.8 (next De Vere-gardens). Kelvin 8783.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS, single 22s., double 15s. each person, including service, electric light, constant hot water, and baths (1 tiled bath rooms, shower baths); divan and concealed beds and washstands, fitted wardrobes, gas fires, grillers, central heating; lounges; dancing; liveried hall porter; Dutch garden.—Bayswater Court, 85, Stephen's-road, W.2 (Westbourne-grove). Park 2661.

WESTBOURNE COURT.

AT 82, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE HYDE PARK, W.2. Excellent cuisine. Gas fires. Quiet comfort. From 3gns. single, 6gns. double. Padd. 1790.

CROYDON

AT HILLCROFT, 21, PARK HILL-RISE.—Luxurious winter home, in beautiful and perfectly appointed country mansion; excellent food; central heating; open fires; hot and cold water basins, gas fires bed rooms; reading lounges; near station, buses and trams City, West End. Winter terms. Phone, Croydon 2689.

THE QUEEN'S.

AT 86-88, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—Direct entrance garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally owned, supervised by retired Highland officer. Something out of the ordinary. From 6s. 6d. daily.

AT 48, REGENT'S PARK-ROAD, N.W.1.—Well furnished, DOUBLE BED-SITTING ROOM, with breakfast, 25s. each; dining room; all conveniences.

THE BEAUMONT.

AT 17, 18, 19, PRINCES-SQUARE, BAYSWATER, W.2, where a good table is provided and every comfort considered; constant hot water. From £2, single, 4gns. double. Resident Proprietors. Park 2029.

AT 55, WEST CROMWELL-ROAD, EARL'S COURT.—Charming Furnished Rooms; drawing room, parquet floor; gas fires, rings; baths each floor; constant hot water.—Frobisher 3248.

At 7, OBSERVATORY-GARDENS, Three minutes from Kensington High-street Station. Newly Opened and Decorated; furnished by Maples; MOST ATTRACTIVE CHAMBERS; divans; gas fires, rings, constant hot water, central heating. Western 1381.

LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.

AT 20, CRAVEN-HILL-GARDENS. — PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL. Highly recommended. Catering a specialty. Passenger lift. From 2½gns. Padd. 4062.

AT 34, HARRINGTON-GARDENS.—LARGE BACHELOR ROOMS, two minutes Gloucester-road Tube; baths all floors; dining room; meals optional. From 1gn.

AUTUMN 1930.
HOLLAND COURT.
81 and 82, HOLLAND-PARK, W.11.
A First-class Residential Establishment.
Before making winter arrangements call and inspect above, which is under the expert management of resident owner.

60 ROOMS.
Hot and cold water in bed rooms.
Many having own baths.
Highly recommended by guests in residence.
Terms from 3 guineas per week.
One minute from Holland Park Tube Station.
Telephone, Park 0084.

BACHELOR FLAT, FURNISHED; two rooms and bath (brown), cleaning attendance only; 2½gns. weekly.—86, Park-street, W.1.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

BACHELORS' newly decorated and tastefully FURNISHED SINGLE SERVICE ROOMS in quiet, open position adjacent to Harrods Stores; fitted basins (hot and cold), gas and electric fires; 2½-3gns., including service and light.—9, Beaufort-gardens, S.W.3. Sloane 7656.

BAKER-STREET.

REALLY EXCELLENT UNFURNISHED ROOM.
In quiet, well-run house. Fitted hot and cold water, electric light, gas fire, ring and meter. 27s. 6d. per week, including efficient service; meals if required. Make ideal bed-sitting room for one or two.—Apply Housekeeper, 31, Upper Montagu-street, W.1.

A bed-sitting ROOM, comfortably furnished, use of bath; constant hot water; gas fire; breakfast optional; 25s. weekly.—Write Box F.1245, The Times, E.C.4.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED Bachelor BED-SITTING ROOMS; bath room on each floor; running hot and cold water; excellent service; one minute Paddington and Lancaster-gate.—4, Westbourne-crescent, Hyde Park, W.2.

1, GRANVILLE-PLACE, W.1.
PORTMAN-SQUARE.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SUITES and ROOMS; every modern convenience; ample bath rooms; central heating, electric and gas fires; telephones; Furnished by Maples.—Avery and Davis. Phone, Maylair 1087.

MARBLE ARCH, W.1.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ACCOMMODATION. Fitted running water; charming double suite; every convenience; dining room.—52, Seymour-st. Padd. 5787.

15, OXFORD-TERRACE, W.2.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, charmingly furnished and decorated, fitted constant hot water, gas fires, from 35s.; breakfast, bath, light, and attendance; evening meal optional; close Marble Arch. Padd. 2881.

BED-SITTING ROOM, ground floor, very large, beautifully decorated and furnished; breakfast, service by arrangement; private kitchen queue floor if required.—Apply Nash, 21, Tavitock-street, Gordon-square.

HYDE PARK.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, fitted running water, from 21s. in well-appointed house; breakfast optional.—61, Oxford-terrace, W.2. Padd. 0783.

BED-SITTING ROOMS. Just opened.—Newly furnished and decorated; fitted hot and cold water in all rooms; single from 2gns., double 3gns., including breakfast, bath, light, service.—20, Cambridge-street, Hyde Park, W.2. Phone, Ambassador 2933.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted hot and cold running water, gas fires; inclusive breakfast, baths, light, attendance, from 35s.; double 3½gns.—At 64, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flaxman 9423.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, entrance and first floor; gas fire and ring, bath, phone; breakfast optional; central to all parts, Tube, Paddington Stations.—28 and 29, Cambridge-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, all fitted hot and cold water; electric light, gas fires, breakfast, bath, attendance from 35s., double 3½gns.; dinners optional.—101-2-3, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flax. 6435.

BED-SITTING ROOM to be LET with breakfast; use of fire.—Phone Welbeck 9139, or call 9, Welbeck-street, W.1.

12, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE, W.2.

BED-SITTING ROOMS; close Marble Arch; well furnished and decorated; fitted hot and cold water; gas fires; quiet house; terms with breakfast, bath, light, service, from 35s. single, 5gns. double.—Padd. 5286.

BED-SITTING ROOMS with bath, breakfast, light, attendance; from 35s.; all fitted with basins (hot and cold), gas fires, and newly decorated.—96, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flax. 9502.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated and furnished; hot and cold water in rooms, gas fires, ample bath rooms; close Tube and buses; daily from 35s. 6d., including breakfast, bath, light.—66, Oxford-terrace, Hyde Park. Padd. 8653.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, light, baths, from 25s.; convenient for Tubes.—44, Moreton-terrace, Old Pimlico-road, S.W.1, near S. Ken. Station. (Ken. 7830).

BED-SITTING ROOMS with breakfasts; dinner optional; gas fires.—10, Mazon-place, Queen's-gate. Minute S. Kensington Station. Kens. 4200.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, superior, single and double (divan); inclusive breakfast; phones; all conveniences. Terms moderate.—Millard, 54, Upper Berkeley-street, W.1.

BLOOMSBURY.—BOARD-RESIDENCE; large, well-furnished room vacant; terms moderate.—1, Gordon-street, W.C.1. Tele., Museum 9697.

BRIGHT front SERVICE ROOMS, 125, Westbourne-terrace; Hyde Park, W.2. From 27s. 6d. with breakfast, other meals optional, or inclusive terms.

CAMPDEN-HILL.—Unfurnished LARGE ROOM in service house with use well-appointed dining room.—Write Box R.1586, The Times, E.C.4.

CAMPDEN HILL.—OBSERVATORY-GARDENS, W 8.—FURNISHED SERVICE ROOMS for gentlemen; suite or single; quiet; open view. Western 2325.

CAVENDISH-SQUARE (few minutes off).—Large well FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOM; all conveniences.—Phone Welbeck 4985.

Central heating, hot and cold running water, and gas fires and rings in all bed rooms.

DAWSON PLACE MANSIONS,
PEMBRIDGE-SQUARE, HYDE PARK, W.2.
Healthy situation. Large lofty rooms. Passenger lift. Unrivalled cuisine. Own farm produce.
From 10s. 6d. daily; terms, weekly, including all meals. Phone, Park 2369. Grams, Mancipio, Nottarch, London.

CHAMBERS with Breakfast or full Board, in attractive private house, overlooking Park; one minute Lancaster-gate Tube. Paddington 6772.

CHARLTON GUEST HOUSE.
Delightful home for married couples or friends sharing double rooms; 15 minutes City, West End; large dance card, music; table tennis room; constant hot water bed rooms, baths; CENTRAL HEATING; CHEF CUISINE; garage, free parking; inspection invited; from 3gns., reduction double.—Get Brochure, Resident Proprietor, 17-18, Aberdeen-park, Highbury, N.5. (North 1214.)

CLEVELAND COURT.
RUNNING WATER, GAS FIRES ALL BED ROOMS.
Beautifully equipped, high-class residential; from 3gns. single, 5gns. double.—16, 17, 18, CHESTER-GARDENS, Lancaster-gate, W.2. Phone, Padd. 3976.

COMFORTABLE HOME offered by doctor's widow to students, business men; 3-3½gns.—36, Harcourt-terrace, S.W.10 (close Earl's Court Station). Flax. 1770.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS, KENSINGTON GARDENS, Queen's-road Tube. From 25s. 6d. Gas fires. Meals optional.—28, St. Petersburgh-place, W.2. Park 2146.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS for Professional or Public School men, quiet house, near Gloucester-road Station.—14, Mason-place. Kens. 7775.

COMPLETE ONE-ROOM HOMES, newly Furnished and Decorated; concealed cookery, pantry cabinets, divans; cleaning service from 25s.; breakfasts if required.—32, Chenston-gardens (close High-street Station), Kensington. Western 3255.

CULTURED BUSINESS MAN or STUDENT will find delightful home in family; English lessons if desired; every refined comfort. From 3 guineas. Close to Metro.—11, Adamson-road, Swiss Cottage.

MARBLE ARCH.

DELIGHTFUL FURNISHED SUITES and ACCOMMODATION for single gentlemen, with breakfast; butler-valet kept; excellent service; fitted hot and cold and gas fires; moderate.—43, Seymour-street.

THE KENSINGTON.

DOUBLE ROOMS, fitted hot and cold water, 6-7½gns.; single 3gns.; no extras; expert chef; house 'phones. —117-8-9, Queen's-gate, S.W.7. (Kens. 2038.)

DALING COMMON, Deepdene, 18-19, Hanger-lane.—An attractive GUEST HOUSE; separate tables; gas fires all bed rooms; central heating; drawing room, lounge, recreation room; bridge and dancing; terms 2½ guineas. Ealing 2940.

EALING.—PAYING GUESTS, well-furnished home; lovely position, residential district; good cooking; near stations, golf; 'phone.—23, Blakesley-avenue.

ENGLISH FAMILY, HAMPSTEAD, receiving two or three GUESTS, have vacancy. Good food, young people, near tube.—Write Box R.1463, The Times, E.C.4.

EXTREMELY Comfortable ACCOMMODATION offered in lady's private Guest House, Hampstead; large double rooms; excellent cooking; separate tables.—For address please 'phone Hampstead 2988; for terms please write Box F.1245, The Times, E.C.4.

FERNLEIGH COURT PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL, 8, Fitzjohn's-avenue; every home comfort; tennis; hot water all rooms. Terms moderate; inspection invited. Hampstead 8080.

FINSBURY PARK (near Manor House).—BED and BREAKFAST in superior residence; every convenience; home comforts; large garden; garage; gentlemen only.—309, Seven Sisters-road, N.4.

GENTLEMAN offers another bed, bath, breakfast, fire; convenient Tube.—N.W.3.—Write Box 09283, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

GUESTS RECEIVED; partial board; gas fires; moderate terms; 3mins. Warwick-avenue Tube.—150, Sutherland-avenue, Maida Vale, W.9. Abercorn 1209.

HAMPSTEAD (Finchley-road Met.).—BOARD-RESIDENCE business people and families; good food; moderate.—74, Broadhurst-gardens. (Maida Vale 2624.)

HAMPSTEAD, near Finchley-road Met.—Lady owning well-appointed private house offers to SOLE GUEST beautiful sitting room, single bed-room; first floor; permanency desired. Constant hot water.—Maida Vale 7558, or write Box 8593, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

HAMPSTEAD.—Charming furnished bed-sitting room to gentleman; every convenience. Near Tube. Board optional.—92, Fitzjohn's-avenue.

HAMPSTEAD, 129, Fellows-road.—ACCOMMODATION, suit business or professional people; excellent cuisine; sitting room; moderate.—Phone, 2745.

HAMPSTEAD (best part).—Attractively FURNISHED, well heated; one minute train, bus, 20 minutes City, West End.—12, Netherhall-gardens. Hampstead 8744.

HAMPSTEAD, near Heath and Tubes.—Large BEDSITTING ROOM to be LET, with or without board; no other paying guests; in professional man's house.—Write Box F.824, The Times, E.C.4.

HARRINGTON HALL,
11, HARRINGTON-GARDENS,
SOUTH KENSINGTON, S.W.7.
Newly decorated; large central heated reception rooms and bed rooms to let; numerous bath rooms; 100 bed rooms fitted water, gas fires, box spring mattresses, excellent cuisine; minute Gloucester-road Station to all parts; 'phone in every room.—Write Box 8, 107, The Times, E.C.4. Also LUXURIOUS SUITES. Kens. 7717, 4588-9.

HIGHFIELD, PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL, 62, FITZJOHN'S-AVE.; excellent cooking; gas fires; constant hot water; double and single rooms. Hampstead 8844.

HILLS.

A Bare three minutes Tube; 90 rooms from 2gns.; gas fires; garage; dancing.—37, Princes-square, W.2. Park 1807.

HYDE PARK, 37, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE, W.—near Marble Arch.—RESIDENTIAL RESTAURANT for all parts; full or partial board; best English food. Padd. 2144.

HYDE PARK.—FURNISHED BED ROOMS; meals optional; attendance, electric light; inclusive from 27s. 6d.—67, Oxford-terrace. 'Phone, Padd. 4394.

IDEAL BED-SITTING ROOMS, near Marble Arch; running hot water, portable reading lamps; breakfast; inclusive terms.—PRIVATE APARTMENTS, 6, Connaught-street, W.2.

INGLEWOOD, 37, EARL'S COURT-SQUARE, S.W.5.—A comfortable residential from £2 5s.; bed and breakfast 5s.; gas fires; central. Tele., Flaxman 7624.

QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

JUST OPENED, LUXURIOUS SUITES from 4½gns. BED-SITTING ROOMS, with breakfast, from 2gns.; running hot and cold water in every room. Close District and Tube.—23, Elvaston-place. Western 6051.

KENSINGTON, W.—An exceptional Chance of getting a beautifully furnished Bed-Sitting Room, magnificent attached; garden view; 22s. 6d. weekly.—Park 7462.

KENSINGTON.—Large Furnished ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATLETS; divans; use kitchen; double 25s.; breakfast 1s., 1s. 6d. Western 5929.

KENSINGTON.—Well FURNISHED and very COMFORTABLE HOME offered lady or gentleman; bed room, sitting room; meals; quiet house; 3 guineas, full board 4½ guineas.—Write Box 83, Smith's, 62, Kensington High-street, W.8.

KENSINGTON, W.8.—Charming FURNISHED ROOMS (divan), breakfast, bath, from 25s. 6d. week.—10, Observatory-gardens. Park 6847.

PURLEY, SURREY HILLS.

KNIGHTON PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL, 12 miles London; grounds nine acres, new links; English food; modern home comforts; large garden; tennis; garages; saloon car available.—For tariff 'ph. Purley 1290.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE and Oratory (between).—Charmingly FURNISHED SUITES and ROOMS, in newly arranged house facing gardens; no traffic.—Kens. 8754.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE, FORTY-SIX, BEAUFORT-GARDENS.—The best cooking in London; beautiful suites and fitted Bedroom Suites; every modern improvement; passenger lift. Suites 7 guineas, bed rooms 2½ guineas. Telephone, Sloane 2940.

LADIES' NATIONAL CLUBS, Ltd.

Offices, 11, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. Western 6497.
UNFURNISHED ROOMS 25th DEC. or EARLIER.
Rents weekly inclusive of light and baths.

GROUP (see page 4 in Booklet)	
1, Lennox-gardens, S.W.1	50/-
5, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	45/-, 47/-
7, Cromwell-road, S.W.7	NONE
10, Ashburnham-gardens, S.W.7 (Two houses)	30/-, 35/-
47, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	30/-
48, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	NONE
49, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	35/-, 40/-
17, Hornton-street, W.8 (Two houses)	NONE
15, Vicarage-gate, W.8 (Two houses)	10/-
71, Linden-gardens, W.2	21/-, 22/-, 25/-, 30/-
1225, Westbourne-terrace, W.2 (Two houses)	25/-, 35/-
45, Inverness-terrace, W.2 (Two houses)	21/-, 25/-
22, Craven-hill, W.2 (Two houses)	45/-, 55/-
72, Holland-park, W.11	21/-, 25/-, 30/-, 37/-
39, Denbigh-gardens, W.10	20/-
39, Bruce-square, Baker-street	25/-
BRIGHTON (Hove), 3, Belgrave-place	No List Received
1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, Lorna-road	
EASTBOURNE, 5-11, Hartington-place (Four houses)	15/-, 20/-, 30/-, 35/-
TUNBRIDGE WELLS, 29, Summit	NONE
CLIFTON (Bristol), 28, Pembroke-road (Two houses)	20/-
CLIFTON, 3, Worcester-road	NONE
BOURNEMOUTH, 24, Poole-road	35/-, 40/-
LIVERPOOL, 21, Gambier-terrace	15/-, 21/-, 30/-, 45/-
BEDFORD, 14-15, Clapham-road (Two houses)	9/-, 20/-, 27/-

GROUP 2 (see page 5 in Booklet)	
7, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	22/-
9, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5	17/-, 33/- (suite)
116, Westbourne-terrace, W.2 (Two houses)	NONE
127, Westbourne-terrace, W.2	NONE
1225, Westbourne-terrace, W.2	23/-, 27/-, 30/-
GROUP 3 (see page 5 in Booklet)	
35, Canley-gardens, S.W.5	45/- (suite)
41, Barkston-gardens, S.W.5 (Two houses)	27/-
78, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5	NONE
107, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5	15/-, 27/-
90, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5	15/-
29, Collingham-gardens, S.W.5	25/-
26, Holland Park, W.11	20/-
57, Holland Park, W.11	NONE
58, Holland Park, W.11	30/-
66, Holland Park, W.11	NONE
65, Holland Park, W.11	30/-
7, Inverness-terrace, W.2	15/-, 24/-
26, Palace-court, W.2	30/-, 35/-
3, Woodchurch-road, Hampstead	21/-, 25/-, 28/-
Cliffords-ville, 4, Gloucester	NONE

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Law Report, Oct. 14

SUMMARY OF CASES

Mr. Justice Finlay delivered reserved judgments for the defendant bank in two actions tried at Manchester Assizes, which raised points of interest to bankers. In the first action he held that a Bank of England Warrant for War Loan interest was a "dividend warrant" within section 95 of the Bills of Exchange Act, 1882, and expressed the opinion that it was also a crossed cheque, and, therefore, a bank which had, without negligence, paid such a warrant into the account of a man who, as both sides concurred, had (without prejudice to any explanation which he might be able to give in other proceedings) fraudulently misappropriated it could rely on section 82 of the Act.

In the second action he held that the true owners of a cheque which, according to the facts as accepted by both sides, has been fraudulently and materially altered, cannot bring an action against a bank (of which they were not customers) which has in good faith and without negligence received the cheque and credited the proceeds to a customer's account. (Slingsby and Others v. Westminster Bank, Limited.)

COURT OF APPEAL

AIR CRASH AND CLAIM FOR LUGGAGE: JURISDICTION

GLEN KIDSTON v. DEUTSCHE LUFT HANSA A.G. BERLIN

(*Before* Lord Justice Scrutton, Lord Justice Lawrence, *and* Lord Justice Greer)

The Court dismissed this interlocutory appeal of the defendants, Deutsche Luft Hansa A.G. Berlin, against a judgment of Mr. Justice Swift, in Chambers, reversing an order of the Master, who had stayed an action which was brought against them by the plaintiff.

The plaintiff, Lieutenant-Commander George Pearson Glen Kidston, R.N. (retired), the sole survivor of an accident which occurred to one of the appellant company's aeroplanes on November 6, 1929, shortly after the aeroplane left Croydon, brought the action claiming damages for the loss of luggage, and the question in the appeal was whether there was a contract between the parties that all proceedings arising out of it should be decided by the German Courts.

Mr. H. G. Robertson appeared for the appellants, the aeroplane company; and Mr. Wilfrid Lewis for Lieutenant-Commander Glen Kidston.

Mr. Robertson, in opening the appeal, said that there was printed on the face of the ticket issued to Lieutenant-Commander Glen Kidston at the aerodrome at Croydon the following:—"Conditions of transport. See over."

Conditions were printed in German, and there was a statement that "the above conditions are in addition to the general transport conditions for passenger air service which are exhibited in agencies and aerodromes."

The general conditions agreed to by the International Association of Airship Services which were so exhibited contained the following:—

> The competent Court for decision of all law suits in connexion with passenger air service shall be that of the country in which the head office of the Air Transport Company concerned is situated.

Counsel submitted that the action should be stayed so that the dispute might be heard by the German Courts.

Mr. Wilfrid Lewis, for the respondent, was not called on.

Judgment

Lord Justice Scrutton, in giving judgment, said that in deciding the matter there were two conflicting principles to be borne in mind. First, it was important that citizens should observe the contracts which they had entered into with regard to the mode of settling disputes; and, secondly, it was also important that the Court should not allow its jurisdiction to be ousted in respect of matters happening in England. Dealing with the matter as one of discretion, he had come to the conclusion that it was not a case in which the action should be stayed. The appeal would, therefore, be dismissed.

Lord Justice Lawrence and Lord Justice Greer concurred.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Beaumont and Son; Messrs. Bischoff, Coxe, Bischoff, and Thompson.

COMPANIES' WINDING-UP ORDERS

Mr. Justice Maugham made orders in the usual form yesterday for the compulsory winding up of:—Central Trust Company, Limited; Freeway, Limited; Spenser Whatley, Limited; Berners Music Company, Limited; London General Supply Company, Limited; Permanent Reproductions, Limited; Metal Ore and Chemical Company, Limited; Hudson Warwick (1926), Limited; Ferolite, Limited; Warwick Typewriter Company, Limited; Commercial and General Transport, Limited; Peters Estates, Limited; Carlton Films (1929), Limited; Castle Garages (Colchester), Limited; Kerr Stuart and Co., Limited; A. Stanton and Co., Limited; Langleys (the Gramophone People), Limited; W. E. E., Limited; Baines and Purdey, Limited; Ferring Estate, Limited; Osborne (Import), Limited; Chandos Investment Company, Limited; Dragon Publishing Company, Limited; Marford Wallpaper Company, Limited; James Holman and Co., Limited; Sheffield Speedway and Stadium, Limited; and Blundstone Engineering Service, Limited.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

KING'S BENCH DIVISION

WAR LOAN DIVIDEND WARRANTS: BANKERS' POSITION

SLINGSBY AND OTHERS v. WESTMINSTER BANK, LIMITED

(*Before* Mr. Justice Finlay)

His Lordship delivered reserved judgments in favour of the defendants in two actions tried before him at Manchester Assizes. The plaintiffs in each case were Mrs. Mary Edith Slingsby, Mr. Barnard Henry Brook Eldridge, Mr. George Henry Fletcher, and Mr. Ben Hirst, executors of Mr. Harry Turner, deceased, and the defendants were the Westminster Bank, Limited. The facts in the two cases are fully stated in his Lordship's judgments.

Mr. Neville Laski, K.C., and Mr. Charles Gandy appeared for the plaintiffs in both actions; Mr. A. T. Miller, K.C., and Mr. B. B. Stenham for the defendants.

Judgment

Mr. Justice Finlay, giving judgment in the first case, said that the plaintiffs, as executors of Harry Turner, deceased, sued the defendant bank to recover £250, the amount of a Bank of England warrant for that amount. The claim was put in various ways: for money had and received, damages for conversion of the warrant and the proceeds thereof, and damages for negligence.

The case raised more than one point of some interest and difficulty. The first plaintiff was a daughter of the testator and a considerable beneficiary under his will.

On December 2, 1929, the plaintiff, Mrs. Slingsby, received the warrant sued on (for a half-year's interest on £10,000 5 per cent. War Loan). The warrant was in the usual form of the Bank of England, crossed "and Co." Not negotiable." Mrs. Slingsby signed the warrant and gave it to her son to take to the managing clerk of Messrs. Cumberbirch and Potts, who were solicitors in practice at Macclesfield. Mr. Cumberbirch, who then bore a high reputation, was the solicitor of the executors, and it was pursuant to an arrangement that any warrants received by Mrs. Slingsby should be handed to him for attention that this warrant was sent.

Mr. Cumberbirch had an account with the Macclesfield branch of the defendants. On January 1, 1930, that account was substantially overdrawn, and there was an interview between Mr. Cumberbirch and the manager, Mr. Godwin. It was not disputed that the result of that interview, which was of much importance for one of the issues in the case, was accurately set out in a memorandum made by Mr. Godwin, from which it appeared that Mr. Cumberbirch had represented that Mrs. Slingsby owed him £500, which he had lent her pending receipt of dividends under her father's will.

On January 16 Mr. Cumberbirch again went to the bank, filled in a paying-in slip, and paid in to the credit of his own account the warrant for £250. The cashier observed that there was an error on its face—"Slingsby" being printed for "Slingsby," and, also, that the warrant was expressed to be "A/c Harry Turner, deceased." He took it to Mr. Godwin, who saw Mr. Cumberbirch and said that the transaction was unusual and asked for an explanation. Mr. Cumberbirch referred to his interview of January 1 and said that the payment had reference to the matter then discussed. Mr. Godwin suggested that it would have been more desirable that Mrs. Slingsby should give her own cheque, but Mr. Cumberbirch said that that would have made it evident that she was probably receiving accommodation from her solicitor. Mr. Godwin was satisfied and the amount was credited to Mr. Cumberbirch's account.

Mr. Cumberbirch's Position

It might be convenient to say (of course without prejudice to any explanation which Cumberbirch might in other proceedings be able to give) that both sides had concurred in the view that he had in fact misappropriated the warrant, and the case was argued on that footing throughout. Mr. Cumberbirch had for many years carried on in partnership with Mr. Potts (who still practised there) a large and leading practice as a solicitor in Macclesfield. He (his Lordship) was satisfied that right up to the date of Cumberbirch's disappearance shortly after January 16 he was generally respected and trusted; he had occasionally acted for the bank, and was well known both as a prominent and trusted solicitor, and also socially to Mr. Godwin. There was nothing in his past record or in what was then known of him to arouse suspicion.

The Legal Issues

The defence of the bank was based mainly on section 82 of the Bills of Exchange Act, 1882. They claimed to be entitled to the benefit of that section on two distinct grounds: (1) That the warrant was a crossed cheque; (2) that it was, within section 95, a dividend warrant.

As he had formed the view that that document was a dividend warrant within section 95, it was not strictly speaking necessary that he should decide whether, apart from section 95, it would fall within section 82 as being a crossed cheque. But considerable argument had been addressed to him on that point, and, in his opinion, it was a cheque.

It seemed beyond doubt to possess all the indicia of a cheque, except one. It was an unconditional order drawn on a banker, payable on demand. It was crossed and bore the words "not negotiable." But it was said that it was not a cheque because the drawer was himself an official of the bank on which the cheque was drawn. It would seem to follow from the decision of the House of Lords in London and Counties Bank v. Gordon (19 *The Times* L.R., 462; [1903] A.C., 240) that a draft drawn by a branch of a bank on its head office, or by an official of the bank on his own bank, could not be regarded as a cheque. If that was so, the judgment of Mr. Justice Bailhache in Ross v. London, County, Westminster and Parr's Bank, Limited (35 *The Times* L.R., 315; [1919] 1 K.B., 678) could not on this point be relied on.

But in what capacity was the official acting when he drew this draft? He thought that the true view was that the official was acting as the agent of the Government. If that was so, the transaction ceased to be a merely interdepartmental one, and the substance of it was that the Government was drawing on moneys in the hands of the bank. Reference to Part III. of the National Debt Act, 1870, and section 4 of the National Debt Act, 1889, supported the conclusion at which he had arrived.

A Dividend Warrant

But apart from that he had come to the conclusion that this draft was within section 95. That depended on whether it was a warrant for the payment of dividends within the meaning of that section. It was necessary to consider the exact effect of the document and the sections under which the loan in respect of which that interest or dividend was paid was issued. The stock was issued under Warrant pursuant to section 1 (1) of the War Loan Act, 1916. By section 37 (4) of the Finance Act, 1917, the National Debt Act, 1870, was made applicable. In that Act "dividend" was used throughout as meaning the sum payable by way of interest on Government stock (see particularly Part III. of the Act, headed: "Payment of Dividends"; and also the Dividends and Stock Act, 1869; National Debt Act, 1889; and Crossed Cheques Act, 1876).

The point was whether "dividends" in the Bills of Exchange Act, 1882, was used in the narrower sense, as meaning that part of the profits of a company divisible among its shareholders, or in a broader sense as meaning that which was to be divided. He thought that the broader construction was to be preferred. He arrived at that conclusion on the construction of section 95 of the Bills of Exchange Act, 1882. Whatever doubts there might be on the construction of the section by itself seemed to be resolved when one looked at the legislation above referred to, which made it clear that "dividend" was the word used by the Legislature to signify interest on Government stock. In that connexion he attached particular importance to the Act of 1876. Mr. Laski, in the course of his very skilful argument, had practically admitted that he could not have maintained his position if the matter had depended on the Act of 1876. He (his Lordship) agreed with him in that; but it was certainly startling if the Legislature, in re-enacting and generalizing the law, had effected so important a change as would be the exclusion of all drafts made in payment of interest on Government loans. He had, therefore, come to the conclusion that the document in question, even if it were not a cheque, fell within section 95.

His Lordship then dealt with the question of fact, whether the bank had acted without negligence, there being no suggestion that it had not acted in good faith. The case differed from a good many that had been decided in that here inquiries were made. That did not, he thought, affect the point. The question was whether a reasonably competent and careful bank official would have been satisfied with the answers which he received or would have pursued the matter further. He thought that it had been established that the bank officials had not been guilty of any negligence; it was not to be expected, as was said in one of the cases, that they should act as amateur detectives.

They were, therefore, entitled to rely on section 82 of the Act of 1882, and there must be judgment for the defendants, with costs.

THE SECOND CASE

In giving judgment in the second case

Mr. Justice Finlay said that the parties were the same, but the points which arose were quite different.

The plaintiffs sought to recover £5,000 from the defendant bank, either as money had and received, or for conversion of a cheque the property of the plaintiffs, or conversion of £5,000 the money of the plaintiffs.

The cheque sued on was dated December 4, 1929. It was drawn on the Macclesfield branch of the District Bank, Limited, for £5,000, and was written out by Mr. Cumberbirch, who was at that time solicitor to the executors. The payees were John Prust and Co., stockbrokers, through whom the plaintiffs were minded to invest money.

The cheque thus prepared by Cumberbirch, containing the name of the payees and the amount, was duly signed by each of the plaintiffs and left with Cumberbirch, of course to be used by him in accordance with directions which he had received. Cumberbirch then, according to the facts as accepted by both sides, fraudulently added the words "per Cumberbirch and Potts" on the face of the cheque. Both sides agreed that that alteration, made after the cheque was completed and signed, was a material alteration with the result that under section 64 of the Bills of Exchange Act, 1882, the cheque was avoided.

Cumberbirch was the managing director of a company called the Palatine Industrial Finance Company, Limited, whose main business was to finance hire-purchase agreements. That company had an account with the Manchester branch of the defendant bank. Cumberbirch on December 5, 1929, indorsed that cheque, altered as above described, "Cumberbirch and Potts," and paid it into the account of the Palatine Company. It was not disputed that "Cumberbirch and Potts" was a proper indorsement of a cheque drawn in favour of "J. Prust and Co. per Cumberbirch and Potts." The cheque passed through the clearing house in the ordinary routine. The account of the Palatine Company at the Manchester branch was credited with the £5,000, and the account of the plaintiffs at the Macclesfield branch of the District Bank was debited with that amount.

In no possible view were the plaintiffs customers of the defendant bank. The Palatine Company were customers of the defendants, having an account at the Manchester branch into which that cheque was paid. Cumberbirch had an account with the Macclesfield branch of the defendants. But the only account of the plaintiff executors was with the Macclesfield branch of the District Bank.

The Defendants' Submissions

It was submitted for the defendants that the action, however put, was entirely misconceived. Whatever might be the rights of the plaintiffs against their own bank, who had debited them, they could have no right, it was argued, to recover against the defendants—not in conversion for the cheque, because the cheque was by reason of the alteration a mere valueless piece of paper; not in conversion for £5,000, because there was no conversion of any money of the plaintiffs. He had come to the conclusion that that submission was right and ought to prevail. It seemed clear that the document when it came into the hands of the defendants was not a valid cheque at all. That being so, no action could be brought on it against the defendants. They had not dealt either with a cheque or the money of the plaintiffs, and on that short ground he thought that the action must fail.

In his opinion no question of negligence really arose. Apart from section 82 there was no contractual relation between the defendants and the plaintiffs; and that section was inapplicable, because the document, when it came into the hands of the bank, was not a cheque. But as the question of negligence had been fully argued he stated his view that the defendant bank had acted not merely in good faith but without negligence. Whether, therefore, the view expressed earlier was correct and negligence did not arise; or whether it was incorrect, he held that there was no negligence and that the defendants were entitled to the protection of section 82, and in this case also there must be judgment for the defendants, with costs.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Vaudrey, Osborne and Mellor, Manchester; Messrs. Sale and Co., Manchester.

PROBATE, DIVORCE, AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION

MARRIED AND DIVORCED THIS YEAR

TROWER v. TROWER AND AARONS

(*Before* the President)

In this undefended suit Mr. Charles Frederick Trower, employed in the Post Office, of Severus-road, Battersea, sought the dissolution of his marriage with Mrs. Ethel Flora Trower, *née* Berry, on the ground of her adultery with Mr. Harry George Aarons.

The marriage took place on January 27, 1930, at Marylebone Register Office.

Mr. H. Darley Grazebrook appeared for the petitioner.

The President (Lord Merrivale), in giving judgment, said that here was a young woman who, for her own convenience and her mother's advantage, went through a ceremony of marriage with the petitioner, a Civil servant in the Post Office. The petitioner for a long time had contributed towards the maintenance of the respondent's mother. After the marriage there was practically no cohabitation between the petitioner and the respondent. About a fortnight after the ceremony the respondent went to live at Marine-parade, Worthing, with the co-respondent, by whom, apparently, she was pregnant. It was as flagrant a case as could be imagined.

His Lordship pronounced a decree *nisi*, with costs against the co-respondent.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Vivash Robinson and Co.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

CHANCERY DIVISION

BEQUEST TO MERTON COLLEGE IN RE SIR H. A. HARMSWORTH'S WILL TRUSTS

(*Before* Mr. Justice Luxmoore)

This was a petition by Mr. Thomas Bowman, Warden of Merton College, Oxford, and Sir John Charles Miles, a Fellow of that college, to obtain the sanction of the Court, with such modifications (if any) as the Court might deem proper, to the scheme set out in the schedule for the regulation and management of the bequest, on charitable trusts, in the will of Sir Hildebrand Aubrey Harmsworth, Bt., relating to the creation of scholarships at Merton College, Oxford.

Mr. Wilfred Greene, K.C., and Mr. Montgomery White appeared on the petition; Mr. Waddy for the testator's executors; and Mr. Stafford Crossman for the Attorney-General.

Mr. Greene, in opening the petition, said that the testator, whose will was made in July, 1928, died in April, 1929. He gave the residue of his personalty in 10 equal parts, one of such parts being to Merton College on trust to create therewith five scholarships, to be known as the Hildebrand Harmsworth Scholarships, tenable for two years each, available for British subjects, being Protestants, and whose parents and paternal grandfather and great-grandfather are or were British-born subjects and Protestants. All other conditions were to be submitted to and approved by the executors.

The tenth part of the residuary estate available was about £85,000, subject to legacy duty, and taking the net amount at about £50,000, it would give five scholarships of £500 a year each. Such valuable scholarships would be unusual and the scheme suggested was in the best interests of the college and would carry out the wishes of the testator. The scheme would include senior scholarships and have definite objects. The statutes for the college relating to such scholarships, known as postmasterships, did not apply to this bequest.

The testator became a member of the college in 1892 and remained a member until his death. He was in residence as an undergraduate and must have been aware of the terms relating to the postmasterships. The governing body, therefore, submitted that the testator's intention would best be carried out by the foundation of senior scholarships of £300 a year each, tenable for two or three years, with power to continue a scholarship for a further year. There would also be provision for travel. The income of the fund would be sufficient to provide for 12 such scholarships. Preference should be given to those who were already members.

Mr. Stafford Crossman said that he had not had the opportunity as yet of considering the scheme. It was usual, however, to deal with it on the petition, and probably the best course would be to adjourn it so that it might come forward again to be finally settled.

Mr. Justice Luxmoore said that he would approve the general outline of the scheme, but he would adjourn the petition until October 28 for a final scheme to be agreed, and he would then make a final order.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Somerville, Philpot and Co., for Messrs. Morrell, Peel and Gamlen, Oxford; Messrs. Kerly, Sons and Karuth; the Treasury Solicitor.

PROBATE, DIVORCE, AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION

DECREE NISI RESCINDED: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMENT

GRAYSON v. GRAYSON AND SEBRIGHT, CITED AS SEABRIGHT (THE KING'S PROCTOR SHOWING CAUSE)

(*Before the* President)

This was a motion by the King's Proctor for the rescission of a decree *nisi* of divorce granted on November 15, 1929, to Mr. Henry Gladwyn Grayson, a commercial traveller, of Marlborough-place, St. John's Wood. In the petition the respondent, Mrs. Barbara Joyce Groombridge Grayson, *née* Parnell, was charged with adultery with Sir Guy Sebright, Bt., of Beechwood-park, Markyate, near Dunstable, against whom damages were claimed. Answers were filed by the respondent and co-respondent denying the adultery, but in fact the case was undefended, and the jury awarded £500 damages. (*The Times*, November 16, 1929.)

It was now alleged in the King's Proctor's plea that the petitioner presented a false case to the Court, that he had connived at and conduced to his wife's adultery, and that the case was presented in collusion between the petitioner and the respondent. The King's Proctor's plea was not defended.

Mr. W. N. Stable appeared for the King's Proctor; and Mr. F. L. C. Hodson for the co-respondent.

The President (Lord Merrivale).—The substance of the case is that the petitioner alleged that, coming home unexpectedly, he found a man of position and resources with his wife in such circumstances as to show a guilty intimacy, and that that was the discovery which he made at that time. The King's Proctor alleges that in truth and fact the adulterous intimacy had been carried on for a long time with the petitioner's sanction.

It is quite clear that there must be serious consideration of the effect under the criminal law of the transaction which has been attempted and partly carried into effect.

Mr. Hodson submitted that the petition should not be dismissed until the co-respondent's application that the £500 damages paid into Court be paid out to him had been disposed of.

The President.—I rescind the decree and suspend the dismissal of the petition for 14 days so that the co-respondent may make such motion as he is advised, and I give liberty to apply for that motion to be heard at a convenient time.

Solicitors.—The King's Proctor; Messrs. Lewis and Lewis.

137 DECREES MADE ABSOLUTE

(*Before* Mr. Justice Bateson)

The decrees *nisi* in the following 137 matrimonial causes were made absolute to-day:—

Dixon v. Dixon and Bailey; Austen, L. L. v. Austen, P.; Dawtry, A. K. v. Dawtry, L. R. C.; Torkington v. Torkington and Bloomfield; Branson v. Branson and Freeman; Friedenberg, K. v. Friedenberg, M.; Thwaites, A. M. v. Thwaites, E.; Lewis v. Lewis and Robinson; Bumford, M. P. v. Bumford, J. H. S.; Peck, M. E. v. Peck, W.; Crook v. Crook and Aldridge; Napier, M. v. Napier, T.; Catt, v. Catt and Mosey; Cullimore, K. v. Cullimore, H. R. (Thirkell intervening); Wallis, K. v. Wallis, Scott, and Winter; Walker v. Walker and Cooper; Horlick v. Horlick and Archer; Bland, L. E. v. Bland, S.; Feather v. Feather and Harding; Carter v. Carter and Wilkinson Hodgson v. Hodgson and Collins; Phillips, D. v. Phillips, A.; Hughes, C. v. O. v. Hughes, W. H.; Southwick v. Southwick and Danish; Hutt, M. E. v. Hutt, A. N.; Ward, J. A. W. v. Ward, C. H.; Havelock, A. v. Havelock, F. W.; Bourne, E. M. v. Bourne, A. H.; Cheves, A. F. v. Cheves, H. J.; Church, V. L. v. Church, A. C.; Howell v. Howell and Wiggins; Dabell, E. M. v. Dabell, H.; Trilk v. Trilk and Stephens; Robins v. Robins and Brown; Crawford v. Crawford and Lord; Bullerment v. Bullerment and Sharpe; Midgley v. Midgley and Lewis; Joseph v. Joseph and Josephs; Daring v. Daring and Allan-Rand; Garner v. Garner and Watson; Glens, L. M. v. Glens, W. W.; Moss v. Moss, Holden, and Griffiths; Okell, H. v. Okell, W.; Evans, E. E. v. Evans, V. A. M.; Darby, M. S. v. Darby, A. C. C.; Griffiths, R. M. v. Griffiths, W. F.; Fox, E. v. Fox, W.; Bunting v. Bunting and Locke; Bowman v. Bowman and Sweeting; Harper v. Harper and Wilson; Podeschwa, M. v. Podeschwa, S.; Reardon, E. v. Reardon, D. J.; Tribute, E. M. v. Tribute, W. M.; Fox-Andrews, O. G. v. Fox-Andrews, N. R.; Lovick v. Lovick and Nelson; Proctor v. Proctor and Critterio; Lightwood v. Lightwood and Earle; Armitage, F. A. v. Armitage, T.; Croft v. Croft and Bennett; Handley, M. M. v. Handley, G. P.; McKee, E. A. v. McKee, T.; Savage, G. A. T. v. Savage, F. G.; Biggs v. Biggs and Carrington; Quarman v. Quarman and Vale; Knowles-Jackson, M. G. v. Knowles-Jackson, T.; Stocken v. Stocken and Vye Gerlizy; Cockell, G. M. O. v. Cockell, G. B.; Freeth v. Freeth and Johnson; Ralph v. Ralph and Priscott; Moore, E. E. v. Moore, W.; Simpson v. Simpson and Whiteside; Frankau, H. M. S. v. Frankau, R. H. W.; Dalby, E. v. Dalby and Skelley Sumner, G. v. Sumner, T. Teden v. Teden and Dines; Jeffreys, A. J. v. Jeffreys, P.; Brown v. Brown and Hopton Scoble, M. F. v. Scoble, N. C.; Engel v. Engel and Williams; Todd v. Todd and Brownhill; Parrish v. Parrish and Neale; Schwyn, J. M. M. v. Schwyn, W. F.; Harrison, N. L. v. Harrison, D. T.; Digriss, L. v. Digriss, A. A.; Hunt v. Hunt and Buck; Hill, G. E. v. Hill, F.; Raven, E. v. Raven, F. W.; Seymour v. Seymour and Roberts; Raikes v. Raikes and Macpherson; Deadman, K. S. v. Deadman, C. H.; Benson, orse. Cook v. Benson Asprey, M. K. v. Asprey, N. G. E. M.; Lewis, H. v. Lewis, H.; Labraham, F. F. v. Labraham, E. J.; Howard v. Howard, orse. Lotkin; Fergusson, E. F. v. Fergusson, H. J. E.; Vidler v. Vidler and Down; Wells, H. E. D. v. Wells, M. O.; Baillie v. Baillie and Jeller; Robinson, E. v. Robinson, H.; Stanbury v. Stanbury and McGregor; Inman v. Inman and Butcher; Mooney v. Mooney and Price; Morse v. Morse and Fox; French v. French and Wootton; Weeks v. Weeks and Redding; Carmichael, P. v. Carmichael, R. P.; Cooney v. Cooney and Lyne; Evans, R. S. A. P. v. Evans, A. G.; Burnett v. Burnett and Barlow; Edmondson, L. v. Edmondson, H.; Burton, M. v. Burton, J.; Hillman and Hillman and Fuller; Miles, I. E. v. Miles, E. C.; Weston, R. R. v. Weston, W. H.; Arkell, G. I. v. Arkell, J. C.; Smart v. Smart and Rule; Hayward, E. M. v. Hayward, G. H.; Frowde, M. v. Frowde, V. C. D.; Walker, M. E. v. Walker, H.; Adams, J. v. Adams, C. G. (Farns intervening); Savage, M. A. v. Savage, E. Cases in District Registries. Skinns v. Skinns and Skinns v. Sellars and Hemsell; Long v. Long and Burgess; Briggs v. Briggs and Whitsley; Bolland, E. A. v. Bolland, C.; Peace, E. v. Peace, A.; Crawshaw, N. v. Crawshaw, A. R.; Hough, D. v. Hough, S. E.; Wadsworth v. Wadsworth and Dennison; Hodgson v. Hodgson and Robinson; Calvert, A. E. v. Calvert, E.; Stephenson v. Stephenson and Matthews; Hattersley v. Hattersley and Dyson; Bosanko, E. v. Bosanko, H.; Whitehouse, J. v. Whitehouse, F. W.

Robert Chambers, 50, of Ashford House, The Grove, Deal, an ex-coastguardsman, was adjusting a flagstaff on the roof of the British Legion headquarters at Deal yesterday afternoon when he fell from a ladder and was killed.

LAW NOTICES, OCT. 15

Court of Appeal

Court I. (the Master of the Rolls, Sleesser and Romer, L.JJ.).—At 10.30:—Appeals.—From the King's Bench Division (Revenue Paper—Final List).—Collyer (H.M. Inspector of Taxes) v. Hoare and Co., Ltd. (pt. hd.) (2); the Eagles, Scottish and Australian Bank, Ltd. v. Commrs. of Inland Revenue (2); Towle (H.M. Inspector of Taxes) v. the Improved Industrial Dwellings Co., Ltd., and the Improved Industrial Dwellings Co., Ltd. v. Towle (pt. hd.) (1).

Court II. (Scrutton, Lawrence, and Greer, L.JJ.).—At 10.30:—Appeals.—From the King's Bench Division (Interlocutory List).—Candour v. South British Insurance Co., Ltd. (pt. hd.) (2); Barton v. Smart Brothers, Ltd. (pt. hd.) (5); Broad v. Sterne, Ltd. (7); Holt Brothers, Ltd. v. the Axbridge Urban District Council (8); Russell v. Hoyle (10); the United Fruit Company v. Ferderick Leyland and Co., Ltd. (11); Same v. Same (12); Selfridge Provincial Stores, Ltd. v. the Financial Telegraph, Ltd. (14).—(Final and New Trial List.)—Phillips v. Morris (1).

Chancery Division

Court I. (Eve, J.).—At 10.30:—Witness List. Part II.—Bentley v. Arnold Brothers (pt. hd.) (1).

Court III. (Clauson, J.).—At 10.30:—Witness List. Part I.—Taylor v. Phillips (3); Davis v. Rush (4).

Court V. (Maugham, J.).—At 10.30:—Witness List. Part I.—Re Landlord and Tenant Act, 1927, Berliner v. T. M. Fairclough and Sons, Ltd. (3); T. M. Fairclough and Sons, Ltd. v. Berliner (4); Peters v. Chapman (5).

Court II. (Luxmoore, J.).—At 10.30:—Assigned Adjourned Summonses and Petition.—Re Chantrame's Patent and re Patents and Designs Acts, 1907 and 1928; re Railway Signal Co., Ltd.'s Patents and re Patent and Designs Acts, 1907 and 1928; re Jones and Aldwood's Patent and re Patents and Designs Acts, 1907-1928; re Blache's Patent, re Patents and Designs Acts, 1907-1919.—Adjourned Summonses.—Re Daniels' Will and Codicil Trusts (Public Trustee v. Daniels) (3); re Walker (Colwell v. Hayhoe) (4); re Reeves' Settlement (Furley v. Peck) (7); re Prior (Price v. Prior) (8); re Lowther's Will Trusts (Kirkup v. Rogers) (9); re Vander Byl (Padgate v. Gore) (10).

Court IV. (Farwell, J.).—At 10.30:—In Camera.—Retained Adjourned Summons.—Re Wright, infants adjd. summons, (with witnesses).

Lord Chancellor's Court (Bennett, J.).—At 10.30:—Short Cases.—Friend v. Yeates.—Petition.—Ex parte Merioneth County Council.—Adjourned Summonses.—Re Bettison (Public Trustee v. Bettison) (1); Wimbledon and Putney Commons Act, 1871 (Wimbledon and Putney Commons Conservators v. Tuely) (2); re Northcliffe (Arnholz v. Hudson) (3); re King-Morgan's Settlement (King-Morgan v. Fowler) (4).

King's Bench Division

Court VIII. (Avory, J.).—At 10.30:—Special Juries. Sullivan v. Lamey (pt. hd.) (884); Pascoraph (Great Britain) Distributing Co., Ltd. v. French, British and Foreign Trust, Ltd. (852); Horend v. Nat. Prov. Bank Ltd. (891); Hargrove v. Burn (911).

Court VII. (Horridge, J.).—At 10.30:—Special Jury.—Larmuth v. Lindley (pt. hd.) (829).

Court IV. (McCardie, J.).—At 10.30:—Non-Juries. Crapp v. Richardson (pt. hd.) (1596); Budgett v. Bentley (1634); Hampton and Sons, Ltd. v. Nelson and ors. (1642).

Court II. (Roche, J.).—At 10.30:—Commercial Summonses.—Attended by Counsel.—Lord and Curtis, Ltd. v. Drysdale; Hooton v. Sudbury and anr.;—Not attended by Counsel.—Leeds Shipping Co. v. Duncan, Fox and Co.; Baxter Bros. v. Eastern Overseas Products, Ltd.; North West Coast Importers, Ltd. v. Southdown S.S. Co.; Parsons and Co. v. Evans; Naamloose, &c. v. Lane and Son; Westbrae Sugar Refineries v. Morris S.S. Co.—Not before 11:—Commercial List.—Fournier v. Valentine (71).

Criminal Appeal Court (Branson, J.).—At 10.30:—Common Jurie.—Common Jurie.—Gorsky v. Tri-Chrome Photos and Films, Ltd. (pt. hd.) (1380); Malinsky and anr. v. Rogers (1419); Hodgson v. Gaumont British Picture Corpn., Ltd. (1422).

Court IX. (Wright, J.).—At 10.30:—Non-Juries. Dental Traders, Ltd. v. Povah (pt. hd.) (1649); Mabille v. Charline de Paris (1824).

Court VI. (Macnaghten, J.).—At 10.30:—Common Juries.—Yorkshire Amalgamated Products, Ltd. v. the Multi-Motor Co. (pt. hd.) (1398); J. Rutherford and Co., Ltd. v. Wright (1275).

Court V. (Divisional Court).—(Swift and Acton, JJ.).—At 10.30:—Ex parte Motions.—Civil Paper.—Haskins v. Lewis (pt. hd.) (135); Alvarez v. Emanuel (195); Bright v. Storey (127); Archer v. George Hyam and Rigden, Ltd. (138); The Fulham and Hampstead Property Co., Ltd. v. Pitt (139); Carpenter v. Haymarket Hotel, Ltd. (141).

Jurors

Special Jurors summoned for the Lord Chief Justice's Court must attend in King's Bench Court VIII. at 10.15.

Special Jurors summoned for King's Bench Court VII. (other than those in the part heard case) need not attend until to-morrow.

Common Jurors summoned for the Criminal Appeal Court must attend in that Court at 10.15.

Common Jurors summoned for King's Bench Court III. must attend in that Court at 10.15.

Official Referees

Court I.—R.C.J., No. 756 (Sir Francis Newbolt, K.C.).—At 10.30:—Pearce v. Blunton.

Court III.—R.C.J., No. 663 (Sir William Hansell, K.C.).—At 10.30:—Davies Insulating Co., Ltd. v. Sea Products, Ltd.; Mustoe v. Caoonbury Construction Co., Ltd.; Leadley v. Mortimer.

Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Division

Court II. (The President and Bateson, J.).—At 10.30:—Divisional Court.—Divorce.—Ansell, F. G. v. Ansell, F.; Moore, L. R. v. Moore, C.; Hemsley, H. I. v. Hemsley, E. M.; Exton, H. A. v. Exton, E. H.; Hooton, C. v. Hooton, D.; Smith, E. J. (the Younger) v. Smith, M. A.; Harris, W. v. Harris, J.; Everitt, J. L. v. Everitt, J. A.; Chambers, F. v. Chambers, L.; Blackshaw, G. v. Blackshaw, N.; Ellis, R. v. Ellis, K. M.; Peck, D. C. v. Peck, F. E.; Watson, F. v. Watson, S.; Roberts, M. I. v. Roberts, H. R.; Crader, I. F. v. Crader, E.

Bankruptcy

Bankruptcy-buildings, Carey-street, Lincoln's Inn.

Court I. (Registrar Warmington).—At 11:—Griffin, W. M. (orse. Rathbat Garage and Transport Co.); Brockdorff, S. E.; Burnham, H. R.; Elvins, L. W.; Willoughby, H. W. (orse. Edra Service Garage); Browne, H. L.; Barnett, A.; Edelstein, S. (orse. Eldelstein, S.); Covington, R. G. (orse. Covington Bros.); Chmielnitsky, S.; Fastnil, F. S.; Garforth, N. (orse. Norton); Carson, J.; Ennals, E. S.; Askew, E.; Weight, L. E. S. (orse. Aircraft Spraying Co., orse. Aerograph Spraying Co.); Fraser, J.; Bristow, W. E.

In Chambers.—Room 11. (Registrar Mellor).—At 11:—Mappin, J. E.; Norton, C. G.; Adjd. Petition (679 of 1930); Petitioners (859, 871, 875, 878, 888, and 909 of 1930); Adjd. Petition (862 of 1930); Petition (852 of 1930); Adjd. Petitions (798, 806, 826, 622, and 790 of 1930); Petition, disputed (844 of 1930). At 2.15:—Lesser, H.

Meetings of Creditors in Bankruptcy (the Official Receivers).—At Bankruptcy-buildings, Carey-street.—Room 53—First Floor.—At 11:—Margurita and Co. Room 83—Second Floor.—At 11:—Schultz, J. At 11.30:—Press, J.

Companies

Chancery Division.—Companies Court (Registrar Stirrup).—In Chambers—Room 48.—At 11:—Ex parte Applications. At 11.15:—Billie Collins, Ltd. At 11.45:—Pre-Tan, Ltd.; Cousens, Ltd.; Dayrins, Ltd.; Lafayette (Brighton), Ltd.; Charles Fitzgerald, Ltd. At 12:—Walter Jones and Sons, Ltd.; London and Palatine Trust, Ltd.; Gopeng (Perak) Rubber Estates, Ltd. At 12.15:—Liverpool Insurance Co.; Lines and Artcliffe, Ltd.; Sungei Tham Rubber Estates, Ltd. At 2.15:—William Pretty and Sons, Ltd. Room 69.—At 11.30:—Tropical Trust, Ltd. At 12:—Produce Investment Trust, Ltd. At 12.30:—Pilcon (Ceylon) Trust, Ltd. Room 67.—At 2.30:—Perez Frères, Ltd. Room 88.—At 3:—Gopeng (Perak) Rubber Estates, Ltd. Room 68.—From 2.30 to 4:—Foundation Co., Ltd. (British Steamship Investment Trust, Ltd. v. Foundation Co., Ltd.).

King's Bench Judge's Chambers. Humphreys, J., will sit in chambers to-day at 10.30 for the disposal of three cases attended by counsel; and at 12 for three cases not attended by counsel.

Masters sitting.—Bonner, Ball, Simner, Baker, Moseley, and Burnand.

Taxing Master.—Rivington.

Masters of the Crown Office sitting.—Kershaw.

Chancery Registrars.—The following will be in attendance:—Ritchie (on Appeal Court I.); Bisker (on Eve, J.); Ritchie (on Maugham, J.); Jolly (on Bennett, J.); Hicks Beach (on Clauson, J.); More (on Luxmoore, J.); Andrews (on Farwell, J.).

Central Criminal Court

Court I. (the Recorder of London).—At 10.30; For Sentence:—(1) H. G. Dilloway; (2) A. Wilding; (3) J. Lardant; (4) A. Beard, A.

Sporting News

RACING

THE CESAREWITCH

A FINAL REVIEW

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The Cesarewitch will be run this afternoon at Newmarket at 3 o'clock. The going promises to be fairly good, and although the weather shows signs of breaking there should be a very large attendance of visitors. I am sorry to know that there will be no Daily Double on the totalisator. It seems to be a terrible confession of weakness on the part of the Betting Control Board that because the day is a busy one and they have a double working on the Cambridgeshire and Cesarewitch, they cannot also handle a few thousand pounds, which is all that the Daily Double means.

Before dealing with yesterday's racing I must consider for the last time the prospects of the various starters for this afternoon's important handicap. I made a full and careful analysis of the chances of the runners in these Notes on Monday, and I then came to the conclusion that the winner would come from Friendship, Old Orkney, Story Teller, and Ut Majeur, and I see no reason now to change my mind. I am sorry to leave out my old favourite, Brown Jack, but he ran so badly at Nottingham that I do not think that I am entitled to put him in the final four, although there will be no one more delighted than I if he wins. I am reminded of the fact that horses who have failed dismally at Nottingham have afterwards won at Newmarket. Charley's Mount was such an animal. I am leaving out Baytown because I do not think that he will get the distance. I cannot make Arctic Star a winner on this season's form, while Bonny Boy II., although he is well-handicapped, has never got this distance. He was fully expected to win this race two years ago, but was beaten because he could not get the last quarter of a mile. I know that he won the Ascot Stakes with ease, but that course is very different from Newmarket, and, in my opinion, not nearly so severe. I am leaving in Ut Majeur because he is the class horse of the race. I admit that he has a big weight for a three-year-old, but the manner in which he won at the last meeting here was so impressive that he is probably a much better colt than when he was beaten in the St. Leger. He certainly has fine finishing speed and I do not see why he should not stay. He is bred to do so.

I do not think that Jugo is good enough. Friendship has for a long time been favourite for this race, for which he ran second last year. He is no better and no worse handicapped now than he was then, so that I do not see that he has an outstanding chance of success. At the same time, it has been proved that he can get the distance, and he is not badly handicapped. Indeed, on some form he is very well handicapped, especially through The Bastard and using his running last year with Bosworth. Against that, it is argued that he has never won a race; but then it is to be remembered that he has not been started many times. It is again argued in his favour that Gordon Richards rides him and that Richards is better than Dines, who rode him last year. I cannot agree with that argument, for Dines over this Cesarewitch course is certainly the equal of Richards, if, indeed, he is not better.

Richborough, on Nottingham form, must have a good chance, but he would probably like the going to be softer than it seems likely to be. Show Girl may not beat her stable companion, Galette, and, through Brumeux, has not so good a chance as Bonny Boy II. Joyous Greeting will be staying on long after the majority of the others have had more than enough and, further, has the advantage of being ridden by Clifford Richards, an exceptionally fine rider over this long course. If only he had more speed I could fancy Joyous Greeting very much indeed. As it it I prefer the chance of his stable companion, Old Orkney. I cannot see why, on form, Arctic Light should win, but Story Teller must have a good chance if she can stay the distance of the race. As she comes from a stable which apparently can make any horse stay for ever I must consider that she has a good chance. Of the horses below 7st. I do not know what to say. They must be moderate or they would not be so low in the handicap, and, further, they will have to be ridden by light-weight riders and they are not likely, physically, to be able to get the best out of horses which are tiring, as they will all be tiring coming down Bushes Hill. The best of them may be Boldero and Galette, but through Pard. Galette seems to be held safely by Story Teller, while Boldero has never shown himself to be a boy's ride. And now I must choose from my four, and I select UT MAJEUR to win, with Story Teller as the best of the others, and as the danger to Ut Majeur. I take Ut Majeur because he is the class horse of the race, because, even with a penalty, he is not badly handicapped, and because of his running at the last meeting here.

West Wicklow has been scratched from the Cesarewitch.

YESTERDAY'S RACING

The feature of yesterday's racing, which was interesting from beginning to end, was the race for the Champion Stakes, which was run Across the Flat, a distance of a mile and a quarter. Among the field for this most important event were Athford, a winner of distinction last year; Empire Builder, probably the best four-year-old in training; Singapore, who had won this year's St. Leger; Dholite, who had won the 2,000 guineas; and Rustom Pasha, who had won the Eclipse and had also run very well in the St. Leger, when just recovered from a cough. The majority of the field were well backed, and interest was always most marked. The horses that mattered all looked fit and well, but there was more than one lover of horses among the crowd round the Paddock rails who doubted whether Singapore's joints were best adapted to coming down hill. Their fears were justified, for, from going quite well, he suddenly lost his place coming down Bushes Hill, and was never again able to recover the lost ground. I have not in the least lost my admiration for this handsome colt, but in future I shall expect him to win only on a flat course, such as Ascot or Doncaster. Empire Builder, who looked really beautiful, ran well for a long way, but, coming out of the Dip, seemed beaten for speed and fell back, leaving Grace Dalrymple in front and going remarkably well. Fair Isle was also prominent at this point, and it seemed, for the moment, that one of these fillies would win, when Wragg brought up Rustom Pasha with one of those perfectly-timed runs of his, and the race was quickly over, the Aga Khan's colt going on to win by nearly a length from Grace Dalrymple, second, and Fair Isle, third. It may be that the distance of the St. Leger was too far for him, but there is no doubt that over a middle distance he is about the best of his age. His success strengthens me in my belief that Ut Majeur will win the Cesarewitch this afternoon. Like Rustom Pasha, I have no doubt at all that he has made exceptional improvement since Doncaster.

A large field, an open market, and a good finish are surely the best ingredients for the making of a good race. They were all to be found in the opening event, the Alington Stakes, which were won by Tippets, who was most admirably ridden by Elliott. Tippets and Don Bosco, on the far side of the course, were always going just a little better than anything else in the race until, just before the winning-post was reached, Madder joined in, and it was only by two heads that she was beaten, Tippets winning by a head from Don Bosco, with Madder, another head way, third. The well-backed Formentor was close up to the placed horses. He ran throughout as if the distance of the race was too short for him, and probably staying rather than sprinting is his proper game. He is by Teddy and so should stay well. Trinidad again ran well, but does not seem to stay six furlongs. Pyramid, who had won so easily at the last meeting here, found her large weight of 9st. 5lb. more than she could carry. In the Newmarket Oaks Weston waited with her until the Bushes, when he appeared to ask her to improve her position, but she was not able to do so and it was obvious a long way from the finish that she would not be placed. Coming to the Bushes Brantwood was in front, but she gave way soon afterwards to Diademe and Wedding Favour and, with the former running on the better of the two, she won by a length and a half. Lilium, who was favourite, was a moderate third. Diademe, who had run well in the Oaks at Epsom, is Frenchbred and French-owned, but has, I believe, been in this country for a short time. She was not the only French-bred horse to win during the afternoon, for Roi des Enfers won the Visitors' Handicap decisively from the penalized Dame Swynford and Advancer. The former did not appear to give Advancer too much room in the closing stages of the race. I do not consider that in any case Advancer would have beaten the winner, who drew away from the other two at the distance and won by three lengths. Telegraphic and Heraclida, for whom there was some support in the market on the race, ran very badly, and on this form are very indifferent animals.

It is not without interest to note that already this season more than 60 races have been won in this country by horses bred in France. A year ago the total for the whole season was only 50, while in 1928 the total was only 46. It may only be a small pointer, but it is a pointer in the direction that all is not so satisfactory with our present breeding methods as it might be. Roi des Enfers was admirably ridden by H. Wragg, who, like Elliott, had two winning rides during the afternoon. The other successful jockeys were H. Beasley and Beary. Beasley's success was gained on yet another French-bred animal, so that French-bred animals won half the races decided during the day. This winner was Sangre, who was successful in the Ditch Mile Nursery. There was evidence in the betting on the race that he was expected to run well and, after always being prominent, he drew away nearly a furlong from the finish to win decisively from St. Clements, with Cloutsham third. A furlong from the finish I had thought that Cloutsham would certainly win, for he was in front and going easily, but he suddenly stopped, and in the end was beaten easily.

When a horse wins by five lengths it is very difficult to say how much he or she may have in hand, but there were apparently very few people who thought that even an advantage in the weights would enable Sherab to reverse the placings with Coldstream in the Clearwell Stakes. At the last meeting here Coldstream had finished five lengths and a neck in front of Sherab at level weights. Yesterday Lord Glanely's nice colt had to give Sherab a stone, and that stone made all the difference, for Sherab just scraped home a winner in front of Balance, while Coldstream, who had run well all the way, was third. Sherab was in the front rank from the start and was always just in front up the hill to the winning-post; but it was only by inches that he held off Balance, who ran on well under the whip. She ran yesterday in a hood, and if only she had finished as energetically at the last meeting here she would assuredly have won instead of being beaten in the last stride. Hill Cat ran rather indifferently, and, like others of his breed, is apparently not improving, but I noticed a comparative novice named Abbots Worthy running very well on the far side of the course. Apperley also ran well.

TO-DAY'S PROSPECTS

1.15.—SECOND OCTOBER NURSERY (6f.).—Balance ran yesterday, which makes the race much more difficult to deal with, for she seemed to have a fine chance on the handicap. The best of the others may be Alexis, who is certain to stay the distance. Rule Nisi colt is rather nicely handicapped, and so is Scattercash. Perhaps ALEXIS will win.

1.45.—SELECT STAKES (1m.).—This should be most useful as a guide to the Cambridgeshire, and as I think that THE RECORDER will win this race he must be my selection for this afternoon's event. If he were not started I should turn to Lord Bill, who, apparently, is very much fancied to win at the next meeting here.

2.15.—CHEVELEY PARK STAKES (6f.).—This should be a most interesting race, for some very useful two-year-olds can be started among them the selected of Dawson's and Perse's stables, Belle Ferronniere, Pisa, and Carola, and The Leopard, who ran very well at Kempton Park last week, but who again may find this six furlongs rather too much for her. My choice is PISA, who was very unlucky at the last meeting here, and who should be given another chance to show that that form was all wrong, and that her Doncaster win was no accident, but her real running.

3.45.—CHESTERTON TWO-YEAR-OLD STAKES (5f.).—Saraggossa is down to run again, but she has now failed three times in succession when a good favourite and I dare not make her a selection. I shall therefore leave her out to choose PUTTING GREEN, who has not run since running away with a race at Hurst Park, and who, on that form, may be a very good two-year-old.

4.15.—AUTUMN HANDICAP (7f.).—Even with top weight Burgee is not without a chance, but he may find one or more of the three-year-olds in the race too good for him at the weights. On the other hand, if I use Mr. Dawkins's Free Handicap and use also Lucky Hunter I can put Burgee in that handicap with about 8st. 6lb. and then I find that he is rather well handicapped with Rapahannock, Bargany, and Poor Lad, but not well in with Cleveland, whom Mr. Dawkins appears to consider better over a mile and a quarter than he is over seven furlongs. I would have thought that the real state of affairs was exactly the other way. Eskdale seems to me rather well handicapped, while if we go back to the spring form of County Wicklow we find that he is better than Spinner's Cottage and, according to the Free Handicap, on that form would be in this race with about 8st. 6lb., while he is actually in here with 7st. 6lb. He was, however, away from the racecourse for a long time and has not, since he came back, shown form so good as that of the spring. For that reason only I shall leave him out to choose CLEVELAND, whom Mr. Dawkins has treated much more kindly here than he has done in his Free Handicap.

NEWMARKET NOTES

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

The Cesarewitch Stakes run to-day is about the most popular race that is run during the season with the racing public. It attracts the biggest crowd that we have on any day at Headquarters during the season. There will be good fields go to the post in all the six events. The Second October Nursery will see most of its entry go to the post. Alexis is about the best animal trained by C. Waugh and Oh For a Monocle has proved his usefulness, but they have big weights to carry and I doubt if they can give the weight to MELODRAMA, who has made great improvement in the last few weeks, and she will require all the beating that the best can give.

In the Select Stakes Alcester is fully expected to win and he may prove good enough. I was close to him when he pulled up after his gallop on Saturday and I thought how wonderfully well he looked, quite up to the job that he has in front of him. Midlothian is a horse that I have lost confidence in, although he will be running at home to-day, which may make all the difference, Spinner's Cottage is one with a very good winning chance. He is wonderfully well, but I shall take ALCESTER to prove our best.

For the winner of the Cheveley Park Stakes I shall not look beyond BELLE FERRONNIERE, who has come on by leaps and bounds since she won at our last meeting, and she may be the best of the Clarehaven House two-year-olds.

There is little more to be said about our runners in the Cesarewitch. They all finished their preparation on Saturday with very good gallops, most of them the full course. Bonny Boy II. is a horse that does not require a lot of work. Gilpin, however, has kept him in very good heart, and I should say he is as well now as he has ever been in his life. Richborough put up a wonderfully good gallop on Saturday. I was in a very good position to see it, and he finished many lengths in front of Servus, Pyramid, Sargasso, and Knight of Lorn. At one part of the year he could not go, no doubt on account of the hard ground. In the last few weeks, however, there is no telling how much he has improved, and he is fully expected to prove the better of the Stanley House pair. Show Girl also went very nicely in her final gallop, and she will not be easily beaten, if at all. In selecting the best trained at Headquarters, however, I shall take RICHBOROUGH.

As there is a doubt about Froissee going to the post for the Chesterton Two-Year-Old-Stakes I shall give my vote to STOUR, who has been shaping very well in recent gallops with Oh For a Monocle, and he is fully expected to win.

The Autumn Handicap is an open race. Burgee and Bargany seem to have quite enough weight to carry. San Marino and Gareloch are both greatly fancied. HUSH HUSH has been given a splendid chance by the handicapper, and I have liked the way he has been going lately.

NEWMARKET RESULTS

1.45 (1.47).—The **ALINGTON STAKES** of 10 sovs. each, with 300 sovs added; for two-year-olds: the second to receive 50 sovs. Bretby Stakes Course (six furlongs).

TIPPETS, b c, by Gainsborough—Chinchilla (Mr. J. P. Hornung), 9st. ..... C. Elliott 1
DON BOSCO, ch c, by Happy Man—Benevolence (Major A. W. Moloney), 9st. ..... J. Streit 2
MADDER, b f, by Pomme-de-Terre—Dynamite (Lord Zetland), 8st. 11lb. ..... R. James 3
Trinidad (Sir A. Bailey), 9st. ..... J. Childs 0
Dago (Mr. J. H. Clayton), 9st. ..... J. Leach 0
Bathsheba c, by Milesius (Sir R. Carton), 9st. ..... H. Wragg 0
Gallic (Mr. A. W. Gordon), 9st. ..... F. Lane 0
Boy Bachelor (Mrs. S. B. Joel), 9st. ..... T. Weston 0
Ruined Kob (The Aga Khan), 9st. ..... M. Beary 0
Top of Montgrange (Sir C. Nicholson), 9st. ..... H. Wragg 0
Mangosteen (Mr. de Rothschild), 9st. ..... R. Perryman 0
Formentor (M. E. de St. Alary), 9st. ..... H. Beasley 0
Hall's Bells (Mrs. G. Whitburn), 9st. ..... H. Beasley 0
Paul Pry (Lord Woolavington), 9st. ..... C. Ray 0
Valora (Sir G. Bullough), 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Jelliss 0
Hebron (Colonel R. Goldie), 8st. ..... F. Fox 0
Poor Dolly (Mrs. J. B. Joel), 8st. 11lb. ..... B. Carslake 0
Amoya (Mrs. L. W. S. Long), 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Leach 0
Captain's Fancy (Mr. H. Pulitzer), 8st. ..... G. Richards 0

(Winner trained by B. Jarvis, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Formentor, 6 to 1 Madder, 13 to 2 Trinidad, 8 to 1 each Dago and Dolly and Tippets, 10 to 1 each Cap of Maintenance and Boy Bachelor, 100 to 6 each Don Bosco, Paul Pry, and Valora, 25 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 19s. 3d.; places, 5s. 6d., 21s. 4d. Total win pool, 9,344 units; total place pool, 8,711 units.

Won by three lengths; a short head separated second and third. Tippets was fourth and Don Bosco fifth.

3.15 (3.20).—The **CHAMPION STAKES** of 50 sovs. each, with 1,000 sovs added; second to receive 150 sovs. and third 50 sovs. A.F. (one mile and a quarter).

RUSTOM PASHA, b c, by Son-in-Law—Cos (The Aga Khan), 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Wragg 1
GRACE DALRYMPLE, br f, by Gainsborough—Cypher (Mr. J. A. Dewar), 3 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... F. Fox 2
FAIR ISLE, b or br f, by Pinlaris—Scapa Flow (Lord Derby), 3 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... T. Weston 3
Athford (Mr. W. Barnett), 5 yrs, 9st. ..... M. Beary 0
Empire Builder (Lady H. McCalmont), 4 yrs, 9st. ..... H. Beasley 0
Singapore (Lord Glanely), 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Lansdowne (Lord Glanely), 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. C. Richards 0
Diolite (Sir H. Hirst), 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Jones 0
Rameses the Second (Mr. W. G. Cox), 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..... C. Ray 0

(Winner trained by R. Dawson, at Whatcombe)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 agst Empire Builder, 3 to 1 Singapore, 5 to 1 Fair Isle, 8 to 1 Athford, 10 to 1 each Diolite and Grace Dalrymple, 100 to 7 Rameses the Second, 100 to 6 Ashford, 33 to 1 agst Lansdowne.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 14s.; places, 4s. 6d., 5s. 6d. Total win pool, 12,701 units; total place pool, 10,485 units.

Won by three-quarters of a length; two lengths separated second and third. Diolite was fourth and Rameses the Second last.

3.45 (3.50).—The **VISITORS' HANDICAP**, a sweepstakes of 5 sovs. each, with 200 sovs. added; second to receive 30 sovs. A.F. (one mile and a quarter).

ROI DES ENFERS, b h, by Zagreus—Rive du Rhin (Major A. Boscar), 5 yrs, 9st. ..... H. Wragg 1
DAME SWYNFORD, ch f, by Swynford—Serviceable (Captain M. Wayland), 3 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... C. Ray 2
ADVANCER, br c, by Pomme-de-Terre—Killiemani (Mr. F. W. Wilmot), 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... F. Fox 3
The Cheerful Abbot (Mr. W. P. C. Greene), 5 yrs, 9st. ..... G. Richards 0
Telegraphic (Sir M. McAlpine), 3 yrs, 8st. 12lb. (car. 7st.) ..... Simpson 0
Denison (Mr. H. L. Cottrill), 3 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... W. Dines 0
Heraclida (Major D. McCalmont), 3 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... C. Richards 0
Black Ensign (Mr. H. G. Blagrave), 4 yrs, 7st. 8lb. ..... A. Smirke 0
Mistress (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild), 3 yrs, 6st. 9lb. ..... A. Burns 0

(Winner trained by P. Hartigan, at Weyhill)

STARTING PRICES.—11 to 4 agst Advancer, 6 to 1 Telegraphic, 7 to 1 each Dame Swynford and Roi des Enfers, 8 to 1 Heraclida, 10 to 1 each The Cheerful Abbot, Denison, and Mistress, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 21s. 3d.; places, 5s. 3d., 4s. 3d., 3s. Total win pool, 9,794 units; total place pool, 8,717 units.

Won by three lengths; a short head separated second and third. Pinnacle was fourth and Sandy Lashes last.

4.15 (4.17).—The **CLEARWELL STAKES** of 20 sovs. each, with 500 sovs. added; for two-year-olds; second to receive 100 sovs. Rous Course (five furlongs).

SHERAB, gr c, by Tetratema—Sherry II. (The Aga Khan), 8st. 7lb. ..... H. Beasley 1
BALANCE, b f, by Edward—Audit (Lord Woolavington), 8st. 7lb. ..... F. Beasley 2
COLDSTREAM, bl c, by Grand Parade—Piscidia (Lord Glanely), 9st. 7lb. ..... G. Richards 3
Royal Ulster (Mr. H. L. Cottrill), 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
Hill Cat (Captain H. E. R. Wilson), 8st. 12lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Kama (Sir A. Bailey), 8st. 7lb. (car. 8st. 8lb.) ..... R. Carslake 0
Apperley (Mr. J. P. Hornung), 8st. 7lb. ..... C. Elliott 0
Abbots Worthy (Mr. V. T. Thompson), 8st. 7lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Poligny (Lord Astor), 8st. 4lb. ..... Dick 0
Patrician (Mr. H. Pulitzer), 8st. 4lb. ..... H. Southey 0
Links Tor (Mr. W. G. Singer), 8st. 4lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Victory VI. (Mr. J. E. Widener), 8st. 4lb. (car. 8st. 6lb.) ..... J. Childs 0

(Winner trained by R. Dawson, at Whatcombe)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 agst Hill Cat, 4 to 1 each Balance and Coldstream, 7 to 1 Royal Ulster, 10 to 1 Sherab, 100 to 8 Links Tor, 100 to 6 Poligny, 25 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 31s. 9d.; places, 7s. 9d., 5s. 3d., 6d. Total win pool, 10,582 units; total place pool, 7,651 units.

Won by a head; a neck separated second and third. Abbots Worthy was fourth and Links Tor last.

TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE.—Sangre and Roi des Enfers. Dividend—£236 14s. 6d. Pool.—11,511 10s. Six winning tickets.

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

NEWMARKET

(5s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNINGS)

1.45.—Tippets, Win 10s., Place 5s.: Don Bosco. PLACE 11s.; Madder, PLACE 5s. 6d.
2.15.—Balance, WIN 7s. 6d., PLACE 5s.; Wedding Favour, PLACE 7s. 6d.
2.45.—Sangre, WIN 21s., PLACE 10s. 3d.; St. Clements, PLACE 4s.; Cloutsham, PLACE 5s. 6d.
3.15.—Rustom Pasha, WIN 11s. 6d., PLACE 4s. 3d.; Grace Dalrymple, PLACE 5s. 9d.; Fair Isle, PLACE 5s. 3d.
3.45.—Roi des Enfers, WIN 35s. 6d., PLACE 24s. 3d.; Dame Swynford, PLACE 9s. 6d.; Advancer, PLACE 3s. 3d.
4.15.—Sherab, WIN 7s. 3d., PLACE 3s.; Balance, PLACE 4s. 3d.; Coldstream, PLACE 6s. 6d.

NEWMARKET PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived or are trained at Newmarket)

1.15.—The **SECOND OCTOBER NURSERY STAKES** (handicap) of 10 sovs. each, 5 sovs. forfeit if declared by October 7, with 300 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. out of the stakes. Bretby Stakes Course (six furlongs).

	st	lb
TOM TIT III. (Mrs. V. D. Sainsbury) ..... Holland	9	0
aALEXIS (Mr. J. S. Austen) ..... Waugh	8	12
aOH FOR A MONOCLE (Sir C. Pulley) Walter Griggs	8	10
aRULE NISI c, by Chivalrous (Lady Aylesford) ..... Douglas-Pennant	8	9
aWALL STREET (Sir A. Bailey) ..... R. Day	8	5
aLUXOR (Sir C. Hyde) ..... Scobie	8	5
aBALANCE (Lord Woolavington) ..... Gilpin	8	4
aBOY BACHELOR (Mrs. S. B. Joel) ..... Beasley	8	4
aLONDON WALL (Mr. G. Allen) ..... Leader	8	2
aHAPPY MOOD (Mrs. E. L. Ralli) ..... R. T. Waugh	8	2
aIBSOUZE RAREE (The Aga Khan) ..... E. Dawson	8	2
aSCATTERCASH (Sir Hugo Fitzherbert) ..... Clement	8	0
aHUSSY (Mr. D. Crossman) ..... c. Pope	7	12
REDGAUNTLET (Sir A. Bailey) ..... Cottrill	7	11
aROMAN MAID c, by Buchan (Mr. E. Coleman) ..... Fred Buttress	7	3
aGAY SISTER (Mr. J. A. Hirst) ..... E. W. Colling	7	3
aDUSKY SUE (Lord Glanely) ..... Hulme	7	1
aKARELIA F, by The Winter King (Mr. J. Beary) ..... J. Beary	7	1
aMELODRAMA (Lady Hillingdon) ..Boyd-Rochfort	7	10
aAVIATION (Sir J. Rutherford) ..... R. Day	7	10
aBONNE TETE (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild) ..... Pratt	6	13
aHAMPWORTH (Mrs. R. D. Shafto) ..... J. Jarvis	6	5
aSTRADLING (Mr. J. F. Downing) ..... Casey	6	4
bBUCKSTICK (Colonel R. FitzGerald) ..... H. Lowe	6	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

TOM TIT III., H. Wragg; ALEXIS, Portyman; OH FOR A MONOCLE, H. Jelliss; RULE NISI colt, G. Richards; LUXOR, W. Sibbritt; HAPPY MOOD, C. Elliott; IBSOUZE RAREE, M. Beary; SCATTERCASH, T. Barber; HUSSY, F. Lane; REDGAUNTLET, J. Streit or C. Richards; ROMAN MAID colt, W. Alford; GAY SISTER, —; MELODRAMA, J. Dines; AVIATION, —; BONNE TETE, A. Richardson; HAMPWORTH, F. Sharpe; STRADLING, T. Martin; BUCKSTICK, A. Smirke.

1.45.—The **SELECT STAKES** of 15 sovs. each, 5 sovs. forfeit, with 300 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. out of the stakes. R.M.

	Yrs	st	lb
THE MACNAB (Mr. J. A. Dewar) ..... F. Darling	4	9	3
aALCESTER (Lord Harewood) ..... W. Jarvis	4	9	3
AETNA'S PROWESS (Mr. H. S. Morriss) F. Darling	4	9	1
ROSAL (Sir Abe Bailey) ..... Cottrill	3	9	0
aARDGLASS (Major D. Dixon) ..... S. Darling	4	9	0
aMIDLOTHIAN (Lord Rosebery) ..... J. Jarvis	4	9	0
aAROOSTOOK (Lord Beaverbrook) ..... Watts	4	8	12
PARADISE (Mr. W. H. Cazalet) ..... Lawson	3	8	12
LOOK HEARTED (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) O. Bell	3	8	12
aTHE RECORDER (Mr. J. A. Dewar) ..... F. Darling	3	8	12
NICK OF TIME (Captain L. Montagu) ..... F. Hartigan	3	8	12
aMIGNAPOUF (Mr. A. K. Macomber) Leach, jun.	5	8	12
aSPINNER'S COTTAGE (Mr. G. C. D. Leighton) ..... C. Leader	3	8	12
aRAPAHANNOCK (Sir B. Sheffield) ..... Higgs	3	8	12
QUININE (Lord Ellesmere) ..... F. Darling	3	8	9
aANNIS (Lord Rosebery) ..... J. Jarvis	3	8	9
aGRACE DARLYMPLE (Mr. J. A. Dewar) ..... F. Darling	3	8	9
AIGUES LA BATAILLE (Mr. A. K. Macomber) ..... In France	3	8	7
aHERITIDE IV. (Sir Abe Bailey) ..... R. Day	4	8	7
aLORD BILL (Sir A. Butt) ..... Marsh	3	7	11
aSILVER FLAKE (Major J. S. Courtauld) B. Jarvis	3	7	11
TWEAS MISS (Mr. A. K. Macomber) In France	3	7	11
TEA PARTY II. (Mr. A. K. Macomber) In France	3	7	8
aSISTER NORAH (Lord Woolavington) F. Darling	3	7	8

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

ALCESTER, J. Childs; PARADINE, R. Jones; MIDLOTHIAN, —; LION HEARTED, H. Wragg; THE RECORDER, G. Richards; SISTER NORAH, F. Fox; RAPAHANNOCK, B. Beasley; HERITIDE IV., E. Perryman; LORD BILL, C. Richards.

2.15.—The **CHEVELEY PARK STAKES** of 20 sovs. each, half forfeit if declared by October 7, with 400 sovs. added, for two-year-old fillies; second to receive 100 sovs, and third 50 sovs, out of the stakes. Bretby Stakes Course (six furlongs).

	st	lb
aCAROLA (Mrs. C. Glenny) ..... Sneyd	9	7
TURTLE SOUP (The Aga Khan) ..... R. Dawson	9	7
LONDON OPERA (Lady McCalmont) ..... Perse	9	7
aBELLE FERRONNIERE (M. E. de St. Alary) Gilpin	8	5
aPISA (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	8	12
aLOVE ISLE (Mrs. Alastair Mackintosh) F. Hartigan	8	12
aCICADA (Major D. McCalmont) ..... Perse	8	12
aNEPENTHE (Lord Woolavington) ..... Beasley	8	7
aQUICK RUN (Lord Astor) ..... Lawson	8	7
aCULOTTE (Mr. J. M. Clayton) ..... J. Cannon	8	7
aBRUISARVE (Lord Fitzwilliam) ..... Walters	8	7
aLUCY GLITTERS (Sir E. Carlton) ..... Walters	8	7
aTHE LEOPARD (Sir C. Hyde) ..... Scobie	8	7
aCAPE PETERSEN (Mrs. J. Jaques) ..... Frank Butters	8	7
aSULTAN RANEE (The Aga Khan) ..... R. Dawson	8	7
aPARAGUAY (Mr. J. B. Leigh) ..... Sneyd	8	7
MISS JINKS (Major D. McCalmont) ..... Perse	8	7
aTESNI (Mr. G. G. H. Peck) ..... Cannon	8	7
aBEAUTY SPOT (Mr. P. Hall) ..... A. Sadler	8	7
aOLGA (Mrs. W. Raphael) ..... A. Sadler	8	7
aSISTER-IN-LAW F, by Buchan (Mr. J. H. Whitney) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	8	7

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

CAROLA, F. Fox; BELLE FERRONNIERE, P. Beasley; PISA, T. Weston; LOVE ISLE, G. Richards; CICADA, H. Beasley; NEPENTHE, W. Stephenson; QUICK RUN, H. Dick; BRUISARVE, R. James; LUCY GLITTERS, M. Wing; THE LEOPARD, B. Carslake; SULTAN RANEE, M. Beary; PARAGUAY, C. Ray; BEAUTY SPOT, C. Elliott; SISTER-IN-LAW FILLY, J. Childs.

2.0.—The **CESAREWITCH STAKES**, a handicap of 25 sovs. each, 10 sovs. forfeit if declared by October 7, or 5 sovs. the only forfeit for horses struck out by September 9, with 1,000 sovs. added; the owner of the second horse to receive 200 sovs. and of the third 100 sovs. out of the stakes. Cesarewitch Course (two miles and a quarter).

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

BROWN JACK (Sir H. A. Wernher), br g by Jackdaw—Querquidella, 5 yrs, 9st. 8lb. (L. Anthony) ..... J. Childs
OLD ORKNEY (Mr. J. J. Murphy), ch g by Loch Lomond—Queen's Health, 6 yrs, 8st. 13lb. (Sneyd) ..... H. Wragg
ARCTIC STAR (Lady Furness), ch g by Kedleston—Queen of Spain, 6 yrs, 8st. 12lb. (Newton) ..... R. Perryman
RAYTOWN (Sir C. Hyde), gr h by Achtoi—Princess Herodias, 5 yrs, 8st. 7lb. (Walton) ..... B. Carslake
BONNY BOY II. (M. E. de St. Alary), b h by Comrade—Bleue Pointe, 5 yrs, 8st. 5lb. (Gilpin) ..... P. Beasley
JUGO (Mr. T. Richards), b h by Sergeant Murphy—Lady Lavinia, 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. (Mr. Whitehead) ..... R. Dick
UT MAJEUR (The Aga Khan), b c by Kantar—Sandia, 3 yrs, 8st. 2lb. (R. Dawson) ..... M. Beary
BESANT (Mme. H. Volak), 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. (Trained in France) ..... A. Rabec
GREASE PAINT (Sir C. Hyde), b or br g by Gainsborough—Mittylene, 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. (Scobie) ..... W. Sibbritt
DUKE OF WELLINGTON II. (Captain J. D. Cohn), 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. (Trained in France) ..... T. Turner
FRIENDSHIP (Mr. J. B. Joel), b h by Son-in-Law—Lady of Leys, 5 yrs, 7st. 9lb. (C. Pick) ..... G. Richards
DELATE (M. G. L. de Biola), br c by Checkmate—Dalliance, 3 yrs, 7st. 6lb. (Trained in France) ..... L. Robson
RICHBOROUGH (Lord Derby), b g by Gainsborough—Tranic, 5 yrs, 7st. 6lb. (Frank Butters) ..... T. Weston
SHOW GIRL (Lady Ludlow), br f by Son-in-Law—Comedy Star, 4 yrs, 7st. 6lb. (Waugh) ..... J. Dines
DARK HILLOCK (Baron Bacquehem), b g by Dark Legend—La Bella du Monte, aged, 7st. 4lb. (C. W. Collins) ..... W. Stephenson
ARCTIC LIGHT (Sir M. Wilson), b g by Achtoi—Nell Also, 4 yrs, 7st. 1lb. (Tabor) ..... B. Rook
JOYOUS GREETING (Major H. F. Lyons), b h, by Tetrarch—Reception, 6 yrs, 7st. 1lb. (Sneyd) ..... C. Richards
STORY TELLER (Mrs. E. Harrison-worth), br f, by Golden Myth—False Friend, 4 yrs, 7st. (Gooch) ..... T. Lowrey
MADCAP (Mrs. W. V. Cazalet), br f, by Grand Guignol—Mandragora, 4 yrs, 6st. 12lb. (Perse) ..... K. Robertson
SOUTH HILL (Mr. R. G. Blagrave), b c by Southampton—Georgette, aged, 6st. 11lb. (Blagrave) ..... A. Richardson
BOI DES AULNES (Sir A. Bailey), b h by The Winter King—Flyaway, 5 yrs, 6st. 11lb. (Cottrill) ..... J. Sirpon
BOLDERO (Mr. J. R. Austen), gr g by Herodotus—Bongo, 6 yrs, 6st. 8lb. (C. Waugh) ..... I. Martin
PUCKA RANEE (Mr. J. A. Mangan), ch m by Pucka Sahib—Shannon Fairy, 5 yrs, 6st. 6lb. (In Ireland) ..... J. Conlon
GALENA (Mr. T. H. Jones), f by Prince Galahad—Severn, 4 yrs, 6st. 5lb. (Watts) ..... F. Rickaby
BOLLIN (Sir D. Llewellyn), 5 yrs, 6st. (Lindsay) ..... T. Swales
AUCTION POOL (Mr. E. Brendon), b g by Pink Cad—Auctioneering, 3 yrs, 6st. (Holland) ..... P. Evans
DAZZLER (Mrs. F. F. Benson), ch g by Grey Fox II.—Nilghai, 6 yrs, 6st. (Lindsay) ..... R. Morgan
PURPLE WAVE (Mr. J. R. Porter), b h by Captain Cuttle—Violet Tints, 5 yrs, 6st. (Porter) ..... E. Smith

3.45.—The **CHESTERTON TWO-YEAR-OLD STAKES** of 5 sovs. each, 2 sovs. forfeit if declared by October 7, with 200 sovs. added; for two-year-olds; second to receive 30 sovs. out of the stakes. Rous Course (five furlongs).

	st	lb
aMISS JESSICA F. by Bucks Humar (Sir A. Bailey) ..... Beasley	8	12
aPUTTING GREEN (Mr. A. M. Melville) ..... Nugent	8	10
GOLDEN DOON (Mr. Brendon) ..... D. Waugh	8	7
aPRISONER (Lord H. de Walden) ..... Cottrill	8	7
KANT

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

GOLF

WORPLESDON MIXED FOURSOMES

(FROM OUR GOLF CORRESPONDENT)

There were 16 matches at Worplesdon yesterday morning, but there was only one to watch or to write about, and that one nearly made all the spectators drop down dead with heart disease. Miss Wethered and Lord Charles Hope beat Miss Beard and Gordon Stewart at the last hole after a match which could only be sketchily dealt with in a book as long as "The Good Companions." And yet there was a moment when I nearly left the match, thinking—Heaven knows how erroneously—that it was all over bar shouting. Miss Wethered put one tee shot off the course, and so did her partner—both in their respective ways remarkable circumstances—but for the most part they played very well, and yet they were so chased and harried that they nearly dropped. Miss Beard played with the greatest steadiness and courage, and her partner, a subaltern in The West Yorkshire Regiment, over whom she towers in stature, revealed to most of us who were looking on a possible new star in the golfing firmament. Standing a long way from the ball with a long club, he is a tremendous driver—I have seen no man outdrive Miss Wethered as he did, and, though he made a mistake or two, as is only human, his whole game bore the hallmark of real golfing quality.

To begin with, Miss Wethered and her partner seemed sure of the easiest of victories. They played very well indeed, except for a bad second by the man at the fifth hole, and the other side just turned the 4's into 5's. Gordon Stewart had a series of putts of an odious length and he could not quite hole them. Then at the ninth the tide definitely turned, and Miss Beard must have the credit of turning it. She played a beautiful second close to the hole, Lord Charles played a weak one, and Miss Wethered followed it with a weak run-up. Down to three. Both were on the green with good shots at the 10th, but Miss Beard was nearer than Lord Charles, against whom she drove, and Gordon Stewart holed his putt for 2. Down to two, and the crowd determined to see more. At the 11th Miss Wethered removed her illustrious eye from the ball and puffed it high into the air so that it descended into heather. Down to one. Lord Charles hooked behind a tree at the 12th, and that was all square, with all the world dancing with suppressed excitement.

Every hole was crucial after that, but none more so than the short 13th. Stewart played a beauty to within 8ft. of the hole and Miss Wethered played quite a bad one—she really did—which was lucky to escape the bunker. It did escape, however: Lord Charles, who was playing very good shots from the edge of the green, laid the ball stone dead and Miss Beard just missed her putt. That rather fortunate halt stopped the rot and Miss Beard put her next drive in a bunker. Stewart made a great recovering shot, but the enemy got a 4 and had their noses in front again. They won the 15th as well, Gordon Stewart topping his tee shot, and now it seemed that after all they would win almost comfortably. Once again all our prophecies were hopelessly wrong. The 16th hole was all in favour of the man against the woman, but for once in a while Lord Charles played a thoroughly villainous stroke, cutting his ball into an unplayable quarry so that his partner had to go back to the tee and play another. That was down to one again, and Miss Beard by holing a seven-foot putt for 4 at the 17th made it all square.

Now for the last hole, which seemed to last for agonizing ages. Miss Beard carried the grass bank, but it was rather a shiey shot, and the ball lay in short rough on the right—the worst possible line to the hole. Lord Charles, looking very serious and determined, hit a gorgeous one right down the course. At this moment Miss Wethered, merely by being Miss Wethered, won the match. Gordon Stewart could not believe that one so immaculate could possibly make a mistake. Crediting her with a certain 4 he went for an utterly break-neck carry for the pin instead of playing to the left and trusting to a pitch and a putt. He hit the ball hard and far, but pushed it out a little, and it crashed among birch trees and gorse. And then—*then* Miss Wethered did make a mistake and pulled her iron shot into the car park. There followed a feverish five minutes in which one side looked for its ball and the other side looked for the owner of a locked motor-car which could not be moved, while one excited lady dashed backwards and forwards between the two, narrating to each what was happening to the other. Both were ultimately successful in their search, but Miss Beard's ball lay in a horrible place, and three more shots were needed to put it on the green. Lord Charles played his run-up with victorious calm and all was over at last. Crowd and players staggered into lunch more dead than alive, and the results of all the other morning matches must speak for themselves.

MISS WETHERED BEATEN

After that terrific struggle it was a sad anti-climax to see Miss Wethered and her partner go down in the afternoon, and personally I did not see much of the match. The story of it briefly is that Grant White played really admirable golf, with Miss Dampney showing a proper appreciation of a second string's duties, and Lord Charles Hope was in a truly devastating mood. Let us shed a sympathetic tear over him and leave it at that, remembering that if we cannot hit so far as he can we can all sometimes hit as crooked. Miss Wethered wrought like a heroine, but the thing could not be done.

Meanwhile there were some fine matches to be watched elsewhere, notably that between Miss Enid Wilson and Major Martin, Mrs. Porter, the heroine of Aldeburgh, and R. H. de Montmorency. I am bound to say that the likeness I had heard of between Mrs. Porter's style and that of Duncan appears to me a figment of the imagination, but she gives the ball a good hard knock and putts well. Her partner was blameless and trustworthy to an almost incredible degree even for him; and he never put a foot wrong. Getting an early lead they made their formidable adversaries go for all they were worth. Martin's beautiful iron play and two heart-breakingly good shots out of bunkers just pulled his side through. Not that Miss Wilson played badly, for she played many fine shots, but she was not quite her best self, and I thought that it was the man who held the side together.

Miss Gourlay and Major Hezlet, the holders, got away with a big lead on Mrs. Guedalla and her partner and never looked back. Miss Gourlay seems to be driving farther than last year, and this pair might very easily win again. Moxon and Miss Palmes murdered Mrs. Davies and Rex Hartley with 38 for the first 10 holes, and Miss Esmond and Roger Wethered beat Miss Fishwick and Michael Scott by two and one. Going to the 17th all square and one to play looked a far more likely state of things, but Wethered's ball cannoned off a fir tree into a bunker, whence Miss Esmond played a shot as to which I hesitate to call it great or lucky. At any rate, it ended 8ft. from the hole, and her partner holed the putt.

Finally there was a desperate finish between Board and Mrs. Potter, Hawkins and Miss Chambers. At the 19th hole Board hit a good tee shot and Miss Chambers hit all too magnificent a hook over the hedge and out of bounds.

The results were:—

THIRD ROUND

Miss Dampney (Roehampton) and D. D. Grant White (Worthing) beat Mrs. Percy (Ainsworth) and Colonel W. Glen (Aldershot Command) by 1 up.

Miss Joyce Wethered (Worplesdon) and Lord Charles Hope (Sunningdale) beat Miss Mary Beard and C. N. Gordon Stewart (Ferndown) by 1 up.

Miss Doris Park and Stuart Forsyth (Longridge) beat Miss M. White and P. D. Miller (Rochampton) by 2 and 1.

Mrs. Foley (Camberley Heath) and J. Brittain Jones (West Hill) beat Mrs. Dudley Charles and A. H. Read (Sunningdale) by 3 and 1.

Miss G. Watts (Sherringham) and J. K. Matthews (Worthing) beat Miss C. Hegnart (Moor Park) and E. C. Millard (Royal Wimbledon) by 4 and 2.

Mrs. D. Crosthwaite (Banstead Downs) and G. W. Cranfield (Ilkley Wood) beat Miss V. Villiers and Captain J. R. A. Stroyan (Wentworth) by 9 and 8.

Miss Molly Gourlay (Camberley Heath) and Major C. O. Hezlet (Royal Portrush) (holders) beat Mrs. A. Dering and the Hon. Denys Scott (Royal North Devon) by 3 and 2.

Mrs. Guedalla (Addington) and Captain F. Anson (Royal and Ancient) beat Miss B. Pyman (Royal Porthcawl) and W. H. Ricardo (Southerndown) by 2 and 1.

Mrs. C. O. Porter (Wentworth) and E. H. de Montmorency (Worplesdon) beat Mrs. King (Wentworth) and F. Gordon-Smith (Northern Rhodesia) by 1 up.

Miss Enid Wilson (Notts) and Major G. N. C. Martin (Royal Portrush) beat Miss C. Moberly and J. V. C. Moberly (Langley Park) by 6 and 5.

Miss Doris Chambers (Wirral) and Captain G. Hawkins (Camberley Heath) beat Miss Joyce Cave and A. D. Cave (Tunbridge) by 3 and 1.

Mrs. R. F. Potter (Burhill) and J. A. Board (West Hill) beat Mrs. Payne (Addington) and E. Esmond (Stanley) by 6 and 5.

Mrs. V. G. Davies (Sandy Lodge) and R. W. Hartley (Chelsfield) beat Mrs. Antliff (Bedfordshire) and D. S. Rodman (Hayling) by 1 up.

Miss Heather Palmes (Royal West Norfolk) and Captain G. A. Moxon (Prestwick) beat Mrs. Gow (St. George's Hill) and Commander J. R. Johnston (Worplesdon) by 4 and 2.

Miss D. Esmond (Chantilly) and R. H. Wethered (Worplesdon) beat Mrs. Mellor and J. E. Mellor (Ashford Manor) by 6 and 4.

Miss Diana Fishwick (North Foreland) and the Hon. Michael Scott (Royal St. George's) beat Miss K. Garnham and L. Evelyn Jones (The Nase) by 4 and 3.

FOURTH ROUND

Miss Dampney and Grant White beat Miss Wethered and Lord Charles Hope by 2 and 1.

Miss Park and Forsyth beat Mrs. Foley and Brittain Jones by 8 and 6.

Miss Watts and Matthews beat Mrs. Crosthwaite and Cranfield by 1 hole.

Miss Gourlay and Hezlet beat Mrs. Guedalla and Anson by 7 and 5.

Miss Wilson and Martin beat Mrs. Porter and de Montmorency by 1 hole.

Mrs. Potter and Board beat Miss Chambers and Hawkins at the 19th hole.

Miss Palmes and Moxon beat Mrs. Davies and Hartley by 3 and 2.

Miss Esmond and Wethered beat Miss Fishwick and Scott by 3 and 1.

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY TRIAL

The 47 undergraduates who took out cards in the morning Bogey competition on the occasion of the first trial of the Cambridge University Golf Club over the course of the Royal Worlington and Newmarket club at Mildenhall, yesterday, had to contend with a stiff breeze which made play difficult. The weather was fine and the course, except for fairly fast greens, was in excellent condition, but the wind which sprang up in the morning provided the players with a real test. It was not surprising, therefore, that no competitor finished up on Bogey, and the best return was three down by G. M. Turner (Charterhouse and St. John's). J. A. Smalley (Oundle and St. Catharine's) returned a score of four down, while three players, H. C. Rutherford (Eton and Magdalene), J. W. P. Blenkin (Marlborough and Trinity), and A. Paterson (Haileybury and St. John's), had a score of five down.

The leading returns were:—

G. M. Turner (Charterhouse and St. John's), 3 down; J. A. Smalley (Oundle and St. Catharine's), 4 down; H. C. Rutherford (Eton and Magdalene), 5 down; J. W. P. Blenkin (Marlborough and Trinity), 5 down; A. Paterson (Haileybury and St. John's), 5 down; F. A. Simmonds (Sherborne and Pembroke), 6 down; G. D. Elphick (Rugby and Caius), 6 down; P. M. Remon (Uppingham and Corpus), 8 down; R. F. Price (Wellington and Trinity), 8 down; D. C. Smith (Dartmouth and Magdalene), 9 down; K. Fraser (Aldenham and Caius), 9 down; P. R. M. Wallace (Haileybury and Trinity Hall), 9 down.

OLD MALVERNIANS' G.S.

The Old Malvernians held their Autumn meeting at Little Aston during the week-end, the result of the competitions being as follows:—

OLD MALVERNIAN SOCIETY'S CHALLENGE CUP.—C. H. Johnstone, 77—1=76; A. S. Arnold, 79—3=76.

HEADMASTERS' CHALLENGE CUP.—D. E. Greey, 2 up; P. D. Hinton, 2 down.

SCHOOLS CHALLENGE CUP.—A. S. Newey, 78—1=77; C. H. Johnston, 81—1=80.

BOGEY FOURSOMES.—R. S. Newey and A. S. Newey, 3 down; W. L. Foster and M. K. Foster, 4 down.

AMERICAN LADIES' CHAMPIONSHIP

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 14.—The match-play stages of the American Ladies' Golf Championship were begun to-day on the Beverley Hills course here. In the qualifying competition the leading returns were:—

MISS O. K. HILL (Kansas City), 79; Miss Helen Hicks (Long Island), 80; Miss Glenna Collett (Rhode Island) (holder), 81; Miss Van Wie (Chicago), 81; Miss M. Orcutt (Haworth), 81; Mrs. Pressler (San Gabriel), 82.—*Reuter.*

ROYAL BLACKHEATH AUTUMN MEETING

J. J. O'Mullane won the George Glennie Scratch Medal at the Autumn meeting of the Royal Blackheath Club with a score of 80. O'Mullane was also successful in division one for the Penn Cup with a card of 80—7=73, the successful player in division two being Commander D. E. Rahilly with a score of 87—16=71.

HOCKEY

OXFORD SENIORS' TRIAL

The first of the hockey trials at Oxford yesterday produced an interesting game in the Parks. During the first half the Whites predominated, but at the interval changes were made in the Colours' defence which made the game more even.

The most prominent player on the field was J. E. A. Pearson, who scored all six goals for the Whites. Besides possessing a fine turn of speed he proved a great opportunist, and seldom missed a chance of a shot at goal. He was well supported at centre half-back by C. G. Lawrence, who distributed his passes in a very finished style. Jones was another prominent player on the Whites' right wing, but he spoiled several opportunities by getting too far up. Berthon, who played in the half-back line for the Colours in the first half, was good towards the end of the game, when he was changed to right back. Hinde-Howell, on the right wing, when given a chance, played effectively and was responsible for both of the Colours' goals.

The teams were:—

WHITES.—R. B. Waddy (Balliol), goal; C. E. Leaching (Worcester) and K. E. Stovold (University College), backs; M. Spurway (Christ Church), C. G. Lawrence (St. Edmund Hall), and R. Symonds (University College), half-backs; C. Henry (Oriel), H. H. Wilkinson (Trinity), J. E. A. Pearson (University College), A. M. Rendel (Corpus), and T. L. Jones (Brasenose), forwards.

COLOURS.—H. W. Lee-Pemberton, goal; H. C. Bowring (University College) and H. S. Murphy (St. John's), backs; P. H. J. Berthon (Wadham), E. M. Wallinge (Christ Church), and E. M. Sykes (St. John's), half-backs; A. T. Swan (Exeter), R. J. Brooke (St. John's), W. Powell (Christ Church), R. E. Gettin Jones (Pembroke), and C. A. Hinde-Howell (Trinity), forwards.

Umpires—Woodward, Garrison (for St. Thomas's Hospital).

CAMBRIDGE.—Staff College v. United Hants.

CAMBRIDGE.—Staff College Owls v. Hounslow Garrison.

RUGBY FOOTBALL

FRESHMEN'S TRIALS AT OXFORD

(FROM OUR RUGBY FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT)

Two matches for Freshmen were played at Oxford yesterday, but as a serious trial of Rugby material only the first mattered a great deal, and even in that game one side was so much stronger than the other behind the scrummage that some of the individual successes may have been too easily achieved to be real.

In the first match the Colours beat the Whites by two goals and eight tries (34 points) to nothing. Except in the scrummage itself the two packs were not badly matched, but the difference in packing and heeling made all the difference, an object-lesson which in these days of swarming wingers may not have been wasted. Victory for the Colours was assured when it was seen that N. K. Lamport, an Australian half-back, was capable of playing up to his reputation and of combining effectively with an excellent partner in R. N. Jones, of Brighton. Brighton College incidentally also provided a full-back of some promise in J. D. Ronald. The Colours' three-quarter line, too, was an individual and collective success. Three of them came from overseas. In the centre there was J. G. T. Krige, who may win distinction in the future, and H. C. Owen Smith, who, if inclined to throw erratic passes, also gave some good ones after he had drawn the defence by means of an elusive side-step. At half-time, when the score read 17—0, Owen Smith exchanged places with W. T. M. Hart, the Scottish international, who had looked a forlorn figure in the Whites' three-quarter line, but all that can be said about the change is that Hart merely added strength to the running of Owen Smith and perhaps a little more accuracy in the giving of passes. Similarly Owen Smith no more than Hart could stem the tide against a much superior side.

On the Colours' left wing there was to be observed a dashing and determined little runner in C. F. Lyons, of Ampleforth. Lyons scored five tries. K. Sinclair, from New Zealand, finished off two good movements strongly in the first half. In the second half he changed places with D. M. Borland and, like Owen Smith, was more or less submerged. It then became Borland's turn to score two tries.

Perhaps the most important features of the trial were the play of the Colours' halves, who certainly should be given another chance to play as a pair in more exacting conditions, and the no less obvious possibilities of Krige. At forward it was possible to note several likely players, such as P. O. C. Edwards and J. H. D. Barnes in the White pack and J. A. Pirie, P. J. Morice, and H. J. B. Hofmeyr in that of the Colours. But it was in the tight scrummage and farther behind that the Colours scored so heavily.

The teams were:—

FIRST TRIAL

WHITES.—M. Lazenby (St. Paul's and Worcester), back; D. M. Borland (Glasgow Academy and Brasenose), V. F. Smith (Oratory and University College), T. M. Hart (Dunstone and Brasenose), and P. Fairweather (Mill Hill and Wadham), three-quarter backs; O. N. Clark (Oundle and Balliol) and D. C. King (Uppingham and Trinity), half-backs; J. P. Mowat (Haileybury and University College), A. G. Hopewell (Lawrence Sheriff and St. Edmund Hall), A. M. Scott (Wanganui and Magdalen), J. H. D. Barnes (St. Edward's and Magdalen), P. O. C. Edwards (Giggleswick and Brasenose), P. O. C. Edwards (Merchant Taylors' and St. John's), H. J. Barrow (Christ's, Brecon, and Balliol), and F. G. Burge (Ampleforth and Magdalen), forwards.

COLOURS.—K. Sinclair (Brighton and Brasenose), back; K. Sinclair (Auckland, N.Z., and Balliol), J. G. T. Krige (Stellenbosch), H. C. Owen Smith (Diocesan College, S.A., and Magdalen), and W. R. Lamport (Sydney Grammar School and Brasenose), three-quarter backs; R. N. Jones (Brighton and Keble) and C. G. Lyons (Ampleforth and Balliol), half-backs; D. B. Cameron (Clifton and Hertford), H. J. B. Hofmeyr (Pretoria and University College), D. M. Borland (King's, Canada, Taunton, and Pembroke), J. A. Pirie (Gleneamond and Magdalen), P. W. Neate (Cheltenham and Brasenose), P. J. Morice (Wellington and Brasenose), F. C. Dakin (Otago, N.Z., and Trinity), and A. C. Nias (Sydney University and St. Catharine's), forwards.

In the second trial the Whites were so much the stronger team that they beat the Colours by three goals and five tries (30 points) to one try (3 points).

Here C. G. H. Worrall and E. B. Wood, a South African, were useful centres for the Whites and H. P. R. Pooley a fairly good wing. R. A. V. Wheeler, a solid forward from Oundle, and K. J. Jones, of Monmouth, were prominent forwards. In the first half E. L. Phillips, one of the Colours' centres, showed some form, and when he retired at half-time P. E. Letts, of Christ's Hospital, who took his place, distinguished himself as a keen runner by scoring the best individual try of the afternoon. Most of the play, however, was both Association and Rugby Football at something approaching their worst, and this in spite of entirely favourable conditions.

The teams were:—

SECOND TRIAL

WHITES.—Y. O. Hall-Edwards and Jesus), back; H. P. R. Pooley (Gresham's and University), C. G. H. Worrall (Penzance and St. Edmund Hall), E. B. Wood (Worcester), and R. Thornton (Newcastle and Christ Church), three-quarter backs; R. A. Laard (Marlborough and Christ Church) and E. G. Green (St. Edward's and Wadham), half-backs; R. C. V. Wheeler (Oundle and Emmanuel), J. Bracewell (Leytonstone and New College), F. H. G. Percy (Whitgift and Oriel), W. A. C. Clarke (Stewarts and Trinity), H. W. J. Llewelyn (Christ College, Brecon, and Brasenose), R. F. Thesiger (Eton and New College), K. J. Jones (Monmouth and Jesus), and P. Gammon (Marlborough and St. John's), forwards.

COLOURS.—J. T. Barber (Trent and Brasenose), back; W. L. Lang (Clifton and Christ Church), N. Carritt (Sedbergh and Oriel), E. L. Phillips (Eltham and St. Edmund Hall), and L. Fullerne (Mauritius and Oriel), three-quarter backs; R. F. Hewitt (Rotherham and University) and H. S. Thomas (Llandovery and St. John's), half-backs; D. Whitaker (Pocklington and Brasenose), W. F. Bergon (Hereford and Brasenose), E. H. Ashton (Rondebosch, S.A., and New College), A. Aitken (Norwich and Trinity), G. L. Simmons (Gresham's and Oriel), R. B. Chapman (Magdalen College School and Emmanuel), and W. Knight (Bloxwich and Jesus), and E. D. Lawrence (Nottingham and Christ Church), forwards.

GLENALMOND BEAT DOLLAR

Glenalmond beat Dollar Academy at Glenalmond by three goals and a try (18 points) to two tries (6 points). After 15 minutes' play Bell started a round of passing which ended in Ostlere scoring near the corner, and Piper kicked a good goal. Lorraine then scored after a long run, and Duff converted. Marshall then got away by a feint and Bell scored by the corner flag. Piper failed with the kick. In the second half Dollar pressed for a time and Dobbie scored a try. They seemed to last better. Hewitt ran from half-way to score a try by the posts, but the kick was missed. Just before time Glenalmond rushed the ball over. White got the touch-down and Piper again converted. The teams were:—

DOLLAR ACADEMY.—J. L. Melkle, back; K. J. Dobbie, G. H. Murray, W. F. Turton, and E. P. Hewitt, three-quarter backs; A. Kinghorn and J. A. England, half-backs; C. B. Bennett (captain), A. Galloway, A. Stewart, A. Wattison, P. S. Morris, J. L. Stewart, W. S. Sutherland, and J. P. McGee, forwards.

TRINITY COLLEGE, GLENALMOND.—A. H. Piper, back; W. H. C. Bell, E. A. Morrison, D. D. Lorraine, and E. Ostlere, three-quarter backs; G. K. Marshall and T. J. McDowall, half-backs; A. C. Duff, J. M. Geddie, J. H. Irving, A. A. Laing, F. D. Mayfield, D. Mills, and R. White, and J. O. McLagan-Wedderburn (captain), forwards.

Mr. T. Smurthwaite, president, Twickenham R.F.C., has given the club a cup, to be awarded annually to the member with the best record for place-kicking.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP

IPSWICH.—Eastern Counties v. Middlesex (2.30).

EASTERN COUNTIES.—C. N. Payne (Woodford), back; C. Whitlock (Colchester), A. H. Jones (London Welsh), M. Snipper (London Hospital), and G. D. Harvey (London Scottish), three-quarter backs; J. H. Collison (Old Millhillians) and J. T. C. Taylor (St. Bartholomew's Hospital) (captain), half-backs; E. Braithwaite (London Hospital), G. E. Valentine (St. Catharine's College, Cambridge), S. C. Taylor (Upper Clapton), A. J. P. Coetsee (London Hospital), M. L. Maier (Southend), G. S. Seward (Woodford), R. F. Davey (Leytonstone), and P. W. F. Brook (Harlequins), forwards.

MIDDLESEX.—D. Bradford (Roslyn Park), back; Sir T. G. Devitt (Blackheath), J. A. N. Giles (Blackheath), E. C. R. Hopkins (Wasps), and W. H. A. Chapman (Richmond), three-quarter backs; H. C. Laird (Harlequins) and A. Lang (Old Cranleighans), half-backs; P. T. Cooper (Rossiyn Park), A. E. C. Prescott (Harlequins), W. A. V. Thomas (London Welsh), W. Morgan (London Welsh), C. Hughes (Guy's Hospital), R. Jones (London Welsh), J. F. Anderson (Old Millhillians), and R. J. Milnes (Exiles), forwards.

COUNTY MATCHES

DARLINGTON.—Gloucestershire v. Derbyshire (2.0).

CHELTENHAM.—Gloucestershire v. Glamorgan.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—T. Brown (Bristol), back; Roy James (Gloucester), D. Burland (Bristol), M. C. McCanlis (Gloucester), and C. Tanner, (Gloucester), three-quarter backs; C. Carter (Bristol) and D. Meadows (Gloucester), half-backs; J. S. Tucker (Bristol) (captain), F. Wadley (Gloucester), A. Carpenter (Gloucester), T. Williams (St. Bartholomew's Hospital), F. C. Taylor (Lydney), J. Davies (Gloucester), F. Russell (Gloucester), and W. C. Broome (Bristol), forwards.

CLUB MATCHES

GREENWICH.—Royal Naval College v. Richmond (2.45).

PORTSMOUTH.—United Services v. R.M.A.

RUGBY LEAGUE

YORKSHIRE CUP.—First Round Replay

FEATHERSTONE.—Featherstone Rovers v. Bradford Northern (4.0).

TO-DAY'S SCHOOL MATCHES

Caterham School v. Ruthin School; Dorset School v. Lancing College; Dark School; Epsom College v. Merchant Taylors' School; Horse Bay College v. 1st Battalion, Manchester Regiment; R.E.S. Southampton v. Churcher's College; Liverpool College v. Birkenhead School; Mount St. Mary's College v. Chesterfield; Newton College v. Sands-Hare College; Radley College II. v. Nautical College.

Bristol School v. Colonel Slater's XV.; R.N.C., Dartmouth v. Allhallows School; R.N.C., Greenwich v. R.M.C., Cole's G.S.; St. Albans School v. St. George's, Harpenden; St. John's, Leatherhead v. Whitgift School; St. Paul's School v. Blundell's School; Sedbergh School v. Clare College; Wellington School v. King's College, Taunton; Wrekin College v. Ellesmere College.

SYDNEY, Oct. 14.—At the Public School Championships here to-day White, a King's School student, won the 120 yards hurdles in 15 2-5sec., a new Australian record.—*Reuter.*

BILLIARDS

McCONACHY'S MATCH WITH DAVIS

The match in the international tournament between Davis and McConachy was continued at Thurston's Hall, in Leicester-square, yesterday, when Davis was leading by 600. Each of these players, together with Newman, is handicapped to receive 7,000 start from Lindrum in a fortnight's play, while in the snooker competition also they play on level terms. Davis had the better of some keen play in the afternoon, in which the safety methods caused the averages to be comparatively low, but he scored 758 for an average of 47, while McConachy made 523, for an average of 31.

For nearly an hour Davis had all the better of the play. McConachy had a number of chances, but he was not able to make use of them, and although he managed to restrain the progress of his opponent to some extent by safety play, it did not prevent Davis from increasing his lead appreciably. McConachy had increased his run of 131 (unfinished) only to 137 when he missed a drop cannon, a kicking ball spoiling the stroke. Davis contributed to the poor progress of his opponent as he lost the white on several occasions, and McConachy, in consequence, had to play at a number of double balks.

After failing at his first two visits Davis scored by a variety of methods in making breaks of 69, 106, 273, and 88. He made several runs of close cannons, the highest of which was 40, but, although he did not bother a great deal about this form of scoring, his play was always attractive, some of his red winners at the top of the table being particularly good. The play was very keen, and is likely to be all through the match. McConachy played really well while making a break of 171, in which he showed what a very good stroke player he is, but Davis did not give his opponent more chances than were possible, and at the end of each of his next three visits Davis left a double balk.

In the first case Davis had scored 65 when, having lost the white, he played for safety, but on the next two occasions he potted the white. In the first case, McConachy scored off the double balk by means of a clever little cannon off the side cushion, but after making several good strokes in an endeavour to get both balls into play he missed a fairly easy run-through loser. When, however, Davis missed a long loser, which he played slowly, McConachy gave another very good all-round display. He scored freely at the top of the table, but relied to a considerable extent on his fine stroke-making ability in the long-range game. The break had realized 250 when McConachy, who had played very well up to that point, missed a cut winner, failing at the same time to make a cross-cushion cannon, which was played at the same time. Davis added a run of 86 and then played out time.

The scores at the interval were:—Davis (receives 7,000, in play), 9,658; McConachy (receives 7,000), 8,823.

Davis increased his lead in the evening to 1,358. Although he was only moderately consistent, Davis scored 994 for an average of 52, while McConachy made 471 for an average of 26.

McConachy missed more chances than he should have done, although his progress was affected again by the safety methods of his opponent. The New Zealand player endeavoured to close the game up, but without concentrating on any particular phase, Davis scored at a very steady rate. In the early part of the play Davis made runs of 60, 87, 42, and 38, while McConachy's chief breaks were 56 and 78. After paying 11 visits to the table to score 217 points, Davis played in his best form while making a break of 304, in which he varied the top of the table game with little runs of close cannons.

The closing scores were:—Davis (receives 7,000), 10,652; McConachy (receives 7,000, in play), 9,294.

LINDRUM v. NEWMAN

Lindrum and Newman provided much better fare at Liverpool, as Lindrum scored 914 against 435. His breaks were 527 and 101, and he averaged 70. Newman, who returned an average of 31, had only one notable break of 114. The scores at the interval were:—Newman (receives 7,000) (in play), 9,400; Lindrum, 1,969.

The closing scores were:—Newman (receives 7,000, in play), 10,531; Lindrum, 2,419.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

CAMBRIDGE FRESHMEN'S MATCH

There was a period during the first half-hour of this trial yesterday when there was some indication that the general form of the Freshmen was likely to be superior to that of the Seniors, but in spite of this early promise there was a general deterioration as the game proceeded, and it finished rather tamely. The midfield play was brisk, but the forwards on both sides not only lacked any exceptional pace, but they allowed their efforts to fade in indifferent shooting. Consequently, the goal-keepers had a fairly easy time and were never really tested by a sound drive all the afternoon. It was disappointing that the game should fade out in this fashion, and it made it all the more difficult to pick out any players for special commendation.

The one who was consistently sound was W. H. L. Lister, of Malvern, who gave a very steady performance at centre half-back for the Whites, but he did not get the support he deserved from his forwards. There was a lot of loose kicking, and as a whole the players have much to learn in ball control and getting into position. There seemed a general anxiety to get rid of the ball far too quickly, and more often than not it was kicked aimlessly and with little sense of direction. The Whites scored the only goal in the match and this was scored by G. R. Moxon 30 minutes from the start. They might well have increased their advantage during the second half and particularly in the closing stages, when they were within shooting range quite a number of times, but the Colours were equally to blame and they threw away chances by faulty shooting.

The teams were:—

WHITES.—R. S. Grant (Queen's Royal College, Trinidad, and Christ's), goal; J. S. Ivanovic (Westminster and Peterhouse) and R. B. Hacking (Charterhouse and Clare), backs; C. Tillett (Reptile and Queens'), W. H. L. Lister (Malvern and Pembroke), H. S. Seliman (Imperial College, London, and Fitzwilliam House), half-backs; H. J. Thomson (Westminster and Pembroke), P. R. S. Jarvis (Charterhouse and Clare), A. F. A. Fairweather (Shrewsbury and Caius), G. R. Moxon (Shrewsbury and St. John's), and D. E. Cook (Malvern and Peterhouse), forwards.

COLOURS.—I. T. McCow (Charterhouse and Trinity), goal; G. Barker (Gosport and Selwyn), backs; J. M. E. Trotman (Bradfield and Selwyn), backs; J. H. Chrestien (Lansing and Pembroke), W. S. Preston (Shrewsbury and Clare), and C. G. D. Long (St. Edmund's, Canterbury, and Trinity), half-backs; D. H. M. Veitch (Wellingborough and Downing), A. A. Waterhouse (Oldham Grammar School and Downing), S. Dicks (Clay Cross and St. Catharine's), G. H. K. Rae (Winchester and King's), and M. T. Leachman (Lancing and St. Catharine's), forwards.

LONDON CHALLENGE CUP

The draw for the second round of the London Challenge Cup, to be played on October 27 (kick-off 3.15), is:—

CHELSEA v. TOTTENHAM HOTSPUR.

CRYSTAL PALACE OR WALTHAMSTOW AVENUE v. ARSENAL.

FULHAM v. ILFORD OR QUEEN'S PARK RANGERS.

MILLWALL v. BRENTFORD.

The twenty-fifth anniversary dinner of the Middlesex Wanderers F.C. will be held on Saturday next at the Café Monico. Tickets may be obtained from the President, Captain H. G. Alaway, 20, Bloomsbury-square, London, W.C.1.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

TIDWORTH.—The Army v. Spartan League.

THE ARMY.—Musician R. V. Dunn (Royal Horse Guards), goal; Sergeant S. W. J. Knight (Royal Army Pay Corps) and Lance-Sergeant C. Sillett (2nd Battalion, the King's Royal Rifle Corps), backs; Sergeant A. Mallin (R.A.S.C.), Lance-Corporal C. Richards (1st Battalion, the King's Own Scottish Borderers), and Corporal S. Viller (2nd Battalion, the Hampshire Regiment), half-backs; Lieutenant J. D. McCully (1st Battalion, the Royal Scots Regiment), Rifleman G. McKay (2nd Battalion, the King's Royal Rifle Corps), Colour-Sergeant W. Fry (2nd Battalion, the Rifle Brigade), Rifleman A. Hunt (2nd Battalion, the Rifle Brigade), and Farrier-Corporal R. Reed (1st King's Dragoon Guards), forwards.

OXFORD.—Oxford University Freshmen's Match.

SOUTHERN COUNTIES' AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP

DOVERCOURT.—Essex v. Suffolk.

TO-DAY'S SCHOOL MATCHES

Brailsford College v. R.M.C., Sandhurst; Chigwell School v. Brentwood School; Dean Close School v. Malvern College "A"; Highgate School v. the Rev. K. R. G. Browne's XI.; Wellingborough School v. Cranak (mid-week).

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Newmarket, 1.15.

GOLF.—Mixed Foursomes, Worplesdon.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.—See Fixture List.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.—See Fixture List.

HOCKEY.—See Fixture List.

SWIMMING.—Railwaymen's Gala, Goulston-street Baths, Aldgate.

COURSING.—South of England Meeting, St. Nicholas, Isle of Thanet; Scottish National Meeting, Brora.

OLD WESTMINSTERS FOOTBALL CLUB

JUBILEE DINNER

The jubilee dinner of the Old Westminsters Football Club was celebrated last night at the Café Royal by 247 O.WW. and their guests. Dinner was announced by the buglers of the Coldstream Guards sounding the Army dinner calls. This is a special feature of Old Westminster dinners. The London Football Association Cup and the London Charity Cup, lent by the Ilford Football Club, were on the head table.

After the loyal toasts the chairman, Mr. R. T. Squire (the old international), proposed the toast of "The Club," coupled with the name of the founder, Mr. P. G. L. Webb.

The following official guests were invited:—

Mr. R. N. Adams (Old Reptonians), Mr. E. C. Bambridge (Old Corinthians), Mr. G. Bankes (Old Wykehamists), Mr. S. A. Baldwin (Bank of England A.F.C.), Mr. W. Bevan (hon. treasurer, the "Arthur Dunn" Cup), Mr. C. T. Bennett (Old Harrovians), Mr. R. S. Blundell (Old Bradfieldians), Sir Farquhar Buzzard (Oxford University and Old Carthusians), Mr. S. G. Carr (Chatellensult Football Club, France), Mr. G. J. Clarke (hon. treasurer, Ilford F.C.), Colonel H. N. Clark (Old Marvernians), Mr. K. Lennis (Old Reptonians), Mr. A. G. Doggart (Corinthians), the Rev. R. C. Guy (Old Foresters), Mr. W. E. Haselton (Old Wellingtonians), Mr. A. I. Hilder (Lancing Old Boys), Mr. D. J. C. Hill Hill-Wood (Old Etonians), Mr. F. J. S. Hucks (Old Cholmeleians), Mr. T. W. M. Jennings (Amateur Football Association), Mr. G. D. Kemp-Welch (Cambridge University), Mr. D. J. Knight (Old Malvernians), Mr. D. Lorraz (Old Etonians), Mr. W. P. Mackenrot (H.A.C. Association F.C.), Mr. E. C. Porter (hon. secretary, Ilford F.C.), Mr. P. A. Sergeant (Chemals), Mr. G. O. Smith (Old Carthusians), Mr. E. V. Smith (Amateur Football Association), Major J. Stewart (hon. secretary, the "Arthur Dunn" Cup) (Old Bradfieldians), Mr. P. S. Sutherland-Grieme (Old Malvernians), Sir Frederick Wall (Football Association), Mr. A. M. Walters (Old Carthusians), Mr. P. M. Walters (Old Carthusians), H. V. L. Stanton ("Wanderer"), *The Times* (Sporting Editor).

Other guests included:—

Mr. D. P. Andrews, Mr. L. S. Argent, Sir Basil Bartlett, Bt., Mr. L. C. Beecroft, Mr. Norman Bell, Mr. S. S. Blenkinsop, Mr. Jordan Borden, Mr. Travers Buckley, Captain L. B. Charles, Mr. J. K. Davies, Mr. C. H. Fisher, Mr. A. H. Franklin, Mr. W. Crosier Hayne, Mr. T. C. Gardiner, Mr. W. W. Hill Hill-Wood, Major R. H. W. Hope, Mr. Copley Hewitt, Mr. T. M. Murray Hill, Mr. H. Hollins, Mr. G. D. Longe, Mr. S. M. Eden, Mr. A. C. Fleming, Mr. H. B. Frampton, Dr. C. W. Grant-Wilson, Mr. K. G. Gardiner, Mr. W. E. Gerrish, Mr. A. C. Grover, Sir Ernest Goodhart, Mr. A. Gordon Smith, Mr. F. Gollner, Mr. R. Holland, Mr. H. F. Hollis, Mr. F. W. G. Kana, Mr. T. C. S. Kesly, the Rev. C. B. H. Knight, Mr. Arthur Lambton, Mr. E. Leighton, Mr. A. Logan, Mr. Wal

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Letters to the Editor

BRITISH MOTOR INDUSTRY

PROSPECTS OF EXPORT TRADE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—At this time last year you were good enough to offer your columns for a brief review of the progress and prospects of the British motor industry in relation to export trade in particular.

It may be appropriate, at the time of the Imperial Conference, to refer to somewhat candid criticism passed by some of the Dominion Premiers four years ago upon the apparent failure of the British industry to provide for what was said to be the requirements of other parts of the Empire. We at least find to-day that, though criticism exists, it is far less criticism of design or of service than of initial price. Distributors of standing, almost impossible to find in 1926, to-day show a striking anxiety to obtain suitable British agencies.

Both individually and collectively the British motor industry has been making very special efforts in connexion with export trade in general and Empire trade in particular, and although general world conditions preclude any rapid improvement of export values there is no question whatever that the British industry is beginning to be treated very seriously indeed by our main competitors in the United States, some of whom are expending large sums of money, not merely on assembly plants for the home market, but for the complete manufacture in Great Britain of cars and trucks for the whole of the Empire. Whatever may be the objections to this, a development of the kind shows clearly enough the confidence which our friends in the United States show in the inherent stability of Great Britain and the skill and enterprise of British workpeople.

Improvement in design, reduction of production costs, better service arrangements abroad, all afford room for optimism that, at long last, the tragic loss of our export market in motor products, inevitable during and since the War, is surmounted. Yet, while optimism is to be applauded and enterprise encouraged, due discretion is equally essential.

Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, indeed the world generally, is stocked with motor-cars and trucks mainly exported from North America a year or more ago, and still being liquidated at prices involving heavy losses. Indeed, the motor industry of the world is no exception to the general tendency of falling commodity prices due to supply exceeding demand. We in Great Britain may indeed claim, with truth, that no unreasonable stocks of our motor products are held, and that some of our distributors abroad have not been compelled to write down their assets to the extent which has been only too common in other instances; but, even so, we have found, and are finding, that though the proportionate demand for our new vehicles in the Empire is quite rapidly improving, its total reflects the worldwide reduction in purchasing power.

And so it is, on the eve of the 1930 Motor Exhibition, that the British motor industry must realize how dependent their progress must be on the success of any measures which may restore confidence, particularly among the British peoples, and let loose into the fields of commercial enterprise the accumulation of financial credit now diverted to the so-called safety channels of the banks or of gilt-edged Government securities.

"Safety First" was never a motto which created the Empire over centuries, or inspired the bold adventure of the Canadian Pacific Railway. "Safety First" is, indeed, not the motto which could have created any export trade in motor-vehicles, or could justify the ever-reducing prices and increasing values of British motor products. In the face of the heaviest direct taxation, in spite of an unparalleled scale of vehicle taxation imposed by successive Home Governments blind to its natural consequences, no small progress has been made in improving our export markets, and it is with full confidence of ultimate reward that the British motor industry intend to spare no effort during the coming year to place the British motor-vehicle and motor-boat on the roads and waters of the Empire and the world.

Yours faithfully,

A. HACKING, Director, British Manufacturers' Section.

The Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, Limited, 83, Pall Mall, S.W.1, Oct. 14.

LIFE AFTER DEATH

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Under the heading "Life after Death" you published on March 3 a full report of a remarkable sermon by the Bishop of Birmingham on "Immortality." Two days later you published a letter from myself commenting upon it. The subject evidently caught public attention, for I received numerous letters, both from this country and from abroad, asking for a further development of the subject and more particularly on Personal Immortality. Neither my correspondents nor I could expect you to open the hospitality of your columns for the purpose; but you will perhaps allow me to say that that for which they asked will be found in a little book just published by John Murray under the title "Of Immortality and Other Thoughts."

Your obedient servant,

WRENBURY.

7, Melbury-road, Kensington, W.14, Oct. 14.

THE GOLDEN TREASURY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In the interesting article you publish to-day on the compilation of the Golden Treasury, I note that reference is made to George Miller, one of the collaborators, as "a critic otherwise unidentified." The long success of this anthology leads me to hope that there may be some interest in a small note on the identity of George Miller. He was the son of Sir Thomas Miller, Bt., of Froyle, Hants, and was educated at Harrow and Exeter College, Oxford, where he won a Fellowship. On relinquishing his Fellowship he entered the Education Office, where he spent the rest of his active life, receiving, as respectable Civil servants do, a C.B. on his retirement. In such an ordinary existence there is no claim to fame; and I, who am his grandson, feel some gratification at the recognition, though late, of his share in the choosing of the Golden Treasury. I am glad to think that, before the routine of his life blunted his feelings, he employed his great learning and talents on a work which has brought "sweetness and light" to many more homes than the Education Acts, which he spent the most part of his life administering.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

GEORGE MALLABY.

St. Edward's School, Oxford, Oct. 13.

Correspondents are again asked to type or to write their letters on one side only of the paper. Very heavy pressure on space compels us also to request that they keep their letters as short as possible.

SIMPLER WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

A PLEA FOR THE METRIC SYSTEM

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As the result of the correspondence which appeared in your columns following my suggestion for the abolition of the half-crown and the introduction of a four-shilling silver piece weighing exactly 20 grammes, I have received a copy of a very interesting letter from a Danish gentleman to the Lord Mayor of London, which I am permitted to make public. The letter is as follows:—

In connexion with his lordship's highly appreciated visit to Denmark, a great deal has been spoken of the possibility of increasing the commercial relations between England and Denmark, and the means necessary for a success in this line. It is commonly recognized that in Denmark a great sympathy is felt for this purpose. I beg to point out that there is a very great hindrance on the English side for competition—namely, the difficult and lengthy English system for money, and also for weight and measure.

Certainly it is a drawback also in England and between Englishmen as compared with other countries, owing to the fact that a calculation (of profits or commissions, taxation, duties, &c.) along the percentage system, which is so common elsewhere—and contributes considerably to a quick and clear view—is only effective under the decimal system ruling with reference to money, weight, measure, &c.

Also a simple addition of items is a prolonged question as compared with additions under the decimal system.

In free competition with price-lists, catalogues, and offers in Reichsmarks, in francs, &c., the obscure system with the three classes (*i.e.*, pence, shillings, and pounds)—to be divided by 12 and 20 respectively—is detrimental.

Yours respectfully,

Copenhagen. W. HOLTEN.

Coming from our kinsmen in Denmark this is a useful piece of evidence as to the injury which our trade suffers from the continued maintenance of an out-of-date system of money, weights, and measures.

The use of metric weights and measures has already been legalized in Great Britain, and, until public opinion has been aroused to the importance of the matter, Parliament can hardly be expected to take further steps. May I suggest that our leading manufacturers and merchants should get together and see what practical steps can be taken to substitute the simple metric system for our present complicated and confusing variety of systems? Not only would this facilitate our trade, but it would also save children from much needless labour in learning—and would save adults from the difficulty of remembering—the relationships of grains and drachms, fluid ounces and pints, pounds and tons, gallons and quarters, feet and furlongs, in three separate systems, apothecaries', troy, and avoirdupois.

Yours, &c.,

HAROLD COX.

Gray's Inn, Oct. 7.

CONSERVATIVE LEADERSHIP

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your issue of to-day you print under the above heading a letter from Major S. H. Long, vice-chairman of the United Empire Party, Maidenhead Branch, one sentence of which is so misleading that it cannot be allowed to pass unchallenged. The sentence runs as follows:—"The country does not require to be delivered from the present Socialist Government; it is a minority one, and is being kept in as an expedient while Conservative leaders are slowly and ponderously reviewing a situation that never seems to become any clearer to them." The implication that Major Long makes is that the Conservative Party can defeat the present Government whenever it pleases, and that it is maintaining them in office to suit the convenience of its leaders. This view I know is fairly widely held, but a moment's consideration of the relative strengths of the parties will convince any reasonable-minded person that such a view is untenable.

From May until mid-July the House of Commons consisted of 615 members, distributed as follows:—Socialists 289, Conservatives 261, Liberals 58, Independents, including Nationalists, 7. The Speaker has to be deducted from the Conservative numbers and the two Chairmen from the Socialist. Of the Independents, four habitually voted with the Government and one with the Conservatives, and the remaining two often, but not always, voted with the Liberals. Thus it will be seen that the Government could count on 291 supporters as against 261 Conservatives, or on a majority of 30. If the Liberals voted with the Government the latter's majority over the Conservatives rose to 88 or 90.

In these circumstances there was but small chance of the Conservatives defeating the Government on any important question without the active support of the Liberals. It is unfair to blame Conservative leaders for failure to defeat the present Government when in point of fact they had not the power so to do, and to ignore several determined attempts which were made to overthrow the Socialists, one of which came within two votes of success.

I remain yours faithfully,

ROBERT C. BOURNE.

House of Commons, Oct. 11.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Now that two of the Dominions have turned down Empire free trade and that Mr. Baldwin is prepared to meet them on a preferential tariff, it behoves the Empire free traders to support him if they have the interest of the Empire at heart.

Yours faithfully,

A. W. LOCK.

26, Lawrence-buildings, Westminster, S.W.1, Oct. 11.

LIBERAL PARTY FINANCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Now that the appeal which had been "confidentially" broadcast from Abingdon-street has found its way into the columns of *The Times*, it may be permissible and not out of place for an old Liberal (a term not synonymous with member of the Liberal Party) to express his joy and relief that the notorious fund which has so long discredited and dishonoured the Liberal Party is nearing exhaustion, anyhow so far as its unrestricted flow into the party chest is concerned.

It has been a distressing experience to see all over the country men, whose convictions had been deep enough to be hidden from their most intimate friends, presenting themselves for adoption by any Liberal association willing to accept them. Their motives, no doubt, varied greatly. In many cases, I fear, the prospect of being a real Parliamentary candidate—without financial responsibility—made an irresistible appeal to their sporting spirit—the uncharitable might say to their advertising instinct. There may be some hope now that good-bye to the fund will lead to "good-bye to all that," and that we shall have them replaced by men who are ready to make sacrifices for the cause in which they believe, supported by associations gladly sharing the sacrifices with candidates whom they welcome and respect for their character and convictions. The hope for such a change, alas! is slender. It would have to be preceded by other changes, including that of leadership, and when they are brought about it may be too late.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

AUGUST COHN.

3, Hare-court, Temple, E.C.4, Oct. 13.

SOVIET AND UNEMPLOYED

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In fairness to Mr. MacDonald and his friends, it should be remembered that at the date of their appeals quoted by Lord Templetown (May and June, 1917) the Kerensky Government was in power in Russia and was acknowledged and supported by all parties in this country. The Bolshevist Revolution which brought the Soviets into power did not occur till November, 1917.

Yours, &c.,

Paddington. J. R. POLEY.

INDIA AT THE ROUND TABLE

CHOICE OF DELEGATES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The *personnel* of the approaching Round-Table Conference has now been announced. It may be roughly classified as follows:—

Indian States (princes)	16 (including nine ruling princes)		
BRITISH INDIA		GREAT BRITAIN	
Hindus	28	Socialist	5
Mohamedans	17	Conservative	4
Buddhists (Burma)	3	Liberal	4
Parsis	2		
British (non-officials)	4		
Anglo-Indians	1		
Indian Christians	2		
Depressed classes	1 or 2		
Sikhs	2		
Labour	1		
Total	61 or 62	Total	13

The selection of representatives for the Indian States—doubtless made by the Viceroy in consultation with the Chamber of Princes—is admirable. The same cannot be said of the selection for British India. No doubt most of the gentlemen chosen are men of influence in their various communities; they represent fairly well various shades of political opinion, but with a decided tendency to the *Left*. The Indian papers received by this mail show that a large section of Moslem opinion is uneasy on this point. But the Indian peasantry—70 per cent. of the population—are not directly represented at all; the great landlords have very inadequate representation; and the Sikhs, who play such a great part in the Punjab as agriculturists and are among the finest fighting material in the Indian Army, might well be given more than two delegates. The depressed classes number some 60,000,000; and to give them only one or two representatives is not doing justice to the "underdog." The Conference may be fairly representative of the politically-advanced classes of British India, but it is certainly not representative of the Indian masses.

For the British representatives there is a widespread feeling that the experience of and authority on Indian affairs possessed by many leading Conservatives have not been sufficiently drawn upon.

But the most noticeable omission is that of any military expert. The Simon Report brings out with convincing logic the fact that the problem of defence—local and Imperial—must to a large extent govern the future Indian Constitution. That being the case, surely one would expect to find a high military officer, such as a retired Commander-in-Chief or Chief of the Staff in India, among the British members. It is not yet too late to repair this omission; and it may be noted that on the Civil side two distinguished Governors—Sir Malcolm Hailey and Sir Charles Innes—have been associated with the Conference.

One point more. We know that a strong section of Indian politicians will press the claim for Dominion status—i.e., partnership in the Empire on the same footing as the Dominions. Is it not desirable that the Dominions should be represented in a Conference which may be so pregnant with results to the Commonwealth in which they as well as Great Britain are partners?

I am yours truly,

October 13. M. F. O'DWYER.

BISHOP CREIGHTON HOUSE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—We venture to appeal in your columns for help in developing and extending the work of Bishop Creighton House, Fulham, a settlement founded 31 years ago in memory of Bishop Creighton. This settlement, the only one in West London, is a centre for social service of all kinds. Clubs for working girls and boys are organized, with educational facilities of many sorts; a Children's Clinic is managed by the residents, where an average of more than 160 children are treated every day, and children also come in crowds for hours of play at the play centre. Holidays are arranged for tired mothers, camps for club members, and about 800 delicate children are sent away in the summer for several weeks' holiday in the country with the help of the Children's Country Holiday Fund. Besides this, the settlement is itself the headquarters of a housing society which is making a gallant effort towards solving the terrible overcrowding problem in Fulham, in cooperation with the local authorities; and it is a meeting place for people of good will of all parties, classes, and denominations.

It is not possible to exaggerate what a settlement and community centre such as this means to a drab and poverty-stricken area, and an opportunity has now arisen of extending its work in many directions by the acquisition and adaptation of some factory premises adjoining the settlement garden. For this a total sum of £3,500 is required, towards which £700 has been supplied by the immediate friends of the settlement. It is for the balance of £1,800 that we now appeal to the charitable public, and especially to all those surviving friends of Bishop Creighton who would wish to perpetuate his memory by supporting this work for the betterment of conditions in the diocese to which he gave the last years of his life. Donations may be sent to the Hon. Mrs. John Bailey, 4, Onslow-gardens, S.W.7, or to Barclays Bank, Limited, 137, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

We are, &c.,

A. F. LONDON:
SARAH BAILEY (Chairman of the Executive Committee of Bishop Creighton House),
WYNDHAM DEEDES,
BEATRIX LYALL,
C. M. L. WICKHAM (Warden of Bishop Creighton House).

A MEETING PLACE OF THE EMPIRE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I notice in your issue of to-day an admirable letter from Colonel A. Weston-Jarvis, Sir Malcolm A. Robertson, and Sir Archibald Weigall on the subject of the erection of a building embodying the ideals of a United Empire. I may, perhaps, be permitted to draw attention to the fact that they, probably inadvertently, omitted to mention the excellent provision which has been made in Sir Herbert Baker's plans (which, as a member of the Royal Empire Society Plans Committee, I have seen) for bedroom accommodation for members and visitors from overseas. I hope, however, that your readers, both at home and abroad, will realise that we in the Mother Country are fully aware, not only of the importance of social and educative facilities, but also of the great importance of having available a vast number of comfortable, quiet bedrooms at reasonable rates in any building of this description.

Yours truly,

ERMINE ELIBANK (Councillor of the Royal Empire Society).

238, St. James'-court, Buckingham Gate, S.W.1, Oct. 14.

INEQUALITY OF WEALTH

I was rather surprised to find Miss Susan Lawrence, M.P., in her presidential address at the Labour Party's Conference at Llandudno boasting that the Labour Party took from the rich to give to the poor. The gross inequalities of riches Miss Lawrence evidently regards unjust. But countries in which there is little inequality of wealth have low standards of living for the average man. Nowhere are inequalities so marked as in the United States, and nowhere is the general standard of life so high. The economic future of this country depends in a large measure on individual saving in order to keep our machinery up to date. The bulk of the incomes of millionaires goes back into industry. Divide these incomes up into 40,000,000 parts and the money for renewing plant is dissipated.—Mr. EDDIE WILLIAMS, Director, Yendall and Co., Limited, Rieca, Mon.

Points from Letters

COURAGE FOR ECONOMY

Dr. T. E. Page deserves the thanks of his fellow-countrymen for having once again—like a prophet of Israel—uttered the unpalatable and timely "word in season." The politician who would come forward and have the courage to proclaim and to practise national economy would have his reward, for I believe there is still sufficient grit left in the rank and file of the country to face hardship if it were shown to be necessary for our salvation.—Mr. ARTHUR C. NEWSUM, Bracebridge Heath, Lincoln.

GOLD AND PRICES

Sir Henry Strakosch's letter in your issue of October 13 contains expressions, perhaps hastily chosen, which might possibly be misunderstood in any attempt to measure the effects of gold scarcity. "Gold becomes scarce," he writes, "when production increases at a greater rate . . . than *the additions to* the monetary gold supply, which is . . . when its *supply* increases at a lesser rate than production" (italics mine). This might be read as meaning a ratio between the volume of goods annually produced and the annual supply of new gold available for monetary uses, not between the annual output of goods and the total stock of monetary gold—a very different thing. As gold is practically indestructible, while goods are annually consumed as well as annually produced, it is, of course, the latter ratio which is of importance in the quantity theory of money, and is what your correspondent has in mind.—SIR CHARLES HARRIS, Cookham.

GERMAN SYMPATHY FOR R 101

I arrived in England from Berlin on Monday morning and noticed in *The Times* of that day a quotation from a letter sent from Germany about German sympathy in the R 101 disaster. I was in Berlin on the evening of the day of the accident and received the news from the head waiter of the hotel during dinner. There can be no doubt about the deep and spontaneous sincerity of the Germans, and I should like it to be known that the orchestras at all the hotels ceased to play in the evening so soon as the full extent of the disaster was known.—Mr. A. HENRY THOMPSON.

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE

Is the nation in favour of Imperial Preference? May I reply that this non-party organization (with nearly 130 branches in various parts of the country) advocates the raising of a portion of the nation's revenues by way of import duties on all foreign goods of a kind that this country can itself produce (but *not* on goods from other parts of the Empire), so as to ensure British workers against unfair competition by foreign nations, who work at lower standards of living, pay less wages, and bear a much lighter load of taxation than Britain's producers and manufacturers. In short, this union advocates differential import duties in favour of Britain and the Empire.—SIR M. DE P. WEBB, Chairman, Central Executive, National Citizens' Union, 54, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

WHEAT-GROWING

In a leading article on Monday you gave two strong reasons for the continuance of wheat-growing in the Eastern Counties. A third reason, equally strong, which may not be familiar to your urban readers, is that wheat straw is the best bath as litter for stock and for thatching; if wheat-growing were abandoned there would not be sufficient bulk of straw for the littering of live stock.—The Hon. H. R. C. BALFOUR, Dunstead, Bures, Suffolk.

A SONG FOR THE PRESENT

In your issue of October 11 Sir Charles Firth quotes from some "boyish verses" of the late Mr. T. W. Dunn, of Bath College. My Mother used to sing them to us when we were children. May I give her extended (and somewhat different) version?

If I were a cobbler, I'd make it my pride
The best of all cobblers to be;
If I were a tinker, no tinker besides
Should mend an old kettle like me.
But whether a tinker or whether a lord,
Whatever my portion may be,
In school I will try to be top of the class,
In the field to be top of the tree.
Let who will be second
The first I'm determined to be.

Not a bad song for the present rising generation!—Mr. HERBERT ROLFE, 5, Pump-court, Temple.

WOMEN IN MEN'S POSTS

When we were on holiday this summer in a remote part of Wales our letters were always delivered by a postwoman, who tramped many miles a day. On inquiry at the post office we were told that this district was run by two women and one man "because women were cheaper than men"!—Mrs. DORA CASTLE, Shafto House, Rugby.

ARMISTICE DAY

We are fast approaching another Armistice Day, and I am hoping there will be some better arrangement this year so that throughout London the two minutes silence will begin and end at the same time. In Hammersmith we hold a service at the War Memorial (on Shepherd's Bush Green) every year, and from the time the first signal is given to the one announcing the end of the silence it is nearer four minutes than two, and extremely disconcerting to those taking part. Surely some better system could be devised if the B.B.C. and the Chief Commissioner of Police talked the matter over.—Mr. J. N. CLAYDON, 17, Dordrecht-road, Acton Vale, W.3.

CHRISTMAS ISLAND

The writer of the obituary notice of Admiral of the Fleet Sir William May has confused the Christmas Island in the Pacific with the other island of the same name south of Java Head. Both are British, but it was the latter that was annexed by the captain of the Imperieuse on that ship's passage to China.—ADMIRAL SIR RICHARD PHILLIMORE, Shedfield House, Hants.

TAXATION AND DECAY

Perhaps Sir Hugh Bell will permit me to suggest that his Roman references might be brought up-to-date by a quotation from a modern writer: "By the time of Diocletian the State had lost its appeal and become a structure based upon fear. It was a cobweb of suspicion: its activity was an activity of the extraction of taxes, relentless, remorseless . . . it tied the artisan to his guild, the serf to his plot, the councillor to his town, in order that each, duly penned in his place, might do his State-service and pay his State-dues. . . ." Dr. Ernest Barker in "The Legacy of Rome," page 78.—Mr. C. A. WEEKES, 61, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2.

BROKEN GLASS

Even more of a nuisance than most "litterlouts" are the scatterers of glass. Wearing boots or shoes themselves they may forget that our great friends the dogs cannot conveniently do so, but often suffer much from treading on broken glass. Though Spurgeon illustrated "Circumspection" by a cat walking on a wall coped with broken glass, the case is different with a dog running on a path or a common. A dog in my household, as intelligent as most, has more than once in the last few months been so wounded more or less severely; and I hear it is a frequent occurrence. Festive eaters and drinkers on public heaths and commons seem specially fond of casting to earth the used bottle, perhaps even smashing it in sportive spite at its emptiness. Could not our local authorities ask their custodians and their scavengers to be particularly on the look-out for this intolerable danger of glass thrown down; and also, without the slightest offence to taste, put up in much greater number firm and specific notices against the scandalous offence.—Mr. HERBERT M. BOWER, United University Club.

STUDY OF PORTUGUESE

May I, as a native of Spain, say to Mr. Marsden that, in my experience, Spaniards easily understand both Italian and Portuguese? I have always done so, yet I know no Latin, only English and Spanish thoroughly, and I have a fair knowledge of French.—Mrs. S. B. NORFOLK, Windermere, Burgess Hill, Sussex.

PLANTAINS IN GARDENS

I venture to advise that the removal of plantains can be accomplished without "back-bending" or even "the stoop" that the application of the paraffin brush calls for. A strip of oilcloth, and upon that a two-fold carpet pad, laid on the grass allow comfortable kneeling; the plantains can then be taken up with ease, clean from the root, by using a daisy fork and thereby the "blackening and shrivelling" of the weed is avoided. I have entirely freed a large lawn and keep it free of plantains by this method. The same fork process applies to the removal of daisies, buttercups, with their "runners," also dandelions, and these with their very long-down roots call for an extra deep plunge of the fork to release completely their hold and allow of a clean pull up.—Mr. WILLIAM R. POWER, 157, Stamford-hill, N.16.

THE CROWN PIECE

Why is the Government calling in the crown piece—quite a useful coin—and failing to issue the new coin of that denomination? The design for the new coin was one of the best of a bad set. In paying wages the crown piece is most useful, and it is a good coin for a church plate.—SIR JOHN BRICKWOOD, Portsmouth.

IN MAYFAIR..

you will find that the well-dressed man

enjoys self-command in the most formal gatherings. His entire personal equipment denotes *quality*. In the important matter of clothes, Linings play a big part; and when he sees the name "COURTINE" on the LININGS offered by his tailor, he knows their brilliant finish and fine colours are warranted by the Manufacturers to *last*. Every man who needs comfort and service as well as trimness of fit

stipulates—

"Courtine" (REGISTERED) LININGS

The name is on the Selvedge.

COURTAULDS COURTINE

GUARANTEED FULLY SHRUNK.

If any difficulty in obtaining "COURTINE" LININGS, write direct to the Manufacturers, COURTAULDS, LTD., 16 St. Martin's-le-Grand, LONDON, E.C.1.

shall we join the ladies—

Vintage 1884 30/- per bottle
Vintage 1878 36/- per bottle
Vintage 1870 37/6 per bottle
Vintage 1865 40/- per bottle
Vintage 1840 45/- per bottle

● *Sip this amber-golden brandy—slowly—on a palate refreshed with coffee. Roll it a moment on your tongue. Then—when the brandy itself steals away—something rarer will linger. Perfume, flavour, sensation—inextricably blended. A warmth as of summer sunshine suffusing all your being. This is the wonderful 'length' for which Bisquit Dubouché is famed—a magic woven by years of slumber in the vaults of the Charentes vineyards—where this Bisquit Dubouché brandy grew leisurely mature.*

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● GRANDE FINE CHAMPAGNE COGNAC

Listed and obtainable at all leading Hotels, Restaurants, Wine Merchants and Stores

To Rid Teeth of Film
use Pepsodent twice a day

Remove FILM daily. Try this special way

HAVE you noticed what you believe to be symptoms of decay? Then it is time to change your method of tooth-cleaning.

Germs are covered by a dingy coating on teeth called film. Film clings so tightly that ordinary methods fail in combating it successfully.

To remove film effectively dental authorities developed the tooth paste, Pepsodent. Pepsodent curdles film, then removes it . . . safely, gently; No pumice, no harmful grit.

Your dentist will tell you that when Pepsodent removes film it plays an important part in tooth protection. Therefore, use Pepsodent twice a day; see your dentist at least twice a year. This is the surest way to lovely, healthy teeth.

Send a post-card for free 10-day tube of Pepsodent to The Pepsodent Co., Dept. 145, 8 India Street, London, E.C.3.

The Special Film-Removing Tooth Paste

SCHOOL SCIENCE

CHRIST'S HOSPITAL AND THE EMPIRE

PRINCE OF WALES'S VISIT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

HORSHAM, OCT. 14

The Prince of Wales visited Christ's Hospital, Horsham, to-day, in his capacity of Chairman of the Council of Almoners, and formally opened the new block of science buildings and a new quadrangle. He travelled by air from Hendon, and his arrival was awaited by the boys, who, bareheaded and wearing their traditional blue coats, were ranked in the quadrangle. They cheered loudly when the two aeroplanes, in the first of which was the Prince of Wales and in the second Major J. R. Aird, were seen to approach, and the cheers were renewed when the machines circled over the school. They landed in a field a short distance away, and the Prince was met by the Bishop of Worcester (Vice-Chairman of the Council of Almoners) and by the Headmaster (Mr. H. L. O. Flecker).

The new block of buildings has been built and equipped to provide facilities for education in scientific agriculture so that boys who have an aptitude for natural science may be encouraged to become research students, for whom there is urgent need at home, and more particularly in the Dominions.

The Prince of Wales received another ovation when he ascended the platform which had been erected in the quadrangle, and the boys responded readily to the invitation, which was given to them by the BISHOP of WORCESTER, to come nearer. It was the desire of the Prince of Wales, he said, that the function should be a domestic one, and it was ever a family party. The Prince of Wales was the head of the House, but often he had to take journeys into far countries, leaving others to carry on until their Royal householder returned and called upon them to give an account of themselves and their doings during his necessary absence. What had they been doing? They had been building; not merely bricks and mortar, though in their architect, Mr. Sydney Tatchell, they had a deft conjurer with bricks and mortar—not merely the complete furnishing of biological laboratories and a theatre, though their science staff and their old friend, Professor Armstrong, knew just what was wanted to produce an equipment which had no superior in any public school in England; not merely a geographical department, which would give that most Imperial of studies a place of rightful independence and authority among the recognized subjects of every week's work. All that they had done, and, thanks to the generous way in which the Prince of Wales was pleased to head the list of donations, they could pretty well pay for it without permitting anything else to suffer. But what weighed with the older Blues was a great desire to make up for lost time and lost opportunities. They were mighty proud of the science establishment which was set up there when Christ's Hospital in 1902 descended on Sussex from the City. They knew now that it was not really adequate, and they were not ashamed to say so.

THE PRINCE'S SPEECH

The PRINCE OF WALES, in reply, said:—

As President of Christ's Hospital it is always a great pleasure to me to come and pay you a visit, and I am specially pleased to-day to open this new block. It is very satisfactory to know that no money has been borrowed and no capital sacrificed for the provision of this new building. Half the cost has come from the income of Christ's Hospital, which since the War has been so efficiently administered by the Council of Almoners and their Treasurers, while the other half has come from the gifts of friends of the school. Among those who have joined me in assisting this good object I must mention especially Sir William Dunn's Trustees, the Corporation of the City of London—we are very glad to see the Lord Mayor here—and many generous donations from City Companies; and among individual benefactors, Mrs. Tetley, Sir Percy Newson, Lady Cooper, Miss Dunning-Lawrence, Mrs. Reginald Smith, Miss Murray Smith, and Mr. Mervyn Davie. There are hosts of others, and I am sure we are deeply grateful to them.

The new building, which adds so finely to the beauty and usefulness of this great and ancient school, is to be used mainly for the teaching of geography and of natural sciences, among which I understand biology will now be able to take its proper place beside chemistry and physics. Knowing as I do the need of scientific investigators to fill posts in outlying parts of the Empire, the teaching of geography and biology has for me a special appeal. They are both Imperial subjects, and they both make for the better understanding of mankind. To appreciate, through a study of biology, both the variety and the unity of all organic life is the surest path to sympathy and sound philosophy. And if the best way to get on happily with foreigners is to travel among them, certainly the second best way is to study in the geography laboratory their manners and customs and the conditions under which they live. And that is true not only of foreigners, but also of our kinsmen overseas. Christ's Hospital is famed for its Imperial interests. Many Old Blues in recent years have settled in New Zealand, in Canada, in Australia, and in South Africa. It seemed quite natural, therefore, that a Canadian university, in their search for a principal, should have cast a covetous eye on our headmaster, and taken him from us. Though we can ill afford to lose him, we congratulate the Canadians on their choice of Mr. Fyfe, to whose inception this building is due. The Council of Almoners have made it worthy of its purpose, and I have no doubt that under the able administration of our new headmaster, Mr. Flecker, the admirable facilities provided will stimulate in the boys a love of nature and their country, and make them good citizens. With this hope and a prayer for the continued prosperity of Christ's Hospital I have much pleasure in declaring this building open. (Cheers.)

CHANGE OF HEADMASTERS

The Prince of Wales then inspected the new building, the science library, and the workrooms on the ground floor, and on the upper floors the lecture theatre, accommodating 120 students, and workshops for botany, agriculture, geography, and geology, and the flat roof for experimental work to be conducted under glass. Later the boys marched to the music of their band into the large dining hall, where luncheon was served. The Prince of Wales and a large company, which included the Lord Mayor, the Lady Mayoress, and Mr. Sheriff Jenks, occupied the high table at the end of the hall.

Addressing the boys after luncheon, the PRINCE OF WALES evoked a cheer when he announced that he had obtained for them two days' extra holiday next summer. He proceeded:—"Since I was here last there has been a change of headmasters. Mr. Hamilton Fyfe has gone to Canada, and I am sure we wish him every possible success in his new job, which, I feel sure, he will fill with very great ability. I have met your new headmaster for the first time to-day, and I am sure that he, too, will fill his new job with great ability. He seems during this term to have taken on a very peculiar job, because he does not only look after 800 of you here, but he seems to have jurisdiction over 600 boys in another school (Berkhamsted). I understand it has been arranged that his old school is to play you this afternoon, and I cannot expect Mr. Flecker to say which side he wishes to win. (Laughter.) I wish you the best of luck, and in after-life always remember the old tradition, and that you were taught in this old school, of which I am very proud to be president." (Cheers.)

The Prince afterwards visited the Wakefield Scouts' Hall and the engineering school, and he watched for some time a football match played between Christ's Hospital and Berkhamsted School. When he left to enter his aeroplane he was again cheered by the boys, and the demonstration was renewed when the two machines circled over the school grounds before setting their course for London.

Among those who were present, and who were presented to the Prince of Wales, were:—

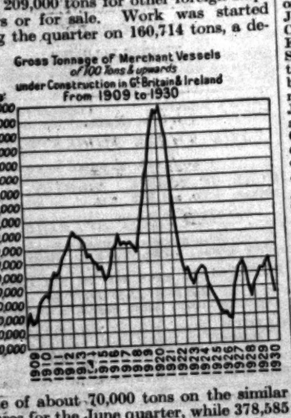
The treasurer of Christ's Hospital (Mr. J. J. Brown), the former treasurer (Mr. W. B. Davie), Mrs. Hornby Spicer, Mrs. Reginald Smith, Lord Wakefield, Lady Bowyer, Sir James Leigh-Wood, Sir Stuart Sankey, Sir Richard Lodge, Sir Holburt Waring, Sir Andrew Taylor, Professor Armstrong, Colonel E. W. Birt, Captain A. G. Goodrich, Mr. Tedall-Carpenter, Sir A. Hartley Sharpe, Mr. L. G. Sutton, Mr. James Spalding, Captain Guy Walmisley, Mr. H. Collison, Mr. R. H. Trower, Dr. Hanks, Mr. G. Vaughan-Morgan, Mr. R. A. B. Trower, Mr. A. Wagg, Mr. O. H. Wagner, Mr. W. H. Lemmey, Miss Crair, Captain A. S. Williams, Mr. T. H. Hewett, Mr. C. A. V. Allen, Mr. R. C. Evans, Mr. W. E. Hudson, the teaching staff and officials of the new school, Mr. Sydney Tatchell, F.R.I.B.A. (architect of the new buildings), Mr. H. Norris (contractor), Mr. G. Alexander (assistant), Mr. F. H. Pendrey (clerk of works), Mr. J. Lemmon (foreman of works), Mr. W. J. Strand (engineer and electrician), and Mr. Baker (foreman plumber).

SHIPBUILDING

FURTHER DECLINE IN WORK

Returns of Lloyd's Register for the quarter ended September 30 show that there were then under construction in Great Britain and Ireland 258 vessels, representing 1,116,746 tons gross. Of this shipping 69 vessels, of 540,318 tons, were tankers intended to carry oil in bulk. The total new shipping in hand showed a decrease of 275,317 tons on the new tonnage for June 30, which had represented a decline of 222,930 tons on the figures for March, and of 331,609 tons on the amount under construction at the end of September, 1929.

About 218,000 tons of the shipping being built at the close of the last quarter are intended for Norway, about 21,000 tons are for the British Dominions, and about 209,000 tons for other foreign shipowners or for sale. Work was started during the quarter on 160,714 tons, a decline of about 70,000 tons on the similar figures for the June quarter, while 378,585 tons were launched, a decrease of about 89,000 tons. There was thus a difference of as much as 217,871 tons between the amount launched and that begun, which means that many shipbuilding berths have lately become vacant, and that the immediate outlook for work is accordingly prejudiced.



Abroad, the tonnage under construction on September 30 was 1,452,290 tons, which was about 213,000 tons less than that being built at the end of June. It is pointed out by the Register that the total figures for September 30 do not include the amount being built in Russia, for which country no returns have been received. In five countries abroad there were more than 180,000 tons under construction—namely, the United States of America, 212,974 tons; France, 209,307 tons; Germany, 194,200 tons; Italy, 188,384 tons; and Holland, 184,920 tons.

The total tonnage under construction in the world on September 30 amounted to 2,569,036 tons, of which 43.5 per cent. was being built in Great Britain and Ireland and 56.5 per cent. abroad. The average percentages in the last 12 months before the War were 57.2 for Great Britain and Ireland and 42.8 for abroad. Work was started abroad on 319,530 tons, a decrease of 30,895 tons on the figures for June 30, and 342,500 tons were launched, a decline of 76,353 tons.

A decrease of about 76,000 tons, compared with the record figures for June, is shown in the tanker tonnage under construction throughout the world, the present figures being 135 vessels, of 1,034,144 tons, of which, as stated above, 69 vessels, of 540,318 tons, were being built in Great Britain and Ireland, while 15 vessels, of 128,545 tons, were under construction in Germany. Of the 135 tankers, 122 are motor-ships. The tanker tonnage being built represents more than 40 per cent. of the total steam and motor tonnage under construction in the world, the percentage being the highest recorded.

MOTOR-SHIP TONNAGE

As was the case at the end of March and June, the tonnage of motor-ships under construction in Great Britain and Ireland at the end of September exceeded that of the steamships being built, the present figures being 637,154 tons for motor-ships and 476,692 tons for steamships. Abroad, the motor-ship tonnage under construction, at 922,180, exceeded by more than 75 per cent. the tonnage of steamships being built.

The continued progress in the employment of the internal combustion engine for large vessels is indicated by the fact that, whereas there were being built at the end of the last quarter 78 motor-ships of between 8,000 and 15,000 tons each, only 17 steamers of such size were under construction. Of vessels of more than 15,000 tons, there were being built 15 steamers and seven motor-ships. The horse-power of steam engines being built or fitted in ships on September 30 amounted to about 1,123,000, while the figures for oil engines were about 1,200,000 h.p. The figures for steam engines included 54 sets of turbine engines of about 757,000 shaft horse-power, giving an average of 14,000 h.p. a set.

The tonnage under construction throughout the world to the inspection of Lloyd's Register on September 30 amounted to 1,803,691 tons, of which 997,401 tons were being built in Great Britain and Ireland.

ISLE OF MAN CRIME

ASYLUM INMATE ARRESTED

At dawn yesterday the search was recommenced for the armed man, believed to be a lunatic, who is supposed to be the murderer of Percy Brooke, 60, who was shot dead in a cottage in Sulby Glen, Isle of Man, on Sunday.

The only witness of the shooting was a labourer named Kinrade. He has stated that Brooke asked him to accompany him through the cottage, as it was evident it had been broken into. A shot rang out when they got inside, and Brooke fell dead.

The search ended at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon with the arrest of a man in a ruined building not a stone's throw from the farm at Druidale where Brooke was born. Sergeant Watterson entered the building and, pointing a revolver at the occupant, cried, "Hands up!" The man was taken into Douglas and detained.

The name of the arrested man was stated to be Thomas Edward Kissack, 43. He had been an inmate of the asylum on the island for a number of years. When Sergeant Watterson entered the building, Kissack was standing by the fireplace. Sergeant Watterson, two police-constables, and three attendants of lunatics handcuffed Kissack, who was very exhausted. The party then had to carry him along a mountain path in wind and heavy rain. He will be charged to-morrow morning at Ramsey with the murder of Mr. Brooke.

The inquest on the body of PERCY WILLIAM BROOKE was opened at Ramsey Court House yesterday afternoon and was adjourned for four weeks.

Robert Lees Lezayre Lodge Sulby said he last saw his brother-in-law on Monday morning riding a bicycle in the direction of the house where he met his death.

The funeral of Mr. Brooke will take place to-day.

MOTHER SENT TO GAOL FOR NEGLECTING CHILDREN

The Stipendiary Magistrate at Merthyr Tydfil yesterday sentenced Mrs. ELIZABETH DAVIES, of Dowlais, wife of a locomotive fireman to three months' imprisonment without hard labour for neglecting her children. One of the children, it was stated, had been seen with a lump on the back of her head alleged to have been caused by a chair being thrown at her; and a lump on the forehead caused, it was alleged, by a blow with the back of a hatchet. The husband, it was stated, had left her owing to her drunken habits, and now had the children with him.

NATIONAL MARK BEEF SCHEME IN BIRMINGHAM

The Ministry of Agriculture announces that a notable increase in the number of sides of beef graded and marked with the National Mark in Birmingham was recorded in the returns received by the Ministry for the week ended October 11. The combined totals of sides graded and marked at the city abattoir and private slaughterhouses for this week was 371, compared with 231 for the previous week and 184 for the week ended September 27. Thus in a fortnight the quantity of National Mark beef available in Birmingham has more than doubled.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

CHANCELLOR'S LEVEE AT CAMBRIDGE

OXFORD, OCT. 14

Dr. C. C. J. Webb, M.A., D.Litt., Hon. LL.D. (St. Andrews), F.B.A., formerly Oriel Professor of the Philosophy of the Christian Religion and Fellow of Oriel College, has been elected to an Honorary Fellowship at Oriel College.

CAMBRIDGE, OCT. 14

The Vice-Chancellor announces that the Chancellor will hold a levée for members of the Senate in the Fitzwilliam Museum at 3.30 p.m. on Friday, October 24. It is desirable that all members of the Senate who wish to be presented should arrive not later than 3.45 p.m. at the levée. Morning dress should be worn with gown and hood, but without bands. Doctors should wear scarlet. It is requested that each person who intends to be presented to the Chancellor will bring with him two cards, on each of which his name, degree, and college are distinctly written. One is to be left at the door of the Museum and the other to be handed to the Registrar, who will announce the name to the Chancellor.

The Vice-Chancellor announces that the will of Lady Jebb, widow of Professor Sir R. C. Jebb, contains the following bequest:—To the Corporation of the University of Cambridge, England, £5,000, or its equivalent in United States money, as an additional endowment to the "Lady Jebb Benefaction" for the establishment of a scholarship or other object in memory of the late Sir Richard Jebb. Lady Jebb's original benefaction has been previously announced. She died in July last. At the Congregation next Friday a Grace will be offered to the effect that Lady Jebb's bequest of £5,000 as an additional endowment of the Jebb Fund be gratefully accepted.

The Vice-Chancellor has published the regulations which have been adopted for the scholarships provided by the Surveyors' Institution with the object of recruiting into the surveying profession annually a number of men possessing the highest academic qualifications and training. At the Congregation next Friday the thanks of the University will be conveyed to the Surveyors' Institution for their gift.

The Vice-Chancellor has appointed the following as Deputy Vice-Chancellors:—Dr. Fitzpatrick, President of Queens'; Mr. Weekes, Master of Sidney Sussex; and Dr. Seward, Master of Downing. The Professor of Chemistry has appointed Mr. S. E. Janson, B.A., of Gonville and Caius, to be his assistant for five years.

For the tenth year in succession Trinity College, Cambridge, announces the offer of a Research Studentship open to graduates of other universities who propose to come to Cambridge in October next as candidates for the degree of Ph.D. The value of the Studentship may be as much as £300 a year if the pecuniary circumstances of the successful candidate require so large a sum. Applications must reach the Senior Tutor not later than July 1, 1931.

The same college offers, as usual, Dominion and Colonial Exhibitions to students of Dominion and Colonial universities who wish to come to Cambridge next October as candidates for the degree of B.A., M.Litt., M.Sc., or Ph.D. These Exhibitions are of the titular value of £40, but their actual value is such sum (if any) not exceeding the titular value as the college Council may from time to time hold to be justified by the exhibitioner's financial circumstances. If it is made clear that the financial need of an exhibitioner cannot possibly be met by the payment to him of the full amount of his titular emolument, the Council has power, if it sees fit and if funds are available, to award him an additional payment. Candidates must apply through the principal authority of their university, and applications should reach the Senior Tutor (from whom further particulars may be obtained) by July 1, 1931.

LONDON, OCT. 14

The programme of special lectures arranged by Professor W. W. Jameson at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine in connexion with the course of study for the Diploma in Public Health is now issued. These lectures are open not only to the D.P.H. students at the school but also to any member of the Public Health Service and to all interested members of the general public. A detailed syllabus can be obtained on application to the Secretary, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel-street, W.C.1.

GLASGOW, OCT. 13

The Examiners have to-day issued the following awards in the Honours Examination in Latin and French for the degree of Master of Arts:—

FIRST-CLASS HONOURS.—Davidson, Barbara G.; Irving, J. A.; Tyrrell, Irene.

SECOND-CLASS HONOURS.—Allan, Mary F.

The following awards have also been issued by the Examiners in the Honours Examination in Mental Philosophy for the degree of Master of Arts:—

SECOND-CLASS HONOURS.—Levack, J. G.; Shaw, E. O.

The following awards have also been issued in the Honours Examination in English and Philosophy for the degree of Master of Arts:—

SECOND-CLASS HONOURS.—McDowell, Elizabeth M.; Wilson, B.

THIRD-CLASS HONOURS.—Murray, Margaret M. H.; Pringle, Nora D.

COAL EXPORT MARKETS IN SCANDINAVIA

FORTHCOMING REPORT OF BRITISH DELEGATION

(FROM OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT)

The members of the delegation representing the British coal trade which recently visited Scandinavia had a meeting at the Mines Department yesterday to consider a draft report and recommendations. All the members of the delegation were present:—Mr. Shinwell, Parliamentary Secretary to the Mines Department, Mr. A. W. Archer, Mr. J. R. D. Bell, Sir Alfred Cope, Mr. Ridley Warham, and Captain M. J. Wemyss (representing the coalowners of Great Britain), Mr. Lindsay Carlow, Sir Walter Raine, and Mr. R. M. Stewart (representing the coal exporters), and Mr. H. W. Cole, Assistant Under-Secretary for Mines.

The purpose of the delegation was to study the position of our coal export markets in Sweden, Norway, and Denmark. A great amount of information was obtained and the draft report under consideration yesterday was based on the facts of the case in each of the three countries. The discussion lasted all day. A final report will now be prepared and submitted, along with a series of recommendations, to another meeting of the delegation next Wednesday. It is hoped that the report will be published before the reassembly of Parliament.

DEMOCRACY AND CLASS DISTINCTIONS

HOBHOUSE MEMORIAL LECTURE

"Towards Social Equality," was the subject of the first Hobhouse Memorial Lecture, which was given by Mr. J. A. HOBSON yesterday afternoon in the London School of Economics and Political Science, Aldwych. The lecture, which is to be delivered yearly in one of the schools of London University, was founded as a permanent memorial of the services to the University of the late Professor Leonard Hobhouse. SIR JOSIAH STAMP (vice-chairman of the Court of Governors of the School of Economics) presided at the Lecture, and there was a large attendance of Governors and students.

Mr. HOBSON said that the levelling process which was making the members of the different social classes in this country more alike in their ordinary physical and mental interests and activities was not an adequate achievement of that social equality which was an essential of real democracy. Progress along this road made for a homogeneity which did not form the sufficient substance of a live organic society. It tended to stifle personality. The sort of equality wanted was not got by standardization or by expert socialization, though both processes were necessary factors in social progress. Democracy, as Hobhouse conceived it, was not a rising level of comfort for all alike, with common standards of conduct, thought, and feeling, but a voluntary cooperation of free, diverse personalities selecting from the common fund of opportunity their special place of distinction and activity. To this end a levelling of those class distinctions in our national life which impeded the free flow of social intercourse was a process of vital urgency.

SIR WILLIAM BEVERIDGE, Director of the School, in moving a vote of thanks to the lecturer, said that Mr. Hobson was engaged on a biography of Professor Hobhouse.

RAMSGATE SHOP MURDER

INQUEST EVIDENCE

MISS WREN'S EFFORTS TO SHIELD CULPRIT

The inquest on the body of Miss Margery Wren, aged 82, the shopkeeper of Church-road, Ramsgate, who was found dying in her little general store, was resumed at Ramsgate yesterday by Dr. F. W. Hardman.

The CORONER said that the greatest difficulty in the case had been caused by the attitude of the dead woman herself. She made a number of varying and conflicting statements. At first she explained her injuries as being due to an accidental fall. At a later time she spoke of assaults committed, not by one person, or by two, but by three or four persons separately. The names of those persons were mentioned, and allegations made against them. These statements raised a very difficult problem. It was perfectly obvious that some of these persons were entirely innocent and unconnected with the offence. It was quite likely that all of them were innocent, but their names had been mentioned. The evidence was bound to create painful feelings among a number of persons, but he had come to the conclusion that the jury were entitled to have every material fact in the case put before them irrespective of consequences. The jury would have to consider what degree of credibility they could attach to her statements. It was not at all improbable that she realized what she was saying, and the underlying reason why she made these varying and conflicting statements was that she was endeavouring to shield some person she knew, and whom she wished to protect.

Dr. G. Roche Lynch, Senior Official Analyst to the Home Office, produced a pair of fire-tongs which were found in Miss Wren's house and some hair. There were, he said, traces of human blood on the head, neck, and hinge of the tongs. One human hair was on the head of the tongs. This bore a general resemblance to the hair taken from Miss Wren's head, though it was lighter in colour.

SIR B. SPILSBURY'S EVIDENCE

Sir Bernard Spilsbury, who made the *post-mortem* examination, described the injuries he found on the body. He said that the hair removed from the tongs was similar in colour and dimensions to Miss Wren's hair. The abrasions and bruises on the front and sides of the neck and the fractures and bruises in and around the windbox pointed to Miss Wren having been grasped by the hand with considerable violence in an attempt at strangulation. The injuries on the face and top of the head could all have been caused by the tongs. The cause of death was syncope or heart failure due to acute bronchial pneumonia, consequent on injuries to the face and head and strangulation by the hand. He did not find on the tongs any portion of fabric that might have come from Miss Wren's cap, and he came to the conclusion that the blows were not inflicted through the cap, but directly on to the head. It was not possible for the injuries to have been caused by a fall.

Reuben Beer, who delivered coal at Miss Wren's cottage at 3.25 p.m. on Saturday, September 20, the day of the crime, said that she then appeared to be alone.

Ellen Marvel, a 12-year-old schoolgirl, said she visited Miss Wren's shop at 6 p.m. She could see Miss Wren through the shop window sitting in a chair in the living-room. The door of the shop appeared to be locked.

"I rattled the door," the girl added, "and Miss Wren came quite quickly. I noticed at once that blood was streaming down both sides of her face. I said, 'Whatever is the matter?' and she asked me what I wanted. I had to tell her several times that I wanted a blancmange powder before she understood. She then took all the blancmange powders from a shelf and told me to take what flavour I wanted. She did not tell me what was the matter. My father came across. He asked Miss Wren what was the matter, and she replied, 'I have had a tumble.' She appeared to be muddled in her manner."

CONFLICTING STATEMENTS

Sydney Marvel, the girl's father, said that when he saw her Miss Wren had a mark over the eye, swollen cheeks, and blood on her face. He asked her how long it was since she had done it, and she said a quarter of an hour.

Dr. Archibald, of Ramsgate, said that he found Miss Wren bleeding from a wound on the face. The first words she said to him were "I am suffocating, I am suffocating." She added that she turned giddy and fell. On the Sunday morning also Miss Wren told him she turned giddy and had a fall, but later in the day she said, "He caught me by the throat and then set about me with the tongs." He asked her to describe her assailant, and she replied, "You will never get him, doctor. He has escaped." On one occasion she said that he was a big man with a red face, a moustache, and glaring eyes. She added, "I can still see his eyes glaring at me." On another occasion she said that he had no moustache, and on another that there was a second man standing at the door who beckoned him to go away. Her statements varied considerably.

Dr. Archibald gave the names of three men and the addresses of two whom Miss Wren, he said, mentioned as the perpetrators of the crime.

The CORONER.—Did it enter your mind that she was shielding anybody?—I had that strong impression the whole time.

One might almost, taking that view, describe these statements as those of a cunning old woman?—Well, I think you might from one point of view. I still think she knew actually who did it. That is the impression which was firmly fixed in my mind.

INQUIRIES ABOUT PERSONS NAMED

Mr. F. S. Butler, Chief Constable of Ramsgate, said he found two bloodstained handkerchiefs in a dustbin. He repeatedly tried to persuade Miss Wren to tell him who her assailant was.

The CORONER.—Have you considered the names that have been mentioned by Miss Wren?

The Chief Constable.—Yes; we have made very full inquiries.

Is the result of your inquiries such that no action is deemed necessary in the case of any of these persons?—With all respect is that a fair question? My difficulty frankly is this, that while I am able to say with regard to A, B, or C that inquiries have been made and a complete alibi established, with regard to D, E, or F up to a point it might be satisfactory but something might come along which might shatter that. Therefore I don't think I ought to say what the position is either in fairness to myself, the jury, or anybody.

The CORONER.—You have considered these names and in consequence you have not taken any hostile action with regard to them?—I can say that no person has been charged.

The Chief Constable said that the place had been examined very carefully, but there was no evidence of robbery. Miss Wren was in receipt of £16 14s. half-yearly from a sister's estate. She had to exist on this money and the takings of the shop, which were very small indeed. She lived in a state of poverty although she pretended that she was a woman of wealth and kept money in various parts of the house.

The inquest was adjourned until Friday, October 24, at 3 o'clock.

DR. STUART HOLDEN

Tribute was paid last night to the evangelical work of Dr. Stuart Holden, who was presented with a cheque at the Mission Hall, East-street, Baker-street, on the completion of 25 years as vicar of St. Paul's, Portman-square. Mrs. Holden was presented with an antique sideboard by members of the church. The REV. D. P. ROBINSON presided. Dr. CHARLES BROWN spoke of the expository character of Dr. Holden's ministry, and Dr. HUTTON, editor of the *British Weekly*, added his congratulations. Dr. E. YOUNG, in making the presentation, said that it was due to Dr. Holden's inspiration that 64 missionaries had gone forth from St. Paul's to different parts of the world. Dr. HOLDEN, responding, said there was always unity in St. Paul's, and he would never seek unity in its work for God. Other speakers included Mr. STUART MCNAB, secretary of the Evangelical Union of Missionary Societies of South America, in the founding of which Dr. Holden took a prominent part.

AUTUMN ASSIZES

The following have been fixed as Commission Days for the Autumn Assizes on the North-Eastern Circuit:—Newcastle, Nov. 1 (Civil and Criminal); Durham, Nov. 13 (Criminal); York, Nov. 22 (Criminal); Leeds, Nov. 29 (Civil and Criminal). In addition, Divorce Causes will be taken at all the towns, Mr. Justice Roche will travel the whole circuit, and will be joined at Leeds by Mr. Justice Talbot.

WOMEN IN THE CIVIL SERVICE

"A FAIR FIELD AND NO FAVOUR"

The Royal Commission on the Civil Service met again at the House of Lords yesterday, when evidence was given on behalf of the Council of Women Civil Servants (Higher Grades), and later by Dame Maude Lawrence, Director of Women's Establishments at the Treasury. Lord Tomlin presided.

The first witness was Miss Sanday, who gave evidence on the recruitment of women and their opportunities in the higher grades.

The CHAIRMAN asked the witness whether, in regard to appointments, the council favoured a policy of a "fair field and no favour" between men and women, or whether they favoured a policy of reserving a certain proportion of posts for women only. She replied that they favoured the fair field for work common to men and women.

The CHAIRMAN.—Then you do recognize that there are groups of work which ought to be either for men alone or for women alone?—There may be certain isolated groups.

In reply to further questions, the witness said that the decision as to what was purely men's work and purely women's work should not be an arbitrary decision imposed on women.

Evidence on the standard of remuneration was given by Miss Wall. Asked by the CHAIRMAN whether, assuming that women were being paid a fair commercial rate outside the Service, she would consider it right that the State should set up a higher rate of payment, the witness said that she would.

The CHAIRMAN.—Why should the State, because it is playing with other people's money, pay more than the commercial value of the work? You are prepared to say it ought to?—Yes, but not on your grounds. It should pay the value of the work, and the rate would be fixed in consideration with other factors. The State has not got to make a profit and can do the right thing.

The CHAIRMAN.—Do not talk to me about the right thing.

Miss Ibberson, who gave evidence regarding conditions of retirement, was questioned by Mr. J. BROMLEY, M.P. (a member of the Commission) as to the possibility of a married woman bringing up her children properly unless she gave up her work, and replied that it was as false to presume that all women were domestic as that all men were martial. In the case of many women it was better that someone else should attend to their children.

Mr. BROMLEY.—If it is very far flung that the women of our country think they are not the best fitted for the care of their children, it will be a very serious mark against our national attributes.

Dame Maude Lawrence then gave evidence. She said that the system of having women establishment officers in various departments had worked very well. She had had 25 years' experience of women in the Civil Service. At first women were not welcome, though she would not say that there was prejudice against them. She did not think that there was any justification for the view that the Civil Service had lagged behind the outside world in the opportunities given to women.

In reply to the CHAIRMAN, the witness agreed that the experiment in the principle of "fair field and no favour" was one which ought to be continued, at any rate until the results of it were found unsatisfactory. She agreed that there might be exceptional cases that would have to be dealt with in a special way.

In regard to the marriage bar, the witness said that she would like to see it retained throughout the Service. The angle of approach in this matter should be the efficiency and benefit of the public service, and not the desire of the individual. Where a department wished to retain a woman after marriage, representations could be made to the Treasury. That had not been done during her 10 years' experience.

The Commission adjourned until to-day.

LORD D'ABERNON AND INDUSTRIAL PSYCHOLOGY

Lord D'Abernon has accepted the Presidency of the National Institute of Industrial Psychology in succession to the late Lord Balfour. Lord D'Abernon, who was first British Ambassador in Berlin after the War, headed last year the British Economic Mission to South America. In 1926 he was chairman of the Industrial Fatigue Research Board.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST CANCER

NEW COUNCIL FOR EAST MIDLANDS

In the absence of Lord Reading, Sir Charles Gordon-Watson presided at the quarterly meeting of the Grand Council of the British Empire Cancer Campaign, which was held on Monday at the new offices at 12, Grosvenor-crescent, Hyde Park Corner.

Those present included:—

Professor W. S. Lazarus-Barlow, Sir Archibald Bodkin, Dr. H. A. Colwell, Mr. R. C. Davis, Dr. Malcolm Donaldson, Sir Richard Garton, Dr. E. A. Gibbons, Mr. Eric Pearce Gould, Sir William Hale-White, Professor F. L. Hopwood, Dr. W. S. Handley, Mr. J. P. Lockhart-Mummery, Brigadier-General J. W. M. Newton, Sir George Makins, Mr. W. E. Miles, Mr. P. J. Neale, Dr. A. W. Orford, Mr. Cecil Rowntree, Mr. J. C. Buchanan (secretary to the Cancer Hospital Free), Mr. E. J. Wright (finance secretary to the Campaign) and Captain E. J. C. Chapman (general secretary to the Campaign).

On the recommendation of the scientific advisory committee, a further grant of £150 was made to Dr. J. C. Mottram, Pathologist at the Radium Institute, London; £300 to Mrs. E. K. Dawson, of Edinburgh, for the continuance of investigations into mammary cancer; and £250 to Mr. E. N. Willmer, at the Physiological Laboratory, Cambridge University.

An application for affiliation from the Natal Radium and Anti-Cancer Fund, South Africa, was received and acceded to, thus completing the representation of the British Empire Cancer Campaign either by way of branches or affiliated bodies in every one of the British Dominions.

The Executive Committee reported that owing to the success achieved by the Nottinghamshire Council of the Campaign their work was being extended by associating with the counties of Derbyshire, Lincolnshire, Leicestershire, and Rutlandshire, thus forming the East Midland Council. It was reported that, on the invitation of the Lords Lieutenant of these counties, the Duke of Portland had agreed to act as president of the new Midland Council.

CONFERENCE ON RESEARCH

A report was received from the Executive Committee that the informal conference between the members of the scientific committees of the Campaign and other cancer research workers would take place before the end of the year to take stock of the progress effected and to discuss further general lines of research into the cancer problem.

The Grand Council was informed that the popular book on cancer had been finally approved by all the technical committees of the Campaign, and its publication would take place through the firm of Messrs. John Murray. The book would be entitled "The Truth about Cancer," and would soon be obtainable from all booksellers at 2s. 6d. a copy. The Campaign had fixed the price of the book at this figure so as to make it available to all classes of the community.

The report from the finance committee showed that the British Empire Cancer Campaign had received an intimation that a legacy of over £20,000 would become available soon for its research into the causes and cure of cancer.

WOMAN'S SOARING FLIGHT

ENGLISH TOUR BY MLLE. LIPPENS

Mlle. Susi Lippens, daughter of the Belgian Air Minister, who has just started a tour of British gliding centres, made a soaring flight of half an hour in her glider of the Professor type from the soaring grounds of the Folkestone Club at Hawkinge on Monday night. This is the longest soaring flight ever made by a woman, though flights of two to three hours were made by men pilots in similar machines at Itford Beacon early this year and at the Wasserkuppe, Germany, more recently.

Several British gliding clubs have women members, but in these young clubs work has been confined so far to practice on primary and intermediate gliders which are not designed for long soaring flights. Advanced types of machines are much more expensive. These clubs intend to take up soaring as distinct from gliding when experience justifies it, and the tour of Mlle. Lippens will no doubt stimulate the movement.

CONSCIENCE MONEY

The Chancellor of the Exchequer acknowledges the receipt of £35 10s., conscience money.

News in Brief

The National Conference of Labour Women for 1931 will be held on June 2 and following days at the Tower Ballroom, Blackpool.

A vacancy has arisen in the Corporation of the City of London through the retirement of Mr. F. H. Brundle, who has been a representative of Cripplegate Ward since 1911.

Mr. William Whytenead Houlton, Deputy Lord Lieutenant of Essex, of Braxted Park, Witham, has been adopted as prospective Conservative candidate for the Central Division of Sheffield.

William Davis, 70, of Morris-street, North Ormesby, who went to the help of workmen lifting two tons weight by a crane at Middlesbrough yesterday, was crushed to death when the crane collapsed and the load fell on him.

While Lieutenant-Colonel Harold Hambro was hunting yesterday morning at Hawstead, near Bury St. Edmunds, with the Suffolk Foxhounds, of which he is Master, his horse fell at a ditch and rolled on him. He escaped with severe bruises.

The maximum penalty of £2, together with 3 guineas costs, was inflicted on Henry Charles William Neal, an ex-railway clerk, who was found *Guilty* at Southend yesterday of defrauding the L.M.S. Railway Company by travelling on the railway without paying his fare.

Damages of £100 were awarded at Kingston County Court yesterday to Sidney Hogarth Millwood, 18, of Canbury Park-road, Kingston, who sued Edward Arthur Tanner, a youth of the same age, of Ham-street, Ham, in respect of the loss of his right eye. It was stated that Millwood was struck in the eye by pellets from an air gun fired by Tanner.

At the Mansion House Justice Room yesterday, before Alderman Sir Louis Newton, David John Lee, 25, clerk, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment with hard labour for stealing a kit-bag containing £243 from his employers, the Printers' Medical Aid and Sanatoria Association, of Fleet-street. The defendant, who bore a good character, had been in their service since he was 14 years of age. He said he had "done the money in" on dog racing.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The Wandsworth Borough Council invite tenders for the erection of a block of 31 flats on a site in Fountain-road, Tooting, S.W. (p. 4)

The Egyptian Ministry of Education require, for the design office of the Department of Technical Education, a designer specializing in furniture and allied trades, and a designer specializing in decorative leather work. (p. 3)

Particulars are wanted concerning an Antarctic cruise organized by Stenhouse. (p. 1)

"Foyle's Literary Luncheon" is to be held in London on October 21. (p. 10)

A reward of £25 is offered for a lost diamond cluster ring. (p. 1)

MORE LOOMS TO A WEAVER

PROPOSED NEW PIECE RATES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MANCHESTER, OCT. 14

The draft of a new piece price list of rates of wages in the manufacturing section of the cotton industry, on which a special sub-committee of the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association has been engaged for some months as one outcome of negotiations relating to the multiple-loom system, was reported to the Central Committee of the Association this morning. After a short discussion the Central Committee decided to refer it for consideration and report to the committee of each district association of manufacturers. It cannot become the subject of negotiations with the Northern Counties Textile Trades Federation or the Amalgamated Weavers' Association until after it has been adopted

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
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NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
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UNUSED PERSONALITY

By CALLISTHENES

People commonly talk of personality as though it were something that could not be hidden, a light which must shine whether its owner intends it or not.

But this, unfortunately, is not true. A man may have a fine personality and lock it away like jewels in a safe. Most of us who have worked in a large firm have come across cases of concealed personality. Acquaintances outside our office have talked to us about one with whom we have worked for years and to our surprise have spoken of his fine personality. They have expressed admiration for his character, his vitality, his humour, his friendliness—and all the time we have wondered whether it could really be the same man.

For as we have known him in the office and as one of the office staff he has been a very ordinary person, doing his work in a very ordinary way.

These revelations when they are made to us first strike us pleasantly. We are glad to know that those we work with are more interesting, and more cultured, more developed in mind and character than we had thought. But second thoughts indicate something to be regretted.

For if a man has character the place to show it is in his business.

Personality is not something to be shown only at home or in the club. It is a gift and, like all such gifts, to be used, not hidden. That a man should deliberately refrain from showing in his work and to his working companions some of the ideals and enthusiasms, some of the delicate courtesy, some of the eager generosity, which make him an attractive personality among his private acquaintances seems to us to show either that he is in the wrong business or has wrong views about it.

We in this House regard our business as a place in which to express and develop our personalities, not conceal them. We are not in second gear from 9 to 6 and in top gear for the rest of the day. We are in top gear for work as for recreation.

We do not regard our work as something which requires us to put on a mask. It is something in which we are free to be ourselves.

If a man does his work in this Store with all his heart he does not need to leave his personality unused. If he is a good comrade to those with whom he works, if he is keenly loyal to the Firm, if he brings to his relations with the public an eager spirit of service, a smiling and sincere courtesy (and we have many men and many women in our Organisation of whom we can say this) then he has opportunity for the finest character, the finest personality with which a man can be blest.

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ROAD REPAIRS IN LONDON

TRANSPORT MINISTRY'S LIST

Appended is the list issued by the Ministry of Transport of works of road maintenance and improvement in London to be begun during the fortnight ended October 25. Alternative routes or loop roads available to traffic during the progress of the works are shown in parentheses, and the date of the beginning and estimated date of completion follow:—

Southwood-lane, Hornsey.—Park-walk to Castle-yard (North-road and North-hill). Oct. 13-25.
Holloway-road, Islington.—Between Westbury-road and Marlborough-road (7 sections) (Tufnell Park-road and Junction-road). Oct. 13.
Broad-street and Perry-lane, Tottenham.—High-road Tottenham, to Walthamstow Tram Terminus (The Hale and Chestnut-grove). Oct. 13-after March 31.
Marylebone-road (S. side).—W side of Allsop-street to E. side of Northumberland-street (West bound traffic: High-street and Paddington-street). Oct. 13-Nov. 8.
St. George's-road, Southwark.—Lambeth-road to borough boundary (Kennington-road and Lambeth-road). Oct. 13-Nov. 8.
Clerkenwell-road, Finsbury.—St. John-street to Albemarle-street (No suitable alternative). Oct. 20-Nov. 3.
Mile End-road.—No. 614/616 to door of Mile End Station (No suitable alternative). Oct. 20-Nov. 24.

At a meeting of the Court of Aldermen of the City of London the resignation of Sir William Baddeley was announced, and the Lord Mayor was requested to convene a meeting of the inhabitants of Cripplegate Ward for the election of a successor.

Entertainments

ART EXHIBITION

THE LONDON GROUP

Two things strike one at the twenty-eighth exhibition of the London Group at the New Burlington Galleries, Burlington-gardens — the amount of talent represented on the walls that is not a talent for painting, and the way in which kind seems to take the place of quality as an ideal. What the talent is for, and how it should be applied, would be difficult to say off-hand—though "Vesuvius in Eruption," by Mr. E. Burra, which is made of cut-out prints, gives a hint of one possible application—but it is clearly not a talent for composing in tones of pigment, which is a fair rough-and-ready description of painting. As to the question of kind, with the most open mind about distortions one cannot help feeling that a good many pictures owe their presence in the exhibition to the fact that the objects in them are lop-sided. If they were straight, the pictures would go rather to the Academy.

Of the difference between painting and other ways of making a sort of picture there is a ludicrous illustration in the first room. The immediate reaction to "The Road by the Pond," by Mrs. Gwendolen Raverat, is to laugh out loud—not at the picture, which is a modest little thing, but at its effect on its neighbours. So disastrous is the effect that it is almost unfair to call attention to the picture before the others are looked at, when several of them might be found rather good. The effect is exactly like that when, in the combination of grunts, growls, squeaks, and clearings-of-the-throat which generally constitute the rehearsals of a village choral society, somebody sings a musical phrase with every note in tune. You look up and laugh, with mingled amusement and pleasure. This is not to say that Mrs. Raverat is necessarily a greater artist than her neighbours—any more than that the singer of the phrase is necessarily a more learned musician; more goes to art than a capacity for painting; but, at a time when it is increasingly important that the round peg should go into the round hole, one cannot help wondering if it is wise that inability to strike values or tones of colour directly, as Mrs. Raverat strikes them, should be devoted to painting pictures—however interesting they may be in conception or up to date in flavour. Nobody seems to have observed how many of the changes in art are simply changes in subject-matter, and whether you compose in anatomical facts or in "volumes" you are still faced with the necessity of painting.

What powers of mind and what artistic knowledge can consort with incapacity for painting is well seen in "Beaumes-de-Venise," by Mr. Roger Fry. It is conceived with dignity and very carefully composed, but all through it the linear and tonal composition are in conflict. There is hardly a value of colour in it that is consistent with the implications of the linear perspective. Cover up the road at the bottom and the foliage, which is asserted to be in the middle distance, bulges out in front of the frame. A similar conflict may be observed in many of the other pictures. Fundamentally wrong in their relations, the tones are laboriously fudged into coherence, with resulting boredom in the spectator.

There are some good paintings in the exhibition, of course. "Interior with Flowers," by Mr. Bernard Meninsky, goes further into positive colour than is consistent with its plastic scheme, but it is a heartening composition, and "Roses," by Miss Vanessa Bell, has great charm. No. 31, by Mr. A. Clutton-Brock, strikes one as a better way of painting "Artificial Flowers" than No. 108, under the same title, by Miss Vera Cuningham—that is to say, taking them as a pretext instead of sticking them up to be painted. So long as it is recognized to spell weakness and not strength, there is no objection to the purification of the picture by the substitution of artificial for natural objects which is now fashionable.

But, surely all our younger artists are not so desperately sentimental that they cannot paint a natural flower or a pretty girl and still preserve their artistic integrity? Since Cézanne it seems as if they can hardly be left alone with apples. Mr. Clutton-Brock, by the way, has a dignified head of "Arab Woman," treated Spanish fashion, in the small room. Seen in a mixed exhibition of pictures in different sizes "Rondo," by Mr. Duncan Grant, looks too big for what it contains, but it would probably justify its size as a wall decoration in a particular place, and it is charming in colour and movement and remarkably successful in reconciling form and atmosphere. Other pictures to be noted are "Carnations," really marigolds, by Mr. Matthew Smith, "Youth," by Miss Winifred Daniels, "Reclining Woman," by Mr. R. V. Pitchforth, "Flower Study," by Mr. Elliott Seabrooke, and "Flowering Cactus," by Mr. Adrian Allinson. One wall is given up to belated exercises in Cubism. Some of them, such as "Still Life," by Miss Paule Vézélay, are not uninteresting as designs, but one always feels in looking at such things that oil pigment is a hindrance rather than a help to what is attempted. In the graceful "Nudes," also by Miss Vézélay, the discrepancy between means and end becomes comic.

HANDICRAFTS EXHIBITION

DISPLAY OF WORK AT CROYDON

An attractive exhibition of handicrafts was opened at the Croydon Public Halls yesterday by Miss Peggy Ashcroft in aid of the funds of the Surrey Garden Village Trust, and will continue until Saturday. It is the tenth annual venture of its kind and the most successful of the series in the number of entrants in the many competitive sections and the general quality of the work shown.

There is a joint display of produce from the 90 small-holdings in the Cooperative Smallholders' Settlement near Addington, an enterprise that was started by the Surrey Garden Village Trust. The professional exhibitors include also the various Croydon institutions which teach handicrafts to the disabled—the Cripples' Association, the Croydon Voluntary Association for the Blind, and the Occupation Centre of the Borough Sanatorium. The distinctive feature of the exhibition, however, is the wide range of the craftwork in the competition sections and the large proportion of amateur work among it. One or more prizes is offered in each of 91 different classes, and over 1,000 persons have competed. There are sections for basketwork, drawing and illustration and the like, plain and decorated fabrics, cookery, and work in leather, metals, pottery, and wood. In nearly all these sections special classes are reserved for young people, and a good deal of this juvenile work is both interesting and promising. In a competition for models of historic interest or imaginative quality the prize has been awarded for a fascinating miniature of an old Surrey iron mill, worked by water power and employing a tree trunk as an early type of "lift hammer." The prizes in the "shilling competition," the entries for which must have cost no more than that sum in materials, have been won by a "thrift rug" and a periodical cover adorned with needlework, both of which are practical and handsome.

THE ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS

The council of the British Association have asked the Government to give effect to the recommendations of the Royal Commission on National Museums and Galleries for the establishment of a National Open-Air Folk Museum. They suggest that the Royal Botanic Gardens in Regent's Park could be utilised.

THE FILM WORLD

NEW PRODUCTIONS IN FRANCE

While most French producers have up to now approached with a certain measure of caution the question of producing talking films based on well-known plays and novels, the recent success of British and American plays on the screen has had the effect of encouraging a few French producers to adopt a similar policy. Of the new programmes announced perhaps the most interesting is that of the newly formed company, the Société des Films Osso. This organization has completed arrangements to transfer to the screen Edmond Rostand's *L'Aiglon*, to be directed by Tourjansky, with M. Paul Bernard in the cast; M. Louis Verneuil's *My Cousin from Varsovie*; M. Jacques Bousquet's new musical comedy *The Eight Boys*; *The Hawk*, by M. François de Croisset; and *The Ocean*, a drama of the sea, by M. Jacques de Baroncelli. In addition to these plays two of Gaston Leroux's stories are to be brought to the screen:—"The Yellow Room Mystery" and "The Perfume of the Lady in Black." Although it has not yet been decided whether to produce the films in several languages, there is every likelihood that *L'Aiglon* and *The Hawk* will be made in English, as both these plays have already been performed with considerable success on the London stage.

The "Cines Pittaluga" studios in Rome, which were reopened in the spring with a complete and up-to-date equipment for making talking films, have just released four big films and several "shorts," some of which have already been sold to foreign countries. The most successful of these promises to be *La Canzone dell' Amore* (The Love Song). It has been directed by Signor Gennaro Righelli, who has had several years' experience of cinema work in Germany and is already known to British audiences as the producer of *The Sirens of the Desert*. Righelli has based his film, which has been made in German and French as well as in Italian, on the theme of a short story by Pirandello called "Il Silenzio."

The extent to which many of the leading dramatists are at last consenting to the filming of their plays is further indicated by Mr. Basil Dean, who announces that on completion of his second talkie based on Mr. A. A. Milne's play *The Fourth Wall*, he will transfer to the screen Mr. Bernard Shaw's *Arms and the Man* and Mr. John Galsworthy's *Justice* and *Loyalties*. Mr. Lonsdale, like Mr. P. G. Wodehouse, has also entered into an agreement to write scenarios for an American company which has already produced *The Last of Mrs. Cheyney* and *The High Road*. Two of Mr. Lonsdale's successful plays, however, *On Approval* and *Canaries Sometimes Sing*, have already been secured by the British and Dominions Film Corporation. *The Prodigal*, another play by the same author, is also nearing completion in America, with Mr. Ronald Colman in the leading part. Other plays recently brought to the screen are Mr. John Van Druten's *Young Woodley*; *Lord Richard in the Pantry*; Mr. Reginald Berkeley's *French Leave*; *The Middle Watch*, by Commander Stephen King-Hall and Ian Hay; and Mr. John Galsworthy's *Old English*.

The last film, *Old English*, has been made by Warner Brothers, with Mr. George Arliss in the principal part, and will be shown this evening at the New Victoria Cinema, in Vauxhall Bridge-road.

NEW FILM ALLIANCE

Two of the oldest established film companies in this country have formed an alliance to launch the first full-length talking film *Such is the Law*, which has been made under the new Visatone system of sound-on-film recording. The companies cooperating in this venture are the Stoll Picture Productions, from whose studios, under the direction of Mr. Sinclair Hill, the film has emanated, and Butcher's Film Service, whose managing-director, Mr. F. W. Baker, has long championed the cause of British productions. Sir Oswald Stoll, whose activities have been restricted during the perfecting of the new all-British recording system, has seen fit to demonstrate the Visatone process by means of a full-length talking film, with a cast including Lady Tree, Mr. C. Aubrey Smith, Miss Kate Cutler, Miss Pamela Carme, and Mr. Bert Coote. Exceptional care has been taken in the production of *Such is the Law*, and Mr. Sinclair Hill had every angle of each setting used in the picture tested both for photography and sound before actual production work was begun.

Hell's Angels, the much-discussed picture of aerial warfare produced by the young American millionaire Mr. Howard Hughes, is to be presented, by arrangement with Mr. C. B. Cochran, at the London Pavilion on Tuesday, October 28. This film is estimated to have cost nearly £800,000. Begun before the advent of the talkies, the film was photographed silently and then remade entirely as a talking picture. In the making of the film more than 227,000 miles were flown by various aircraft, consisting of a Zeppelin and 87 aeroplanes, including Fokkers, British Avros, De Havillands, Snipes, and a Gotha bomber.

On Thursday a new British film entitled *Night Birds*, directed by Mr. Richard Eichberg for the British International Pictures, will be shown at the Dominion Theatre, in succession to Mr. E. A. Dupont's *Two Worlds*.

Several new talking films are to be seen in Central London this week. At the Alhambra and Regal theatres Mr. Paul Whiteman is to be heard in his film *King of Jazz*; at the Capitol Mr. Eric von Stroheim and Miss Constance Bennett in *Three Faces East*; and at the Empire Mr. Buster Keaton is appearing in his first sound film *Forward March*. The principal film at the New Gallery is *Holiday*, based on Mr. Philip Barry's play of the same name.

THE LONDON PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA.—*King of Jazz.*
ASTORIA.—*The Great Game* and *Oklahoma Cyclone.*
AVENUE PAVILION.—*Round the World in Fifty Minutes.*
CAPITOL.—*Three Faces East* and *Dancing Sweeties.*
CARLTON.—*The Big Pond.*
DOMINION.—*Two Worlds.*
EMPIRE.—*Forward March.*
KENSINGTON.—*Rookery Nook.*
MARBLE ARCH.—*Escape.*
NEW GALLERY.—*Holiday.*
NEW VICTORIA.—*Old English.*
PLAZA.—*For the Defense* and *The Social Lion.*
POLYTECHNIC.—*Song o' my Heart.*
REGAL.—*King of Jazz.*
RIALTO.—*All Quiet on the Western Front.*
STOLL.—*Rookery Nook.*
TIVOLI.—*Raffles.*

BACH CANTATA CLUB

MEETING AT ST. MARGARET'S, WESTMINSTER

The meeting of the Bach Cantata Club last night at St. Margaret's, Westminster, was devoted to motets, hymns, and organ solos, of which the organ solos were the most important. It was good to hear the organ speaking in its own right, and, in the capable hands of Mr. G. Thalben Ball, speaking its own music eloquently. Mr. Ball played the Prelude and Fugue in A minor, the "little E minor," and the Fugue à la gigue. From the first he brought out the dignity, from the second the quiet solemnity, and from the third the light-hearted gaiety which are to be found in Bach himself and in Bach's special instrument—the organ.

The motets were John Christian Bach's "I wrestle and pray," and John Sebastian's "Be not afraid." Mr. Kennedy Scott always gets a certain buoyancy from his choir in Bach by which he avoids the heavy hammer-and-tongs effect which often supervenes upon the dogged antiphony of "Be not afraid," but he sacrificed precision last night in one or two places (notably the last bass run in thirds) by not using a stick. Six hymns from the *Schemelli Gesangbuch* were delicately sung by the choir, and a chorale was sung by the congregation, which is losing some of its self-consciousness in this matter of communal singing, but ought, for Bach enthusiasts, to do better.

THE FILM SOCIETY

Pending the consideration of the renewal of its licence by the Theatres and Music Halls Committee, the L.C.C. has granted permission to the Film Society to hold its opening performance at the Tivoli Cinema on Sunday. This decision was reached by the L.C.C. following a discussion at the County Hall yesterday between Major R. I. Tasker (chairman of the Council), Sir William Bay, and Mr. Bertram Mills (vice-chairman of the L.C.C. Theatres and Music Halls Committee).

The Broadcasting Programmes for today and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 17

THE TOY DOG SHOW

WINNERS AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE

(FROM OUR KENNEL CORRESPONDENT)

The popularity of toy dogs among exhibitors as well as the general public was apparent to anyone who visited the successful show of the Toy Dog Society at the Crystal Palace yesterday.

Although the Pekingese still maintain their supremacy unchallenged, the support given to some of the other breeds is gratifying. Those old British breeds, pugs and King Charles spaniels, are again attracting attention; Brussels griffons have recently exhibited unexpected strength, and papillons are making an emphatic bid for a position. The total entry was substantially in advance of that of last year.

The following won in the open classes:—

PEKINGESE.—Dogs.—1, Mrs. D. M. Stains's Ch. Manstone Pan; 2, Mrs. Ashton Cross's Humming Bee of Aldercourse; 3, Miss M. Allen's Ty-Fuh of Sherhill. Bitches.—1, Miss E. Gregory's Mai-Mai of Willowtoun; 2, Mrs. Packham's Kenteeni of Kashgar; 3, Mrs. Phillip Noble's Azure Cloud of Glendior.

POMERANIANS.—Any colour, dogs and bitches.—1, Mrs. Ashby's Ch. Colley Tenacious; 2, Miss B. Stevens's Chetod Bigger Boy; 3, Miss Saunders's Passbeld Precious.

KING CHARLES SPANIELS.—Dogs.—1, Mrs. A. M. Raymond-Mallock's Ch. Ashton-Mere Barritone; 2, Miss E. M. Maxwell-Smith's Ashton-Mere Brigand. Bitches.—1, Mr. A. Thompson's Ch. Farnley Gill; 2, Mrs. Raymond-Mallock's Ch. Ashton-Mere Wildflower; 3, Lady Fowler of Braemore's Braemore Cherry. Old Type, dogs and bitches, Blenheims or tricolour.—1, Mrs. Raymond-Mallock's Ashton-Mere Piers; 2, Mrs. H. Pitt's Mark of Tilweh; 3, Mrs. A. C. Hisg's Diana. Any other colour.—1, Mrs. Pitt's Peter of Tilweh; 2, Mrs. L. Broad's John of Tilweh; 3, Mrs. Pitt's Lucy of Tilweh.

BRUSSELS GRIFFONS.—Dogs.—1, Mrs. Parker-Rhodes and Mrs. Pepper's Ch. Partridge Hill Precious. Bitches.—1, Mrs. Parker-Rhodes and Mrs. Pepper's Purchase of Partridge Hill; 2, Mrs. E. H. Mitchell's Ch. Betty of Lavenderway.

JAPANESE.—Dogs.—1, Miss L. H. Crouch's Ch. Sir Gugnuc; 2, Miss M. Tovey's Nip Toku Maru; 3, Mrs. F. E. Pritchard's Ono of Kenlig. Bitches.—1, Miss Crouch's Ch. Chitto Jodan; 2, Mrs. Pritchard's Yuki of Kenlig; 3, Miss Tovey's Une Mara.

PAPILLONS.—Dogs.—1, Miss W. M. Eldred's Little Boie-de-Veurne; 2, Mrs. Ashcroft's Micky Mouse of Wayre; 3, Mrs. Lake's Nicolette of Otter. Bitches.—1, Mrs. Williams's Wendy of Ardna; 2, Miss Eldred's Elisabeth-de-Veurne; 3, Mrs. Ashcroft's Ninon of Wayre.

MALTESE.—Dogs.—1, Mrs. D. Pierre's Verington Sam Boy; 2, Miss Neame's Invicta The Knave. Bitches.—1, Miss Neame's Invicta Quibbie; 2, Mrs. Pierre's Verington Fairy; 3, Miss Pepper's Invicta Bo Peep.

BULL TERRIERS (miniature).—Dogs and Bitches.—1, Mr. G. Hall's Bill the Dandy; 2, Mr. C. Hudson's Venner Twinkle; 3, Miss A. Besley's Daisy Patch.

YORKSHIRE TERRIERS.—Dogs and bitches.—1, Miss B. McDonald's Metdham Woe Girlie; 2, Lady Edith Windham's Ch. Metdham Beauty; 3, Mrs. M. A. Wooldridge's Queen of Paris.

BLACK AND TAN TERRIERS (miniature).—Dogs.—1, Miss K. Hannam's Ch. Final Choice of Harford; 2, Mrs. C. Wilkinson's Half Moon Bros; 3, Mrs. Blondin Robicilo's Waterloo Artichoke. Bitches.—1, Mrs. Robicilo's Watercart Gladiola; 2, Mrs. M. Keevil's Babette of Bonniecot; 3, Mrs. S. A. Green's Golden Ray of Harford.

ITALIAN GREYHOUNDS.—Dogs and bitches.—1, Mrs. Bunching's Carita; 2, Miss C. C. Porter's Isola Twilight; 3, Miss Porter's Isola Angela.

Only restricted open classes were provided for pugs, in which the limit winners were Mrs. C. Demaine's Dark Drummer (dogs) and Mrs. E. M. Power's Home Pride of Broadway.

MECHANICAL MUSIC

EFFECT ON SALARIES OF MUSICIANS

The great displacement of orchestras by the mechanical reproduction of music is considered in the annual report, just issued, of the Executive Committee of the Provincial Entertainments Proprietors' and Managers' Association, Limited. This displacement, the report states, has produced its particular problem for the theatre proprietor—that of reducing the relatively high cost of musicians while still retaining an adequate band of instrumentalists.

The theatres that present either drama or variety to-day, in spite of the prevailing industrial and commercial depression, have, the report adds, nearly everywhere been injured by the introduction of sound films combining speech, song, and reproductions of instrumental music. These films present the special and valued features of the older form of entertainment added to those of "living pictures," and the entertainment is given at a cheaper rate than can at present be provided by the purely human performances of players and musicians in the theatre and music-hall. In this matter of cheapness alone the theatres and the variety halls are at a disadvantage, and many proprietors have either changed their houses into cinemas showing sound pictures or leased them or sold them to others who provide the new form of attraction.

Meanwhile, the musicians still employed in theatres have been retained at salaries averaging 125 to 130 per cent. higher than those paid before the War. The committee has taken the views of members upon the desirability of either cutting down or abolishing orchestras as compared with reducing the salaries of musicians. It received an almost unanimous answer in favour of the last alternative, and has come to the conclusion that such a course is essential. The committee, it is stated, was unable to obtain a preliminary conference with the Musicians' Union, and, therefore, members have had to present notices of their intention to terminate the present agreements. Individual applications for reductions are now coming before the Joint Conciliation Board of the Association and the Musicians' Union. It is hoped that amicable settlements giving adequate relief to members may lead to the retention of orchestras of suitable strength and efficiency, so that the stage may be helped to fight for its existence with greater hope of survival.

The report concludes with an intimation that Mr. Snowden, while renewing his testimony against the entertainments tax as a bad tax which he intends to remove at the earliest possible date, if permitted, had expressed his regret to a deputation from the association that the relief resulting even from the repeal of the tax up to and including an admission charge of 9d. would involve a loss in revenue which at present he could not face.

ANGLO-SWEDISH SOCIETY

MR. C. MARRIOTT ON STOCKHOLM EXHIBITION

Mr. Charles Marriott delivered a lecture to the Anglo-Swedish Society last evening on the Stockholm Exhibition of 1930. SIR HAROLD WERNHER presided.

Mr. MARRIOTT began by making a comparison between the Swedish and the English national genius. The art of Sweden, he said, was preeminently the art of living. In England we were inclined to look upon art as a refuge from life. He would not say that we were ashamed of living in the material sense, but we seemed to think it slightly derogatory to give artistic consideration to our material necessities. Above all, in both art and life we made a virtue of unconsciousness. In a conscious way the Swedes were much better educated than we were. They took their learning and culture from anywhere and applied them very consciously and intelligently to the business of living.

In proof of this Mr. Marriott quoted the pre-eminence of Sweden in architecture, the art of all others that bore the closest relation to life as it is lived. That helped, he said, to explain the slight feeling of disappointment with the Stockholm Exhibition that he noticed in Sweden. From such fine buildings as the Law Courts, the Town Hall, and the new churches it must seem a great drop to the sketchy bareness of the exhibition buildings.

What he did not think was sufficiently recognized was that the Stockholm Exhibition was a belated recognition of a great change in the conditions of life and industry—the substitution of machine for hand labour. It was the most consistent attempt he had seen to show what could be done with our characteristic methods of production. The movement represented was not peculiarly Swedish; it was an international movement, but Mr. Asplund, the architect, had given to it a Swedish flavour. Roughly, there were three ways of treating contemporary civilization; one was to run away from it; another was to become enthusiastic about it; and the third, and he thought the best way, was to take it for granted. The Stockholm Exhibition was a frank and calm acceptance of things as they are, and an attempt to make the best of them artistically on their own lines; and as reflecting the Swedish combination of idealism and common sense it cleared the way for the future.

The Swedish Minister and Baroness Palmstierna were present at the lecture, which was illustrated by lantern slides from photographs by Mr. F. R. Yerbury.

NEW LORD MAYOR OF DUBLIN

Mr. Alfred Byrne, a constitutionalist Senator, was yesterday elected Lord Mayor of Dublin at the first meeting of the reconstituted Corporation. He was opposed by Mr. Sean T. O'Kelly, of Mr. de Valera's group, and on a division Mr. Byrne was declared elected by 20 votes to 13. The new Lord Mayor was for several years a member of the Irish Party at Westminster, and later represented Dublin North City in the Dail. He was elected to the Free State Senate two years ago.

FOLKESTONE MUSICAL FESTIVAL

ORCHESTRAL AND CHAMBER CONCERTS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

Sir Henry Wood conducted the opening Wagner concert of the Folkestone Musical Festival to a crowded hall on Saturday night. It was encouraging to see such excellent support for what is the first musical festival to be held here, and much praise is due to Mr. Eldridge Newman, the excellent conductor of the Folkestone Municipal Orchestra, to whose efforts the festival owes its inauguration.

Mr. Newman has augmented his orchestra, normally some score of keen players, to over 50 performers for the occasion. Four orchestral concerts and one chamber concert are being held in the Leas Cliff Hall, the home of the Municipal Orchestra, and an ideal building both acoustically and artistically. Unfortunately, on the opening night lack of rehearsal was evident, and Sir Henry had to labour hard to obtain a good *ensemble*. Madame Tatiana Makushina sang Isolde's "Liebestod" and Senta's Ballad with fine phrasing, and in the accompaniments the orchestra gave some of the best playing of the evening.

The Stratton String Quartet's concert on Sunday afternoon was an hour's sheer joy. Schubert's "Death and the Maiden" and the Debussy quartets received ideal interpretations. Separating the quartets, Miss Tina Bonifacio, a member of the Municipal Orchestra, played a group of harp solos with much skill and charm. A long concert on Sunday evening was conducted entirely by Mr. Newman. The one novelty of the festival so far consisted of a "Piece for Small Orchestra," by a young composer, Clifton Parker. Reminiscent of Delius, this little work has distinct charm; although of no great pretensions, it would be a useful addition to the small orchestra's repertory. The major works of the evening were Beethoven's Fifth Symphony and Rachmaninov's Second Pianoforte Concerto. Mr. Newman wisely did not try to obtain a subtle reading of the symphony, and the resulting orthodox performance was pleasant, although, as on the preceding evening, the brass and wood-wind tone left room for improvement. Mr. Leslie England was the soloist in the concerto. Towards the end of the programme Rimsky-Korsakov's Symphonic Suite, "Scheherazade," was brilliantly played, and for the first time the orchestra responded firmly and not tentatively to Mr. Newman's fine conducting.

POPULARIZING BALLET

The Camargo Society for the Production of Ballet, which is giving its first production at the Cambridge Theatre on Sunday, is making an appeal for the support of all *ballet* lovers in this country.

At a luncheon yesterday at the Waldorf Hotel, Mr. P. J. S. RICHARDSON, a member of the general committee, said that during his life Diaghileff seemed so great that it appeared impossible for anything to be done on his lines. Now that he was dead they fully realized the tremendous loss caused to the dancing world, and his death was a spur to them to see if in England they could not be originators of *ballet*. They felt confident that there was in this country a public for *ballet*, and their confidence had been helped by noting the success which had attended the recent *ballet* productions at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, at the Arts Theatre Club, and elsewhere. They could not carry on on the lines they had laid down unless they had the support of the *ballet*-loving public of this country.

Mme. LYDIA LOPOKOVA, who presided, pointed out that the best English dancers were appearing in the production, and Mr. ARNOLD HASKELL, the art director, said that a big membership of the society would provide a wonderful chance for British artists. Mr. EDWIN EVANS, the musical director, said the society was starting with 26 players in the orchestra. A suggestion had been made that the orchestra might be built up on the same principle as the organ at Westminster Cathedral, and already an Australian woman supporter had provided the fees for a second bassoon for all performances for a year.

CONCERTS, &c.

EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESS
OF THE
LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
and
MENGELBERG
AT THE QUEEN'S HALL LAST MONDAY.

ROYAL ALBERT HALL.
SUNDAY NEXT, at 3.
LIONEL POWELL presents
LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
MENGELBERG
(Conductor).
PIATIGORSKY
(Solo Violoncello).

Symphony No. 5 in E minor	Tchaikovsky
Overture, "Anacreon"	Cherubini
Concerto for Violoncello & Orchestra	Haydn

Tickets, 8s. 6d., 5s. 9d., 3s. 6d., 2s., 1s. 2d., at Royal Albert Hall, usual Agents, and Chappell's Box-office, 50, New Bond-street, W.1.

GROTRIAN HALL. TO-NIGHT, 8.30.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN ENGLAND of
HARRIET MARPLE.
SONG RECITAL.
Piano—IVOR NEWTON.
Grotrian-Steinweg Piano. 12s., 8s. 6d., 5s. 9d., 3s.
IMPERIAL CONCERT AGENCY, 175, Piccadilly, W.

WIGMORE HALL. TUES. NEXT, at 8.
ELIZABETH WRAY.
PIANOFORTE RECITAL.
Blüthner Piano. Tickets, 5s. 9d. and 2s. 4d.
L. G. SHARPE, 35, Haymarket, S.W.1.

WIGMORE HALL.
SIDNEY SUKOENIG.
FRIDAY, OCT. 17, AT THREE.
PIANO RECITAL.
Steinway Piano. 8s. 6d., 5s. 9d., 3s. Box Office.

ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
YORK-GATE, REGENT'S PARK, LONDON, N.W.1.
Instituted 1822. Incorporated by Royal Charter 1830.
Patrons:
HIS MAJESTY THE KING.
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.
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MICHAELMAS HALF-TERM
BEGINS MONDAY, 3rd NOVEMBER.
CHAMBER CONCERT,
DUKE'S HALL, MONDAY, 3rd NOVEMBER, at 3.
PRACTICE CONCERTS,
WEDNESDAYS at 8, THROUGHOUT THE TERM.
Tickets on application to Secretary.
(Enclose stamped envelope.)
ORCHESTRAL REHEARSALS
every Tuesday and Friday, 2-5 p.m.,
under the direction of SIR HENRY J. WOOD.
MACFARREN SCHOLARSHIP
for Composition. Three years' free tuition. Entry forms can be obtained on application.
L.R.A.M.
Last day of entry for Christmas Exam., 31st October.
PROSPECTUSES, SYLLABUSES,
Calendar, Entry Forms, and further information from
A. ALGER BELL, Secretary.

EXHIBITIONS

MODERN TENDENCIES
IN FURNISHINGS AND DECORATION.
An Exhibition of recent work by present-day artists and craftsmen. Admission Free.—Rizal's MANSARD GALLERY, 196, Tottenham Ct.-rd., W.1.

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EXHIBITION AND AUCTION SALE of Antique and Modern Oriental Carpets and Rugs at the Grafton Galleries, Grafton-street, off Bond-street, W.1. On view:—16th, 17th, 18th, and 20th. Sale Days:—21st, 22nd, and 23rd October. Auctioneers:—Gillow and Gillow, Ltd. Grafton-street, W.1. Tepis and Harding and Russell, 25, Old Jewry, E.C.2.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15. Matinees, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS."
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
TOM WALLS and RALPH LYNN.

APOLLO. (Ger. 6970.) 8.30. Th., Sat., 2.30.
THE OUTSIDER.
ISOBEL ELSOM. "A beautiful performance."—*Dy. News.*
HAROLD HUTH. "Leaps into fame."—*Mg. Post.*
NORMAN McKINNEL. "Acting that thrills."—*Mail.*

CAMBRIDGE. ALL SEATS BOOKABLE.
EVGS., 8.15. Mats., Thurs., Sat., 2.30. (Tem. Bar 6056.)
BEATRICE LILLIE in
CHARLOT'S MASQUERADE.
A Revue by Ronald Jeans and Rowland Leigh.

COMEDY. Evgs., 8.30. Fri., 2.30. Ger. 8978.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARY CLARE. MALCOLM KEEN.
LAST FIVE PERFORMANCES.

CRITERION. Evenings, 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30.
THE IRISH PLAYERS in
THE FAR-OFF HILLS.
A light Comedy by Lennox Robinson. (Ger. 3844.)

DALY'S. (Ger. 0201.) 2.30, 8.15. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
A NEW MUSICAL PLAY.
ELDORADO.
DESIREE ELLINGER.
MIMI CRAWFORD, OSCAR ASCHE, MAI BACON, DONALD MATHER, JERRY VERNO, MARK DALY.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
"THE THREE MUSKETEERS."
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUKE OF YORK'S. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinees, WED. and SAT., 2.15. 1st Mat., Sat.
"HER FIRST AFFAIRE."
Zillah Bateman, Jack Hobbs, Margery Binner, Ellen Pollock, Henry Hewitt.

EVERYMAN. EVGS., 8.15. Sat., 2.30. Hamp. 7224.
THE WILD DUCK.
By Henrik Ibsen. Milton Rosmer, Sybil Arundale.

GAIETY. (Tem. 6991.) NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinees, TUESDAY and FRIDAY, 2.30.
"THE LOVE RACE."
STANLEY LUPINO, LADDIE CLIFF, MADGE ELLIOTT, CYRIL RITCHARD, Connie Emerald.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
"ALMOST A HONEYMOON."
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. 8.40. Wed., Sat., 2.30. Ger. 8734.
In association with MAURICE BROWNE.
LEON M. LION presents
"STREET SCENE."
By Elmer Rice.
"Tragedy of attractive women."—*D. Sketch.*

GRAFTON. Tottenham Court-road.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
UNUSUAL VARIETY.

Imperial and Foreign News

HARD TIMES IN RUMANIA

FARMERS' BURDEN OF DEBT

(FROM OUR BALKANS CORRESPONDENT)

The present political changes in Rumania are largely due to the depressed state of agriculture in general and the peculiar financial burden of the farmer in particular. The bankrupt condition of the Rumanian farmer appears the more singular because of the excellent harvest the country has enjoyed this year.

Rows of steamers are busy loading with grain at the Danube ports, and the 'ea ers' only fear is that the railways will not be able to handle the crop quickly enough. But if one tries, on the strength of these facts, to strike a note of cheerfulness from any Rumanian with average business interests, he will shake his head dolefully and say that things are worse than ever. The fact is that the stabilization of the currency two years ago, by creating the necessary conditions for sound business, revealed also how unsound business had become. The basis of Rumanian national economy is agriculture, and the state of agriculture had been growing more and more deplorable ever since the War.

The Agrarian Reform Law, drafted almost before peace was signed, was a measure dictated by political expediency. It was put into execution hastily, and no pains were taken to make it what the French call *viable*. The land was distributed to the peasants without any arrangements being made to provide them with either stock or capital, and no organized system of credit existed on which they could depend for loans. Accordingly they borrowed on the worst possible terms from small banks and moneylenders.

UNHAPPY BORROWERS

During the inflation of the currency the prices of agricultural produce rose to abnormal heights, which appeared to justify the abnormal rates of interest; but now that the leu has been stabilized values are beginning to reach their proper level, and a large proportion of the farmers find themselves up to their necks in debt. The stabilization of the currency coincided with the abrupt fall in the price of agricultural produce, with the result that most of the unhappy borrowers are now in a position in which they cannot free themselves of their debt by their own efforts. In some cases they already owe more than their land is worth by reason of the rapid accumulation of the interest.

An inquiry recently conducted by the Institute of Economic Research into 7,406 peasant properties in different parts of Rumania shows that on 75,747 hectares of typical agricultural land there are debts amounting to 311,427,831 lei, bearing interest amounting to 72,159,772 lei annually. The average debt per hectare is thus 4,111 lei (about £5). In the Bukovina the average debt is as much as 8,641 lei, in Transylvania 8,138 lei (£10) per hectare.

This is a sufficiently heavy burden, but when it is considered that in most cases the debt is increasing rapidly from year to year, owing to the extortionate rates of interest, the prospect is appalling. The average rate in the cases investigated works out at 23.2 per cent., but in some cases it is as high as 35 per cent. There are farms which have prospered and can easily carry the debts which have been incurred on them, but the condition of the average small-holder is certainly very bad.

The debtors are now beginning to become restive. A cry has been raised for a general reduction of the debts and a throwing off of burdens. A "League Against Usury" has been formed, which is agitating against the creditors. The situation might easily become unpleasant. In the course of the summer there were several serious riots at Suceava, Balti, and elsewhere, in which Jewish moneylenders were mobbed by peasant debtors. Three of the foremost financial theoreticians in Rumania, M. Argetoianu, M. Manoilescu, and M. Madgearu, have each put forward plans for settling the agricultural debts. The methods which they suggest vary, but their plans have one point in common; in all of them the State is in one way or other to accept responsibility for the debts, or at least for part of them.

THE THREE PLANS

M. Argetoianu proposes that the Government should contract a foreign loan of £40,000,000, the proceeds of which would be used to take over 40 per cent. of the claims at their face value; in return for this favour the creditors would be required to reduce the rate of interest on the remainder by 10 per cent. M. Manoilescu recommends the wholesale conversion of the claims into Government 10 per cent. bonds. M. Madgearu's proposal provides for the suspension of forced sales for a year. During this interval an attempt should be made by Government boards of arbitration to persuade the creditors to reduce the total of their claims to an equitable figure, after which the claims would be taken over at this figure by one or other of the State mortgage banks. None of these institutions, however, has sufficient capital at present to play the part required of it.

Each scheme involves the mobilization of large sums of liquid capital, and herein lies their weakness, for it has yet to be shown how such sums can be obtained. The Maniu Government has always had in view the creation of a strong *Crédit Foncier* or Land Bank, and has been negotiating for some time past with the syndicate of foreign banks that financed the stabilization loan in order to obtain the capital required. It is understood that the French, Dutch, Belgian, and Swiss members of this group, together with Messrs. Kreuger and Toll, are now prepared to take part in the creation of such an institution. The amount of capital which will be raised at the start will probably not be great, but it will help to lower the level of the current rates of interest demanded for agricultural mortgages, and may give an opportunity for introducing official arbitration between creditor and debtor such as is suggested by M. Madgearu.

Whatever success ultimately attends the Government's attempts to save the present landholders from ruin, it seems clear that a great deal of property is bound to change hands and pass from the possession of those owners who have less experience, prudence, and capital to those who have more.

In this way the purpose of the Agrarian Reform Law will be to some extent stultified, but a new type of medium-sized property will come into existence, in the hands of capable and progressive farmers. This will certainly be an advantage for Rumania, and, in conjunction with the efforts which the Government is making in cooperation with other agricultural States to obtain a better market for cereal products, may help to place Rumanian agriculture on a sounder basis.

A WORLD UNION FOR AGRICULTURE

WORK FOR THE COMMON GOOD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, OCT. 14

The twenty-fifth anniversary of the foundation of the International Institute of Agriculture was celebrated this morning in the Capitol, in the presence of King Victor-Emanuel and of Signor Mussolini.

The celebration, which coincides with the opening of the tenth general assembly of the Institute, was also attended by members of the Italian Government, the Ministers of Agriculture of Belgium, Poland, Sweden, and Bulgaria, and by members of the Governments of Canada, the Irish Free State, Hungary, and Rumania. The League of Nations was represented by Señor Zumeta, by the Deputy Secretary-General, M. Avenol, and by the under-secretaries, Marquis Paulucci di Calboli Barone and M. Dufour-Feronce. The delegations of the 69 States taking part in this week's meetings were also present, together with near relatives of the late David Lubin, who first conceived the idea of the Institute.

After a welcome had been extended to the delegates by the Governor of Rome, Signor Mussolini recalled how in 1905 the idea of a union of States for the common protection of economic interests took clear shape for the first time in the mind of David Lubin, resulting in the actual foundation of the Institute two years later by the King of Italy. Lubin's concern for the establishment of "equities in exchange" had been repeated nearly 20 years later in the Pact of the League of Nations, under the formula "equitable dealings in commerce." The establishment of that "equity" for the benefit of rural populations was the central idea that had inspired the International Institute of Agriculture. Speaking of the present world economic crisis, Signor Mussolini said that it was not easy to distinguish causes of an economic from those of a monetary character. There need, however, be no doubt as to the "predominant role of agriculture" in world economics and its power both "to bring about a crisis or to forestall or mitigate its evil effects."

The signs of economic disorder, he continued, manifested themselves primarily on the agricultural market, while the effects of the crisis were less severely felt where agriculture "enjoys the benefit of an enlightened State policy." The most serious features in the present economic confusion were the "overproduction of certain essential commodities and the reduction in the farmers' power to purchase industrial products." "Hence agriculture is, and will be, the point of convergence of all efforts for the restoration and readjustment of the delicate mechanism of economic exchanges." The Institute must seek to guide the policy of States towards raising the conditions of the farming classes and counteracting the present influx into the towns.

Señor Zumeta described the Institute as forming, with the League of Nations and the International Labour Office, the "triad of peace" founded upon justice, while similar sentiments of good will were expressed by other speakers, including Sir Daniel Hall, head of the British delegation.

The agenda of the present assembly is of unusual importance, partly in view of the necessity pointed out in the report of the President, Signor de Michelis, of arriving at a definitive formula of collaboration between the Institute and the League of Nations.

THE WAR IN NORTH CHINA

NANKING COOPERATION WITH MANCHURIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, OCT. 14

An official agency message from Hsuchowfu states that four Government [Nanking] armies will cross the Yellow River and be put under the command of Chang Hsueh-liang, Governor of Manchuria, to cooperate with Manchurian forces in cleaning up the Kuominchun and Shansi rebels. Severe fighting is reported at Weihwei, north of the Yellow River, in Honan, between advanced Government forces and the Kuominchun. Government forces are reported to have occupied all the Lunghai Railway and to be pressing westward from Shenchow in pursuit of a body of the Kuominchun retiring on Tungkwan.

Seventy trains are being employed to transport troops from the front to the Yangtze, where they will be used in the suppression of Communists and bandits.

In view of the improved political situation and the re-establishment of order at Changsha [which was sacked by Communists in July], the British naval authorities have decided to station a gunboat there throughout the winter. The question of the withdrawal of the Consul does not, therefore, arise.

INQUIRY INTO E. AFRICAN UNION

NATIVES' REQUEST FOR REPRESENTATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

DAR-ES-SALAAM, OCT. 14

An African Native Association has been formed at Dar-es-Salaam with the object of safeguarding the interests of "all natives in Africa."

At a meeting it was decided to send a petition to Sir Donald Cameron, Governor of Tanganyika, who was referred to as the "Abraham Lincoln of Africa," pointing out the "urgent necessity" that the natives of Africa should be represented before the Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament in London, and requesting that the Tanganyika Government make arrangements for such a deputation immediately. The meeting expressed its gratitude to the British Government for its "sympathetic attitude" towards the natives in Africa as shown in the recent White Papers, and prayed for the long life of the King and the Queen.

GERMAN WHEAT DUTY INCREASED

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, OCT. 14

The German Government has made known through the League of Nations to the Governments represented at the Conference for concerted economic action that by a decree of September 26, which is to take immediate effect, Customs duties on wheat have been raised from 15 marks to 18.5 marks a quintal [approximately from 4s. to 5s. a bushel]. This increase, the German Government states, has been rendered necessary by the abnormal fall in the price of wheat, the effects of which had already been felt in Germany. The Government desired to bring the decree into force immediately to prevent imports that would make it illusory.

CHILD SLAVERY IN CHINA

The Anti-Slavery Society has received a letter from Chinese missionaries in Yunnanfu inviting attention to the deplorable plight of children who are sold into slavery in China. The writers, who draw a pitiful picture of the conditions of these children, mainly girls, victims of a practice which is universal, say they have decided to establish a home in Yunnanfu for freed slaves. The establishment, equipment, and running expenses of the home for three years would be about £500. As, however, their resources are limited to their private incomes, they appeal to England and America for help.

Donations may be forwarded to Lady Simon or Mr. Alfred Brooks, 50-52, Denison House, Vauxhall Bridge-road, S.W.1.

SCIENTIFIC METHODS IN ART STUDY

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS IN ROME

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, OCT. 14

The international congress on the study of the scientific methods applied to the examination and preservation of works of art was opened here yesterday. The congress, which has brought together 150 experts and directors of museums, has been organized by the International Museum Office and by the Italian Committee of the International Institute of Intellectual Cooperation.

The inaugural session was held in the "Hall of Julius Caesar" on the Capitol, where speeches of welcome were made by Signor Rocco, Minister of Justice, Signor Giuliano, Minister of Education, and Prince Boncompagni-Ludovisi, Governor of Rome.

In the afternoon the congress met in the Villa Aldobrandini and divided into two sections, the one dealing with painting and the other with sculpture. In the painting section the first paper was read by M. Cellerier, of the Louvre, who said that the methods employed in the scientific examination of pictures were intended to bring out, on the one hand, the "intimate composition of the substances used," and, on the other, characteristics which helped to reveal "workmanship peculiar to each artist." He gave examples of the first results obtained at the laboratory recently created in the Louvre for testing and identifying pictures.

In the sculpture section a paper by Mr. J. J. Rorimer, of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, was read on ultra-violet rays as applied to marble sculpture. Experiments made at his museum, he said, had proved that the colour of old and new marble was distinctly different under the action of the rays. The operators were not informed of the epochs to which the objects belonged, and yet the conclusions based on the ultra-violet rays were identical with those based upon exterior proofs or considerations of style. Among the pieces of sculpture thus found to be more modern than was claimed was a Roman bust of the "Scipio" type, which was at once seen to be spurious. The "Little Girl," worked in archaic Roman style, was by the modern Italian sculptor, Dossena. Among the marbles of the eighteenth century two busts of Houdon were found to be almost identical from the standpoint of "fluorescence," although one of them seemed more modern owing to a too thorough cleaning of the surface.

At to-day's sessions a paper was read by Dr. A. P. Laurie (Edinburgh) on the brushwork of Rembrandt and his school, illustrated by photo-micrographs. Dr. Laurie showed on one slide the absolute identity of the brushwork in the "Saskia" at Berlin with the picture of Claes Berchem's wife, belonging to the Duke of Westminster. He also showed photographs of the picture by Bol at Munich, long supposed to be a Rembrandt, and revealed the weakness of Bol's drawing, as compared with that of the master. Finally he showed photographs of the "Elizabeth Bas," the disputed picture at Amsterdam, and gave his reasons, as illustrated by the photographs, for not accepting the attribution of the picture to Bol by Dr. Bredius.

Professor Ganz (Basel) gave an account of the restoration of the Holbein portrait of Sir William Butts, the younger, still in the possession of that family, and Dr. Hans Posse (Dresden) described the submission to X-rays of the Giorgione "Venus" in his gallery and the means whereby the picture was restored to its original condition. Professor Ganz described how, after the first X-ray test, Mr. Nico Jungman had successfully removed a superimposed portrait of Sir William Butts in his later years, and how, after a further X-ray examination, a genuine Holbein of Sir William as a young man had been uncovered. He declared that this operation had been so successful that the whole question of the use of X-rays for this purpose deserved further consideration.

GERMAN METAL TRADES

STRIKE IN BERLIN TO-DAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 14

The Metal Cartel, which includes all trade unions bound by the wages agreement now ruling in the Berlin metal industry, to-day decided to declare a strike as from to-morrow morning in the 276 works, employing about 140,000 hands, to which its influence extends. This decision was taken after a ballot among the men over Saturday's award of the arbitrator appointed by the Ministry of Labour, who prescribed a wage cut of from 6 per cent. to 8 per cent. The Communists tried hard to force a strike to-day, and brought a few thousand men out from the smaller factories.

The cartel is expected to-morrow formally to inform the Labour Ministry that it does not accept the award, and the employers' organization to tell the Ministry that it does accept the award, and to ask for it to be declared binding. The Minister would then bring both parties together again and urge them to reach an understanding. If the employers' request were withdrawn, he might institute new arbitration proceedings. Otherwise he would have to declare the award binding or not binding.

The Government, having cut the salaries of public servants, is avowedly anxious to see the process continued in private industry. Herr Stegerwald, the Labour Minister, has, therefore, been expected to declare the award binding. If he does so the strike immediately becomes illegal. The unions would become liable to pay compensation for breach of contract in the event of its continuance, and the whole arbitral machinery which exists for the sole purpose of eliminating labour disputes would be put to a severe test. In the present confused political situation, when much depends upon the cooperation of the Socialists in Parliament, such a dispute in the capital would be more than usually undesirable.

Between 1924 and 1928 arbitration awards were consistently in favour of wage increases, and they were loyally accepted by the employers. There was an exception in October, 1928, when the iron and steel employers locked out 220,000 hands, refusing to accept an award on the ground that the arbitrator made it on his own authority and without the assent of his colleagues. The employers' view that the award was illegal was upheld by the Supreme Labour Court, the parties agreeing in the meanwhile to accept the Minister of the Interior as arbitrator, so that the dispute was ended in 1928. Otherwise the arbitral machinery has worked well and has repeatedly prevented serious disputes.

THE GOVERNORSHIP OF TASMANIA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HOBART, OCT. 14

Mr. McPhee, the Premier of Tasmania, announced in the House of Assembly to-day that, owing to the State's difficult financial position, the Government had asked the Dominions Office to defer the appointment of a successor to the Governor, Sir James O'Grady, "for the time being." Sir James O'Grady's term of office expires at the end of December.

DROUGHT IN U.S. EASTERN STATES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, OCT. 14

Mr. Roosevelt, Governor of New York, to-day ordered the forests of the Catskill and Adirondack Mountains to be closed on the eve of the open season for deer hunting because of the danger of forest fires. Similar action was taken in Connecticut.

Long-continued drought has made the woods throughout the Eastern States as dry as tinder, and there have already been several destructive fires in New York and New Jersey. Householders in parts of New Jersey and Connecticut have been warned to use water sparingly because the reservoirs are exceptionally low. In some cities the watering of lawns and the washing of motor-cars have been forbidden for an indefinite period.

FRANCO-GERMAN RELATIONS

HERR BRUNING AND THE YOUNG PLAN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, OCT. 14

The newspaper *La Volonté* publishes to-day an interview given to its special correspondent by Herr Brüning, the German Chancellor, in the course of which an important statement is made on German intentions towards the Young Plan.

The Chancellor is reported as saying that the German Government did not envisage a revision of the Plan and had no intention of demanding a moratorium. But France should be told that the constant raising of the money rate increased the necessity for exporting more goods and raised Germany's payments. It had been a mistake not to insert in the Young Plan the same safeguarding clause as was contained in the Dawes Plan. Germany had not obtained the alleviation she had expected. Although the Young Plan had reduced her annual contribution by 700,000,000 marks, she was obliged at the present moment to pay 1,500,000,000 marks more in taxation. He hoped that the financial reorganization scheme would be successful; it went to the utmost limits. But if the economic crisis continued he could not predict what would happen. He hoped for a better mutual understanding between Germany and France.

He quite understood the causes underlying the French nervousness and dissatisfaction. The evacuation of the Rhine had not produced the hoped-for improvement in Franco-German relations. Perhaps Germany had expected this gesture sooner. The Stahlhelm demonstrations at Coblenz appeared to have accentuated nervousness. Evidently the difficulties of Germany's present situation were not appreciated in France, and he wished Frenchmen could visit those parts of the country where the economic crisis was so acute that certain people had had no meat for two years. If there was to be a Franco-German *rapprochement* it was essential that France should realize that this misery was the cause of the opposition movement. It was to be desired that France would not withdraw her credits on the slightest alarm. He also regretted that the negotiations on the Saar had been interrupted, for the settlement of these questions would have greatly improved matters. He hoped that the French would not give way to pessimism should a motion for the rejection of the Young Plan be presented to the Reichstag. He counselled calmness and hoped for closer cooperation between the two countries.

TUTANKHAMEN'S TOMB

CLEARANCE NEARING COMPLETION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, OCT. 14

Mr. Howard Carter, who is now at Luxor for the completion this season of the work of clearing Tutankhamen's tomb, told me before he left Cairo that he hoped to finish the work before the tourist season was in full swing in January.

The work consists in cutting away the entrance to the tomb so as to allow the panels of the shrines covering the sarcophagus to be taken out bodily. These are most valuable, as they are complete and covered with inscriptions from the Book of the Dead. He is particularly anxious not to have to take them to pieces, as they are extremely fragile, the wood having shrunk while the gold and the gesso have altered but little.

The entrance to the tomb was cut originally for the purpose of taking out the sarcophagus and was filled in again, but the passage will have to be enlarged to permit the removal of the panels, which were originally pieced together inside the tomb. The sarcophagus will be brought out surrounded by a protecting wooden case. The only other object of value is the alabaster canopic jar, which cannot be taken out until the panels are removed.

In regard to the rumours that Mr. Carter would undertake to find the tomb of Alexander the Great in Alexandria, he said that nothing had as yet been decided, and there had been no negotiations with the Egyptian Government. He thought it possible that the tomb might be found, perhaps under the sea, but all such discoveries were largely luck, and, anyway, he could not take on further work until he had finished clearing Tutankhamen's tomb and had published his work concerning the discovery.

THE COMING ELECTION IN IRAQ

OPPOSITION COMPLAINTS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BAGHDAD, OCT. 14

The Opposition is loudly complaining about the way in which the Government is preparing to hold the General Election, and maintains that, if the King permits Nuri Pasha, his Prime Minister, to carry out his present intentions, public opinion in Iraq, never very articulate, will be completely stifled. Some of the Opposition leaders have taken the unprecedented step of sending their petition directly to his Majesty, complaining of "outrageous violation of the Constitutional Law."

In this part of the world it is not unusual for a Government to try to help its supporters at the polls, but the Opposition asserts that in the General Election which begins on Monday and ends on October 25 the Government is determined to make its success certain by adopting methods which will put in the shade the milder activities of previous Cabinets with the same object in view. The Opposition threatens to send a deputation of former Ministers to London and Geneva to protest against the Government's alleged unconstitutional activities.

DATE OF KING BORIS'S WEDDING

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SOFIA, OCT. 14

I understand that the King's wedding has been fixed for Saturday, October 25, and that M. Liaptcheff, the Prime Minister, Dr. Kantcho Milanoff, Minister of Justice and Keeper of the Great Seal, and M. Naidenoff, President of the Sobranye, will leave for Italy at the end of the present week. It is expected that their Majesties will embark for Bulgaria at Naples on board the Bulgarian steamer Tsar Ferdinand.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, OCT. 14

Since his arrival at San Rossore, near Pisa, King Boris has spent his time in absolute privacy and has not left the Royal apartments. Although no official announcement has yet been made, I understand on the best authority that the wedding will be on October 25 in Assisi.

It was resolved at the conference in ZÜRICH of the International League for the Defence and Furtherance of Protestantism "That this conference . . . expresses its grateful appreciation of the firm stand made by the British Government in relation to civil and religious liberty on the Island of Malta . . . and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the British Prime Minister and the British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs."

THE FLIGHTS TO AUSTRALIA

KINGSFORD SMITH'S PROGRESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, OCT. 14

Wing Commander Kingsford Smith, who is flying to Australia, arrived here to-day from Karachi, five and a half days after leaving England. He said that his trip had been a "joy ride," and he hoped to complete it in 10½ days. He will stop at Rangoon, Singapore, Sourabaya, and Timor on his way to Port Darwin. He leaves here before dawn to-morrow.

SINGAPORE, Oct. 14.—Captain Matthews, who is flying from England to Australia, has left here for Batavia.—*Reuter.*

TOWNSVILLE (QUEENSLAND), Oct. 14.—Mr. Fred Hancock, a Brisbane journalist, was killed here to-day while getting out of an aeroplane in which he was flying to welcome Captain Matthews. He was struck on the head by the propeller. Mr. Hancock was an observer in the Australian Flying Corps in Palestine during the War and was awarded the Croix de Guerre.—*Reuter.*

❦ A Reuter message from Sydney points out that Mr. Bert Hinkler, who flew from England to Australia in 15½ days, and Wing Commander Kingsford Smith, and Flying Lieutenant Hill, who are trying to beat Mr. Hinkler's record, are all Queenslanders.

R.A.F. FLIGHT ACROSS AFRICA

KHARTOUM TO THE GAMBIA

One of the periodical flights by R.A.F. aeroplanes through African territory, in which little or no flying has hitherto been done, will begin on Sunday from Khartoum.

One flight of No. 47 Bomber Squadron (Fairey III. F machines) will spend five weeks in Nigeria, French West Africa, and the Gambia, and will have flown some 7,000 miles before they return to Khartoum on November 21. This will be the first time that Royal Air Force aeroplanes will have been seen in the Gambia.

Leaving Khartoum on Sunday they will fly across French Equatorial Africa to Maidugari, Bornu (1,300 miles), and will go on to Kano (350 miles). After staying there a few days, they will fly to Sokoto (200 miles). Their course will then lie across French West Africa by way of Wagadugu (450 miles) and Bamako (450 miles). Here they will spend a few days before going to Tambs Founda (400 miles) in Senegal, and thence to Bathurst, the capital of the Gambia (180 miles). They are due to reach Bathurst on November 3.

The return journey will begin on November 7, and the route will be Bamako, Wagadugu, Sokoto, Kano, where a halt of a few days will be made, Fort Lamy (south of Lake Chad), El Fasher, the capital of Darfur, and thence to Khartoum.

A CENTENARIAN DUKE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MILAN, OCT. 13

The town of San Remo yesterday fêted the Duca Borea and Marchese d'Olmo, on the occasion of his hundredth birthday.

The eminent centenarian, who lives in an old and historic palace at San Remo, was made page at the age of 10 by the King of Sardinia, Charles Albert, and since then has always held posts at the Court of the House of Savoy. In 1896 he was appointed Master of Ceremonies, and in 1913 Prefect of the Palace, a position which he still holds. In 1914 the King of Italy made him a duke. He has served four Kings of the House of Savoy, lived under six Popes, knew Count Cavour and Garibaldi, and many foreign statesmen, princes, and kings, and possesses an immense number of Italian and foreign decorations. Notwithstanding his advanced age, he still keeps in excellent health and good spirits.

SERIOUS FLOODS IN FRANCE

PARIS QUAYS UNDER WATER

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, OCT. 14

As the result of heavy rains serious floods have occurred in various parts of France, mostly in the eastern departments. In Paris the Seine has risen very suddenly in the last 24 hours, and to-day its swollen muddy waters were pouring over the lower quays and swirling round the wheels of carts and lorries which had been left there. If the river continues to rise at the present rate navigation on it will be suspended in a day or two.

The upper Seine, the Marne, and the Yonne are all in flood. In the valley of the Meuse some villages had to be evacuated, and to-day the water was in some places nearly up to the high level of 1910. The Marne flooded the plain of Epernay, and the railway between Vitry-en-François and Bar-sur-Aube was cut. Floods are also reported from Soissons. Several mines were flooded at Montceaux-les-Mines, where the bed of a swollen stream gave way and the water poured into the galleries below. The inhabitants of Montceau were hastily removed by the police. The River Saône has now risen farther than it did in October, 1910.

Both Dijon and Sédan are partly under water and the inhabitants have to use boats in the streets. A violent storm of wind and rain was followed by flooding at Grenoble and much damage was done to farms.

FRENCH SERVICES TO R 101 VICTIMS

G.B.E. FOR M. LAURENT-EYNAC

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, OCT. 14

In recognition of the service rendered by the French Government to British subjects on the occasion of the disaster to the airship R 101, M. Laurent-Eynac, the French Air Minister, is to be appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the British Empire. No official announcement has yet been issued, but the insignia of the Order were handed to M. Laurent-Eynac by the Prince of Wales in London last Friday.

The British Embassy states that awards to the French authorities and local inhabitants at Beauvais and Allonne who rendered distinguished service are under consideration, and a list will be issued as soon as possible.

A message from Beauvais says that the three survivors of R 101 who are still there—Messrs. Disley, Cook, and Savory—are rapidly recovering from their burns. They are to leave Beauvais for London by air to-morrow afternoon.

A MARCHESA'S MOUNTAIN CELL

(FROM OUR SWISS CORRESPONDENT)

The Marchesa Vitelaschi intends to retire to Monte Generoso, where, at a height of 5,500ft. above the sea, a small house has been built according to her plans a little below the summit. The cell, as it is called, is built on the protruding buttress of a rock wall. Its windows open over a precipice 600ft. deep. The cell is provided with electricity for light, heat, and cooking, and supplies will be conveyed to the house from the neighbouring railway station by a cable. The cell has cost about £750 to build.

Telegrams in Brief

Herr von Schubert, the new German Ambassador to the Quirinal, has arrived in ROME.

British and Soviet naval squadrons met in Phaleron Bay, GREECE, on Monday, and exchanged the usual courtesies.

The non-confidence motion in Mr. Hogan's Budget was defeated in the VICTORIAN Legislative Assembly yesterday by 28 votes to 24.—*Reuter.*

Our OTTAWA Correspondent says that the will of Mr. Peter Larkin, the former Canadian High Commissioner, who died in London in February, disposes of an estate valued at about £700,000.

The death is reported from OTTAWA of Colonel George Septimus Rennie, C.M.G., member of the Dominion Parliament for East Hamilton, Ontario. He commanded the 13th Battery of the Canadian Field Artillery during part of the Great War.

Bishop Nikolay Velimirovitch on Sunday dedicated the Institute of Hygiene at Bayna Basta, in YUGOSLAVIA, as a memorial to Miss Evelyn Haverfield, who died there in 1920 after working with the Scottish Women's Hospital for the Serbs during the Great War.

The late Mr. K. W. B. van Kleef, a former commission agent and broker in Singapore, who died at Haarlem, Holland, on June 18, has left by his will the whole of his Eastern estate in the care of the SINGAPORE Municipal Commissioners to be used for the "embellishment of the city."

Saturday, October 25, has been fixed, in agreement with the Turks, for the departure of M. Venizelos, the Greek Prime Minister, and M. Michalakopoulos, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, from Athens on their way to ANGORA, where their visit will coincide with that of Count Bethlen, the Hungarian Prime Minister.

A Chilean Commission, appointed to investigate the need for protecting the train service on the Transandine Railway against interruption due to the weather, has concluded an examination of the line on the CHILEAN side of the frontier. The Commissioners stated that protective works, to cost at least £100,000, were contemplated.

A Puss Moth recently imported from England by Wings, Limited, crashed at Darling Ranges, 30 miles from PERTH, Western Australia, on Monday morning. The pilot, Mr. Charles Nesbit, and two pupil passengers, Mr. William Bell and Miss Haidee Rae, were killed. Mr. Nesbit was managing director and chief instructor of Wings, Limited, and was formerly a flight-lieutenant in the Royal Air Force.

A crowd of Communists, prevented yesterday from entering the hall at BOSTON (United States), where the American Federation of Labour was holding its convention, made a demonstration in front of the building, and when the police attempted to disperse them there was a hand-to-hand fight. About 15 Communists were arrested, and others were injured by police batons when they tried to rescue them.

FORMER PRESIDENT'S DISAPPEARANCE

EXCITEMENT IN FINLAND

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HELSINGFORS, OCT. 14

Much excitement has been caused here by the news of the disappearance of Dr. Stählberg, the former President of Finland, and his wife from the house where they had been living in an island suburb close to Helsingfors. They went out for their usual morning stroll to-day at 9 o'clock, but did not return. The family made private inquiries during the day, and informed the police to-night. A wide search, in which the political police took an active part, was begun immediately. It is said that an unknown motor-car has been seen on several occasions during the last few days near Dr. Stählberg's villa, but it has been so far impossible to identify this car, and no other clues have been found.

The disappearance is inexplicable as Dr. Stählberg, since the end of his Presidential term in 1925, has been living a retired life without mixing in politics, until last week, when he was elected a member of the new Diet.

Other Foreign News on following page

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INTER-EMPIRE TRADE

QUOTA SYSTEM FOR WHEAT

'A FEASIBLE SCHEME'

EXAMINATION BY EXPERTS

The Heads of the Delegations to the Imperial Conference met again yesterday morning, when the following official *communiqué* was issued :—

The Heads of Delegations met this morning at 10.30 at 10, Downing-street.

The exchange of views on suggestions for improving inter-Imperial trade was continued. It was agreed that certain matters should be referred to a committee and that the Heads of Delegations should meet again on Thursday morning at 10.30.

Our Parliamentary Correspondent writes :—

It will be remembered that at their meeting on Monday the Heads of the Delegations considered in general outline various proposals which had been brought forward by the Government in the United Kingdom, not necessarily to take the place of a tariff preference, but at any rate as possible methods of improving the trade between the different nations in the British Commonwealth. It was then agreed that the Heads should discuss the various proposals including bulk purchase, standardization of prices and the establishment of import boards at subsequent meetings, and this more detailed examination was begun yesterday. The first question brought under review was the possibility of establishing some form of quota system—with special reference to the supply of wheat from the Dominions. After some discussion it was decided to refer the matter for further examination to a committee which met later in the day under the chairmanship of Mr. Graham, the President of the Board of Trade. An informal committee consisting of Mr. Graham, Mr. H. H. Stevens, the Canadian Minister of Trade and Commerce, and Mr. Parker Moloney, the Australian Minister for Markets and Transport, was already in existence to consider the general question of the wheat supply of the Empire, and it was agreed that the examination of the quota system should be undertaken by this committee strengthened by the addition of representatives of all the other Delegations.

When this committee met in the afternoon those present in addition to Mr. Graham, Mr. Stevens, and Mr. Moloney included Dr. Addison, the Minister of Agriculture, and Mr. P. Hogan, the Minister for Agriculture in the Irish Free State. The discussion was of a very general character, but it was agreed that in principle a quota scheme was feasible, and the matter was then referred to the experts of the various Governments, who will consider the subject in detail and will report back to the committee as soon as possible. When the Heads of Delegations meet to-morrow morning they will turn their attention to one of the other suggestions which have been made, such as bulk purchase, and it is expected that this will in turn be referred to Mr. Graham's Committee for further examination.

ATTITUDE OF PARTIES

Both the Labour Party and the Conservative Party have expressed general approval of some form of quota in regard to wheat. Dr. Addison, in a speech at Swindon on August 23, said :—

In the case of wheat it would be possible to afford a secure home market by the compulsory absorption of the home product of good quality through the quota system. He had examined this scheme in great detail with experienced traders, and he felt sure that it could be worked. This system, however, could not be applied generally, and the present position was that the whole question of import boards and bulk purchase would be gone into with the Dominion representatives at the Imperial Conference. The Government had given a most explicit pledge on the subject that as soon as the conclusions of the Imperial Conference were known it would undertake whatever practicable steps could be devised to put cereal growing in this country on an economic foundation.

It is understood that Mr. Baldwin in his further statement on Conservative policy, which is to be issued immediately, will indicate his support of some form of quota for wheat. Mr. Chamberlain, the Chairman of the Conservative Party Organization, in a speech at the Crystal Palace on September 20 declared :—

If we were in the position of the Government of the day we would put our proposals to the Imperial Conference, which without imposing taxes on foreign wheat would nevertheless give to the British farmer a guaranteed market at a guaranteed price for his wheat, would give to the Empire farmer a larger and more secure market for his wheat, and would still leave us with a margin which we could use for negotiations with those countries which are not within the Empire, but where we have valuable interests. These proposals are what is known as the "quota system" —a system which is simplicity itself; which merely provides that you lay down that every loaf baked in this country for British consumption shall be composed of a certain proportion of home-grown wheat, and a certain proportion, which can be gradually increased, of Empire wheat. This proposition, on which we have been working for some time, seems to me to offer perhaps the greatest contribution which has yet been made towards the problem of the development of inter-Imperial trade.

It is believed that one of the reasons why the Heads of Delegations have already paid so much attention to the subject of wheat is the anxiety which is felt in Conference circles at the news which is reaching London from Canada as to the condition of the wheat market. Delegates were informed yesterday that on the Winnipeg exchange the price of October wheat futures had fallen as low as 67⅛ cents, which leaves a very narrow margin for profit in view of the fact that the Wheat Pool has already advanced 60 cents a bushel to the growers, and that storage and other charges still have to be met. According to Lieutenant-Colonel Ruggles-Brise, M.P., in his article on the wheat quota system in *The Times*, the wheat milled in this country is derived on a rough average from the following sources :—United Kingdom, 13 per cent. ; Dominions, 44 per cent. ; and foreign, 43 per cent.

Lord Sankey's Committee, which is considering certain constitutional aspects of inter-Imperial relations, yesterday completed its examination of the form of commercial treaties, and it now has under consideration the system of communication and consultation in relation to foreign affairs ; the channels of communication with foreign countries ; and the phraseology of official documents.

** The question of inter-Empire trade was discussed by Mr. Scullin and other Dominion Prime Ministers at a dinner given last night by the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, the Federation of British Industries, and the Chamber of Shipping of the United Kingdom. The speeches are reported on page 14.

REFERENDUM OF F.B.I.

SIR J. LITHGOW'S STATEMENT

The result of the F.B.I. referendum on the question of fiscal policy aroused widespread interest yesterday. Some misapprehension seems to have been caused by the official statement that the voting indicated that no "single industrial group" within the Federation showed a majority in favour of maintaining the present free trade fiscal system. It is understood that votes were received from all the industries of the country, and that every industry and association of importance which sent in replies was in favour of a change.

As the membership of the F.B.I. consists of individual firms and associations great care was necessary to avoid duplication of votes or overlapping, and the result of the referendum may be taken to represent the majority of votes in each separate industry, including iron and steel, the engineering trades, motor-vehicles, shipbuilding, coalmining, cotton, wool, silk, chemicals, foodstuffs, rubber, pottery, non-ferrous metals, paper, leather, boots, and hosiery.

In a statement to the Press the president of the F.B.I., Sir James Lithgow, said :—

A new and momentous factor has been introduced into the question of our fiscal policy by the pronouncement of the Federation of British Industries, which comprises within its membership the organized bodies representing every important branch of British manufacturing industry. It would be difficult to exaggerate the significance of the fact that 96 per cent. of the votes cast were in favour of a change in the fiscal policy of this country and that no single individual industry in this country now supports the present system. It is obvious from the result that free trade as an industrial policy in Great Britain is dead. Artificial respiration will be attempted by a faithful minority, and the passing will be watched with genuine regret and misgiving by some, but free trade must be buried by those who are building for the future.

Furthermore, it is clear that British industrialists are solidly behind the Empire Prime Ministers in their demand for the widest possible extension of Empire preferences. Real Empire economic unity must necessarily be founded upon a frank acceptance of reciprocity, which in its turn demands the imposition of taxation on a wide range of British imports, not excluding, wherever necessary, food and raw material.

The real significance of this vote is that, for industry at any rate, the fiscal question has ceased to be a matter of party politics. The membership of the Federation comprises almost every shade of political opinion and party allegiance, but this membership, with perhaps a keener realization than have some politicians of the imminent peril in which the country now stands, have deliberately decided that a crisis has arisen second only to the War in gravity, in face of which party allegiances and prejudice must be dropped and economic facts faced clear of the dust of party conflict.

LIBERAL ADHERENCE TO FREE TRADE

A QUESTION TO MR. LLOYD GEORGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NOTTINGHAM, OCT. 14

Mr. W. J. C. Hayward, a chartered accountant, a Liberal, and a former member of the Nottingham City Council, handed me to-day copies of important correspondence which he has had with Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Norman Birkett, K.C., the member for his own division, on the subject of safeguarding.

Mr. Hayward, who is also interested in farming in the Eastern Counties, and states that he and his partner have lost over £6,000 in four years owing to "dumping," has asked in his letters to Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Birkett to be explicitly informed whether adherence to free trade is any longer to be made a condition of membership of the Liberal Party. Both Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Birkett have written to him since, but neither of them gives any answer to this question.

Mr. Hayward, writing to Mr. Lloyd George, said :—"I have been a lifelong Liberal, and until recently a staunch adherent of free trade. I am now compelled to abandon free trade, which is no longer possible. The abandonment of safeguarding for the lace trade has caused much unemployment here. It is time that the decisions of the Liberal Party were no longer influenced by professional lecturers on economics but by practical men who will hear the evidence. If adherence to free trade is an essential qualification for a Liberal then I and thousands of others who have worked for Liberalism all our lives must reluctantly leave the party. If this test were applied to members of the Nottingham Reform Club, two-thirds of them could not remain members."

Mr. Lloyd George's secretary replied that "The whole question of agriculture and the best measures for its improvement are under exhaustive examination by Mr. Lloyd George and his advisers and by the other leading men of the party. He cannot at this stage anticipate their conclusions."

THE LIBERAL CONFERENCE

Mr. Hayward pressed for something more definite, but the only further reply he got was that at the forthcoming Liberal conference at Torquay a resolution would be debated "which will have a close relationship to the issue you raise, and whatever decision is reached may be assumed to represent the general view of the main body of Liberals." Mr. Hayward wrote again on the 9th instant, asking for a reply to his question as to whether adherence to free trade was a *sine qua non* for Liberal membership, but has had no reply.

Nor has Mr. Hayward met with any better success from Mr. Birkett. The member for East Nottingham says he wishes that "questions affecting our national life might be lifted out of the domain of party politics," and that "fiscal policy must not be viewed from any sectional standpoint, but from the national need. Speaking for myself, I have yet to be convinced that any departure from our free trade system would be beneficial nationally."

SALE OF FOREIGN CLOTH IN BOMBAY

CONGRESS OBSTRUCTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, OCT. 14

At a general meeting of the Bombay Native Piecegoods Merchants' Association last night it was resolved to permit dealers to resume the sale of foreign cloth from to-day. An earlier resolution of the association, not to place orders for fresh stock, was reaffirmed. The meeting, which lasted five hours, was marked by a heated debate, but the resolution to resume sales was carried by a large majority.

A sequel occurred to-day, when Congress volunteers of both sexes and all ages turned out in force to picket the Cloth Market, and succeeded in stopping all business there. The market consists of a maze of narrow alleys with shops on either side, each shop overflowing with cloth. Tumultuous crowds marched through the alleys shouting and jeering, and shopkeepers were told that if they disobeyed Congress's wishes women pickets would hunger-strike and lie at the entrances to the market.

COMPANY MEETINGS

Reports of the following meetings appear in our City pages :—

Barsi Light Railway Company.
Cairo (Malay) Rubber Syndicate.
Harrisons and Crosfield.
Mid-European Corporation.
Ste. Madeleine Sugar Company.
Triplex Safety Glass Company.

U.S. PRESIDENT'S DIFFICULTIES

RELIGIOUS ISSUE REVIVED

ELECTION PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, OCT. 14

An echo of the religious issue of the 1928 Presidential campaign can be heard in a formal public statement issued yesterday by the National Catholic Welfare Council taking President Hoover severely to task for the message of greeting he sent recently to the Lutherans of America assembled for the celebration of the anniversary of the Protestant Reformation and the four hundredth anniversary of the reading of the Confession of Augsburg. The troubles of the Administration are growing in number and complexity.

Mr. Hoover told the Lutherans that the events they were celebrating had affected the national life and institutions of this country "in religion through the predominant numbers of adherents to Protestant faiths and in government through the principle of the separation of Church and State," and he thought it fitting that "we should commemorate the persons and events from which these mighty forces have sprung." This message, now says the Catholic Council, was "an insult to many millions of American citizens." It was historically inaccurate, for "Luther was not a champion of the separation of Church and State, but a most arbitrary defender of State absolutism," and it was also a violation of the spirit if not of the letter of the President's oath of office in its congratulation of "one particular religious body on the changes it has introduced from older conceptions of religion and government," and its declaration that the nation should commemorate "Protestant persons and events."

REPUBLICAN FEARS

The National Catholic Welfare Council can be described without grave inaccuracy as a mouthpiece of the Church's hierarchy in the United States, and this fact gives additional importance to a statement obviously considered and unprecedentedly severe. By implication it indicates, moreover, as do so many other signs, that Mr. Hoover is himself the sole great issue of the Congressional campaign and that the result in November will be accepted by the country as a vindication or the reverse of his conduct of office. Only by a miracle could it be a vindication. There are even Republican observers just now who predict that the Democrats will control the House of Representatives in the next Congress, and if they are right—though it would be absurd to assume that they necessarily are right—the effect can hardly fail to be unhappy both at home and abroad.

There is no known exception to the rule that the party which loses the control of Congress in an "off year" election also loses the Presidential election two years later. This is not to say that 1932 might not provide an exception, but the fear that it might not would make for caution rather than vigour in national policy during two anxious years. The American "leadership," of which Mr. Hoover and others sometimes speak, might be lacking at a time when the world in general sadly needed it. The four speeches which the President has made to his countrymen this month may have been the manifestation of a good bedside manner, but they offered no prescription for domestic ailments, and it will remain to be seen whether a bedside manner will be all the Government of the United States can offer to the world in general. There is some expectation here that the President will have a statement of importance to make before the meeting of the Preparatory Disarmament Commission in November ; there is even talk of his intention to say something soon about monetary policy and its relation to the fall in prices from which this country, in common with the rest of the world, is suffering—but there is no certainty that he will do either of these things.

THE ATTACK ON JACK DIAMOND

DIFFICULTIES OF POLICE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, OCT. 14

The New York police are having to work their way through a labyrinth of criminal activities in their attempts to find a clue to the assailants of the "gangster" Jack Diamond and the motive for the murderous attack upon him. They entirely disbelieve Diamond's story that he was attacked by strangers, for circumstantial evidence makes it almost certain that it was members of his own gang who shot him.

The police have been able to prove that he was not taken unawares, but that he met the men who later shot him as expected visitors. Their efforts to establish the identity of these visitors, however, have brought them up against a stone wall of mendacity. In every cast into the underworld of New York, Brooklyn, and Chicago—in which there is continuous inter-activity of "racketeers" and "gangsters"—they have drawn blank.

Meanwhile, Acra, in the Catskill Mountains of New York, where Diamond has his bungalow "hide-away," has been made restive by the advent of 20 of his adherents and about a dozen mysterious strangers who are believed to be their enemies. The bungalow is garrisoned like a fort to prevent the carrying out of a threat to burn it down, and State troopers have been sent to guard the local gaol, where a member of Diamond's gang is being held prisoner on suspicion of murder, to frustrate attempts at either lynching or a rescue.

PERSIAN ART TREASURES

ARRIVAL AT BURLINGTON HOUSE

The Persian art treasures for the Exhibition at Burlington House in the New Year were yesterday brought from London Docks, where they arrived on Saturday, and received at the Royal Academy by Mirza Essa Khan, Financial Adviser to the Persian Legation. They were taken in charge at the Docks by Sir Arnold Wilson, chairman of the Exhibition committee, and Mr. E. H. Keeling and Major Longden, secretaries-general.

INVALIDS

The Earl of Lytton, who is ill at his Hertfordshire seat, was last night stated to be going on very satisfactorily.

An improvement in the condition of Lord Brotherton was maintained yesterday.

It was stated yesterday that the condition of Mr. Harry Gosling, M.P., was very serious.

NAZI POLICY

HERR HITLER'S STATEMENT

REPUDIATION OF REPARATIONS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, OCT. 14

There has been no repetition to-day of the rowdiness in the streets which followed the demonstrations outside the Reichstag yesterday. The police are taking the most elaborate precautions. The question of responsibility for the window-breaking in the business quarter of Berlin has occupied attention to-day. The police take the view that the culprits were mostly National-Socialists or sympathizers with them. The National-Socialists declare that such excesses were not only unwelcome to them, but were strictly against orders, and they challenge the police to prove that members of the party were really implicated. Herr Hitler himself explained to me the Nazi side of the question.

The police report that in all 108 persons were arrested, 53 of them in the Leipzigerstrasse, where the windows were broken. They claim that 45 out of the 108 were identified as members of the National-Socialist Party and 55 as "sympathizers." Of all those arrested only 31 have been detained. The police deny that there is evidence that Communist *agents-provocateurs* were at work.

Herr Hitler, whom I found, with some of his staff, in a tiny room in the small and inconspicuous Berlin hotel whither the Nazi G.H.Q. has been for the time transferred from Munich, denied with lively emphasis the allegation that his party was responsible for the excesses.

Herr Hitler declared that he was ready to make a thorough investigation and that any member of his party whose complicity was proved would be ruthlessly "pitched out." But he could do nothing as long as the police would not mention a single name. The police would not say that any of the alleged members of the National-Socialist Party had been arrested in the Leipzigerstrasse.

The National-Socialist movement, Herr Hitler explained, did not need to employ such methods. It was a strictly disciplined movement, and every member knew that such excesses were against its interests and against orders. The movement discountenanced violent anti-Semitism. Herr Hitler would have nothing to do with pogroms, and that was the first word that had always gone forth from him in turbulent times. Their doctrine was "Germany for the Germans," and their attitude towards Jews was governed by the attitude of Jews towards this doctrine. They had nothing against decent Jews, but if Jews associated themselves with Bolshevism, as many unfortunately did, they must be regarded as enemies. The party was against all violence, but, if attacked, it was ready to defend itself. If the uniform ban were removed, it would be possible to establish at once whether Nazis were implicated in such disorders as those of yesterday. But they would always be found marching in disciplined ranks, not running about smashing windows.

A POLITICAL PROPHECY

We have no need of that sort of thing; we already have so much, Herr Hitler said. The road behind me, from six members in 1920 to 6,500,000 voters in 1930, was far harder going than will be the road from 6,000,000 voters to 12,000,000.

Within two years Herr Hitler estimated they would have gained control of the country by legal means. He would not give any indication of the Nazis' plans in preparation for Parliamentary developments. They were waiting, he said, with a confident visionary smile, for things to come to them.

Herr Hitler then warmed up and produced another version of his political prophecies. If economic developments continued as at present, before the winter was out Germany would be like a powder barrel that a single spark could set off. The Middle parties in the Reichstag would be hopelessly split, and the world would have the choice between a Bolshevist Germany and a National-Socialist Germany. A Bolshevist Germany would repudiate everything—Reparation debts and private obligations too. Those who, with a helpless shrug of the shoulders, had signed the Treaty of Versailles and the Dawes Plan and the Young Plan had been giving bad cheques. A National-Socialist Germany would never sign cheques it could not honour. It would not make the political payments, because it would not honestly be able to ; but, like any honest merchant, it would honour all obligations to repay private foreign loans and investments. If the world insisted on the political payments being made, then Germany would go under.

The Bolshevization of Russia had already given the whole civilized world a jolt ; if Germany became an annex of Bolshevist Russia, Western civilization would get a much worse and probably fatal jolt. Even Oswald Spengler, who had at least given the decline of Western civilization 300 years to complete itself, would then prove to have been an optimist.

ROAD TRAFFIC ACT

HEADQUARTERS OF TRAFFIC AREAS

The Minister of Transport announces that the headquarters offices of the 13 traffic areas specified in the third schedule to the Road Traffic Act, 1930, will be in the following towns :—

Traffic Areas in England	
Northern	Newcastle-upon-Tyne
Yorkshire	Leeds
North-western	Manchester
West Midland	Birmingham
East Midland	Nottingham
Eastern	Cambridge
South Wales	Cardiff
Western	Bristol
Southern	Reading
South-eastern	London
Metropolitan	London
Traffic Areas in Scotland	
Northern	Aberdeen
Southern	Edinburgh

THE KING AND QUEEN OF THE BELGIANS

PRIVATE VISIT TO LONDON

The King and Queen of the Belgians arrived at Victoria Station last night on a private visit to London. They travelled in the ordinary Ostend boat train.

An official of the Belgian Embassy stated that nothing was known there as to how long the King and Queen were staying in London. They were here strictly incognito.

THE TWO RUSSIAS

The concluding article of the series entitled "The Two Russias" will appear in *The Times* to-morrow.

THE BRAZILIAN CIVIL WAR

FIGHTING ON WIDE FRONT

RIVAL CLAIMS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, OCT. 14

Brazilian Federal troops and revolutionary forces have been in conflict in the course of the past 48 hours at several points along the 200-mile front stretching from Western Paraná into the south-eastern part of São Paulo, but none of the fighting reached the proportions of a major engagement. Both sides claim victories, sometimes in the same "battle." The Federals to-day claimed to have defeated the revolutionaries at Ponte de Senges, on the Paraná-São Paulo border, and to have killed their commander, General Miguel da Costa. Many rebels, they said, were dead or wounded, while their own casualties were only six wounded.

The revolutionaries announced that after a desperate struggle between Affonzo Camargo and Carlopolis yesterday the Federals fled, leaving many dead and wounded behind. The revolutionaries add that they captured a number of prisoners, including some high officers, and also some rifles and machine-guns. In another action at Gatinga they took 35 prisoners. To offset these victories the Federals had victories at Jacarezinho, opening the way toward Colonia Mineira, and at Ribeira, in south-eastern São Paulo, and they claimed other victories in Minas Geraes, including the capture of Uberaba.

While the revolutionaries have captured the island in Santa Catharina on which Florianopolis is situated, apparently the city is still in the hands of the Federals. The Government at Rio de Janeiro has arrested a number of alleged revolutionary plotters in the city, including José Bonifacio and Afriano de Mello. They are accused of planning the capture of the Government Palace when the revolutionaries should draw near.

FEDERAL REPORT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SAO PAULO, OCT. 14

The general situation is better and the Federal Government appears to have established its authority over the insurgents of Minas Geraes and Paraná.

Intercepted wireless messages indicate that the insurgents are experiencing great difficulties and are becoming discouraged. All the wide area known as the Mineiro Triangle, where there has been great insurgent activity, is now clear, as Uberaba, the largest town of this district, has been invested by Federal forces who drove out the last of the insurgents. The tunnel through the Serra de Mantiqueira has been cleared of its obstructions, and the South Minas railway line is now open to traffic. In other parts of Minas Geraes the insurgents are reported to be flying in disorder.

The situation in the north is unchanged. Military operations continue along the São Paulo-Paraná frontier.

The Inspector-General of Banks has ordered that the following particulars shall be given by the banks in the Federal capital, São Paulo, and Santos, within the next 24 hours :—

(1) The total amount of money in hand on current account; (2) the grand total of money lying on deposit with any one of the other banks; (3) the total amount of all deposits of which individual details have been given; and (4) the total of all period deposits.

The Foreign Office announces that information has been received from Rio de Janeiro that the Brazilian Government has declared closed all ports held by the insurgents, including Pernambuco, and is anxious that no ships should call there. A similar announcement has already been circulated by Lloyd's.

FALL IN SPANISH EXCHANGE

PESETA DOWN TO 50.20

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, OCT. 14

The peseta declined to-day, the closing quotation being the unprecedented figure of 50.20 pesetas for £1. Spanish Government bonds and the shares of railway and industrial companies are beginning to decline also under the abundant offers to sell on the Bourse. The public has begun to take an interest in the quotations of stocks, and groups assembled to read the quotations posted up outside the banks.

University students at Barcelona made such a noisy demonstration to-day in favour of Señor Macia, the expelled Separatist, shouting seditious cries and refusing to attend their lectures, that the University authorities closed the University and interrupted the autumn examinations. The Governor sent police to the University and offered help, but the Chancellor begged them not to enter the University precincts. The students left the University singing the Marseillaise, which is considered a revolutionary song in Spain.

The strike situation in general shows an improvement to-day. It is true there are still strikers at Valencia, Malaga, Seville, Vittoria, Murcia, Cartagena, and Huelva, but the acute period seems past and there is a general tendency to return to work now that the principal agitators have been arrested. In Huelva the Rio Tinto Company workers to-day declined to come out to demonstrate their solidarity with other strikers.

General Berenguer, the Prime Minister, in a statement to the correspondent of *La Prensa*, of Buenos Aires, after remarking that the Cabinet was gradually fulfilling its promise to the nation to restore constitutional normality, said :—

"We are not threatened by any danger. There is not in Spain any indication of the possibility of a revolutionary outbreak, nor are there observable any symptoms of revolt. We are, therefore, tranquil. It is true that some Republicans are working for a revolution inasmuch as they advise abstention from the elections ; but they are not obtaining many followers. A revolutionary movement would have perhaps been more comprehensible when the country was in the grip of a dictatorial Government based on force. During that period the revolutionary spirits now agitating kept their instincts under control.

"These agitators are making propaganda attempts to gain over some military officers, but we are fully informed who these officers are and of their movements, and they do not cause us any anxiety. When a danger is known and means are at hand to combat it, it ceases to be a danger. I even go so far as to admit, in hypothesis, that a revolutionary movement actually breaks out. We are quite prepared to overcome it instantly. The repression would necessarily be severe and the lesson a hard one because order would have to be restored with great energy and rapidity."

SIR JAMES MELVILLE

Sir James Melville, who has resigned from the office of Solicitor-General owing to ill-health, motored from London to Southampton yesterday, and sailed in the Arandora Star for a Mediterranean cruise.

£12,000,000 INDIA LOAN

SIX PER CENT. ISSUE

The issue of a £12,000,000 loan for the Government of India in Six per Cent. Bonds is announced to-day. The price of issue is 100 per cent. Interest will be payable half-yearly on April 15 and October 15. The bonds will be repaid at par on October 15, 1937, but the Secretary of State for India reserves the right to redeem the bonds at par on October 15, 1935, or on any half-yearly interest date thereafter.

The proceeds of the issue will be used to repay £6,000,000 of India Treasury Bills due on December 20 next, and to provide funds for capital expenditure on railways in India and for general purposes. The previous Government of India issue in London was made in May last, when £7,000,000 of Six per Cent. Bonds, redeemable 1933-35, were offered at 99, and was heavily over-subscribed. Comment on the issue is made in our City columns.

MORE WORKERS IDLE

INCREASE OF 14,502

The Secretary to the Ministry of Labour announces that on October 6 the numbers of persons on the registers of employment exchanges in Great Britain were 1,474,670 wholly unemployed, 598,479 temporarily stopped, and 103,042 normally in casual employment, making a total of 2,176,191. This was 14,502 more than a week before, and 968,955 more than a year ago. The following are details :—

Date	Persons normally in regular employment		Persons normally in casual employment	Total
	Wholly unemployed	Temporarily stopped		
Oct. 6, 1930				
Men	1,064,355	390,398	100,489	1,555,242
Boys	47,823	11,819	271	59,712
Women	320,919	194,388	2,253	566,058
Girls	41,774	11,376	29	53,179
Total	1,474,670	598,479	103,042	2,176,191
Sept. 29, 1930				
Men	1,043,757	392,728	98,927	1,535,410
Boys	47,496	12,307	282	60,087
Women	313,728	196,289	2,584	512,561
Girls	41,545	12,056	90	53,631
Total	1,446,528	613,358	101,883	2,161,689
Oct. 7, 1929 :				
Men	675,960	175,744	75,408	927,112
Boys	30,953	4,182	132	35,267
Women	134,192	77,759	1,145	213,096
Girls	27,807	3,940	14	31,761
Total	868,912	261,625	76,699	1,207,236

Our Labour Correspondent writes :—

Once again the increase of the total number of the registered unemployed is due in the main to a large increase of the number "wholly unemployed." In the latest figures there are over 28,000 more wholly unemployed than there were in the preceding week. For several weeks past the number of the "temporarily stopped" has shown a downward tendency, but there is nothing in the figures themselves to indicate whether or not this is due in part at least to the transference of workpeople from one category to another. The "temporarily stopped" are those who have a definite prospect of returning to their former employment within six weeks. Of late the number of the casual workers unemployed has been rising slightly ; but for many months past the figure showing unemployment among "persons normally in casual employment" has fluctuated least of all.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The Unemployment Grants Committee, which met on Monday, with Lord St. Davids in the chair, approved for Government grant schemes of works submitted by local authorities and other statutory bodies, estimated to cost £400,000 and to provide employment for approximately 1,700 men. Schemes before the committee for approval which are now the subject of inquiry number 1,131, and are estimated to cost £19,400,000.

Particulars of the grants which the committee are empowered to approve and forms of application, &c., can be obtained from the Secretary to the Unemployment Grants Committee, Sanctuary-buildings, 16, Great Smith-street, Westminster, London, S.W.1.

NEW SECRETARY FOR AIR

LORD AMULREE APPOINTED

The following announcement was issued from 10, Downing-street last night :—

The King has been graciously pleased to approve that Lord Amulree, G.B.E., K.C., be appointed Secretary of State for Air, in succession to the late Right Honourable Lord Thomson, C.B.E., D.S.O.

Our Parliamentary Correspondent writes :—

The task of choosing a successor to the late Lord Thomson was one of considerable difficulty. In order to avoid other changes in the Government it was necessary that the new Minister should be a member of the House of Lords, and the field of choice was thus much restricted. It was felt that Lord Amulree's legal and judicial experience would be of great value in view of the public inquiry which the Government are anxious to set up as soon as possible into the wreck of the R 101. Lord Amulree is 70 years of age, and, as Sir William Mackenzie, has presided over many Courts of Inquiry, and was President of the Industrial Court from 1919 to 1926. He was created a Baron last year. Called to the Bar in 1886, he took silk in 1914. His appointment as Secretary of State for Air will mean that a new chairman will have to be chosen for the Licensing Commission.

There is still another Government office to be filled—that of Solicitor-General, rendered vacant by the resignation of Sir James Melville. The most likely candidate is Mr. Stafford Cripps, K.C., the youngest son of Lord Parmoor. Mr. Cripps has had a good deal of experience at the Parliamentary Bar. He has not at present a seat in Parliament, but is the prospective Labour candidate for West Woolwich, in opposition to Sir Kingsley Wood. It is probable, however, that another seat would be found for him in due course if he were given office.

ARMISTICE DAY IN THE CITY

There will be a short military service in front of the Royal Exchange before the London Troops' Memorial, at 11 a.m. on Armistice Day, Tuesday, November 11. The arrangements will be similar to those in previous years. Representative detachments of the London Division, Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, the 58th (1st London), and the 47th (2nd London) Divisions of the Territorial Army will be present. The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs will attend in state. There will be a religious service within the Royal Exchange at 1.15 p.m. on the same day.

POLITICAL NOTES

MR. BALDWIN AND PARTY POLICY

NEW PARLIAMENTARY REGISTER

Mr. Baldwin, as leader of the Conservative Party, was yesterday in consultation with Mr. Chamberlain, the Chairman of the Party Organization, and some of his other colleagues in regard to the further statement of policy which he is expected to make. It will be remembered that when Mr. Baldwin last Thursday announced, on behalf of his party, the acceptance of the request of the Dominion Prime Ministers for the adoption of reciprocal preference, he added that he would this week say something more about Conservative policy. This pronouncement will probably take the form of a letter to the Chairman of the Party Organization, and is likely to be forthcoming soon.

The publication of Sir Herbert Lidiard's election address, in which he pledged himself, if elected, loyally to support the Conservative Party in the House of Commons, has already had its reactions among supporters of the "Empire Crusade" in South Paddington. Preliminary arrangements have been made for putting forward an "Empire Crusade" candidate in opposition to Sir Herbert Lidiard, and the name of Vice-Admiral E. A. Taylor has been mentioned. Vice-Admiral Taylor unsuccessfully contested Finsbury as a Conservative in 1924, being defeated by Mr. Gillett, the present Parliamentary Secretary to the Department of Overseas Trade, by 720 votes. Meanwhile, there is no sign of the withdrawal of Mrs. Stewart-Richardson, the "United Empire Party" candidate.

The new Parliamentary Register comes into operation to-day, and will continue in force for 12 months. This is the second register since the franchise was extended to women of 21 and over. The first, by special provision in the Act of 1928, became operative on May 1, 1929, and continued in force until now. The General Election of last year and all by-elections since then have been fought on it. Official figures of the total new electorate are not yet available, but in South Paddington, for instance, there will be little difference in the numbers. The total on the old register was 51,122, of whom 19,768 were men and 31,354 were women. The total on the new register is 52,207, 20,052 being men and 31,155 women. Other constituencies in London and the Home Counties show greater changes. At Romford, where the numbers are the largest for any constituency, there is an increase of about 18,000, the new figures showing a total of over 116,000, compared with 98,588 on the old register.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Union of Conservative and Unionist Associations, at Palace Chambers, Westminster, yesterday, Sir Kingsley Wood, M.P., was unanimously elected chairman of the committee for the remainder of the year ending next February.

LATEST LONDON BETTING

THE CESAREWITCH.

(To be run at Newmarket to-day)

5 to 1 agst Friendship (c., 11 to 2 t.) (C. Peck).
19 — 2 — Snow Girl (c., 10 to 1 t.) (Watts).
19 — 2 — Richrocochon (c., 10 to 1 t.) (Butters).
100 — 8 — Stony Tellers (c., 100 to 7 t.) (Crouch).
100 — 7 — Brown Jack (f. & o.) (T. Anthony).
100 — 6 — Up Majesty (t. & o.) (R. Dawson).
18 — 1 — Bonny Boy II. (t. & o.) (Gilpin).
22 — 1 — Arctic Light (t. & o.) (Tabor).
25 — 1 — Battown (c., 8 to 1 t.) (Scobie).
33 — 1 — Old Orkney (t. & o.) (Sneyd).
33 — 1 — Roi des Aulnes (t. & o.) (Cottrill).
33 — 1 — Joyous Greeting (t. & o.) (Sneyd).
35 — 1 — Boldero (o.) (C. Waugh).
40 — 1 — Arctic Star (t. & o.) (W. Nightingall).
40 — 1 — Puma Manor (o.) (In Ireland).
45 — 1 — Duke of Wellington II. (o., 50 to 1 t.) (Newton).
50 — 1 — Judo (t. & o.) (W. Nightingall).
50 — 1 — Peasant (t. & o.) (Miss).
50 — 1 — Auction Pool (o.) (Holland).
50 — 1 — Delate (o.) (In France).
50 — 1 — Madcap (o.) (Persse).
50 — 1 — South Hill (o.) (Blagrave).
66 — 1 — Grease Paint (o.) (Scobie).
66 — 1 — Dark Hillock (o.) (R. W. Colling).
66 — 1 — Galeste (o.) (Watts).
100 — 1 — Bolide (o) (Lindsay).
200 — 1 — Dazzler (o.) (F. Morgan).
200 — 1 — Purple Wave (o.) (Porter).

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 10)

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	2.30 & 8.15
Apollo	THE OUTSIDER	8.30
Cambridge	CHARLOT'S MASQUERADE	8.15
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	THE FAR-OFF HILLS	8.30
Daly's	ELDORADO	2.30 & 8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	2.30 & 8.15
Duke of York's	HER FIRST AFFAIRE	8.15
Everyman	THE WILD DUCK	8.15
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	STREET SCENE	2.30 & 8.40
Grafton	UNUSUAL VARIETY	2.30 & 8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	2.30 & 8.30
Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	2.30 & 8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	2.30 & 8.30
Little	JEALOUSY	9
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	TRAFFIC	2.30 & 8.15
Lyric	LET US BE GAY	2.30 & 8.40
Lyric, Hammersmith	MARRIAGE A LA MODE	2.30 & 8.30
New	TOPAZE	8.30
Palace	FREDERICA	2.30 & 8.15
Phœnix	PRIVATE LIVES	8.45
Playhouse	CYNARA	2.30 & 8.30
Prince of Wales	RICHARD III.	8
Queen's	THE BARRETTS OF WIMPOLE STREET	2.30 & 8.15
Royalty	TWO TO ONE	8.45
St. James's	THE SWAN	2.30 & 8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE	2.30 & 8.30
Shaftesbury	LEAVE IT TO PSMITH	8.30
Strand	IT'S A BOY	8.30
The Old Vic	THE TEMPEST	7.45
Vaudeville	THE BREADWINNER	8.45
Victoria Palace	VICTORIA VANITIES	2.30 & 8.15
Whitehall	THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN	8.30
Winter Garden	FOLLOW A STAR	8.10
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT

THE TIMES

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1930

	PAGE
Special Articles :	
The "R.G.S."	13 & 14
Hard Times in Rumania	11
Maritime Law	5
Chair Bodgers	15
The Motor Industry—II.	7
Illustrations :	
Chair Bodgers at Work	16
Correspondence :	
"None so Blind" (Lord Melchett)	13
Pickpockets' Methods (Colonel A. M. MacLaughlin)	13
British Motor Industry (Mr. A. Hacking)	8
Simpler Weights and Measures (Mr. Harold Cox)	8
India at the Round Table (Sir Michael O'Dwyer)	8
Conservative Leadership (Captain R. C. Bourne, M.P., and Mr. A. W. Lock)	8
Liberal Party Finance (Mr. A. Cohn)	8
Life after Death (Lord Wrenbury)	8
The Golden Treasury (Mr. G. Mallaby)	8
Bishop Creighton House (Bishop of London, and others)	8
Soviet and Unemployed (Mr. J. R. Foley)	8
A Meeting Place of the Empire (Lady Elibank)	8
Investors and the "Stag" (Mr. Norman Hatton)	18
Points from Letters:—Courage for Economy; Gold and Prices; German Sympathy for R 101; Imperial Preference; Wheat Growing; A Song for the Present; Women in Men's Posts; Armistice Day; Christmas Island; Taxation and Decay; Broken Glass; Study of Portuguese; Plantains in Gardens; The Crown Piece; Inequality of Wealth	8

Arrangements	15	Law Notices	5
Art Exhibition	10	Law Report	5
Auction Summary	23	"London Gazette"	22
Broadcasting	17	Mails & Shipping	22
Commercial Gazette	20	Naval, Military, and Air Force	22
Court Circular	15	News in Brief	9
Crossword Puzzle	7	Obituary	14
Ecclesiastical	17	Political Notes	12
Estate Market	23	Sporting	6 & 7
Film World	10	*The Times* of 1830	23
Finance	18-22	University News	9
Home News	9	Wills and Bequests	17
Imperial & Foreign	11		

Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Southerly wind, moderate to fresh; variable or cloudy sky, perhaps occasional local rain; very mild.

Further Outlook.—Unsettled, especially in western districts; continuing mild. (p. 14)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The Prince of Wales flew from Hendon to Horsham yesterday and opened the new block of science buildings and the new quadrangle at Christ's Hospital. (p. 9)

An increase of 14,502 in the number of unemployed registered at the employment exchanges is reported by the Ministry of Labour. The total number on October 6 was 2,176,191. (p. 12)

The question of Imperial Preference was discussed in speeches at a dinner given last night to the delegates to the Imperial Conference by the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, the Federation of British Industries, and the Chamber of Shipping. (p. 14)

Members of the British coal trade delegation to Scandinavia held a meeting in London yesterday to consider a draft report and recommendations. It is hoped that the report will be published before the reassembly of Parliament. (p. 9)

At the inquest yesterday on the body of Miss Margery Wren, who was found dying in her shop at Ramsgate, evidence was given on the conflicting statements made by the woman, and it was suggested that she was trying to shield her attacker. (p. 9)

Returns of Lloyd's Register for the quarter ended September 30 show that the total new shipping then in hand in Great Britain and Ireland represented a decrease of 275,317 tons on the new tonnage for the June quarter. (p. 9)

Evidence on the position of women was given yesterday before the Royal Commission on the Civil Service. (p. 9)

At the quarterly meeting of the Grand Council of the British Empire Cancer Campaign in London on Monday it was reported that a new East Midland Council had been formed. (p. 9)

The Anglo-Soviet Debts and Claims Committee issued an official statement after its third meeting yesterday. (p. 14)

The first of a series of lectures arranged by the British Academy in connexion with the bimillenary of the birth of Virgil was given yesterday by Professor R. S. Conway. (p. 17)

POLITICS

The appointment of Lord Amulree as Secretary of State for Air in succession to the late Lord Thomson has been approved by the King. (p. 12)

Our Parliamentary Correspondent states that a further pronouncement by Mr. Baldwin on the policy of the Conservative Party in regard to reciprocal preference with the Dominions is likely to be forthcoming soon. (p. 12)

The new Parliamentary Register will come into operation to-day and will remain in force for 12 months. (p. 12)

Mr. W. J. C. Hayward, a Nottingham Liberal, has written to Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Birkett, M.P., asking if adherence to free trade is any longer to be made a condition of membership of the Liberal Party. (p. 12)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

The Heads of Delegations to the Imperial Conference resumed yesterday the discussion of means for improving inter-Imperial trade. The question of a quota system for wheat was discussed, and was referred to experts for consideration and report. (p. 12)

Reports from Brazil tell of much fighting but of no engagement on a major scale. Both sides claim victories, sometimes in the same "battle." (p. 12)

Herr Bruning, the German Chancellor, in a statement to a French newspaper, is reported to have said that Germany had no intention of asking for a revision of the Young Plan or for a moratorium, but France should remember that Germany was now making payments with increased difficulty. (p. 11)

Herr Hitler, the German National-Socialist leader, in a statement to our Berlin Correspondent yesterday, said his party would not make "the political payments." If the world insisted on their being made, then Germany would go under. (p. 12)

The celebrations of the 25th anniversary of the foundation of the International Institute of Agriculture began in Rome yesterday. (p. 11)

Mr. Howard Carter has arrived at Luxor for the purpose of completing the clearance of Tutankhamen's tomb. (p. 11)

LAW

Summary of Law Cases will be found on page 5.

SPORT

The Second October Race Meeting was begun at Newmarket yesterday. (p. 6)

The Worplesdon Mixed Foursomes Golf Competition was continued yesterday. (p. 7)

Two Rugby Football Freshmen's Trial matches were played at Oxford yesterday. (p. 7)

The London Covered Courts Lawn Tennis Championships were continued at Queen's Club yesterday. (p. 6)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—New Loan for India: a Review of India's Finances; De Beers' Capital Increase; the Banks' Larger Bill Holdings; Floating Debt Reduction; the Fall in the Pesets; Rubber Growers and Rubber Roadways; and Life Policies with Options. (p. 18)

In Lombard-street short credits were in abundant supply at 1½ per cent. for the day and 2 per cent. for periods extending to the end of the year. Three months bills were easy at 2 3-32 to 2¼ per cent. Of the bar gold in the open market France bought £294,000 and £205,000 was taken by an unknown buyer. Silver rose to 16 13-16d. per ounce. (p. 18)

The Stock Markets yesterday were again depressed. There was liquidation in Oil, Mining, and Industrial shares, and Paris was a seller. The Foreign market had a heavy tone, and South American Railway stocks remained weak. British Funds were very firm. (p. 18)

COLONISTS AND NATIVES

No one can have noted without the gravest anxiety the consequences, steadily accumulating during the last few weeks, of the latest Government statement of policy towards natives and Europeans in British Africa. The dispatch of a delegation from Kenya; the truculent utterance of MR. GROBLER, the South African Minister of Lands; the temperate but emphatic declaration of GENERAL HERTZOG that it is a matter of concern to the Union, and the letter from the late CHIEF JUSTICE of the UNION bringing South African policy in its turn into review; the resolutions chronicled only yesterday from Uganda; the renewal in Northern Rhodesia, with more unanimity than ever before, of the unofficial demands for union with Southern Rhodesia and the official and favourable response of the Southern Rhodesian Government—all these are events following directly upon the issue of the White Papers. There is no room for doubting that, blameless as may be the intentions of the Government, unobjectionable and far from novel as may be the substance of their native policy, their presentation of it is having the most deplorable results. It was never to be expected, perhaps, that the party led by LORD DELAMERE in the Kenya Council would welcome the affirmation of any views but their own; but the evidence is only too plentiful that throughout British Tropical Africa, in Northern Rhodesia no less than in Kenya, all the ordinary European settlers—men not particularly interested in securing political changes—have been profoundly, and very naturally, disquieted by declarations which suggest that the non-African communities in countries controlled from the Colonial Office are to be sacrificed to satisfy ill-informed humanitarianism in Great Britain.

As a matter of fact, so far as substance goes, there is really nothing in either of the two papers embodying Government policy—issued last June and dealing respectively with native policy and with the projected closer union of Uganda, Kenya, and Tanganyika—to justify the uneasiness which is now being felt and pressed. The native policy laid down in them is not new. The main points—to secure to the natives sufficient land to guarantee their liberty of action and to build up in the reserves economic and political institutions—have often been enumerated before. The proposals on closer union are avowedly tentative, put forward for Parliament to consider. There was a call for the Government to speak its mind, and it did so. But unfortunately it allowed to creep into the phraseology of its declaration some terms which may seem innocuous in London—terms like "immigrant communities"—classing together Europeans and Indians as groups of inferior standing in Tropical Africa; and these phrases were bound to suggest to sensitive European minorities that their own Imperial Government holds them of little account. The British Government has made, and must keep, certain solemn declarations of trusteeship for backward indigenous races; but in the past it has also been wise enough to encourage white immigration, and the only true and fair thing to say to-day is that three different races have now their different rights. The natives are entitled to protection, to land, to instruction in economic activities, and to political education. The Europeans are entitled to security of tenure; to guarantees that, after being invited into East Africa, they will not be victimized in the interest of native policy; and to the knowledge that they will not be indiscriminately confounded with Indians or Africans. The Indians, whose claims to political representation are far less well grounded than those of the Africans or Europeans, are nevertheless entitled to the protection of the Imperial Government, and to due provision for expressing their special point of view. An immense amount of unnecessary harm has been done in Africa by attempting to use the African situation to ease political difficulties in India. Declarations in favour of a common electoral roll for Europeans and Indians are an obvious red rag to Europeans in Africa, and are perfectly valueless as a sop to Indian Nationalists. For that particular fatuity, which would virtually sacrifice British Africa to the hope of peace in Asia, the Colonial Office can hardly be held responsible. But it must bear the blame for most of the consequences of its crude handling of one of the most difficult and delicate problems in the world.

The truth is that the situation in East Africa admits of no simple solution. While there is general agreement that the interests of the different races do not necessarily clash, and that the presence of white settlement with its wealth and agricultural and business experience is an enormous asset to the territories, the hot temper so quickly engendered in these discussions is itself a confirmation of the palpable fact that all too easily there may be conflict of interests. The question of labour supply, the question of a common budget and of the allocation of taxation, are two conspicuous instances of fields in which the economic advantage of white landowners is immediately concerned. For this reason the Hilton Young Commission laid down as the groundwork of its African policy that the Imperial Government has an arbitral function to perform. What machinery it uses is open to debate, but from the axiom that the effective as well as nominal power of executive decision must rest with the Imperial Government there is no solid ground for dissent. There is as yet neither the population nor the *personnel* among the settler population of Kenya to take over the administration of the country, even if it were admitted that the settlers are entitled to so much power. Nor are they really entitled to claim a veto on what is done, such as an elected majority in the Council would confer. The immediate problem, not only in Kenya but in the other territories where there are some thousands of white men, is to give to European colonists a firm sense of security without parting irrevocably with powers that the Imperial Government ought to keep and to exercise. It is a very real problem, and it constitutes the chief task facing the Joint Committee of both Houses which is to be set up when Parliament meets.

The actual terms of reference of this Committee are to consider the proposed appointment of a High Commissioner for Uganda, Kenya, and Tanganyika; what his powers should be, and what sort of Council should assist him. But in fact the Committee will be charged with a far more momentous task, which is the re-establishment of confidence in British Africa. It is really a most fortunate circumstance that the intricacies of closer union in East Africa call for such a body just when feelings in Africa have been so badly ruffled by an ill-judged declaration of native policy, with its suggestion that the unofficial European is simply someone to be watched with vigilant suspicion. No doubt the attitude of suspicion has its history and its justifications; but it is grotesque as the main basis of British policy, and the champions of the native are doing him a poor service if they alienate the very real good will he enjoys from the European whom he has actually to meet. Unofficial opinion in British Tropical Africa has little sympathy to-day with the "colour bar" policy of repression, and it is of enormous importance that it should never become the typical white point of view. Disastrous as may be the effects of shortsighted repression south of the Limpopo, they would be far more disastrous in Tropical Africa, where the whites must be counted by thousands, even if the mines of Northern Rhodesia summon their tens of thousands, and the blacks by millions. The one thing that might reproduce the old Boer attitude is the belief that opinion in England will consider that the African races cannot be protected or developed unless Europeans in Africa are thrust ostentatiously into the lower seats at the table. The premises of British policy are so unanswerable, its merits on grounds of expediency no less than morality so demonstrable, that it has nothing to fear from its opponents so long as its friends will temper their easy idealism with a scrupulous regard for other claims. The Joint Committee should be able at once to reaffirm British policy and to restate it in such terms as to remove all suspicion that the British Colonists in East Africa are regarded as intruders and not as welcome pioneers.

Maritime Conventions

The article on Marine Law, which is printed this morning in another column, draws renewed attention to the fact that shipping communities throughout the world have a genuine cause for dissatisfaction with the Governments in their respective countries. Briefly stated the ground of their complaint lies in the law's delay, or rather in the general failure of the Governments concerned to give prompt legislative effect to the reforms which are considered necessary for the more efficient conduct of the shipping industry. From time to time plenipotentiaries appointed by the Governments of the various nations meet together to discuss important questions of maritime law. Since the seas of the world are open to all comers, it is clearly to the general advantage that so far as is possible there should be a simple, unified code for the regulation of all shipping and unanimity of practice in its execution. The need is so obvious and so widely recognized that, in spite of the natural divergence of opinion on many points between the different nations, their delegates have been able after long consideration, and often as the result of mutual compromise and concession, to agree on a common line of action for the settlement of some of the more important. These agreements take the form of International Conventions, signed by the whole body of delegates taking part in the various conferences at which they have been adopted. At the present moment, as our Shipping Correspondent explains in his article, the reforms most urgently needed deal with Safety of Life at Sea—with which the question of the Load Line is closely connected—with the Limitation of Shipowners' Liability, Maritime Mortgages and Liens, and the Immunity of State Ships. On each of these the necessary Conventions have been settled and adopted by the delegates of the chief shipping nations of the world. But—and there's the rub—these Conventions have not been ratified by the Governments concerned. The legislation that is indispensable before they can be carried into effect has not been initiated and passed. They remain for the present a dead letter.

At the seventeenth conference of the Comité Maritime International, held at Antwerp two months ago, a strong protest was raised against this Government policy of inaction and delay. The following resolution was unanimously passed by delegates representing Japan, the United States, Great Britain, and ten other countries of Europe:—

> In view of the fact that the unification of the law of the sea is the deep-seated and general desire of international commercial interests, this Conference addresses an earnest appeal to the respective Governments and Legislatures of the nations concerned to the end that the Maritime Conventions agreed at Brussels in 1924 and 1926 should be ratified without delay, and that the necessary steps should be taken to pass them into law and thus put these Conventions into full force immediately.

Before the passing of the resolution it was stated by SIR LESLIE SCOTT, on the authority of the PRESIDENT of the BOARD of TRADE, that the delay in giving statutory effect to the Brussels Conventions had nothing to do with any difficulty of principle, but was solely due to difficulties experienced in drafting the necessary statutes and to the pressure of other Parliamentary business. At the same time he assured the Conference that there was every reason to expect that the necessary legislation would be introduced by HIS MAJESTY'S Government at a very early date. But the present idea seems to be that, though the British Government are proposing to ratify the Convention on the Safety of Life at Sea—which naturally makes a special appeal to the general public in all nations—they are likely to postpone similar action with much older Conventions. If that prove to be the case, the Government will incur a grave responsibility. From the purely British point of view the interests of shipping and commerce—just now more than ever vital to the existence of the country and of the Empire—should be one of their very first considerations.

The Conventions have passed the controversial stage. The demand for their ratification is universal, and it is idle to plead that there can be any real difficulty in drafting the required legislation or in finding the time for its passage through Parliament. And there is this further reason for condemning the inaction of this and previous British Governments. The other Governments look to this country to take the lead. If Great Britain sets the example, and the need for unanimity in ratifying the Conventions is duly impressed upon them, they will be ready to follow suit. At present it is the British Government above all others who are blocking the road to reform. From that invidious position the way of escape should be simple and easy. All that they have to do is to introduce a comprehensive measure giving to all the Conventions, instead of only to one, the ratification that is so long overdue.

For the Implacable

At the meeting to be held at the Mansion House next Monday afternoon LORD ALLENBY, the LORD MAYOR of LONDON, and SIR OWEN SEAMAN are to make a special appeal for the money that is still wanted to save H.M.S. Implacable and keep her in commission as a holiday training ship for boys. Nearly the whole of the £32,000 already subscribed for this purpose by HIS MAJESTY the KING and other generous donors has now been spent. If she is to be preserved, about as much again will eventually be required—£5,000 for the completion of the work of equipment and necessary structural alterations, and a further £30,000 for her maintenance as a permanent institution. Unless the smaller sum is quickly forthcoming there is a grave danger that the operations now in hand, and unhappily almost at a standstill for want of funds, will have to be suspended and the Implacable herself given back to the Admiralty to be broken up. That would be a thousand pities. It would mean the loss not only of the last survivor of the gallant two-deckers that fought at Trafalgar but of all the money and devoted labour that have gone to make this famous old French man-of-war a most valuable instrument for the peaceful training of English boys. Cards of admission to the Mansion House can be had on application from the Secretary to the Implacable Fund, at 10, Bouverie-street, E.C.4. But for the sake of the country's pride in the past in the Royal Navy it is to be hoped that many more people than are able to attend the meeting will join in helping to keep the old ship afloat. The work of which she is the centre is too good to be allowed to die.

Underground and Underworld

The new dodge for thieving which our correspondence columns introduce to public notice this morning can hardly hope for a long run. The continued success of the transparent old confidence trick might indeed excuse the inventors for believing that there is no trap into which people will not go on falling. But the dirty coat trick is likely to be less durable than the confidence trick because it gives less scope for good acting, for prolonged pressure, for the pleas of sportsmanship and fair play, and above all for the influence of alcohol on the destined victim. Its very ingenuity and particularity mark it off from the grand simplicity of the classic conceptions. It will be too quickly recognized. And it is open to another criticism, which applies also to the theft of mail-bags. It is too easy. The finest experts are not above taking a few mail-bags in their stride, because, though no skill is required, a mail-bag is sure to be worth taking; but the accounts of the dirty coat trick published this morning prove that the operators are not in the first rank of their profession, since no master would be so careless as not to make sure that there was more than a paltry forty shillings or a ten-shilling note to be won. There is a possibility, no doubt, that the polite young gentlemen, and the men of the loafer class as well, are only the raw pupils of some modern Fagin, and that in time they will attain the proficiency of the consummate artists who (as a letter stated on Monday morning) from a buttoned-up hip-pocket under a buttoned-up overcoat abstracted two separate and large sums of money (which they clearly knew all about) and left the pocket buttoned up and their victim unaware that he had been robbed. If so, the tiros have much to learn; and even then this method of training has no romantic nor curious interest, and its efficacy may well be doubted. The dirty coat trick is just a dirty trick; and there can be no sympathy with the dirty fellows who play it.

So much for our own little subterranean troubles. They are so small and faint as to be almost invisible to eyes dazzled by the dreadful glare of the hell-fires blazing in another land. In that underworld murder was the most manly of the regular crimes, until murder itself came to be bought and sold with less caution than in an Elizabethan tragedy. There men and women devote themselves openly to battening upon other people's sins and vices. They form a separate nation; and the author of "Sybil" never dreamed of so sharp a cleavage between "two nations" in one country. They live under laws of their own, not the laws of the State; and the first of their laws is the law of force. Few though they are, they seem to have little to fear from the State. They openly defy or deride or suborn it; and now and then, at any rate, the bitterest enemies among these people of the underworld will combine against the authorized powers of the dwellers aboveground. It is not easy to see how the separate nation came into being, nor how the gaps caused by its murderous feuds are filled. There do not seem to be economic causes such as those which filled Elizabethan England with rogues and vagabonds, dotted the old coach roads with highwaymen, and set HENRY FIELDING and his brother JOHN so tough a problem in the streets of London. One cause may be that there is not enough excitement in modern life for these neurotically restless creatures; another that a lust for power is more quickly and easily satisfied through firearms than even through finance; another that it was only yesterday when, in many parts of the country, the law of the pistol was the only law current. But perhaps the truest explanation is that which is now most frequently offered; and that is a Statute-book effort after an ideal which has neither enough public opinion to support it nor enough public strength to enforce it. Admirable in themselves are the pluck and the humour with which the nation aboveground makes light of its dangers from the nation underground and its outrages; but nothing could well help the gangsters more. As England knew in her smuggling days, every failure of the forces of law awakes the ridicule which is the best friend of the lawless. From our own past, indeed, we may learn the danger of joining in the laugh; and our own future is not so free of the menace of poverty, idleness, and lack of discipline as to make the dirty coat trick the worst that may befall us.

"NONE SO BLIND"

LABOUR ECONOMICS

THE NEO-FREE-TRADERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The most painful aspect of the present difficult economic position of this country appears to me to be the entirely contradictory and un-correlated economic thought afflicting both the political and business world. The Labour Party, and especially Labour Ministers, seem to run about in economic blinkers in which it is quite impossible to find any coherence of thought or correlation of idea.

On the one hand they pass a Coal Bill by which, by restraining production and eliminating competition, an endeavour is to be made to make coal dear to the consumer and industry in this country in order to subsidize exports to countries which, unlike Great Britain, have not the natural advantage of coal resources. On the other hand, Mr. Shinwell declares that he does not see why coal should be sold at what is less than an economic price—the question of what is an economic price being completely and conveniently ignored, but apparently meaning such a price as would enable certain hours of work and rates of wages to be maintained in this country whatever happens in other coal-fields; while his colleague, Mr. Alexander, and those associated with him in the cooperative wholesale movement, joyfully assist Soviet Russia in ruining the British farmer, and presently the Canadian and Australian wheat grower, by selling their products at an entirely uneconomic price.

The Soviet Government whom they are assisting to create this havoc has at the same time been endeavouring to ruin the Welsh anthracite trade in Canada by dumping there at an uneconomic price. The situation has only been saved by the statesmanship of the Canadian Government who, with more sense of justice, have protected the Welsh miners—Mr. Shinwell's *protégés*—against this unfair competition, while Mr. Alexander and his friends are apparently not prepared to do anything in return for the Canadian wheat grower.

Mr. Graham, on the other hand, having been responsible for what can only be called the "Protectionist" Coal Bill, throws up his hands in holy horror at the idea of a tariff on steel and iron which would enable this essential national industry to be re-established and give it a position of equality in world competition by the fact that, like all other steel industries, it at any rate has the firm basis of a protected home market. He raises some familiar bogies about the repercussions of such a policy, the answers to which he might easily obtain through his department and which have apparently been solved in other countries which have duties on steel. Like all people who are little acquainted with the practice of industry, he expects amalgamations and rationalization to be substitutes to withstand the flood of dumped products, quite forgetful of the fact that these processes involve essentially the introduction of large new capital sums into an industry to make them effective, require many years to carry out, and will never be undertaken unless new capital is assured of a reasonable return, where, moreover, the industry is notoriously in a depressed condition.

On the other hand, at the Imperial Conference proposals are put forward for purchases in bulk and import boards which, if they are to achieve any object, must obviously affect the limitation of the extreme world competition to which the products subject to these processes are exposed; otherwise these proposals have no meaning at all.

It seems to me quite impossible to reconcile all these intensely conflicting economic standpoints. I can understand the adherence of the old free trade doctrinaire who based himself broadly on the policy of "laissez faire," and did not consider it the duty of the State to find employment for anybody or to support them in unemployment, who did not consider it the duty of the State to intervene in hours of labour or rates of wages, who was entirely regardless of social amenities and subjected the cost of labour to the same harsh terms of lowest prices as those of commodities, and who looked on the creation of wealth as an object to be pursued regardless of all other social considerations. But I cannot understand the neo-free-trader of to-day who, while wishing to retain quite exceptional conditions as regards hours, wages, and social services, is blindly indifferent to the reductions in wages which are daily taking place on the Continent of Europe, refusing to face the fact of the increasing difficulties of our export trade owing to higher tariffs or the subsidizing of native industries, and at the same time refusing to take any steps in any direction which would equalize conditions for British industry and give it a chance of a fair deal in the international negotiations of the world. Until we clearly decide what road we are to follow, we obviously can make no progress.

Revaluation not merely as regards this problem but many other problems is bound to be made. The question of whether the term "unemployment" means that men or women cannot obtain such work as they have been accustomed to under the same conditions, and at such wages as they have been in the habit of receiving, or whether it means that it is impossible to obtain any work at all in any form of employment at something above a subsistence wage, is one that requires urgent consideration. The question of whether the monetary system of a country should be adapted to the benefit of the greatest number of people in that country, especially its industry, or should function for the benefit of the non-productive and creditor element rather than the productive and debtor element, as is the case at present, is another very vital problem.

I believe the Prime Minister some time ago appointed an Economic Advisory Committee to assist him in the solution of all these difficulties. His own utterances do not reflect any deep economic thought on any of them. It would be interesting to know whether he has received any guidance, and if so what, from those whom he specially selected to give him and the nation the benefit of their views. Yours faithfully,

MELCHETT.

35, Lowndes-square, S.W.1, Oct. 14.

PICKPOCKETS' METHODS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—My experience on October 2 may be a warning to many of your readers, and therefore I consider it my duty to bring it to your notice.

As I entered Marylebone Station by the footpath through the narrow archway about 10.10 a.m., a dark-haired young man, smartly dressed and wearing a blue serge suit, came up behind me and said in a sympathetic voice and slightly foreign accent, "Excuse me, Sir, but there is some horrible dirt on the back of your coat." I thanked him and took off the coat (an overcoat), and saw a streak of slime on the back of it. He then remarked in a casual manner, "You could wash it off in the lavatory."

I proceeded to the lavatory to carry out his thoughtful suggestion, and there saw an equally smartly dressed young man washing his hands, and as I proceeded to clean the overcoat he passed behind me, and remarked, "There is some dirt on that coat also," referring to the coat I was wearing. I said, "I don't think so," but putting my hand to my back felt some wetness. I then took the coat off and hung it on one of the pegs until I had finished cleaning the overcoat. Then seeing nothing noticeable on the back of the other coat, I put it on, went to book my ticket and found I had not my pocket-book in the usual pocket. As I had often left home without this book, I did not suspect that I had been the victim of a clever piece of crookery until I returned home in the evening and was informed by a maid that the Paddington police had rung up to say my driving licence had been picked up that morning in Maida Vale. Remembering that the licence had been in the pocket-book, it occurred to me for the first time who had placed the dirt on my overcoat. Fortunately my loss was only £2. The only other person in the lavatory at the time was the attendant, who was attending to the cleaning of the basins. Yours faithfully,

A. M. MAC LAUGHLIN (Col., retired).

10, Kensington Court-gardens, W.8.

*** By the post which brought Colonel MacLaughlin's letter we received from another correspondent an account of a similar experience. The technique was the same; the time was 6.15 last Sunday evening, the place Down-street, Piccadilly, Tube Station, and the suspects a young man and "two men of the loafer class." The haul yielded only a 10s. note.

THE "R.G.S."

RESEARCH AND ADVENTURE

THE RECORD OF A CENTURY

The "Geographical Society of London" was founded in July, 1830; in October of the same year King William IV. became its patron, and henceforth it was known as the Royal Geographical Society. It is so named in the Charter granted by Queen Victoria in 1859. This month the society is celebrating its centenary, and, apart from the new hall and library added to the society's house at Kensington Gore, the most permanent and valuable memorial of the anniversary is Dr. H. R. Mill's record,* published today, of the 100 years of the society's work in a field of knowledge which in actual fact is world-wide.

Quest of the unknown has ever been a marked characteristic of mankind, and the story of exploration goes back to remote antiquity. But the gathering together of the knowledge acquired, and the co-ordination of effort, have been a comparatively modern development. The great impulse for systematic study and for a methodical filling in of the blanks in the maps came largely from Captain Cook's voyages, and, in England especially, from the remarkable journeys of "Abyssinian" Bruce. That highly critical cartographer D'Anville had swept from the maps of Asia and Africa every feature not certified by trustworthy European travellers. Little was left of Central Asia, and as for the Dark Continent:—

> Geographers, in Afric maps
> With savage pictures filled their gaps,
> And o'er unhabitable downs
> Placed elephants for want of towns.

Nowhere was the spirit of enterprise greater than in this country, and London may claim the honour of having established, in 1778, the first society devoted exclusively to geographical research. This society, though its aims were much wider than its title—the African Association—was a child of Sir Joseph Banks, who, as Dr. Mill says, "made London the centre for exploration and research in all the sciences which enter into the spacious realm of Geography." But that Banks was very jealous for the supremacy of the Royal Society—of which for 43 years he was president—the Geographical Society would have been founded then; as it was the African Association was merged into the Royal Geographical Society, and there was a real continuity of membership and activities. It was left, however, to Paris to found the first geographical society so named. This was in 1821, and the Gesellschaft für Erdkunde was formed in Berlin in 1828. It was in this last-named year that the first public proposal to found a similar society in London was made, in the pages of the *Literary Gazette*.

THE FOUNDERS

Two sets of people worked, independently, for the setting up of a society. Captain, later Admiral, W. H. Smyth was the most active spirit in one group, and Mr., later Sir John, Barrow, Secretary to the Admiralty, the foremost in the second group, which consisted of members of the Raleigh Travellers' Club, a dining club which dated from 1827 and, renamed the Geographical Club, still exists. It was Barrow's party which took the initiative and actually founded the Royal Geographical Society, but Smyth joined in as one of the founders. The preliminary committee meetings were held in Barrow's rooms at the Admiralty; his genius from the first stamped the aims and constitution of the society. Thus cradled in the Admiralty, the society has always had strong naval connexions. Appropriately the President-Elect, who will take office next month at the beginning of the second century of the society's history, is a naval man—Admiral Sir William Goodenough, two of whose ancestors also occupied the presidential chair.

To tell the history of the Royal Geographical Society would be in one aspect to recount the whole story of exploration and discovery since 1830. With William IV. as patron, the Prime Minister (the Duke of Wellington) as an original member—the society started with a membership of 460—and Sir John Barrow as one of its earliest presidents, the society had a very happy start, and though in the "hungry forties" its membership and finances declined it was brilliantly steered through the shallow waters by Captain W. H. Smyth. In 1851 the society entered on a period of prosperity and increasing influence under the presidency of the magnificent and masterful Sir Roderick Murchison, who first gained fame as a geologist. It was now housed at No. 1, Savile-row, its headquarters for half a century, the Mecca of travellers from all the ends of the earth.

At the start, and for long, exploration rather than education was the main concern of the society. In the thirties it had established its hold on the public by its generous help to Schomburgk, the explorer of British Guiana, and it was quick to recognize the value of Livingstone's work by the grant to him in 1850 of the money value of the gold medal for his researches in the Kalahari. In this era of great explorations, when every traveller came to London to give his story to the Royal Geographical Society the membership of the society greatly increased, for "all London" went lion-hunting—and Murchison revelled in playing the host. The controversy over the admission of women as Fellows came later on, but it is noteworthy that the first man to demand their admission to the society was Speke, the discoverer of the source of the Nile, and that he was moved thereto by the romantic adventures of three Dutch ladies in the Sudan—the unfortunate Alexandrine Tinné and her mother and aunt.

WOMEN FELLOWS

It may be recalled that the council in 1892 elected as Fellows some 15 women, of whom the chief was Mrs. Bishop (Miss Isabella Bird), the intrepid traveller in Central Asia. This roused the fury of the anti-feminists, who, led by the Hon. G. N. Curzon, prevented for 20 years the election of any more women as Fellows and deprived the council for 10 years of the services of Mr. Douglas Freshfield, who was stoutly "on the side of the angels." Time has its revenges, and it was the same G. N. Curzon—then Lord Curzon and president of the society—who in 1913 moved the admission of women into the society. The motion was carried; to-day there are some hundreds of women Fellows, and on the council which takes office next month a woman—Mrs. Patrick Ness—for the first time will have a seat.

For 25 years, as president or vice-president, Murchison virtually ruled the society, and during that time it had become world famous. The next great figure in the presidential chair was Sir Clements Markham, most able and most lovable of men. He ruled from 1893 to 1905, vigorous and alert as ever in old age and affectionately remembered by many of the present Fellows.

Murchison had largely devoted himself to Africa; Markham had begun life in the Royal Navy and had had his adventures in the Arctic, and he was now to promote Polar exploration. It was he who selected Captain Scott as leader of the Antarctic expedition which he himself organized and in a hundred ways helped. Markham, too, promoted that other side of the society's work—education—and he warmly supported the movement for

* THE RECORD OF THE ROYAL GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY, 1830-1930. By Hugh Robert Mill, D.Sc., LL.D., Vice-President R.G.S. (Royal Geographical Society, Kensington Gore, London). Price 10s. 6d. net.

the teaching of geography in the universities. One of the founders of the Kosmos, the second dining club associated with the R.G.S., Sir Clements lived to preside at its jubilee dinner. The Kosmos had grown, as he said, out of the habit of a few of the Fellows to meet to discuss the lectures and a glass of Madeira. The soul of sociability, the reviver of the annual soirées, the designer of a flag for the society, Markham was not a financier. His successor, Sir George Goldie, the founder of Nigeria, had to yield the surgeon's knife, but he brought back financial prosperity and enhanced the society's influence. It was during his presidency that King Edward VII. both attended and addressed a meeting of the society—the only occasion on which the patron has been present at a gathering of the society, though King George, when vice-patron and before coming to the Throne, attended several meetings.

Of later presidents Major Leonard Darwin, Lord Curzon, Mr. Douglas Freshfield, Sir Thomas Holdich, Sir Francis Younghusband, Lord Ronaldshay (the Marquess of Zetland), Dr. Hogarth, and Sir Charles Close—their names are sufficient to recall their services. It was Lord Curzon who took the society to its present home, Lowther Lodge, designed by Norman Shaw as a country house in town. Curzon's energy was sometimes overpowering, and there were those who sighed with relief when his term of office ended. Mr. Freshfield, a tall man of fine presence, who in his youth had climbed the Caucasus and other mountains, was one of the firmest upholders of what is becoming more and more the chief work of the society—education. He had the help of that veteran Sir John Scott Keltie, whose report on geographical education on the Continent had been the starting-point of a campaign now happily successful. And to-day Mr. Freshfield, at the age of 85, still bears his share in the work of the council, and has "by candid criticism and constructive advice" greatly helped Dr. Mill in the preparation of his record. With the name of Sir Francis Younghusband, another veteran, will ever be associated the famous Mount Everest expeditions, nor will it be forgotten that he himself had years before led an expedition to Lhasa.

Dr. Mill's record is a fine piece of work, well balanced, and should prove of equal interest to the general public and to the Fellows of the Society. The necessary social and political background is supplied, and there are truly admirable biographies in brief of all the leading figures in the society. Two of the chapters are contributed by Mr. Hinks, the secretary of the society, one a description of the society's house, the other a modest sketch of the society's War work. The illustrations are excellent and the index is all that an index should be—and that is high praise.

SIR HERBERT SAMUEL AND TARIFFS

REPLY TO F.B.I. STATEMENT

Sir Herbert Samuel, speaking at Corwen yesterday on the statement of the Federation of British Industries urging an alteration of our fiscal policy, said that the federation had for many years past been a protectionist organization.

On a poll of the federation's members two-thirds had voted in favour of a change in our fiscal system. It was surprising that the number was not greater. Most people were by nature inclined to favour any change in conditions which might lead to their advantage, while disposed to ignore the consequences which might accrue in the other direction. Every producer or trader wished to secure high prices for what he sold, but not to pay high prices for what he bought. The manufacturers of the F.B.I. were no doubt anxious to secure markets and good prices for the finished articles which they sold, but they would not be so pleased if a tariff raised the cost of the raw materials and semi-manufactured goods which they needed. And they would not be wise if they assisted in measures which would raise the cost of living for their workpeople. In the abstract a "change" was to be desired, but when it came to be considered in the concrete, when they tabulated the particular duties to be imposed and the particular increases in prices which would follow, it was not likely to appear so obviously desirable.

Safeguarding had relation only to the home market. The F.B.I. had now added to it a declaration in favour of Empire preferences. The inevitable outcome of that must be higher prices to the Dominion producers for the foodstuffs and raw materials which we bought. How the F.B.I. could reconcile that with the permanent interests of British industry every impartial man would fail to understand. Our whole object in the present crisis in British trade should be to lower the costs of production in this country without lowering the standard of life of the people. Only by that means should we be able to increase our sales in the markets of the world. The policy now favoured by the F.B.I. must have precisely the opposite effect.

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Obituary

DR. VAN HOUTEN

A NOTED DUTCH STATESMAN

Dr. Samuel van Houten, the veteran Dutch statesman, has died at the age of 93.

It has been said that, after Thorbecke, the Dutch Liberal statesman, who died in 1872, at the age of 74, none did more for the Dutch people's political education than van Houten. He was almost to the end of his long life an indefatigable writer; he left his mark as a political economist; and made once a great reputation as social reformer, but returned in his later life to the Liberalism of the old school, as a staunch upholder of private enterprise against State Socialism. That was rather a tradition of his family.

Born on February 17, 1837, at Groningen, he was the third son of a prosperous wood merchant. Both his parents and their ancestors belonged to the sect of Mennonites, whose former persecution had excluded them from official posts and helped to make them successful business men. While his two elder brothers went into their father's business, Samuel studied law and political economy at the University of Groningen, and obtained in 1859 his degree of doctor of law with a dissertation on "Value." Before that, an essay on the same subject had gained him in a prize competition a silver medal from the University of Leyden, whose juridical faculty recommended him in 1879 for the chair of political economy; but the then Liberal Dutch Government found van Houten's views too radical for a professorship. Groningen elected him in 1864 a member of the Town Council, and five years later its representative in Parliament, where he remained for 25 years. From 1894 to 1897 he was Minister of Home Affairs, and from 1904 to 1907 a member of the Upper Chamber. Afterwards he "ploughed a lonely furrow."

Together with political economy, Dr. van Houten had studied philosophy, particularly Schopenhauer's, which had a great influence on his mind. He gained for the Dutch workers the legal rights of combination, and found that thereby they could improve their position without legislative help. As Minister of Home Affairs, he carried through a large extension of the suffrage in Holland. At an International Medical Congress, held in 1879 at Amsterdam, he warmly pleaded for the abolition of child labour, largely because he considered the employment of children an unfair means of competition; he was afterwards instrumental in prohibiting the employment of children under 12 years, but he opposed any further protection of labour as a violation of human freedom. His agrarian policy also was remarkable. In his view, the national soil must serve the nation for its living and work. For that he thought private property in land the best means, provided that the legal right of ownership was dependent on using the land well. Dutch feminists claimed him as one of their pioneers. He favoured equal rights for women and men, whether married or single. In every respect he aimed at a community of free and strong individuals in preference to a community of State servants. Many of his essays were collected in book form under the title "God, Family, and Property."

MAJOR PERCY BISHOP

Dr. A. P. Thurston writes of Major Percy Bishop, O.B.E., who perished in the R 101:—

May one who knew Percy Bishop intimately for 20 years add a tribute to a great and efficient technical officer of the Crown?

As Chief Inspector of Aircraft in the Aeronautical Inspection Directorate, Bishop was known to and respected by the heads of every works throughout the land producing material or parts used in, or in connexion with, aircraft. He was a Berkshire man of typical yeoman stock. His chief characteristics were an intense and unfailing kindness, and an understanding of men, coupled with loyalty and highly efficient practical knowledge of automobile and aeronautical engineering. This knowledge was gathered in the works and drawing offices of Clement Talbot, the Sheffield Simplex, D. Napier and Sons, and the Royal Aircraft Factory. He possessed also the shrewdest common sense, and it is no secret that his advice was often sought by those in high authority as well as by leading manufacturers.

This interest in aeronautics began in 1910, when he attended a course of my lectures at Sheffield University. On the outbreak of the War he was placed in charge of the Inspection Department of the Royal Aircraft Factory at Farnborough, where his ability was soon recognized by officers of the Military Aeronautics Directorate. At this time "Bish," as he was always known to his friends, was president of Pinehurst Mess, Farnborough, perhaps one of the happiest companies of officers and scientific experts ever gathered together. During this period he invented various scientific instruments for accurately gauging aeroplane parts, and wrote a paper which has become a classic and which was the forerunner of other valuable papers to the learned societies. Later in the War he joined the staff of the Aeronautical Inspection Department under General Bagnall Wild, and subsequently, when Colonel Outram became Director of Inspection in succession to Air Commodore Halahan, he was promoted to the rank of Chief Inspector of Aircraft. From my position in the War Office, Air Board, and Air Ministry, I became intimately acquainted with Bishop's work, and can testify to its high efficiency and value to the nation. He was essentially an aeroplane man—that is, he believed in heavier-than-air craft—but, such was his devotion to duty, he took every possible step to become acquainted with the construction and operation of airships. He attended as one of the British representatives the fifth International Conference on Aeronautics at The Hague a month ago.

As a sportsman he was known to a wide circle of friends within and without the Air Ministry. As a "Rugger" man he was an active member of the Wasps Rugby Football Club, first as a player, and later as vice-president. In the Air Ministry itself he was closely connected with the Air Ministry Athletic Association, and had been chairman of the Air Ministry Football Club. As a Mason he was a brother of the Ad Astra Lodge, No. 3808.

SIR FREDERICK DUTTON

Sir Frederick Dutton died on Sunday at Tunbridge Wells at the age of 75. The son of Mr. F. S. Dutton, formerly Agent-General for South Australia, he was educated at Adelaide and at Marlborough College, and was admitted a solicitor in 1879. He retired in 1907. He was a member of Council of the Royal Colonial Institute, now the Royal Empire Society, from 1888 to 1916, and was a vice-president at his death. He was knighted in 1921. His wife died in 1928. He leaves a son, who is a barrister of Lincoln's Inn.

MR. ROBERT DUNLOP

News has reached Dublin of the death at Graz, Austria, on October 6, of Mr. Robert Dunlop, the authority on modern Irish history. Although he was a native of Scotland, Mr. Dunlop held the post of Lecturer in Irish History at Manchester University for some 10 years before the War. Among his contributions to Irish history are two volumes of records of Ireland under the Commonwealth and Lives of Grattan and Daniel O'Connell. He contributed great numbers of biographies of Irish personalities to the "Dictionary of National Biography," and wrote the chapters on Irish history for the "Cambridge Modern History."

MR. ALEXANDER BUSHFIELD

Mr. Alexander Bushfield, assistant inspector, who perished in the R 101, had served in the Aeronautical Inspection Directorate of the Air Ministry since 1923. Before this he had seen long service with the Royal Navy and subsequently with the Royal Air Force as Flying Officer. The later portion of his Naval service was chiefly confined to the Admiralty Airship Section, Airship Trials Staff. His Air Force service was mainly devoted to the construction and flight trials of rigid airships. He took his airship pilot's ticket in the early pre-War days of lighter-than-air experiment.

His career began with an engineering apprenticeship of five years in the works of Barclay Curle and Co., Glasgow; he then joined the Royal Navy in 1900. He was seconded to lighter-than-air duties immediately before the outbreak of the War, throughout which he served as Overseer, Airship Construction, and as a member of the flight trials staff. He was mentioned in the *London Gazette* on January 1, 1919, for his gallant and distinguished services, while in February, 1921, he was highly commended by the Air Council for his courageous and resourceful action in personally extinguishing a petrol fire in the inflated airship R 36 at the Inchinnan Airship Station. His work on the reconditioning of H.M. Airship R 33 was recognized by the Air Ministry in 1925. He was affectionately known as "Sandy" both to his colleagues within the Directorate and to all his many friends outside.

EMPIRE TRADE

ATTITUDE OF THE DOMINIONS

PRIME MINISTERS ON PREFERENCE

A dinner in honour of the representatives of the Dominions and India attending the Imperial Conference was given by the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, the Federation of British Industries, and the Chamber of Shipping of the United Kingdom, at the Hotel Victoria last night. Sir Walter Raine and Sir James Lithgow, presidents respectively of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce and the F.B.I., and Lord Inchcape, a past-president of the Chamber of Shipping, presided over the three head tables. The guests numbered nearly 400.

Sir James Lithgow, proposing "The Imperial Conference," said that British industrialists were by no means down and out. At no time in the history of British industry were those in control of it better organized, better equipped, more impressed with the need for initiative and enterprise, and more imbued with a spirit of sane idealism. On the other hand, it was a rather astonishing fact that at no time in any industrial country had industrialists been given less say in the forming of national policy. Well-intentioned social ideas had saddled the export trades with the unbearable charges of sheltered and public employments in which the conditions had been settled by committees and courts controlled or presided over by men who had earned distinction in other spheres. As a sample of such hampering and now discredited decisions the Shaw Award of 1920 was worthy of being re-read 10 years later.

He did not want the delegates to give up hope of British industry. He implored them not to be guided by shallow sectional interests in framing their recommendations, on which were based their hopes for the future expansion of Empire trade. He was pleased to note Mr. Scullin's suggestion of consultation, and he (the speaker) would very much like to follow the matter up with Mr. Scullin in business hours. Their organizations were entirely at the disposal of Mr. Scullin. (Cheers.) Sentiment and idealism and even family ties would ensure the harmonious working of business agreements only if those agreements defined the rights of the respective partners with some regard to the real value of the services of each as assessed in the material world outside. Past Imperial Conferences had been sterile on the economic side because the British Government were bound to their existing fiscal system, which in years past had the approval to a greater or less extent of every section of the British public. The situation was now entirely changed. His federation, covering every industry, had taken a vote of its membership, and only 3.9 per cent. were in favour of continuing the existing fiscal system. As the mouthpiece of organized British industrialists he was therefore able to tell them that day for the first time that free trade as an industrial policy was dead. (Cheers.) It was the fervent hope of British industry that Mr. J. H. Thomas would disregard mere personalities and parties and himself lay the foundation-stone of Empire economic unity. That stone must inevitably be full and frank reciprocity, involving taxation on a wide range of British imports, not excluding food and raw material.

QUACK REMEDIES

Mr. Thomas, replying, said that when he listened to all the people ready to give advice as to how to solve our problems he asked himself the questions, "How many of the men occupying the highest positions in trade and commerce would dare to dogmatize on the world position to-day? How many of them would have been financially better off 12 months ago if they could have foreseen the chain of events that had happened in the past 12 months?" Why carry on this humbug and hypocrisy in assuming that there was a monopoly of virtue in any section of the community? If this Imperial Conference was to be successful it would not be by merely passing resolutions or by speeches. There was nothing more dangerous than to apply remedies of a quack character in a period of depression. They had met at an abnormal period and a crisis in the history of the Empire, and panic measures or quack remedies were not going to help. Each Dominion Prime Minister speaking for his own Dominion said clearly, "My first obligation is to my own people." Who could challenge that? But if they were entitled to say that was their policy, who could condemn the British Government for saying that that equally was their policy?

NEED OF ECONOMY

Lord Inchcape, as past president of the Chamber of Shipping, in the absence of Sir Arthur Sutherland, the chairman, proposed "The Commonwealth of British Nations." He said that it was on all hands a matter for congratulation that the Imperial Conference was directing its efforts to the solution of our mutual difficulties and to the future welfare of the British Commonwealth. Problems at home were not proving easy. At the moment there were over 1,000,000 people not doing a hand's turn, drawing nearly £2,000,000 a week out of the country's resources, and for that vast expenditure we were getting no return. Unless national expenditure was reduced catastrophe was bound to follow. In some quarters he might be denounced if he said that if the manufacturers of this country were to be put in the position to compete in foreign markets wages and salaries would have to come down and longer hours would have to be worked. His conviction was that the trade recovery of Great Britain, and, if he might say so, that of Australia also, rested in a great measure with the leaders of the trade unions. If they could get their members to realize that it was impossible to put a quart into a pint pot except by filling it twice the road to economic recovery would be easier and unemployment would soon be much reduced.

Dealing with the situation in India, Lord Inchcape said that it was causing all to view that country with the gravest concern. His relations with many thousands of Indians had always been of the happiest and most friendly description, but the seditious actions of what was known as the Congress, in their attempt to get the British out of the country by boycotting British trade, by what they termed civil disobedience, by rioting and murder, were having a disastrous effect both on the British and Indian mercantile community. It would be disastrous if the country were left to the chaos which would supervene if the British Raj were withdrawn. To realize this they had only to look at the condition of affairs in China since the downfall of the Central Government in Peking. He had been a free-trader all his life, and perhaps some would say that it was because he had been a shipowner; but the position in which we found ourselves to-day was one which he had never had to face before. If the conclusions arrived at by the Imperial Conference should give a fresh impetus to inter-Empire trade, if they should so affect the fortunes of the Dominions that they might welcome a revival of migration—here again they might say he was a shipowner—if those conclusions should, as they might well do, revive the industrial life and activities of our communities at home and oversea, the Conference would have solved the most difficult economic problem with which the people of the Empire had ever been confronted.

AUSTRALIA'S OFFER

Mr. Scullin, Prime Minister of Australia, said, in reply, that he did not regard the Imperial Conference table as a bargain counter over which the British and Dominion Governments were to haggle for trade, but rather as a place for the discussion of their various problems in a desire to give mutual help to each other to overcome their difficulties.

"All parts of the Empire have realized, as never before, the need for closer cooperation," Mr. Scullin continued. "This has been made clear by the discussions at the Conference. The spokesmen of the Dominions have all offered to assist British industry to obtain a larger share of their import trade, but they have also shown how some of their own exporting industries need the marketing assistance that Great Britain can give to a larger extent than any other country.

"What do these two factors mean in the terms of trade? First, that the overseas Empire is in general ready to help Great Britain to secure a greater share of the imports of manufactured goods at present derived from foreign countries. The total value of this trade is between £200,000,000 and £300,000,000. Secondly, Great Britain is asked to devise effective means of assisting British agriculture overseas. This does not mean that the Dominions are asking for preference for all their products, still less that Great Britain is asked to sacrifice her foreign trade in order to stimulate Empire trade. No such choice is involved. So far as Australia is concerned, we offer:—

(*a*) The maintenance of a preferential system which has been the predominant factor in making Australia the second most important market for British goods.

(*b*) To consult with British industrialists as to the practicability of new preferences.

(*c*) To discuss any questions as to the administration of preference.

(*d*) To welcome conferences between Australia and Dominion manufacturers as to how to secure that the £40,000,000 to £45,000,000 of foreign manufactures now imported into Australia can be allocated between the British and Australian manufacturer.

"It is necessary to dispel any idea that may exist in the minds of a section of the public that the Dominions have come to the Imperial Conference with the intention of taking all they can get and giving nothing in return. This, of course, is quite incorrect. Under the system of preference to British goods now existing Great Britain holds 40 per cent. of the total import trade of Australia."

PREFERENCE TO BRITAIN

Mr. Scullin, continuing, said that there was an impression that Australia imposed prohibitive duties against British goods, placed a higher duty on foreign goods, and then claimed that this constituted preference to Britain. To show how erroneous this impression was, he pointed out that in 1928-29 £26,000,000 worth of British goods were admitted free of duty. The same classes of goods, if of foreign origin, would have paid duty averaging nearly 15 per cent. It was estimated that in the last 10 years Australia had imported from Britain cotton piece-goods to the value of £87,000,000. If Australia had charged on these British goods the same rates of duty as were charged against foreign cotton cloth, a sum of approximately £13,000,000 would have been paid in duty. Again, before 1925, laces, velvets, and trimmings were charged at the rate of 15 per cent. British Preferential Tariff and 25 per cent. General Tariff. In 1925 the duties on British goods were abolished and British manufacturers now had a preferential margin of 25 per cent., instead of 10 per cent.

British manufacturers were not taking advantage to the fullest extent of the preferential treatment accorded to them. The outstanding example of this was to be found in the motor-car industry. In the case of unassembled chassis the British article entered Australia duty free, whereas a duty of 27½ per cent. was levied on unassembled chassis of other than United Kingdom origin. In the case of assembled chassis the duty on the British article was 5 per cent., and on the foreign article 40 per cent. In 1927-28, however, the United Kingdom held only 19 per cent. of the imports of chassis and 6 per cent. of the imports of complete motor-cars. They would be glad to see the British industry avail itself to a much greater degree of the preferential advantages offered.

"The preferential advantages," Mr. Scullin went on, "which over a long period of years we have given to almost all British goods and which we have gradually increased, does not make it easy for us to offer still further preferential treatment, but we are prepared to examine every possible avenue by which this preferential treatment can be extended. The market in Australia for British goods, however, is capable of wide expansion only if we ourselves are able to expand the oversea markets for our primary products and thus increase the general purchasing power of our people. If we can bring about an expansion in our exports, the necessity for measures to restrict imports will, of course, be correspondingly lessened. Moreover, a stimulus will be given to the purchasing power of people in agricultural districts, and with the renewed incentive to land settlement it will be possible to absorb more people."

Sir Richard Squires, Prime Minister of Newfoundland, who also replied, said that Newfoundland had not gone to the Imperial Conference to bargain, and he had not gained the faintest idea, from any of the remarks of any of the representatives, that they were there to bargain. Each of them attended to throw in the maximum of their weight, intellectual ability, and commercial experience to help the Commonwealth of British Nations.

AN EMPIRE BUREAU

Sir Gilbert Vyle, Chairman of the British Preparatory Committee for the Imperial Conference, proposing "The Trade of the British Empire," said that they who were engaged in industry, commerce, and shipping could have wished that the organization of the Conference was of such a character that it would have permitted the views of commerce and industry in the various Dominions, including Great Britain, to be heard inside the Conference on such vital matters and questions as directly concerned them. Nevertheless, they were much encouraged by what they had heard outside the Conference. They had long felt in this country that they must make some better gesture of reciprocity to their kinsmen across the seas. The setting up of a Marketing Board was not enough. There was much more they could do at home to encourage the primary industries oversea. They, therefore, welcomed the statement of Mr. Bennett, the Prime Minister of Canada, when he declared in business language, which left no doubt what he meant, that the first thing that must be established was the principle of reciprocal trade throughout the Empire, coupled with a practical preference for the produce and manufactures of Empire countries.

To-day the commercial people of this country accepted the principle of the offer of the Prime Minister of Canada. He contented himself that night with the bare suggestion that there was an urgent necessity for setting up an Empire Bureau for the collection and dissemination of trade information, not only within the Empire but equally for trade without. To make that really effective would imply a need for an Imperial Consular Service and an Imperial Trade Commissioner Service to be charged with the collection of the information. He commended to the Ministers from overseas those recommendations which were contained in the report of the British Preparatory Committee, which was subscribed to by the appointed representatives of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, the Federation of British Industries, and the Chamber of Shipping of the United Kingdom. That report set forth that, in order to give full effect to the conclusions in principle of the Imperial Conference, there should be set up some standing body which should be representative of all the Dominions and should have within its charge the task of working out the various problems which would immediately arise. He hoped that before the Conference concluded its deliberations such a body would be set up, so that the Empire would have a common trade policy to pursue.

Mr. Bennett, Prime Minister of Canada, replying, said he wished sometimes he had the power to rouse the people of Britain to the possibilities of the productive and profitable trade that lay beyond the Atlantic. He appealed to the representatives of British shipping and commerce to help Canada. It would help them to find trade for their ships and homes for their people. There were too many people in this country. Canada could not provide them all with homes as the nation was now, but some day it would, if all worked together.

Mr. G. W. Forbes (Prime Minister of New Zealand) said that New Zealand, from the very first, had made it clear that she fully recognized that, in regard to whatever action Great Britain might take in order to come to an arrangement with the Dominions, the welfare of her own people must necessarily be her first consideration. New Zealand claimed the same privilege, and would suggest no other course to Great Britain.

There was still in New Zealand a considerable market in manufacturing lines open to the British manufacturer, to whom New Zealand offered the most generous tariff preference in the world—a preference ranging from 20 to 25 per cent. The value of this preference to the United Kingdom manufacturers alone was over £4,000,000, that was to say, if there were no preferences their goods would be charged with that additional amount of duty. There was little doubt that if it were not for their high British preference keen foreign competition would have made considerable inroads into British trade with them, with corresponding detriment to British industry.

Sir Walter Raine proposed "Our Guests" and Mr. N. C. Havenga (Minister of Finance, Union of South Africa) and Sir Muhammad Shafi replied.

Those present included:—

Lord Glenavy, Mr. G. Howard Ferguson (Premier of Ontario), Mr. J. Beaumont Pease, Mr. Maurice Dupré, K.C., M.P. (Solicitor-General, Canada), Mr. David Jones, Mr. Parker J. Moloney, M.P. (Minister for Markets and Transport, Australia), Mr. Walter Runciman, M.P., Sir Halford Mackinder, Sir Padamji Pestonji Ginwala, Mr. E. H. Marsh, Sir Lewis Lougher, Mr. Arthur Hayday, M.P., Sir William Clare Lees, Mr. P. Brennan, M.P. (Attorney-General of Australia), Sir Alan Anderson, Sir James Martin, Sir Thomas Sidey, M.P. (Attorney-General, New Zealand).

Sir G. L. Corbett, Sir Claud Schuster, Sir Robert Garran (Solicitor-General, Australia), Sir Arthur Duckham, Mr. H. H. Stevens, M.P. (Minister of Trade and Commerce, Canada), Mr. P. McGilligan (Minister for External Affairs, Irish Free State), Sir Arthur Balfour, Mr. Hugh Guthrie, K.C., M.P. (Minister of Justice, Canada), Sir Leslie Scott, K.C., Sir Josiah Stamp, Sir Edward Manville, Colonel Sir Maurice Hankey, Lieutenant-Colonel H. V. de Satgé, Admiral Sir Henry Campbell, Sir Charles Hipwood, Sir George McLaren Brown, Sir Percy Thompson, Mr. W. Linta Smith, Brigadier-General Sir Samuel H. Wilson, Sir Peter Rylands, Mr. William Lunn, M.P., Sir Rowland Barran, Sir Ernest Gowers, Mr. John Bellisa, Sir Edward Cowe, Sir Alfred Read, Air Vice-Marshal Sir Vyell Vyvyan.

Sir Basil Kemball-Cook, Mr. S. R. Beale, Mr. G. M. Gillett, M.P., Sir Walter Runciman, Mr. A. P. Fourie, M.P. (Minister of Mines and Industries, South Africa), Sir Algernon F. Firth, the High Commissioner for Australia, Sir Charles Holdsworth, Sir David Milne-Watson, Mr. Kenneth Lee, Sir R. Burton Chadwick, M.P., Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, Sir Geoffrey Clarke, Sir Francis Floud, Captain C. C. Craig, Sir Edward J. Harding, Sir Stanley Machin, Sir Hugo Hirst, Sir Arthur Shirley Benn, the High Commissioner for New Zealand, Sir William Reardon Smith, Sir Sydney Chapman, Mr. F. D. L. Fynn (Rhodesia), Sir Ernest Potter, and Sir David Chadwick.

ANGLO-SOVIET DEBTS AND CLAIMS

THIRD MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE

The Anglo-Soviet Debts and Claims Committee, which held its third meeting yesterday, has issued the following *communiqué*:—

As unauthorized statements have appeared in some newspapers, the Committee states that at the second meeting the Soviet Delegation submitted a list of their claims under general headings, gave an explanation of these claims, and answered questions put to them by the British experts regarding the distribution of these claims among the respective sub-committees. The British Delegation submitted their general list. The third meeting devoted its attention to comparing the two lists in order to formulate the exact scope of the work of the sub-committees. It was suggested that a fifth sub-committee should be formed to which should be submitted the Soviet claims for compensation for losses to the State and the national economy of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, arising out of the intervention of Great Britain in Russia during the Civil War. The membership of the sub-committees is constituted as follows:—

Sub-Committee (A).—Claims in respect of properties belonging to British subjects nationalized by the Soviet Government and Soviet claims and counterclaims:—Sir J. Dewrance, Sir W. Max Muller, H. G. Trew, J. A. Clark; M. G. Gurevitch, A. N. Dolgoff, S. B. Chlenoff, G. Arcus, Mr. Volgin.

Sub-Committee (B).—Claims in respect of Imperial State, municipal, railway, industrial, and other bonds and securities, &c., held by British subjects, and Soviet claims and counterclaims:—Lord Goschen, H. A. Trotter, G. S. Pawle; G. Arcus, S. B. Chlenoff, P. G. Saratovtseff, Mr. Birkenhoff.

Sub-Committee (C).—Private debts, claims and counterclaims on both sides, other than those dealt with by Sub-Committees (A) and (B):—C. T. Cramp, H. G. Trew, G. Tyser, N. Buchanan; S. B. Chlenoff, M. G. Gurevitch, P. G. Saratovtseff, Mr. Birkenhoff.

Sub-Committee (D).—Inter-Governmental debts, claims, and counterclaims:—Sir F. W. Leith-Ross, S. D. Waley; E. A. Preobrajensky, P. G. Saratovtseff, Mr. Cahan.

OCTOBER SESSION AT OLD BAILEY

THE RECORDER ON CRIMES OF VIOLENCE

The October Session of the Central Criminal Court was opened by Alderman Sir Louis Newton at the Sessions House, Old Bailey, yesterday. The Recorder of London (Sir Ernest Wild, K.C.), Alderman Sir William Burton, Mr. Sheriff D. George Collins, Mr. Under-Sheriff Sidney Newton, and Mr. Under-Sheriff C. F. J. Jennings, Deputy, were present on the Bench at the opening ceremony.

The new Sheriffs, Mr. Alderman Maurice Jenks and Mr. Deputy D. George Collins, were welcomed by the Recorder, who said that Mr. Alderman Jenks was unable to be present at the opening of the Session as he was engaged with the Lord Mayor on important public duties.

The Recorder, in charging the Grand Jury, said that in the calendar there were the names of 90 persons—a number which was quite up to the average. The charges included two of murder, one of manslaughter, and five of attempted murder. He was glad to say that there were only seven charges of bigamy, which was a number below the average. A very regrettable feature in the calendar was that there were no less than five charges of throwing corrosive fluid. That was a crime which was peculiarly un-British, and, assuming it to have been committed—which of course he did not assume—it was a very serious thing.

Referring to one of the charges of murder, the Recorder said letters were found suggesting what was sometimes called "suicide pact." By the law of England, if two persons mutually agreed to commit suicide together and accordingly took means to carry that agreement into effect and only one of them died the survivor was guilty of murder. "It is not for us," continued the Recorder, "to go into the reason of the law, but I suppose it is that if persons urge each other to die that strengthens the resolve of the other person to commit suicide, and if that one fails in the attempt that one by law is guilty of murder. I think it is a good deal better in these days to apply the law and not criticize it, except in the proper place—Parliament."

At the close of his address to the Grand Jury the Recorder said he was afraid that it was true that violence was becoming more and more rampant. In calendar after calendar they had crimes of violence predominating. Crimes against property were bad enough, but crimes against the person were perhaps even worse.

The hearing of cases in the Judge's list will begin before Mr. Justice Wright to-morrow.

FULHAM POWER STATION EXTENSION

WESTMINSTER CITY COUNCIL'S APPREHENSION

The Westminster City Council, at a meeting to-morrow, will receive a report from the Law and Parliamentary Committee relating to the proposed extension of the Fulham Power Station. The Fulham Borough Council recently applied to the Electricity Commissioners for their consent to the scheme, and submitted plans which, it is stated, have been approved by the Central Electricity Board. Before giving a decision the Electricity Commissioners will hold a further inquiry.

The Westminster Law and Parliamentary Committee recommend:—(i.) That the Minister of Transport and the Commissioners of Works be informed that the city council is gravely apprehensive of the injurious effect on the health and property of the city which may follow the erection of large electricity power stations in close proximity to the city, and that they be asked to reconsider the policy of allowing the erection or extension of electricity power stations in such positions. (ii.) That the Members of Parliament representing Westminster, the London County Council, and the neighbouring borough councils be asked to support the representations being made by the city council. (iii.) That the Minister of Transport be asked to arrange for the early publication of the final report of the Government chemist on the treatment of sulphur fumes.

The committee state that the Fulham station is situated south-west of Westminster, and is about two miles distant from the city boundary. They give the following particulars:—The new station will occupy nearly 10 acres of land. It will be completed in stages. The first section will have a working capacity of 132,000kw., and the completed station a capacity of 318,000kw. There will be two boiler houses, each having two chimneys 300ft. high "to ensure a proper carrying away and dispersion of the boiler gases." Each of the boiler houses will be fitted with dust and sulphur extraction plants. It is estimated that the first section of the station will consume 900 tons of coal a day for a load of 120,000kw., and the completed station about 2,250 tons a day for a load of 300,000kw. On the assumption that the coal would have an ash content of 12 per cent., it is estimated that the quantity of ashes to be dealt with would be 110 tons a day for the first section and about 275 tons a day for the completed station. The estimated cost of the first section of the station is £2,790,935, and of the completed station £5,530,050.

The committee add:—"The Electricity Commissioners informed the city council on October 7, 1929, that no inquiry would be held by the Commissioners into the proposed extension of the Fulham Power Station until the city council had had an opportunity of considering the report of the chemists of the London Power Company on their experiments for preventing the emission of sulphur fumes from power stations, and on July 4, 1930, in reply to an inquiry by the town clerk, the Commissioners stated that the undertaking contained in their letter of October 7, 1929, held good. The Electricity Commissioners have been requested by the town clerk to give the city council notice of the time and place of any public inquiry into the proposed extension of the station, and to allow the city council to appear at such inquiry. After we have received the final report of the Government chemist we will consider what action to take in relation to the inquiry into the Fulham Council's application."

A further meeting of the Port Labour Committee was held yesterday, when oral evidence was given regarding the port of Glasgow by Mr. H. D. Sempill on behalf of the Glasgow Shipowners' and Dock Labour Organization, and by Mr. J. McLean and Mr. James Slavin on behalf of the Glasgow Branch of the Transport and General Workers' Union.

INDIAN DEFENCE PROBLEMS

LECTURE BY SIR GEORGE BARROW

At a meeting of the East India Association at the Caxton Hall yesterday afternoon General Sir George Barrow, late G.O.C., Eastern Command, India, lectured on "The Army in India and Constitutional Reform," before a crowded audience, which included many distinguished administrators and Army officers and also delegates to the Round-Table Conference.

Field Marshal Lord Allenby presided.

Sir George Barrow described the proposals of the Simon Commission on the Army question as suitable for meeting the transitional stages of development. They were not ideal and many objections could be raised: they did not solve the problem of eventual substitution for the present Imperial Army of an Indian national army equally capable of performing the duties of external defence and internal security. Up to the end of 1928 of 112 Indians passing through Sandhurst 77 had received commissions. Conditions were improving both in respect to the numbers and the suitability of candidates. The eight units of the Indian Army at present undergoing the process of indianization would not have completed their transformation until the year 1949 at the earliest. Not only must the higher commands and staffs and a very large proportion of the regimental units and formations of the Army remain British, but, irrespective of the rate at which indianization proceeds, a considerable and a preponderating number of the regimental officers of the Indian Army must also be British for a very long and indeterminable period.

NEED FOR INDIAN OFFICERS

Colonel Sir Umar Hayat Khan, looking back on more than eight years of active service, said that Indian troops did their best work under British officers, but a system was defective in which if all the British officers of a company or squadron were killed there were not Indian officers adequately trained to fill the gap. This was one of the reasons why he had for years past favoured the provision of an Indian Sandhurst.

Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob said that he sympathized with the demand of Indian politicians for more rapid Indianization of the officer ranks, but the process of providing 3,200 efficient Indian officers would inevitably take time.

After speeches from Mr. Waris Ameer Ali and Mr. Hayter, General Sir Philip Chetwode, proposing a vote of thanks to the lecturer and chairman, said that he had been tempted by what he had heard to say something on the question under discussion, but as he was leaving shortly to become Commander-in-Chief in India he must refrain from doing so. His experience in India for 14 years and for the last two years as Chief of the Staff there led him to the conclusion that, if anything, Sir George Barrow had understated the difficulties of the problem; yet upon its solution the political advancement of India largely depended. He thought that there were two classes of people who were doing a great deal of harm to India—those who were in such a desperate hurry in India (and some of them here), and, secondly, the diehards at home.

EXPORT OF RAW COTTON FROM RUSSIA

The shipment of raw cotton of guaranteed Russian origin has arrived at the Manchester Ship Canal Docks for the Lancashire Cotton Corporation. The amount is said to be 2,000 bales, and is understood not to be the first purchase of the kind by the Corporation. The export of raw cotton from Russia is the more remarkable, because as lately as August the Soviet Government was reported to be determined to organize a new department to supply the textile industries with raw materials from internal sources.

Mr. A. L. Adutt, secretary of the Hotels and Restaurants Association of Great Britain since 1925, died in a London nursing home on Monday at the age of 59.

THE WEATHER

FAIR PERIODS; MILD

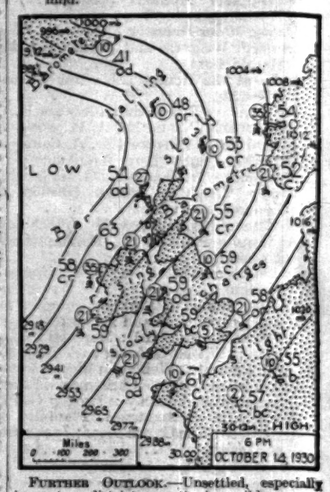
Meteorological Office, Oct. 14

General Inference from Observations at 6 p.m.—Pressure remains low on the Atlantic and high on the Continent and secondaries will move north-north-east over the British Isles, causing unsettled weather, though long fair periods may be expected in the south-east.

Forecasts for To-day

London, England, S.E., E., Midlands, E.—Southerly wind, moderate to fresh; variable or cloudy sky, perhaps occasional local rain; very mild.

England, S.W., N.W., N.E., Midlands, W., N., Wales, Scotland, Isle of Man, Orkneys and Shetlands, Ireland.—Southerly wind, fresh or strong at times; mainly cloudy, occasional rain; very mild.



Further Outlook.—Unsettled, especially in western districts; continuing mild.

SEA PASSAGES

English Channel.—Southerly wind, moderate to fresh or strong; variable sky, perhaps local rain; visibility mainly good; sea moderate.

Irish Sea.—Southerly wind, fresh or strong at times; cloudy, occasional rain; mist locally; sea rough or rather rough.

FLYING PROSPECTS

Air Routes (London—Paris—Brussels—Cologne

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Exquisite afternoon frocks, such as are being shown, demand luxurious coats to slip on top of them. The one necessarily sets off the other, and the beauty of a dress is much enhanced by its outer covering or vice versa.
Consequently in our Mantle Department may be found these charming coats—dignified, majestic—in keeping with the graceful frocks displayed elsewhere yet so entrancing in themselves that all women will wish to possess one.

AFTERNOON COAT in best quality broadtail cloth, with large roll collar of selected Persian lamb fur; lined throughout crêpe-de-Chine. In black only. Large, stock and small sizes. Price 17½ gns

A Miniature GOLF COURSE
(Teeny Tiny Golf)
IS OPEN
in our Sports Hall
from 9 a.m.—6 p.m.
9 holes.

Sent on Approval

AFTERNOON COAT in best quality French broadtail cloth, lined crêpe-de-Chine and hand-somely trimmed on collar, cuffs, and flounce with sable-line. In black and nigger brown. Large, stock and small sizes. Price 16½ gns

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Court Circular

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, Oct. 14

The Prince of Wales, attended by Major J. R. Aird, visited Christ's Hospital, Horsham, to-day.

The Duke of York arrived at Carberry Tower, Musselburgh, the residence of Lord and Lady Elphinstone, last night. He will be the guest of Lord and Lady Elphinstone for two or three days.

The Duchess of Buckingham and Chandos has left for St. Mary's, Wimbledon.

The Marquess of Londonderry returned to Londonderry House yesterday from Scotland. The Marchioness of Londonderry will join him on Saturday.

The Marchioness of Zetland arrived at 19, Arlington-street on Monday from Aske, Yorkshire. She will leave London next Monday for Yorkshire.

The Earl and Countess of Dunmore have moved from Sussex-square to 17, Cleveland-gardens, which is now their permanent address. (Telephone number is unchanged.)

Cora Countess of Strafford returned to London on Monday from Cobham Hall, Kent, and left immediately for Wrotham Park.

The Countess of Carlisle left 6, Upper Belgrave-street on Friday for Italy on a visit to Colonel the Hon. George and Mrs. Keppel, at Florence.

Countess Jellicoe will return to 19, Princes-gardens on Friday from Scotland. Admiral of the Fleet Earl Jellicoe will join her on Sunday, and they will both leave London on Monday for St. Lawrence Hall, Ventnor, where they will remain until November.

Lady Alastair Innes-Ker left 4, Gloucester-square on Monday for Floors Castle, Kelso.

Lady Delia Peel will return to 26, Hill-street on Saturday from Scotland.

Lady Alice Reyntiens has arrived at 81, Cadogan-square from Dyneley, Burnley.

Lord Cochrane of Cults has arrived at the Grand Pump Room Hotel, Bath.

Lady Emmott has returned to 30, Ennismore-gardens from Portsmouth.

Lady Hanworth returned to 2, Lygon-place, Ebury-street, yesterday from Scotland.

The Hon. Francis and Mrs. Curzon returned to 41, Eaton-place yesterday from the Isle of Arran.

Major Sir Nevile Wilkinson will arrive at 6, Duchess-street on Friday from Ireland.

Lady Latta will return to 12, Portman-square on October 21 from Switzerland.

Hassan Khalid Pasha Aboul Houda, Chief Minister of Transjordan, has left London for Amman.

The First Secretary to the Rumanian Legation, M. Constantinesco, will return to London early next week from the Continent.

Miss Agnes Baden-Powell has left Wimbledon and is now with General Lord Baden-Powell at Bentley.

Mrs. Rex Colclough gave birth to a daughter on Monday, October 13, at 26, Brompton-square.

Prince George will preside at the festival dinner of the Royal Infant Orphanage, Wanstead, at Guildhall on Thursday, October 23.

The Duchess of York has consented to be present at a ball on December 3 at Grosvenor House, and to receive purses in aid of the extension fund of St. Mary's Hospital. The Duchess of Portland, chairman of the ball committee, will receive the guests; the Embassy Band will play. Tickets (limited in number), price £2 2s. or six for £10 10s., and collecting purses may be obtained from the hon. secretaries, St. Mary's Hospital, W.2.

The Princess Royal has given her patronage to the bridge tournament which Lady Barker is holding at the Hyde Park Hotel on October 29 in aid of the National Council of Animal Welfare. Miss Fay Compton will give away the prizes.

Julia Countess of Dartrey is holding a reception at Rosedale House, Warwick-street, S.W.1, the headquarters of the London Association for the Blind, to-morrow, at 3.30. This charity trains and permanently employs blind persons in machine-knitting and basket-work.

The overseas section of the Forum Club will give a luncheon party on Friday, October 17, in honour of the wives of the delegates to the Imperial Conference. Lady Guggisberg, chairman of the section, will preside.

The girls of the Queen Mary Hostel, 128, Hoxton-street, N.1, have arranged a sale of work for the hostel maintenance fund on October 18, which will be opened by Lady Bertha Dawkins at 3.30. The Mayor of Shoreditch will preside. Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, has sent some gifts for the sale.

We have to announce the death of Mabel, wife of F. Savhann E. Drury, and daughter of the late Hon. Elbridge T. Gerry, which occurred at her house, 3, East 95th-street, New York, on Monday, October 13.

LUNCHEONS

Lady Parmoor

The Lord President of the Council and Lady Parmoor entertained Overseas delegates to the Imperial Conference at luncheon at the Privy Council Offices yesterday.

The following guests were present:—

Miss Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Scullin, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Forbes, General J. B. M. Hertzog, Mr. F. McGilligan, Sir Richard and Lady Squires, Miss Squires, Mr. and Mrs. Wedgwood Benn, the Maharajah of Bikaner, Sir Muhammad Shafi, Lady Shafi, and Begum Shah Nawaz, Professor Sir Ernest Rutherford (chairman of the Advisory Council of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research), Viscount D'Abernon (chairman of the Medical Research Council), Professor Gilbert Murray (chairman of the League of Nations Union), and Colonel Sir Maurice Hankey (Clerk of the Council).

Sir E. Benn

Sir Ernest Benn gave a luncheon party yesterday at the Reform Club to meet Mr. Henry Ford. Among those present were:—

Mr. Arnold Bennett, Sir Hugh Bell, Mr. R. D. Blumenfeld, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, Sir Walter Layton, the Hon. Harold Nicolson, Sir Percival Perry, Mr. Gordon Robbins, Mr. Harold Rosier, Mr. Walter Runciman, M.P., Mr. Sir Alexander Roger, Mr. Walter Runciman, M.P., Mr. J. A. Spender, Mr. J. A. Benn, and Mr. E. G. Benn.

Mrs. Snowden

The Chancellor of the Exchequer and Mrs. Philip Snowden entertained at luncheon at 11, Downing-street yesterday the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Leeds and Mrs. Baillie, of the University of Edwards-Moss, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Sir John Edwards-Moss, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Kahn, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hirst, Herr Rudolf Kahn, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hirst, Herr Rudolf Kommer, and Mr. Clarence Graff.

They entertained the following guests at luncheon on Monday:—

The President of the Board of Trade, Mr. W. Graham, Mr. Henry Ford, Sir Percival Perry, and Sir John Davies.

DINNER

Sir R. Jones

Sir Roderick Jones gave a dinner party at his residence, 19, Hyde Park-gate, S.W., last night in honour of General J. B. M. Hertzog, Prime Minister of the Union of South Africa. The other guests included:—

Mr. A. P. Fouris (Minister of Mines and Industries, Union of South Africa), the American Ambassador, the Duke of Atholl, the Duke of Abercorn, the Netherland Minister, the Swedish Minister, the Marquess of Reading, Mr. Lionel Curtis, the Earl of Clarendon (Governor-General Designate of the Union), Viscount Burnham, Viscount Cecil of Chelwood, Lord Riddell, Lord Kylsant, Mr. Hugh Dalton, Commissioner for South Africa, Sir Austen Chamberlain, Sir John Simon, Mr. Reginald McKenna, Mr. L. S. Amery, the Hon. Hugh Wyndham, Major the Hon. J. J. Astor, Sir Sothern Holland, Mr. Lionel Curtis, and Mr. J. L. Garvin.

READERS' PENSIONS COMMITTEE APPEAL

Lady Violet Astor will preside over the thirty-sixth annual dinner in aid of the Readers' Pensions Committee at the Holborn Restaurant on Saturday, October 18. Sir Ernest Benn will propose the toast of "Literature and the Press," to which Mr. J. L. Garvin will respond. Among other speakers will be Mrs. Belloc Lowndes, Sir Edward Iliffe, Mr. C. H. St. John Hornby, and Major the Hon. J. J. Astor, M.P. (the president of the Readers' Pensions Committee).

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

Lord Malcolm Douglas-Hamilton and Miss Bowes-Lyon

The engagement is announced between Lord Malcolm Douglas-Hamilton, R.A.F., third son of the Duke and Duchess of Hamilton and Brandon, and Pamela Bowes-Lyon, only daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Malcolm and Mrs. Bowes-Lyon, of 71, Cadogan-gardens, S.W.3.

The Rev. A. F. Mylne and Miss Luker

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place at Bulawayo in January, between the Rev. Angus F. Mylne, youngest son of the late Right Rev. L. G. Mylne, sometime Bishop of Bombay, and of Mrs. Mylne, and Ursula Mary, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Luker, of Petersfield.

Mr. D. Fraser-Luckie and Miss C. Zuleta de Reales

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place at Jerez de la Frontera, Spain, between David George Michael Fraser-Luckie, only son of Mr. E. G. Fraser-Luckie, of 28, Rue de la Baume, Paris, and Carmen Zuleta de Reales, younger daughter of the Condesa de Casares.

Mr. J. S. Phillips and Miss De Salis

The marriage between Mr. John Savile Phillips and Miss Dorothy De Salis will take place at St. James's Church, Taunton, at 2 o'clock, on Tuesday, November 25.

Mr. G. S. Lamb, R.N., and Miss I. C. Erskine-Shaw

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Sub-Lieutenant Geoffrey Silverwood Lamb, R.N., and Isobel Catherine, daughter of Mrs. S. J. Erskine-Shaw, 55, Egerton-gardens, S.W.

Mr. J. E. Harrison and Mrs. MacAdams

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between John Egerton Harrison, Grenadier Guards, youngest son of the late Herbert Champion Harrison and Mrs. Harrison, of Lockport, New York, and Marjorie Gilmore MacAdams, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elbert James Gilmore, of Lowell, Massachusetts.

The Rev. A. F. Gatehouse and Miss Johnson

The engagement is announced between the Rev. A. F. Gatehouse, Royal Army Chaplains' Department, Warley Barracks, Brentwood, and Stella Mary, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Johnson, Flixton House, near Lowestoft.

Mr. O. S. Franks and Miss Tanner

The engagement is announced between Oliver Shewell Franks, Fellow of Queen's College, Oxford, elder son of Dr. R. S. Franks, Principal of Western College, Bristol, and Mrs. Franks, and Barbara Mary, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Tanner, of The Avenue, Sneyd Park, Bristol.

Mr. F. S. Smythe and Miss Johnson

The engagement is announced between Francis Sydney Smythe, younger son of the late Mr. A. S. Smythe, of Maidstone, and Mrs. Smythe, of Hampstead, and Kathleen Mary, only daughter of the late Mr. A. B. Johnson, of Sutton, Surrey, and Mrs. Johnson, of Protea, Berkhamsted.

Mr. P. K. Digby Jones and Miss M. D'Alton

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place early in December, between Philip, only son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Digby Jones, of Chester-street, Edinburgh, and Maureen, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D'Alton, of 25, Pembridge-gardens, W.2, and late of Morehampton-road, Dublin.

Mr. A. B. Thomas and Miss A. Prescot Hill

The engagement is announced between Anthony Bertram, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bertram Thomas, Beech Trees, Dunham Massey, Cheshire, and Audrey Prescot, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Prescot Hill, Oakley, Bowdon, Cheshire.

Mr. A. S. Johnstone and Miss K. M. Gibbons

The engagement is announced between Arthur Spencer, eldest son of Mrs. M. A. Johnstone, of Cliffe House, Sandgate, Kent (formerly of Burrswood, Groombridge, Kent), and Kathleen Margaret, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Gibbons, of Summertrees, Hale Barnes, Cheshire.

Mr. J. G. Payne and Miss Burman

The engagement is announced between J. G. Payne, of Trichinopoly, S. India, son of the late Rev. E. J. U. Payne, and Isabel Field, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. Burman, of Edgbaston.

Mr. F. G. Holman and Miss Dunhill

An engagement is announced between Mr. Frank Geoffrey Holman, younger son of Dr. and Mrs. Frank Kay Holman, of 76, Avenue-road, N.W.8, and Miss Mary Dunhill, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Dunhill, of The Old Barn, Stanmore.

Mr. D. Miller and Miss D. Bowser

The marriage of Mr. Douglas Miller and Miss Dorothy Bowser will take place quietly, at St. Leonard's Parish Church, Deal, on Saturday, November 1, at 2 p.m. All friends will be very welcome at the church.

Mr. E. W. St. G. Spencer and Miss Chandler

The marriage arranged between Mr. E. Warren St. George Spencer and Miss Joyce Chandler will take place at St. Mary's Church, Wimbledon, on Friday, October 31, at 2.30 p.m.

Mr. D. E. Morris and Miss Moore

The engagement is announced between Denis Edward Morris, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Morris, of Five Steps, Somerhill-avenue, Hove, and Angela Mary, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence V. Moore, of Valletta, Dyke Road-avenue, Hove.

HOUSE PARTY

Lady Ludlow

Lady Ludlow will entertain the following house party for the Newmarket meeting:—The Hon. Mrs. Ferdinand Stanley, the Hon. Mrs. Rochfort Maguire, Colonel S. Brindle, Captain Kenneth Hogg, and Mr. Harcourt Johnstone.

FUNERAL AND MEMORIAL SERVICES

Professor C. H. Turner

A funeral service for Professor C. H. Turner was held in Magdalen College Chapel yesterday, and previous to this a requiem Mass was celebrated at St. Philip and St. James's Church by the vicar, the Rev. R. M. Hay. The service at the college was conducted by Canon F. E. Brightman and Dean H. N. Bate.

Those present at the service included:—

The Bishop of Winchester (Visitor to the college), the Bishop of Oxford, the Dean of Christ Church (representing the Vice-Chancellor), Bishop Shaw, Miss M. Robertson (representing Bishop Robertson), Sir Charles and Lady Oman, Lady Warren, the Master of University, the President of Magdalen and Mrs. Gordon, the Warden of New College, the President of Corpus and Mrs. Allen, the Rector of Exeter, the Principal of Hertford, the Censor of Non-Collegiate Students, the Principal of Ripon Hall, the senior and junior proctors, Sir Charles Sherrington, the Vice-President of Magdalen, the Rev. Adam Fox, the Rev. T. T. Blackley, and Dr. Mac-Leith (Magdalen), the Principal of Pusey House, Dr. Bethune-Baker (representing Cambridge University), Professor J. A. Smith, Dr. C. T. Onions, Professor Bowman, Professor Tarnsley, and Professor Foligno (Magdalen), Canon Narborough, Dr. Cooke, Dr. W. B. Selbie, Dr. T. H. Archer Houblon and Miss Houblon, Canon Edwards, Dr. R. W. Chapman, Dr. Watson, Dr. Mitchell, Canon Goudge, Dr. W. E. Orr, Dr. Bate, L. R. Phelps, Dr. A. J. Carlyle, Dr. W. D. Sturrock, Canon Hepher, Dr. J. K. Fotheringham, Professor Margoliouth, and Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Simpson.

The burial of Professor Turner took place at Abingdon Cemetery yesterday, the Rev. H. E. Salter and Canon Brightman officiating. In addition to family mourners, those present included:—

Dean H. N. Bate, the Rev. H. A. Kennedy, the Rev. O. F. Spearing, the Rev. C. B. Longland, the Rev. R. M. Mackereth, Mr. and Mrs. H. Caplen, Miss Longland, Mrs. Maitland, Mr. P. V. Benecke, and the Misses Hearn.

Mr. Arthur Powell, K.C.

A funeral service for Mr. Arthur Powell, K.C., was held yesterday afternoon at St. Mary Abbot's, Kensington. The Rev. Septimus Powell and the Rev. Francis Powell (brothers) were the officiating clergy. The chief mourners were:—Mr. and Mrs. Ronald Powell, Mr. D. T. Powell, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Powell, Miss G. A. Powell, Mr. and Mrs. John Powell, and Mr. Eric Powell. Others present included:—

Mr. F. W. Powell, Sir Lynden Macassey, Judge Sir Alfred Tobin (representing the Treasurer and Benchers of the Middle Temple), Mr. Max Bellows, Mr. Harry Anderson, Mrs. Ethel Ronald, Mr. W. Grimwood (representing Messrs. Theodore Bell and Co.), Mrs. and Mrs. Arthur Simon, Mr. Michael Simon, Mr. Bruce Williamson, Mrs. Burgin, Mr. J. Weigall, Mr. Horniman, Mr. C. C. Trow, Mr. W. J. Field, Mr. C. F. Wakefield, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Rider, Mr. F. J. Fell, Miss Walker, Mrs. Hatrick, Mr. and Mrs. Graham Keith, Mr. and Mrs. Ronald, Mr. Douglas Ronald, Mr. S. E. Page, Miss Wallace, Mrs. Pritchard, Mr. and Mrs. Ronald Walker, Mr. Guy Eden, Mr. F. Noble Fawcett, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sanderson, and Mrs. Dewey.

Sir F. Dutton

A memorial service for Sir Frederick Dutton will be held at the Church of St. Clement Danes, Strand, to-morrow, at 12.30 p.m. This service is being arranged by the Royal Empire Society, with the concurrence of the High Commissioner for Australia and the Agent-General for South Australia, for those of Sir Frederick's many friends who are unable to attend the service on that day at Tunbridge Wells.

MARRIAGES

The Marquess of Waterford and Miss J. Lindsay

The marriage took place yesterday afternoon, at St. George's, Hanover-square, of the Marquess of Waterford, of Curraghmore, Portlaw, Co. Waterford, and Miss Juliet Mary Lindsay, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Lindsay, of 68, South Audley-street, W. The Rev. F. C. Timins officiated, assisted by Prebendary Thicknesse.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of parchment-tinted satin with long sleeves and a skirt formed by two wide, shaped frills. Her long train of old Brussels lace, lined with net and trimmed with clusters of orange-blossom, fell from her shoulders and was caught at the shoulder with a diamond clasp. A narrow wreath of orange-blossom held her long tinted tulle veil in place, and she carried a bouquet of white orchids. Master David Stuart and Master David Lindsay were the trainbearers, and they wore kilts of their respective tartans, with shirts of pale lemon-coloured crêpe de Chine. There were also eight grown-up bridesmaids—Miss Winifred Lindsay, Miss Madeleine Lindsay, Lady Mary Lindsay, Lady Katherine Fitzmaurice, Miss Enid Gunther, Miss Bertha Peel, Mlle. Christiane Casimir-Lambert, and Miss Linda Donner. They wore dresses of pale gold chiffon velvet with long sleeves, and bows of the same velvet fastened with diamond clasps on the left shoulder. They had Russian headdresses of gold tissue ribbon, finished at the back with bands of green leaves, and they carried bouquets of deep red roses. Sir Peter Grant Lawson was best man, and a reception was held afterwards at 3, Carlton-gardens, when among the guests were:—

Major Lord Osborne Beauclerk and Lady Osborne Beauclerk, Mrs. David Lindsay, Mr. and Lady Blanche Girouard, Lord William Beresford, the Hon. Claud and Lady Clodagh Anson, Mr. A. J. Anson, Miss Barbara Anson, the Dowager Marchioness of Lansdowne, the Marquess and Marchioness of Lansdowne, Colonel and Mrs. Morgan Lindsay, Mrs. A. B. Lindsay, Miss Mary Lindsay, the Earl and Countess of Lindsay, Mrs. Henry Anson, Lady Jane Lindsay, Lady Hope, Lady Susan Dawnay, Mr. and Lady Patricia Miller, the Duchess of Devonshire, Lady Rachel Stuart, Lady Anne Hunloke, Lady Kathleen Lindsay, Mrs. Anthony Anson, Miss C. Anson, Mr. M. Dawnay, Lady Norah Spencer-Churchill, Countess Roberts, Earl Grey, the Countess of Carrick, the Hon. Pierce Butler.

Lady Edward Somerset, Albertha Marchioness of Blandford, Lady Florence Boyle, Lady Theodora Davidson, Lady Hilda Keppel, Mrs. William Lindsay, Viscount and Viscountess Hereford, the Hon. Mrs. Talbot Rice, Lady Gwenyth Cavendish, Lord and Lady Decies, Lady Holford, Lady Doreen Pierdell-Bouverie, Lady Helen Pleydell-Bouverie, Viscount and Viscountess Sudeley, the Hon. Mrs. Henry Yorke, Colonel and Lady Edith O'Shea, Lady Violet Benson, Mrs. Robert Benson, Lady Jean Bertie, the Hon. Lady Talbot, Lady Constance Butler, the Countess of Dunraven, the Dowager Countess of Leicester, Miss Moira Coke, Viscomte and Viscomtesse de Jonghe, Mr. J. Casimir-Lambert, Mr. H. Laddington, Miss Nell Coke, Miss Laddington, Julia Countess of Dartrey, the Earl and Countess of Kenmare, Lady Blanche Conyngham, Lady O'Brien, Lady (Henry) Ford, Lady (John) Gough, Miss Gough, Colonel Pack Beresford, the Hon. Mrs. Charles Hoare, Juliet Lady Paul, Lady Paul, Miss Paul, Miss Evelyn Boyle, Sir John and Lady Arnott, the Hon. Mrs. Dawson-Damer, Miss Dawson-Damer, Brigadier-General and Lady Edwina Lewin, Captain Lionel Lindsay, Lady Solomon, Lady (John) Miller, the Hon. Mrs. Claud Lambton, Miss Lambton, Lady Cavenagh, Lady Violet Astor, Mr. John Mercer Nairne.

The Hon. Mrs. John Stourton, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Audley Neeld, Mrs. Fitzwalter Donner, Mrs. Bulkeley Johnson, Mr. Herbert Peel, Mrs. Arthur Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Forestier-Walker, Mrs. Percival Williams, Mrs. C. Bennett, Miss Bennett, Mrs. H. Gaskell, Miss Gaskell, Mrs. Gaskell, Colonel and Mrs. Rees-Mogg, Mr. Percival Maxwell, General and Mrs. Style, Miss Style, Mrs. Seymour Corkran, Major Godfrey Miller, Mr. and Mrs. de Lasslo, Mrs. K. M. Carlisle, the Rev. Charles and Mrs. Deane, the Hon. William Walsh, General Sir Hubert and Lady Gough, Captain and Mrs. Burgess, Major and Mrs. Lowsley-Williams, Dr. and Mrs. Victor Smith, Mr. Anthony Belville, Mrs. Francis Abel-Smith, Mrs. Alistair Fraser, the Hon. Mrs. Micklethwait, Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Eric Long, the Hon. Imogen Grenfell, Dr. and Mrs. Edward Mahon, Sir Francis Gore, Miss du Cane, Captain and Mrs. Raimes, Commander and Mrs. de la Court, Dr. Ripley Oddie, Mrs. Bruce Jackson, Mr. Hall Dane, Captain and Mrs. Sotheron Estcourt, Miss Stella Annesley, Mrs. George Wade, Miss Wade, Mrs. Anthony Clifton Brown, Mr. E. J. Foot, Major and Mrs. Archer-Houblon, Mr. and Mrs. Granby Burke, Mrs. Ronald Hamilton, Miss Hamilton, Colonel and Mrs. Frank Butler, Mr. and Mrs. L. Hamilton, Mrs. R. Johnson, Mrs. Butt Miller, Miss Chapman, Miss Timins, Miss Anderson, Major and Mrs. W. G. Fletcher, Colonel and Mrs. Dobson, Mr. J. Bagnell, Miss Bagnell, Mr. Frederick Parkes, Mr. Christopher Herbert, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Charles Paston Crane, Captain and Mrs. H. L. Grant, Miss Pearl Beary, Mr. P. Beary, Miss Little, Miss Wise, Miss Burrell, Mr. W. Godfrey, Mrs. Puxley, Miss Puxley, Miss Grazebrook, Mrs. Grazebrook, Mr. A. B. Jenkinson, Mrs. F. Pelly, Mrs. Lambert, Mrs. D. Stewart, Miss Florence McCoy, Miss Irene McCoy, Mrs. McCoy, Colonel and Mrs. Carrington, Mrs. Bloomfield, Miss Bloomfield, Mrs. de Klee, Mrs. Ritchie, Miss C. Ritchie, Mrs. Philip Foster, Miss Irene Foster, the Rev. R. F. Godwin, Miss Godwin, Commander Erskine, Captain and Mrs. Gerald Stoneham, Mrs. Charles Williams, Captain and Mrs. Wilson, Dr. Hawkshaw, Mrs. Bertram Corbett, Mrs. Donaldson Hudson, Mrs. C. Francis, Mrs. Arthur Hagan, Lieutenant Geoffrey Rodd, R.N., Mrs. Kingscote, Mrs. Metcalfe, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Langhorne, Miss Jenkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Adams, Major-General and Mrs. Black, Major Magnay, Mrs. Pollock, the Misses Pollock, Mrs. Masters, Mrs. Stanley Clarke, Mrs. J. Thorburn McGaw, Mrs. Cardwell, Dr. and Mrs. Cooke, Mrs. Brendell, Dr. and Mrs. E. Martlet, Miss Martin, Miss Ursula Luce, Dr. B. Barley, Miss Sutcliffe, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Foster, Mrs. Perry, Miss Geraty, the Misses McCoy, Mrs. Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. Elliot, Miss Joyce, Mrs. Shefford, Mr. R. Laing, Miss O. Byrne, Mr. J. Byrne, Mrs. Follen, Miss Cooper, Mrs. Currey, Mrs. Ernest Twist, Mr. Arthur Welch, Mrs. Welch, and Mrs. Renshaw.

Captain P. J. M. Ellison and Miss Fisher-Rowe

The marriage took place at the Royal Military Chapel, Wellington Barracks, yesterday of Captain Patrick James Murray Ellison, Grenadier Guards, only son of the late Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Ellison, of Eton, Bucks, and Miss Hermione Fisher-Rowe, elder daughter of Mrs. Conway Fisher-Rowe and of the late Major C. V. Fisher-Rowe, Grenadier Guards, of Puck's Hill, Roughton, Norfolk. The Very Rev. Lionel Ford, Dean of York, and the Rev. C. Egerton Chadwick, Chaplain to the Brigade of Guards, officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her uncle, Commander Oliver Locker-Lampson, M.P., wore a gown of fine white lace over georgette, with a close-fitting bodice and a very full skirt reaching to the ground. She wore a string of pearls, and her long veil of tulle and lace, which also formed the train, was held in place by a wreath of orange-blossom. The train was carried by Master Humphrey Ellison, and the bride was also attended by two little girls, Miss Diana and Miss Rosemary Lucas. The page was dressed in Grenadier Guards uniform of 1815, and the maids were in dresses of the same period. The frills of the long skirts were edged with narrow apricot satin ribbon and they had wide sashes of the same colour. Their poke bonnets were trimmed with clusters of flowers and they carried posies of mixed flowers, tied with different coloured ribbons. Captain Owen Hall-Hall, Grenadier Guards, was best man. A reception was held afterwards at the May Fair Hotel, and among the guests were:—

Mrs. Edward Ellison, Miss Ellison, Mrs. Bliss, Mrs. L. R. Fisher-Rowe, Captain and Mrs. J. S. O. Ellison, Mrs. Leo Fisher-Rowe, the Hon. Walter and Mrs. Boyle, Miss Diana Boyle, Miss Patricia Boyle, Mrs. Curtis Lampson and Miss Miranda Lampson, Major and Mrs. Lampson, Mr. Colin Lampson, Mr. Godfrey Lampson.

Mr. George Bull, Mrs. Sidney Butler, Miss Anstey, Mr. Neville Ford, Mr. Stephen Bull, Miss Alex Lord, Mrs. Sydney Bull, Mr. Trofimoff, Mrs. Douglas Greenacre, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Hetherington, Mrs. F. G. Lucas, Miss Hair Brown, Miss Evelyn Haig Brown, Mr. F. G. V. Treherne, Sir John Lonsconbe, Mrs. Adam, Mr. Raymond Adam, Miss Mere Molyneux, Miss Rose, Mrs. Wilfred Lewis, the Misses Lewis, Miss M. O'Callaghan, Mr. Reeve, Mr. Lee, Sir Hugh Cholmeley, Dr. and Mrs. Sprott, Dr. Leonard Williamson, Mrs. Gordon Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Cooley, Mr. A. Lingman, Mlle. Andrée, Mrs. Law and Miss Law, Mrs. Pat Fremantle, Mrs. Reginald Bloxham, Miss Young, Mr. and Mrs. Delmar Morgan, Sir Hugh Smiley, Captain Peter Wright, Mrs. Randall, Miss Williams, Miss Wynne, Mrs. Tennyson d'Eyncourt, Mrs. Arnold de Bunsen, the Dowager Lady Buxton, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Hainsford-Hannay, Mr. W. P. James, Mrs. Kenderdine, Lady Elisabeth Smith, Mrs. Heton, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Marriott.

Viscount and Viscountess Pinky, Mrs. Hughes, Colonel Fernie, Mr. and Mrs. Reid, Lady Elisabeth Taylor, the Hon. Mrs. Leslie Hamilton, Mrs. Horace Ricardo, Mrs. J. Hughes, Mrs. Randall Johnson, the Misses Ritchie, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Wolfe, Mr. and Mrs. Lingman, Mrs. Fitzgerald, Miss Gale, Mrs. Rowcliffe, Miss Montgomery, Mrs. Frank Crossley, Mrs. E. H. Harrison, the Hon. Mrs. Rollemache, Mrs. Wilbrand Evans, Mrs. Rupert Walker, Mrs. Ernest Wilberforce, Miss Brice Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. S. Delmar Morgan, Mrs. Miles Backhouse, Mrs. Guy Rasch, Mr. Ronald Hepburn, Mr. Hewlett, Mrs. Claude Duveen, Mr. and Mrs. Eric Sykes, Miss Kindersley, Miss Agnes Kindersley, Mrs. Belmont, the Countess of Hardwicke and Lady Elizabeth Yorke, Mrs. R. H. Parry, Mrs. Gordon Read, Miss Maclaren, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Clifford, Lady Albinia Donaldson, Miss Sheila Cheyney, Mrs. Price Hughes, Captain and Mrs. Hargraves, Mr. H. Goodford, Captain Gregson-Ellis, Captain Smith, Miss Greer, Miss Van de Putte, Captain J. H. Horton, Miss Gwen de Rees, Captain and Mrs. Fernie, Sir Edwin Stockton, Mr. and Mrs. Hennessy, Miss Vera Morgan, Major and Mrs. Douglas Hogg, Colonel Risch, Mr. Townsend, Mrs. Whitfield, Miss Jenkins, Miss Lindsay, Mrs. Charles de Paravicini, Mrs. Arthur Hill, Miss Ellerton, Miss Ware, Miss Raphael, Mr. Vivian Holland, Viscount Gort, Mr. Lister Harrison, Mrs. Bertie Lady Ruthven, Mr. and Mrs. Gerber, Miss Shakespear, Captain Baldry, Mr. A. J. C. Humphreys, Captain Sir Weldon and Lady Dalrymple-Champneys, Mrs. Norman McCastle, Mrs. Arthur Cary Borrer, Mr. Auckland Branwell, Mr. Macrae Moir, and Mrs. Fred Kerr.

The honeymoon is being spent at Estoril, Portugal, and the bride travelled in a blue close-fitting dress with an oyster satin stand-up collar, a blue velvet hat, and a grey fur.

Mr. Eveleigh Nash and Mrs. Gibson Smith

The marriage took place yesterday morning at Prince's-row Register Office of Mr. Eveleigh Nash, of Draycott Hall, Swaledale, Richmond, Yorkshire, and Mrs. Lilian Gibson Smith, of 12, Charles-street, Berkeley-square, and of Whiteholme, Gullane, East Lothian, daughter of Mrs. Henry Levy. Mrs. Gibson Smith, who was accompanied by Mr. H. H. Leas and by her son, Master Ian Gibson Smith, wore a dress of black chiffon velvet, the skirt formed by two wide frills, and the bodice having a small wing-cape falling from the shoulders to the waist. She had a large hat of black velvet trimmed with white and having a diamanté clasp in front, and wore a silver fox fur across her shoulders, with a large buttonhole of white gardenias. A luncheon party was held afterwards at the Hotel Splendide.

Notices of Forthcoming Marriages and other Society Announcements on this page are inserted at the following rates: Three guineas for five lines or less, and twelve shillings and sixpence for each additional line. A line consists of about six words. Announcements, which are subject to editorial revision, should be addressed to the Manager, Private Announcement Department, "The Times," London, E.C.4. Block letters should be used for names and addresses.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SHOW

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

There was a very fine display of fruit and vegetables at the third of the Royal Horticultural Society's series of specialized autumn shows which opened yesterday in the society's halls in Greycoat-street and Vincent-square, Westminster. The new hall in Greycoat-street was filled with fruit, and the bright colours of the apples gave it a very attractive appearance. The greater part of the Vincent-square hall was filled with vegetables, but there were several exhibits of roses, dahlias, chrysanthemums, orchids, and other flowers. Many new plants were submitted to the floral and orchid committees and nine awards were made.

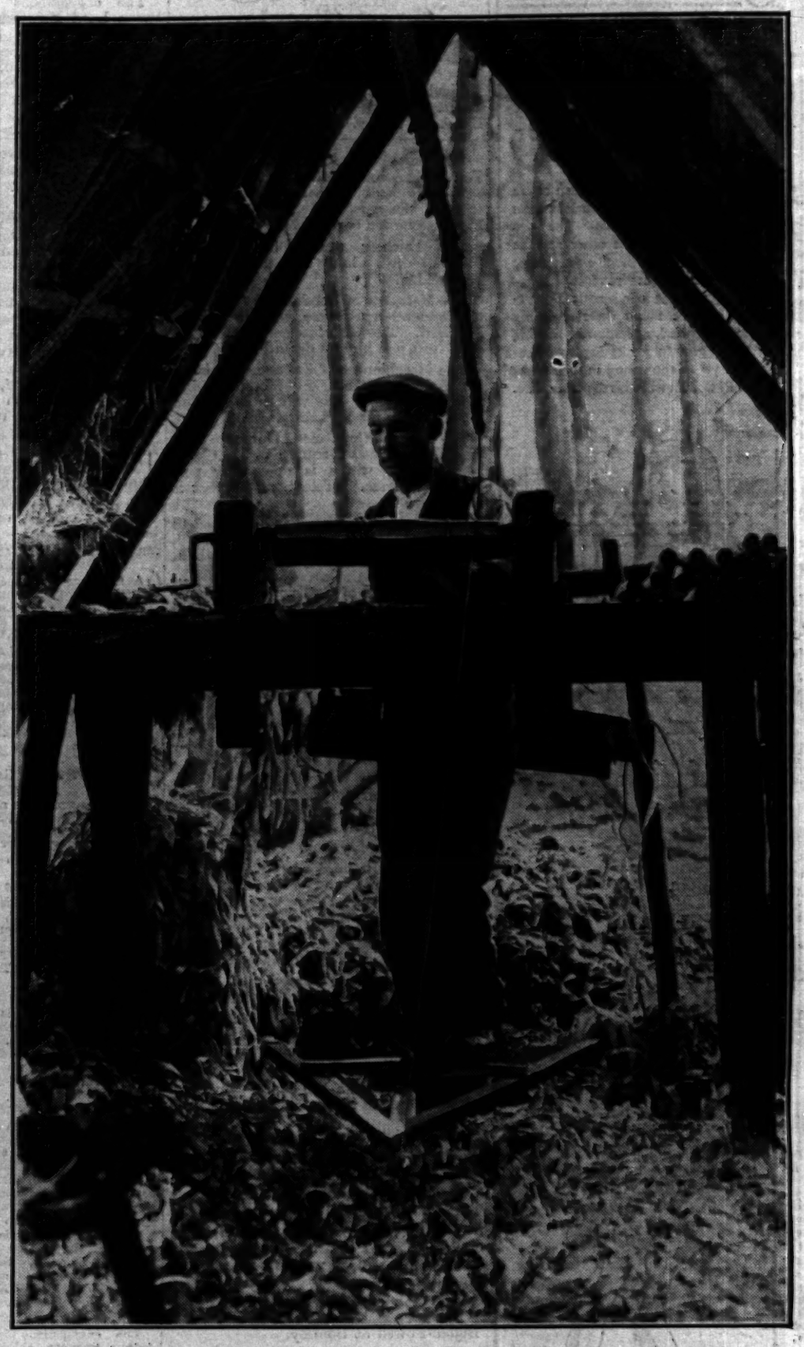
There were 14 exhibits of fruit from nurserymen, most of them of a high standard. Two, staged by Mr. J. C. Allgrove and Messrs. George Bunyard and Co., won gold medals. Mr. Allgrove had a large collection of well-grown apples and pears. The apples included especially fine examples of the culinary varieties, S. T. Wright, Rev. W. Wilks, and Peasgood's Nonesuch, and among the dessert varieties there were good baskets of Cox's Orange, Lord Hindlip, Charles Ross, Adams's Pearmain, and the new Saltcote Pippin. Among the pears were Beurre Superfin, St. Luke, Doyenne du Comice, and Durondeau. Messrs. Bunyard showed a very comprehensive collection, in which the fruits were all well grown and free from blemishes. Among dessert apples they had Cox's Orange, Orlean's Reinette, which some consider to be better than Cox's, Egremont Russet, and St. Edmund's Russet, two well-flavoured apples which, in common with other russets, seem less liable to the scab disease which disfigures such a large proportion of English apples unless the precautions recommended in the society's recently published leaflet are taken. Among cooking apples Messrs. Bunyard showed Clark's Seedling, which in some ways is superior to Bramley's Seedling, and Ontario, a little-known American variety which keeps till May.

Messrs. T. Rivers and Son had an attractive exhibit of pot-grown apples and peach trees and dishes of gathered fruit. The horticultural department of Reading University staged a handsome exhibit, consisting chiefly of apples packed for market in boxes. Messrs. Laxton Brothers, who showed apples, pears, and plums, gave prominence to several of the dessert apples which they have raised, such as Laxton's Superb, Lord Lambourne, and Laxton's Epicure, and their plums included Laxton's Delicious, which is larger than Coe's Golden Drop, but is said to have the same flavour. Messrs. Cheal showed, among other apples, Crawley Reinette and the new King George V., and they also had several varieties of pears. The red sport of Bramley's Seedling was well shown in a large collection by Mr. R. C. Notcutt, and the Barnham Nurseries had particularly good baskets of Adams's Pearmain, Annie Elizabeth, and Peacemaker, while their plums included Late Orange, President, and Monarch. Grapes were shown by Messrs. J. Almond and Son.

PRIZES FOR AMATEURS

The competitive classes for amateurs were well filled, there being about 100 more exhibits than last year. The first prize in the class for nine dishes of ripe dessert fruit was awarded to Mrs. Hornby Lewis, who had excellent grapes, pears, apples, peaches, and a melon. In the corresponding class for six dishes the first place was gained by Mr. Henry Coventry. The best exhibit of four varieties of grapes came from Lord Hotham, who showed among other kinds Dalton Hall Muscat, which is named after his own gardens. This exhibit also won the George Monro Memorial Cup

CHAIR BODGERS IN THE CHILTERNS: AN ANCIENT CRAFT



A WOODLAND "SHOP."—In the more remote woodlands of the Chilterns one may still come across those little hives of industry the shacks or "shops" of the chair bodgers. Here amid the beech trees these men make the legs and stretchers for modern Windsor chairs, turning them by hand on the actual spot where the tree is felled. They are then sent to High Wycombe to be assembled in the factories. The photograph on the left shows the exterior of one of these shacks, which are nothing more than pole structures thatched with heather. On the right is seen a craftsman at work in his shack turning a chair-leg by means of a pole-lathe. An article on this Chiltern industry appears on another page.

PROGRESS

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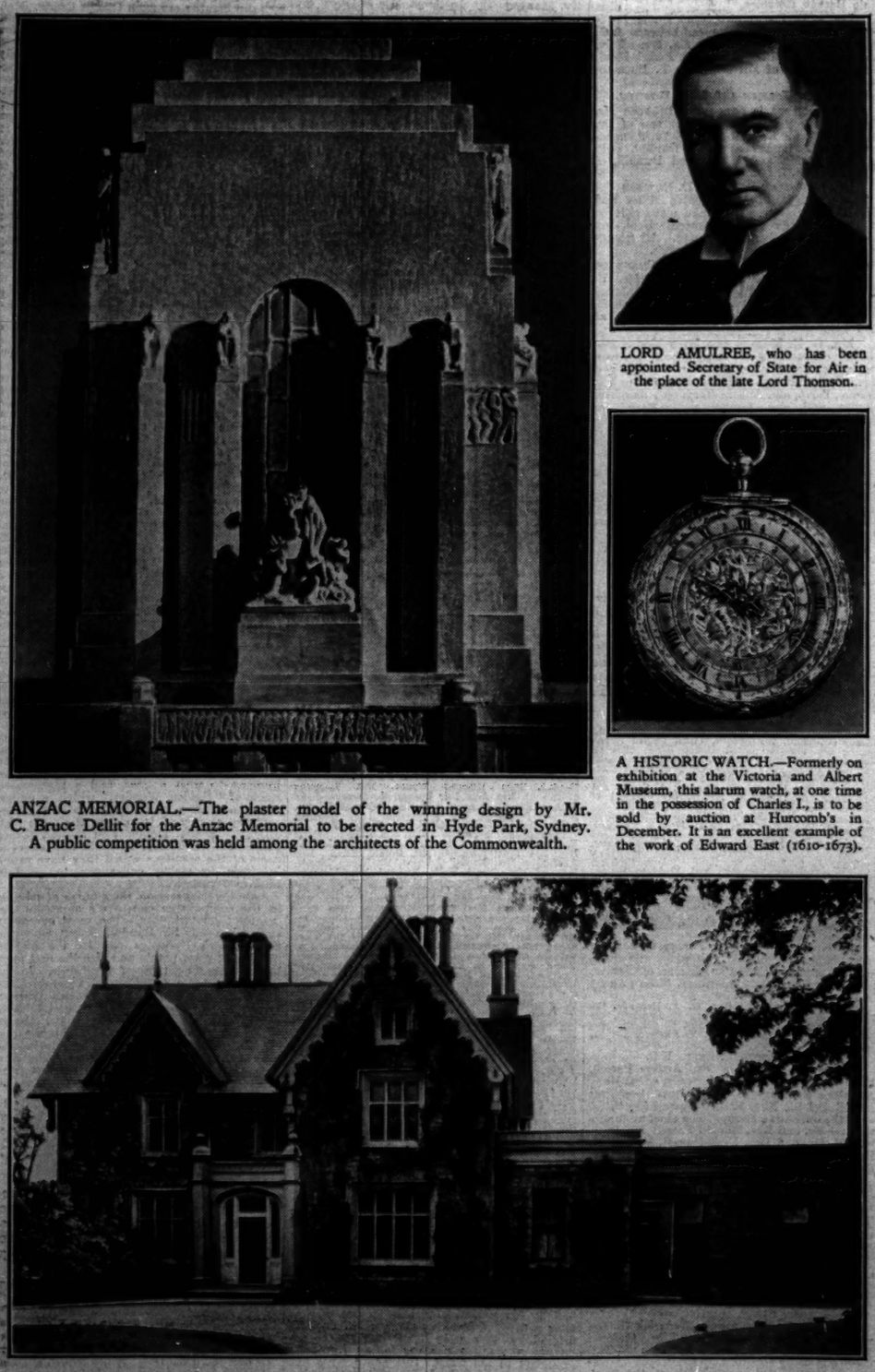
ANZAC MEMORIAL.—The plaster model of the winning design by Mr. C. Bruce Dellit for the Anzac Memorial to be erected in Hyde Park, Sydney. A public competition was held among the architects of the Commonwealth.

LORD AMULREE, who has been appointed Secretary of State for Air in the place of the late Lord Thomson.

A HISTORIC WATCH.—Formerly on exhibition at the Victoria and Albert Museum, this alarum watch, at one time in the possession of Charles I., is to be sold by auction at Hurcomb's in December. It is an excellent example of the work of Edward East (1610-1673).



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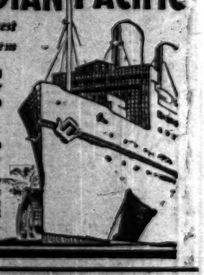

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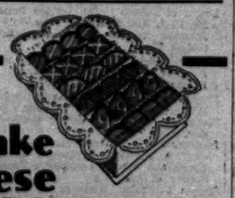

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Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

MR. BENNETT ON THE CONFERENCE

Mr. R. B. Bennett, the Prime Minister of Canada, is to broadcast from the National station this evening, at 10.5, a review of the work of the Imperial Conference. Arrangements have also been made for Mr. Bennett's speech to be heard in Canada by means of the 16 stations of the Canadian National Radio Service. Earlier in the evening the National station will transmit a performance of Mr. John Galsworthy's play *Strife*, which is to be produced by Mr. Howard Rose. "Virgil in English Poetry" is the subject chosen by Mr. G. S. Gordon for the Annual Warton Lecture, which is to be relayed at 5 p.m. from the British Academy to the London Regional station.

NEW FOREIGN STATIONS

Orders have been received by Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, for the installation of high-power broadcasting stations in Italy and Finland.

The Italian broadcasting station will be erected at Trieste, in accordance with the Italian Broadcasting Company's plan for the development of its broadcasting system. The aerial energy of the transmitter will be 15kw., C.C.I.R. rating, with a maximum modulation of 100 per cent. It is designed to cover broadcast wave bands between 200 and 545 metres, but the normal working wave of the station will be 247.7 metres.

The Finnish broadcasting station, which will be erected at Viipuri, will have an aerial energy of 13.2kw., C.C.I.R. rating, at 80 per cent. modulation. The transmitter is of design similar to the Trieste transmitter, but there is an important difference in the frequency control of the Finnish station, which will incorporate an oscillating crystal instead of the valve-drive control, which will be used in the Italian transmitter.

In addition to the transmitter for Viipuri the Marconi Company has received an order for the supply of land line and speech control equipment for simultaneous broadcast transmissions from Viipuri and the existing Finnish station at Helsingfors.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, October 15, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. 10.45-11:—Current Events, by Mrs. Stocks. 12:—Gramophone Records. 1:—Orchestra, from Frascati's Restaurant. 2:—Frederick West (tenor); Burton Harper (baritone). 2.30:—For the Schools: Biology and Hygiene for Senior Schools: Your Body Every Day, 4—How Breathing Changes the Air, 1—by Professor Winifred Cullis. 2.55:—East Anglian Herring Fishing Bulletin. 3-3.25:—Children in Books, 4—Brother and Sister (The Mill on the Floss), by Mr. J. C. Stobart and Miss Mary Somerville. 3.30:—The Bournemouth Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Sir Dan Godfrey; Elsie Hall (pianoforte), from the Pavilion, Bournemouth. 4.45:—Organ Recital.

5.15:—Children: The Family, or at least, as many members thereof as are able, will gather round the microphone. 6:—Ministry of Agriculture Fortnightly Bulletin. 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.35:—London Stock Exchange Report and Fat Stock Prices for Farmers. 6.40:—Pianoforte Music of Chopin, played by Virginia McLean. 7-7.20:—With British Boys in Ontario, by Commander J. B. Adams and Mr. A. Charlesworth (Overseas Settlement Department Talk). 7.25:—Industry Looks Ahead, 3—The Worker's Part in Reorganization, by Dr. Sargant Florence, relayed from Birmingham.

7.45:—Strife, a drama by John Galsworthy; produced by Howard Rose, with Percy Rhodes, Ivan Brandt, Harold Rutland, A. Scott-Gatty, Martin Adeson, Wilfrid Walter, Carleton Hobbs, George Zucco, Colin Keith-Johnston, Ronald Kerr, Gerald Jerome, H. Cyprian Hope, Harding Thomas, Ernest Cove, Angus Adams, Philip Wade, N. Campbell Fletcher, Drelincourt Odlum, Wallace Evennett, S. A. Cookson, Horace Sequeira, E. Haddon Dunn, Frederick G. Lloyd, Barbara Couper, Hilda Bruce-Potter, Hilda Miles, Grace Edwin, Greta Wood, Winifred Evans, and Floy Penrhyn. 9.50:—Weather; News. 9.5:—Mr. R. B. Bennett on the Imperial Conference. 10.20:—Shipping and New York Stock Market Report. 10.25-12:—Bahd, from the Midland Hotel, Manchester.

LONDON NATIONAL PROGRAMME.—1,148kc. (261.3m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. 10.45-11:—Current Events, by Mrs. Stocks. 12:—Gramophone Records. 1:—Orchestra, from Frascati's Restaurant. 2:—Frederick West (tenor); Burton Harper (baritone). 2.30:—For the Schools: Biology and Hygiene for Senior Schools: Your Body Every Day, 4—How Breathing Changes the Air, 1—by Professor Winifred Cullis. 2.55:—East Anglian Herring Fishing Bulletin. 3-3.25:—Children in Books, 4—Brother and Sister (The Mill on the Floss), by Mr. J. C. Stobart and Miss Mary Somerville. 3.30:—The Bournemouth Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Sir Dan Godfrey; Elsie Hall (pianoforte), from the Pavilion, Bournemouth. 4.45:—Organ Recital.

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LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—342kc. (356.3m.).

10.15 a.m.:—National programme. 11-11.30:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sysnad). 12-2.55:—National programme. 3-3.25:—National programme. 3-10.20:—National programme.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—342kc. (356.3m.).

10.15 a.m.:—National programme. 11-11.30:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). 12:—Organ Recital by Allan Biggs, from All Saints', Margaret-street; Ida Ganzinan (soprano). 1:—Gramophone Records. 1.30-3:—Midland Regional programme. 3.30:—National programme. 5:—The Annual Warton Lecture on English Poetry—Virgil in English Poetry, by Mr. G. S. Gordon, with Mr. H. A. L. Fisher in the chair, relayed from the British Academy. 5.30:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.40:—Besses o' th' Barn Band, conducted by Fred Royle; Harold Brown (baritone), from Manchester. 8:—German Talk, by Mr. Otto Siepmann. 8.30:—Regional News. 8.35:—Tudor Touches, including Catherine Parr, a diminutive drama by Maurice Baring; arranged and produced by Gordon McConnel; with Lilian Harrison, Donald Davies, Harman Grisewood, Andrew Churchman, and D. Hay Petrie; Walter Glynne; the Wireless Singers, conducted by Stanford Robinson; the Gershom Parkington Quintet. 9.25:—The B.B.C. Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis; George Baker (baritone). 10.15:—Weather; News. 10.30-12:—National programme.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—626kc. (479.2m.).

12:—London Regional programme. 1.30-3:—The Midland Studio Orchestra, directed by Frank Cantell; Edith Athey (soprano); Arthur Roberts (pianoforte). 5.15:—Children—Childe Charity and the Cross Dog, by Margaret M. Kennedy; He and She in Odds and Ends; Norman Newman and his Saxophone; the Week's Sport, by Maurice K. Foster. 6:—London Regional programme. 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.40:—Orchestra; Norris Stanley (violin); Charles Badham (pianoforte), relayed from the Café Restaurant, Birmingham. 7.30:—The Midland Wireless Chorus, directed by Charles Brewer. 8:—London Regional programme. 8.30:—Midland News. 8.35:—London Regional programme. 9.25:—The Midland Studio Orchestra, directed by Frank Cantell. 10.15-10.30:—Weather; News.

ABERDEEN (995kc.), (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.40:—See Edinburgh. 3.30:—The Octet, relayed from Edinburgh; George Alexander (bass-baritone); Mary Campbell (soprano). 4.45:—Organ Recital. 5.15:—See Glasgow. 5.35:—See Edinburgh. 6:—Mr. George K. Oreenhow: Horticulture. 6.15:—National programme. 10.20:—Scottish News Bulletin. 10.25-11:—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 1-2:—The Radio Sextet; John McAlpin (baritone). 2.35:—National programme. 3.30:—Opening of the Belfast Wireless Exhibition. 4:—The Orchestra; Geoffrey Garrod (tenor); Harold Harper (violin). 5.15:—Children. 6:—National programme. 10.20:—Regional News. 10.25-11:—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.30:—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 1.15:—See Cardiff. 3:—National programme. 5.15:—See Cardiff. 6:—National programme. 10.20:—West Regional News. 10.25-11:—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30:—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Records. 6:—Gramophone Records. 6.15 Children. 7:—Gramophone Records. 7.15:—Talk. 7.30:—Time and Irish Lesson. 7.45:—German Language Talk. 8:—Talk. 9:—Concert. 10.30:—Time, News, and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.40:—For the Schools: Scottish History, Miss I. F. Grant, Things Seen in Old Scotland; 2, Hidden History—The Isle of the Heroes; 3, Science Talks for Advanced Dividens: Professor A. D. Peacock, Great Experiments in Science, 3, The Green Chlorophyll of Plants. 3.30:—National programme. 5.15:—See Glasgow. 5.35:—Birthdays. 6:—Mr. F. B. Chisholm—Shrubs and Gardening Notes for Beginners. 6.15:—National programme. 10.20:—Scottish News Bulletin. 10.25-11:—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.40:—See Edinburgh. 3.30:—The Octet, relayed from Edinburgh; Mary Campbell (soprano); George Alexander (bass-baritone), from Aberdeen. 4.45:—Organ Recital. 5.15:—Children. 5.35:—See Edinburgh. 6.15:—National programme. 10.20:—Scottish News Bulletin. 10.25-11:—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

LEEDS (1,500kc.) (200m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.40:—National programme. 3.30:—The Northern Wireless Orchestra, Helena Cecile (impresario); D. C. Lambert (host). 5.15:—Children. 6:—National programme. 10.20:—Scottish Regional News. 10.25:—Orchestra. 11-12:—Band, from the Midland Hotel, Manchester.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.30:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 6:—National programme. 10.20:—Local News; Mid-Week Sports Bulletin. 10.25-11:—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 1.15:—See Cardiff. 3:—National programme. 5.15:—See Cardiff. 6:—National programme. 10.20:—West Regional News. 10.25-11:—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), BRADFORD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 2.30:—National programme. 5.15:—See Manchester. 6:—National programme. 10.20:—North of England News. 10.25-12:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are Greenwich Mean Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 5kw.—4.—Radio Magic and News. 4.30:—Elementary Lesson in French. 5:—Time, Weather, and Exchange. 5.5:—Orchestral Selections. 9.30:—Dance Music. 10:—News. 10.5:—Literary Programme. 10.30:—Pianoforte Recital. 10.40:—Chamber Music; Quartet in D major No. 2 (Borodin). 11.15:—Gramophone Records.

BELGRADE (432m.), 2kw.—7:—Pianoforte Recital. 7.30:—Concert, followed by relay from Trianon. Time, News, and Announcements from Ljubljana. 9.30:—News, Time, and Sports Notes. 9.45:—Concert.

BERLIN (Konigswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 35kw.—1.30:—See Hamburg. 4.30:—Talk. 6.15:—Weather for Farmers. 7:—Programme from Hamburg. 9.15:—News and Dance Music, from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.—2:—Talk. 4.25:—Lesson. Market Report. 4.30:—Concert. 7.30:—Talk. 8:—News, Sports Notes. 8.10:—Concert from the Works of Sergei Prokofieff. 9.15:—Weather, News, and Sports Notes, followed by Dance Music.

BERNE (1,062m.), 1kw.—4.30:—Time and Weather. 4.50:—Educational Talk. 7:—Announcements. 7.15:—Symphony Concert, relayed from the Casino. 9:—News and Weather. 9.15:—Orchestral Concert.

BRATISLAVA (276m.), 14kw.—4.15:—See Prague. 7.30:—Programme from Brno. 8.30:—See Prague. 9.15:—Gramophone Records and Programme Announcements.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw. and GLEIWITZ (329m.).—4.30:—Weather for Farmers. 5.32:—Concert of Italian Music. Overture, The Barber of Seville (Rossini); Waltz, Tesoro mio (Becucci); Italian Concerto for Flute (Demerssemann); Selection from Linda di Lammermoor (Donizetti). 6.30:—Weather. 6.32:—Talks. 7.30:—A Light Monthly Review with Music. 8.30:—Da capo—Popular Songs. 8.45:—Talk. 9.30:—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Programme Announcements. 9.40:—Reminiscences of a Football enthusiast.

BRUSSELS (509.5m.), 1kw.—4.30:—Gramophone Concert. 7.30:—Le Journal Parlé. 8.15:—International Programme—Italy: Concerto grosso for Orchestra (Corelli); Selection from The Secret Marriage (Cimarosa); Pieces for Piano (Scarlatti); Gavotte (Martini); Songs; Overture, The Thievish Magpie (Rossini); Aria from Rigoletto (Verdi); Dance of the Hours from La Gioconda (Ponchielli); Selection from Mala (Leoncavallo); Selection from the Works of Tosti, Pierfrancesco and Denza; Intermezzo from Cavalleria Rusticana (Mascagni); Quintet for Wind Instruments (Briccialdi); Il Bacio (Arditi); in the interval, at 9:—Talk on Italy. 10.15:—News.

BRNO (342m.), 2kw.—4.30:—Programme in Commemoration of the Second Millenium of the Birth of Virgil. Talk on Virgil. 5.30:—See Prague. 9.15:—News and Theatre Notes.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 23kw.—6.15:—Gramophone Concert. 7.15:—International Programme—Italian Evening. Concert by the Royal Hungarian Opera House Orchestra, conducted by Ernst Dohnanyi. 9:—Military Band Concert, followed by Concert by a Tzigane Orchestra from the Hotel Britannia.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 0.75kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 16kw. 2.30:—Instrumental Concert. 3.15 (in the interval):—Talk for Women. 4.40:—Exchange, Fish and Market Prices. 4.50:—Reading (Bergmann). 5.30:—French Language Lesson. 5.50:—Weather and News. 6.15:—Time Signal. 6.30:—Talk. 7:—Town Hall Chimes. 7.2:—Service on the occasion of the Forty Years' Jubilee of the Copenhagen Ecclesiastical Society. 8.30:—Talk. 8.50:—News and Report of Non-political Danish Radio Club. 9.10:—Concert of Old-time Danish Songs and Dances, a Cycle (Arnold Nielsen). 9.30:—Pianoforte Recital—Nocturne in C minor and Scherzo in C sharp minor (Chopin); Variations on a Spanish Folk Tune (Manuel Infante); Serguidilla (Albeniz). 9.55:—Dance Music from the Wivel Restaurant. 11 (in the interval):—Town Hall Chimes.

CRACOW (344m.), 1.5kw.—7:—Talks. 7.30:—Concert on the occasion of the Italian National Festival. In the interval, Literary Reading. 8.15:—Pianoforte Recital. 9.50:—News. 10:—Concert of Light Music from Lwow.

FRANKFURT (390m.), 1.5kw., and CASSEL (244m.).—4:—Time, Weather, and Economic Notes. 4.5:—See Stuttgart. 4.30:—Programme from Leipzig. 8:—See Stuttgart. 9.30:—News, Sports Notes, and Weather.

HAMBURG—Call Ha (in Morse) (372m.), 1.5kw., and BREMEN (315.8m.), 1.7kw. FLENSBURG (216m.), HANOVER (346m.), KIEL (232.2m.).—3:—Concert from the Europa steamer. 4.50:—Talks. 5.20:—Sponsored Concert. 6.30:—Talk. 6.55:—Report of the Young Kiel Artists' Exhibition, from the Thaulow Museum. 8.50:—Exchange and Market Prices. 9.55:—Weather Report. 7:—International Programme—Italian Evening. Overture, La Vestale (Spontini); Two Songs, (a) La Violetta (A. Scarlatti), (b) Le Farfalla (D. Scarlatti); Concerto for Violin and Orchestra in A minor (Vivaldi); Bella Italia (Vincenzo Monti); Prelude (Spinelli); Overture, Semiramide (Rossini); Selection from La Bohème (Puccini); Piedmontese Dances (Sinigaglia); Ballet Music from La Gioconda (Ponchielli). 9.20:—Weather, Political, Sports and Miscellaneous Notices. 9.40:—Dance Music.

HILVERSUM (298m.), 8.5kw. After 5.40 p.m. on 1,071m.—7.40:—Talk. 8:—Gramophone Records. 9.15:—Recitations. 10.10:—Programme for Hospitals. 11.10:—Gramophone Records. 11.40:—Septet Concert. 1.40:—Programme for Women. 2.40:—Exchange Quotations. 2.45:—Midday Concert. 4.10:—Organ Recital. 4.55:—Children. 5.25:—Orchestral Concert. 6.40:—Talk. 6.55:—Concert. 6.40:—Talk. 7.10:—Hebrew Programme. 8.10:—Recitations. 9.40:—Concert. 10.10:—News. 10.25:—Concert. 10.55:—Gramophone Records.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 8.5kw.—7.55 a.m.:—Concert. 10.10:—Service for Hospitals. 10.40:—Gramophone Records. 11.10:—Harmonium Recital. 11.40:—Police Notices. 12.10:—Instrumental Concert. 1.40:—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. 2.40:—Gramophone Records. 4.40:—Children. 5.40:—Talk. 6.55:—Electro-Technical Lesson. 7.25:—Police Notices. 7.40:—Time Signal. 7.42:—Concert given by the Society for the Blind. 9.55:—News. 10.5:—Gramophone Records.

LAHTI (1,800m.), 24kw., and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—4.30:—Concert. 5.30:—Orchestral Concert. 6.40:—Talk. 7:—Concert. 8:—News in Swedish.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 17kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (217m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (227m.).—4:—Report on Economics, Weather, and Sports Notes. 6.15:—Programme for Workers. 6.40:—Talk. 7:—International Programme—Italy: Rigoletto, Opera in Four Acts (Verdi).—(In the Interval) Short Talk. After the Opera, News, Sports, and Miscellaneous Notices and Gramophone Concert of Italian Folk Songs. 10.30:—Concert from the Cologne Studio.

LEIPZIG (365m.), 2.3kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—4.30:—Kummelsplatz, a Play (Joseph Engel). 7.30:—Reading. 8:—Classical Concert. 9.15:—Time, Weather, News, and Brief News, followed by Dance Music and Concert, from the Belvedere Café (Dresden).

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EAJ7 (434m.), 2kw.—7:—Chimes, Exchange, Market Prices, and Topical Review, followed by Vocal and Instrumental Selections from Der Rosenkavaller (Strauss); Bohemios (Vives). 8.25:—News. 10:—Chimes, Time, Exchange, and Concert from the Palace Hotel Nacional. 12 (midnight):—Chimes, News, and Dance Music.

MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 8.5kw. Relayed by TURIN (273.2m.) and GENOA (281m.).—4.30:—Announcements. 4.35:—Light Music. 7.15:—Signals; radio; Weather. 7.30 (the Festival, Rome):—Programme to be announced, followed by Dance Music. 10:—(In the interval) Giornale radio. 10.55:—Economic Report.

MUNICH (532m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (440m.), KAISERLAUTERN (276m.), NURNBERG (239m.).—4.5:—Talk. 5:—Richard Strauss Pianoforte Recital. 7.40:—Reading. 8:—Intermezzo. 8.10:—Concert. 9:—Italian Evening. Programme to be announced. 9.30:—Time, Weather, News, and Sports Notes. 9.45:—Orchestral Concert and Dance Music.

OSLO (1,071m., 70kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (346m.), HAMAR (357m.), NOTODDEN (447m.), FORSGRUND (463m.), RJUKAN (447m.).—6.15:—Weather and News. 6.30:—Talk. 7:—Time Signal. 7:—International Programme—Italy—Talk on Italy and Italian Poetry Recital, followed by Concert by the Station Orchestra.—Concerto grosso in B flat major (Corelli); Overture, Tancredi (Rossini); Intermezzo from Cavalleria Rusticana (Mascagni); La Bohème (Puccini); Song (Sinigaglia); Suite for Orchestra (Respighi). 8.35:—Weather and News. 8.40:—Topical Talk. 9.5:—Talk. 9.35:—Gramophone Dance Music.

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,726m.), 17kw.—12.30:—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals at 1:—Exchange Quotations. 1.30:—Concert. 2:—Exchange Quotations. 2:—Exchange; Market Prices. 3.30:—Exchange Quotations. 3.45:—Quintet Concert. 4.45:—News and Exchange Quotations. 5.30:—New York Exchange Quotations. 6:—Agricultural Report and Lottery Results. 7:—Programme on the occasion of the Italian National Evening. 7.45:—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes and News. 8:—Italian National Concert. Overture, Semiramide (Rossini); Selection from Two Acts (Leoncavallo); by Soloists, Choir, and Orchestra.—Selection from the Last Act (Mascagni); Per una favola orientale (Bixio); Selection: Old Heidelberg (Jessel); Aria (Ranzighi). In the interval at 9.30:—Sports Review and at 9.15:—Press Review, News, and Time Signal.

PRAGUE (487m.), 5kw.—4.30:—Introductory Talk on the following Transmission. 5:—International Programme—Italy—La serva padrona, Opera in One Act (Pergolesi). 7.30:—Programme from Brno. 8.30:—Quintet for Pianoforte (Pisch). 9:—Time, News, and Sports Notes. 9.15:—Dance Music and Programme Notes.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 75kw.—Relayed by NAPLES (333m.), and PRATO SMERALDO (medium).—4.45:—Giornale radio; Announcements and Sports Notes. 5:—Recital of Instrumental Music of Agriculture (in Italian, French, English, German and Spanish). Exchange, Weather, News and Press Review. 7.30:—Time Signal. 7.32:—Concert. 8.30:—Instrumental Concert—Sonata a tre, for String Orchestra, Cembalo and Organ (Pasqua); Two Contrabbassi (Mozart); Leonora Overture, No. 3 (Beethoven); Adagio from the Partita in C for Cello (Mortari); Symphonic Poem, Don Juan (R. Strauss); Miscellaneous Notices; Aria for Cello (Bird); Polonaise from the Concerto for Cello (Popper). 9.45:—News.

STOCKHOLM (Sundsvall)—Call SASA (1,442m.), 75kw., and MOTALA (1,349m.), 40kw., BODEN (1,389m.), GOTTENBORG (332m.), HORBY (287m.), OSTERSUND (770m.), HUNDSVALL (442m.).—3:—Italian Programme. Selection by Giuseppe Verdi; Fragments from Rigoletto; Selection from Traviata; Song (Sinigaglia); Selection from Aida; Overture, Nabucco; Selection from Cavalleria Rusticana (Mascagni); Selection from Pagliacci (Leoncavallo); Selection from Mala (Leoncavallo); Selection from the Works of Tosti, Pierfrancesco and Denza; Intermezzo from Cavalleria Rusticana (Mascagni); Quintet for Wind Instruments (Briccialdi); Il Bacio (Arditi); in the interval, at 9:—Talk on Italy. 10.15:—News.

STUTTGART (360m.), 1.5 kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—4:—Time Signal. 4.5:—Talk. 4.30:—Programme from Leipzig. 8:—See Stuttgart. 9.30:—News, Sports Notes, and Weather.

TOULOUSE (Radiophonie du Midi) (385m.), 8kw.—4.45:—Concert. 7.30:—Le Journal Parlé. 8:—Special Concert. 8.15:—Hawaiian Guitar Music. 8.30:—Concert of Symphonic Music. 8.30:—Operetta Concert. 9:—Time and Concert, followed by Relay from the Café des Americains in the Interval. 9.45:—Talk. 10:—Gramophone Dance Music. 11.30:—Selections by a Viennese Orchestra. 12 (midnight):—News.

VIENNA (516.3m.), 20kw., and GRAZ (542.6m.), INNSBRUCK (293.5m.), KLAGENFURT (462.3m.), and LINZ (454.3m.).—7.30:—Lecture. 8.20:—Time, Weather and Programme Announcements. 8.35:—Orchestral Concert—Overture, Rosamunde (Schubert); Selection from Lohengrin (Wagner); Selection from Peter Schlemihl (Lothar); Intermezzo and Farandole from L'Arlesienne (Bizet). 9.30:—Reading. 9.5:—Four Sketches (Molnar): (a) A Railway Adventure, (b) Heavenly and Earthly Love, (c) The Last Afternoon, (d) The Key, followed by Song Recital from the Works of Mahler. News and Orchestral Concert. After the Programme, Announcements.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes beginning at the times stated:—

KATOWICE (422.7m.), 16kw.—10.40 a.m.
KONIGSBERG (276m.), 2kw.—5.30 a.m.
LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (400m.), 1.5kw.—4.45 a.m.
LYONS (Radio-Lyon) (286m.), 1.5kw.—10.30 a.m.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (309m.), 25kw.—p.m.:—Programme relayed at intervals on 35m. from 11 p.m.
SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 50kw.—11.45 a.m.:—Relayed by 2XAF on 31.48m. from 12 (midnight)-4 a.m., and by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 10.10 p.m.-1 a.m.
WARSAW (1,411m.), 16kw.—10.40 a.m.
ZAGREB (307m.), 8.7kw.—11.20 a.m.
ZURICH (459m.), 0.6kw.—11.30 a.m.

NATIONALISM AND WORLD PEACE

LORD CECIL ON PROGRESS OF DISARMAMENT

LORD CECIL of CHELWOOD, speaking at a League of Nations Union luncheon at Birmingham yesterday, commented on the revival of nationalism, but said it was not of an acute kind. It existed, but it had no thought of foreign adventure. Speaking generally, the great mass of the population of Europe and of the world was determined on peace, and until the recollection of the late War died away he believed and hoped that determination would continue.

The one thing to be feared was not the peoples of the world, but possibly Governments—and in some cases Governments that found themselves in political difficulties for the time being. No doubt there was an aim, becoming more and more insistent, to increase the dignity and influence of the different countries. In one way that feeling was actually of assistance to the League of Nations, because it induced all the nations to desire to have a great position in the League. It was now recognized that the fiscal policy of each country was of international importance. Progress in the international reduction and limitation of armaments was slow but real. We had given a good example in regard to international agreements about naval strength at Washington and London. That was admirable, but it would be a very poor contribution to the peace of the world unless the principle of those agreements was extended to the land and air forces of the world.

THE BOYS' BRIGADE CROSS FOR HEROISM

For the first time in two years the Boys' Brigade Cross for Heroism has been awarded. Private George Carus Bradshaw, aged 18, of the 2nd Nottingham Company, rescued a girl of 18 from drowning in the River Trent on July 4. Bradshaw was walking along the side of the river when he saw the girl throw herself into the water. Bradshaw at once entered the water fully clothed, and after a struggle succeeded in bringing her to the bank. The Boys' Brigade Diploma for Gallant Conduct has been awarded to Lance-corporal Ronald Cornford, aged 16, of the 7th Brighton Company, for saving the life of a woman at Brighton on August 28.

THE VIRGILIAN YEAR

PROFESSOR CONWAY'S LECTURE

The first of a series of lectures arranged by the British Academy, in conjunction with the Classical Association and the Society for the Promotion of Roman Studies, in connexion with the bimillenary of the birth of Virgil was delivered yesterday (the eve of the bimillenary) at the rooms of the Academy, Burlington-gardens, by Professor R. S. Conway, Fellow of the Academy, on "Virgil's Creative Art." The Dean of St. Paul's was in the chair.

PROFESSOR CONWAY said that the object of the lecture was to examine the means by which Virgil had expressed his interpretation of nature and life. The art of Virgil, though the pictures which it drew were plain enough for even a child to enjoy, contained riddles which demanded study, but which, 50 or 60 years ago, had been often dismissed with impatience both in England and abroad. Even such accomplished scholars as John Conington were apt to regard as a blemish everything which they could not at once understand. For example, in the Georgics no Victorian scholar had realized that it was part of Virgil's deliberate intention to fill his picture of Italian country life with the spirit of Greek romance. In the Aeneid the great exemplar always before Virgil's eyes had, of course, been the Homeric poems; but Virgil had made at least three great departures from the methods of the Homeric epic, and to understand those departures gave us fresh means of understanding the originality and significance of Virgil's own work.

PRINCIPLE OF ALTERNATION

The first principle was almost too simple to be so entitled. It was that of alternation, or contrast between the successive parts of a poem. Some critics had rejected the suggestion on the ground that a poet could not be bound by such mechanical rules; but the lecturer contended that the evidence of Virgil's love for this arrangement was too strong to be overlooked. In the Eclogues those with odd numbers were all dialogues, and in each the scene of the dialogue was definitely laid in Italy; whereas those with even numbers were all monologues, save that the Sixth had a preface and that the Eighth consisted of two monologues; and in none of the five was any indication given of where the speakers were. In the Georgics the First and the Third Book each had prologues between 40 and 50 lines long, but no epilogues at all; whereas the Second and Fourth had short prologues of seven and eight lines respectively, and short epilogues of two and eight lines respectively. It was more important to observe the difference in character between the two pairs. The First and the Third Books both had gloomy endings, the Second, and, originally, the Fourth, had ended in pictures of happiness. The actual metaphor with which the Second Book concluded, that of unyoking horses at the end of a day's journey, had been carefully chosen to contrast with the close of the First, the picture of a runaway chariot whose horses defied control. That of the First expressed despair at the anarchy of the Civil Wars; that of the Second expressed thankful hope. The same principle appeared in the internal structure of the Books. For example, in Book III. the first half ended with a picture of the sorrow and madness that could be caused by the passion of love, a madness to be found even among non-human creatures; and the second half ended with a picture of the cattle-plague from which human beings also could be fatally infected. That was Virgil's silent way of expressing in pictures the central thought of the Georgics, the unity of creation under the mysterious spell of joy and pain.

The same method appeared in the Aeneid, where all the Books with odd numbers had a lively and flowing narrative, ending with a natural pause in the story but with no decisive event. These Books admitted often quite playful elements, such as the picture of Camilla's father, with his infant girl in the forest, asking, "How can I get her some milk?" and sighing later on, "What can I do for a hairpin?" "She ought to have a long dress now" (*pro crinali auro, pro longa tegmine pallae*). But the Books with even numbers were all carefully constructed on the rules of Greek tragedy, and in this lay Virgil's second great departure from the Homeric type. All the six contained a problem and its *dénouement*; and this involved an *anagnorisis*, or recognition of some important fact, whose discovery changed the whole situation, and in each Book there was some great central figure. All these Books led up to a striking climax. In the Second and Fourth the end was tragic; in the Sixth and Eighth the end was a revelation; in the Tenth and Twelfth the end was a victory. The story of Book X., with the great change in Aeneas caused by the fall of Pallas, and his consequent triumph over Mezentius, closely followed the model of Greek tragedy; and the same was true of the Second, Fourth, and Twelfth.

MYSTERY IN THINGS

Virgil's third innovation sprang directly from his own deepest feeling, and was, perhaps, almost unconscious. In all these stories on the tragic model the riddle or difficulty of the opening situation was, it is true, cleared up at the end. The interruption of Aeneas's work by his love for Dido was cancelled by the tragedy of her death. The last resistance to his settling in Italy was removed by the death of Turnus. But in nearly every case Virgil had so told the story as to leave behind in the reader's mind, side by side with the sense of a great providential decision, long prepared, and with far-reaching and wholesome effects, another quite different feeling, a sense of questioning, of puzzling over the sternness of Providence, of mystery at the heart of things. This feeling was shown, for instance, in the ending of the Sixth and of the Eighth Book, where, although the prophecies of the future of Rome are full of glory, yet some grave shadow darkened the picture in both; the death of Marcellus at the end of Book VI., and in Book VIII. the reference to Catiline and the "unconquerable Dahae," and the wild Armenian river, "angry to be bridged"; and Aeneas himself is left *ignarus*, pleased by the pictures on his shield but not knowing their meaning, himself a picture of the spirit of man before an unknown future.

Finally the lecturer pointed out that the source of Virgil's sense of mystery lay in his profound sympathy with the joys and sorrows of humanity and of the whole sentient creation. The tenderness of his pity coloured the whole epic; the lament of the mother of Euryalus was a poignant example. And the same sympathetic insight had given Virgil the power to transcend and so to reconcile even the most sharply opposed schools and parties of his time in philosophy, politics, and religion. No one of these sides of human life was the same after it had been touched by the fire of Virgil's genius; and no reader of Virgil in any age was ever the same if he could realize the warmth and the splendour and the mystery of the world as interpreted by Virgil's art.

LONDON EVANGELISTIC CAMPAIGN

LORD BRENTFORD'S SPEECH AT OPENING

LORD BRENTFORD presided at a luncheon given by Mr. A. Lindsay Clegg at the Hotel Victoria, Northumberland-avenue, yesterday, to mark the opening of the London Youth Evangelistic Campaign. The movement, which is a united effort on the part of Anglican and Free Churches in London, aims at reaching the young people and persuading all Christians to assume the responsibilities of church membership. United campaigns have been arranged in 19 centres, and among the special missioners engaged are the Rev. Lionel B. Fletcher, Gipsy Smith, Mr. Frederick P. Wood, and Mr. Arthur S. Wood.

LORD BRENTFORD compared present-day conditions with those which existed in his youth. There seemed to be a difference coming over young people. There was a greater desire for pleasure and amusement. There were more theatres; and there were cinemas. Something like 30,000,000 people went to the cinemas in this country every week. What a wonderful thing it would be if 30,000,000 people went to the churches in this country every week! There was not that solidity in the people;

GOVERNMENT of INDIA
6% BONDS,
1935-1937.

ISSUE OF £12,000,000.

Interest payable Half-yearly on the 15th April and the 15th October.

A first payment of £2 per £100 Bond will be made on the 15th April, 1931.

PRICE OF ISSUE:

£100 PER CENT.

As fixed by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

On Application	£5	per Cent.
On Monday, 3rd November, 1930	£25	,,
On Friday, 19th December, 1930	£45	,,
On Thursday, 29th January, 1931	£25	,,
	£100	per Cent.

The Bonds are an investment authorised by "The Trustee Act, 1925" (subject to the provisions of Section 7 of that Act) and Trustees may invest therein unless expressly forbidden by the instrument (if any) creating the Trust.

THE GOVERNOR AND COMPANY OF THE BANK OF ENGLAND are authorised to receive applications for the above-named Bonds.

This Issue is made under the provisions of the East India Loans Act, 1923, and previous Acts. The proceeds of the Issue will be used for repayment of £6,000,000 India Bills due 20th December, 1930, to provide funds for capital expenditure on railways in India and for general purposes.

If not previously redeemed, the Bonds will be repaid at par on the 15th October, 1937; but the Secretary of State for India reserves to himself the right, on giving three calendar months' notice in the *London Gazette*, to redeem the Bonds at par on, or on any half-yearly interest date after, the 15th October, 1935.

The Bonds will be issued in denominations of £50, £100, £200, £500, £1,000 and £5,000, and will be free of Stamp Duty.

Interest will be payable half-yearly at the Bank of England on the 15th April and the 15th October.

Applications, which must be accompanied by a deposit of £5 per Cent., will be received at the Bank of England Loans Office, 5 and 6, Lombard Street, E.C.3. In case of partial allotment, the balance of the amount paid as deposit will be applied towards the payment of the first instalment; should there be a surplus after making that payment, such surplus will be refunded by cheque.

Applications may be for the whole or any part of the issue in multiples of £50. No allotments will be made for a less amount than £50.

Instalments may be paid in full after Allotment under discount at the rate of £1 per Cent. per annum. In the case of full payments made before the 3rd November, 1930, discount will only be allowed from the latter date. Default in the payment of any instalment by its proper date will render the deposit and any instalments previously paid liable to forfeiture and the Allotment to cancellation.

Scrip Certificates to Bearer, with Coupon attached for the interest due 15th April, 1931, will be issued in exchange for Allotment Letters; and fully-paid Scrip Certificates may be exchanged in due course for Bonds to Bearer. Notice will be given in the Press when the Bonds are ready for issue.

A commission of 5s. per £100 will be paid to Bankers and Stockbrokers on Allotments made in respect of applications bearing their stamp.

Application forms may be obtained, together with copies of this Prospectus, at the Bank of England Loans Office, 5 and 6, Lombard-street, E.C.3, or at any of the Branches of the Bank; of the Imperial Bank of India, 22, Old Broad-street, E.C.2; of Messrs. Mullens, Marshall, Steer, Lawford and Co., 13, George-street, Mansion House, E.C.4; and of Messrs. R. Nivison and Co., Bank Buildings, Princes-street, E.C.2.

The List will be closed on, or before, Thursday, the 16th October, 1930.

Bank of England,
14th October, 1930.

THIS FORM OF APPLICATION MAY BE USED.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
6% BONDS, 1935-1937.

Issue of £12,000,000 at £100 per cent.

To the Governor and Company
of the Bank of England, E.C.2.

I/We request you to allot to me/us in accordance with the terms of the Prospectus dated 14th October, 1930, £.....

say, ...pounds of the above-named Bonds, and I/we hereby engage to pay the Instalments as they shall become due on any allotment that may be made in respect of this application, as provided by the said Prospectus.

The sum of £....., being the amount of the required deposit (namely, £5 for every £100 of Bonds applied for), is enclosed.

Signature .....

Name in full.....
(Block Letters) (State Title, if any, or whether Mr., Mrs. or Miss.)

Address.....

.....

Date.....,1930.

N.B.—Applications must be for £50 or for multiples of £50. Cheques should be made payable to "Bearer" and crossed thus:—

Bank of England
a/c India 6% Bonds.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

NEW LOAN FOR INDIA

SHORT-TERM SIX PER CENT. BONDS

A loan of £12,000,000 for the Government of India, of which only one-half represents new money, the balance being required to repay on December 20 £6,000,000 of India Treasury Bills, is announced to-day. The issue takes the form of seven-year Six per Cent. Bonds, which are offered at par. Five per cent. is payable on application, 25 per cent. on November 3, 45 per cent. on December 19, and 25 per cent. on January 29. A first payment of interest amounting to 2 per cent. will be made on April 15. Repayable at par not later than October 15, 1937, the bonds may, at the option of the borrower, be repaid on October 15, 1935, or on any half-yearly interest date thereafter. The issue was underwritten yesterday and was well received. Although it is a long-dated "short," the loan will undoubtedly be readily subscribed by members of the money market and other professional investors, owing to the plethora of funds and the difficulty of obtaining securities of this class giving a yield as high as 6 per cent. But the Indian taxpayer should make note of the fact that but for the agitation of Gandhi and his followers, the credit of India would stand not on a 6 per cent., but on a 5 per cent. basis. The bonds are available for trustees. The cash proceeds of the loan are to be used for capital expenditure on railways and for other purposes.

A Review of India's Finances

The finances of India have been well managed. In the last seven years the Budgets have realized an aggregate surplus of £7,400,000. The overseas trade of the country shows a regular excess of exports over imports, exports for 1929-30 amounting to £238,400,000 and imports to £180,500,000, leaving an export surplus of £57,900,000. In 1925-26 the favourable balance was nearly twice as much. The Government makes large annual appropriations for the reduction or avoidance of debt, the amount so applied having risen from £3,700,000 in 1925-26 to £4,500,000 in the current year. Unlike Britain's debt the great bulk of the National Debt of India is represented by interest-yielding assets. On March 31 last the total interest-bearing obligations of the Government of India, including savings bank deposits, cash certificates, and other liabilities, amounted to £848,800,000, of which no less than £686,200,000 was invested in productive assets. In other words, that part of the National Debt which is not represented by assets which themselves provide an income is less than 20 per cent. of the whole, and the corresponding net interest charge which falls to be borne by the Indian revenues was in 1929-30 only £4,800,000. The position is even better than this, for the railway undertaking, in addition to paying full interest on the capital invested therein, and after defraying all working expenses and other outgoings, including depreciation allowances, furnishes a substantial additional profit to the Government, this profit amounting in 1929-30 to £4,600,000, which, it will be observed, nearly equals the net interest charge on the dead-weight debt.

Railway Expenditure in Great Britain

In the past five years a net amount of £17,822,000 has been borrowed by India in sterling, but against this the railway capital expenditure in England, including purchases of railways, during the same period amounted to £54,380,000. Thus, the net amount of new sterling debt incurred is much less than the sterling capital expenditure on Indian railways, the bulk of which has been financed out of resources remitted from India. In the last five years about 2,700 miles of new lines have been added to the Indian railway system, and the capital expenditure on State-owned lines has amounted to £96,000,000. During that period the surplus net revenue from the railways was £30,000,000, and the contributions made to general revenues £21,750,000, while at the same time the railway reserve fund was increased from £4,500,000 to £13,000,000. This is an excellent record. In May last an issue of £7,000,000 of India Six per Cent., 1933-35, Bonds was made at 99, and was heavily oversubscribed. This loan is now quoted at 103, and includes about £1 15s. of accrued interest. The new loan will be dealt in plus accrued interest, and we understand that it is intended to adopt this system, which is the only fair way of dealing in fixed-interest-bearing securities, in connexion with the other short-term India bonds.

De Beers' Capital Increase

The directors of the De Beers Consolidated Mines are taking steps to increase the capital of the company by £750,000. At present the authorized capital is £4,750,000, of which £4,726,285 is issued, in 800,000 Preference and 1,090,514 (part of 1,100,000) Deferred shares of £2 10s., fully paid. The increase in capital now proposed takes the form of 300,000 Deferred shares, and raises the authorized total to £5,500,000. The company, whose Deferred shares were quoted last night at 6¼, has paid substantial dividends in the past, but in June last the interim payment was passed, whereas a year before a dividend of 20 per cent. was paid, followed by a final payment of 10 per cent.

The Banks' Larger Bill Holdings

The effects of trade depression continue to be shown in the monthly statements of the ten London clearing banks, in the shape of reduced advances and increased investments. Their advances in September were £941,861,000, as compared with £950,661,000 in August and with £988,252,000 in September, 1929. For this decrease bad trade is not alone responsible, of course; as a result of the fall in prices, a smaller volume of advances is required to finance a given amount of goods. Investments, into which bank money normally flows in times of trade depression, are £4,766,000 higher on the month and £13,950,000 higher on the year. Deposits, while over £3,000,000 lower on the month, exceed the total of a year ago by nearly £9,000,000, so that the proportion of advances thereto has fallen in the 12 months from 55.2 to 52.3 per cent. A notable movement is the increase of £61,574,000 on the year in the total of bills discounted (on the month they are higher by £4,480,000). This expansion in the banks' bill portfolio has occurred in face of a decrease of well over £100,000,000 in the total of Treasury Bills outstanding. A large part of the increase must be attributed to lower money rates, which make finance by bill cheaper than finance by overdraft in many cases. As we pointed out a year ago when dealing with the clearing banks' figures, a substantial proportion of the total of Treasury Bills in existence was then apparently held by the Bank of England and by Government departments.

Floating Debt Reduction

Treasury disbursements for the week ended October 11 amounted to £12,357,173, and exceeded receipts by £3,091,251. Payments in respect of the new Four per Cent. Treasury Bonds, 1934-36, yielded £10,400,000. Maturities of Treasury Bills in excess of sales amounted to £7,430,000, and the Treasury borrowed £450,000 in the form of Ways and Means advances from public departments. As the following table shows, the floating debt was reduced on the week by £6,980,000:—

(000's omitted)

Floating Debt	Oct. 11, 1930	Oct. 4, 1930	Oct. 12, 1929
	£	£	£
Ways and Means Advances	—	—	1,500
By Bank of England ..	35,700	35,250	54,446
By Public Departments			
Treasury Bills Outstanding	655,550	662,980	787,145
Total	691,250	698,230	823,091

Compared with a year ago the debt shows a reduction of £131,841,000. Since the beginning of the current financial year there has been an increase of £53,835,000.

The Fall in the Peseta

The continuous depreciation of the peseta—the Spanish exchange yesterday reached the new high level of 50.25p. to the pound, which is nearly double the parity figure and means that the peseta is worth one-half of its nominal gold value—is another remarkable illustration of the value of an effective gold standard. There is nothing in the Spanish financial situation which would not have warranted a return to the gold standard at any time in the last few years, but having suspended specie payments and pursued an unsound financial policy the country has been reluctant to face the issue of whether gradually to deflate the currency and return to the old parity, or devalue as France and other countries have done, or to establish a new parity. Until the necessary reforms have been put into operation the peseta is likely to continue its downward course.

Rubber Roadways

In the course of his speech yesterday to shareholders in Harrisons and Crosfield the chairman, Mr. Eric Miller, made an interesting allusion to the subject of rubber roadways which at this critical period for the planting industry will attract close attention. He pointed out that thanks to the pioneer efforts of Rubber Roadways, Limited (a cooperative concern which was started by some of the more far-seeing rubber-growing interests as far back as 1914), it had been proved that a rubber surfaced block could be properly anchored and would withstand the strain and stress of the heaviest and most concentrated traffic. Experience had also been gained as to the most suitable rubber compound to use, and the price at which a dependable rubber roadway could be laid had been reduced to £2 10s. a square yard. Formerly, when costs had to be reckoned on the basis of £4 to £5 a square yard, the price factor was a definite bar to progress, but at £2 10s. this barrier is much reduced. Mr. Miller mentioned that granite setts cost about £2 a square yard, and when allowance is made for the much greater durability of rubber it has definite advantages on the score of relative cheapness, while there can be no question of its unique value for City streets, where the discomforts arising from excessive noise and vibration—the latter involves also the question of serious damage to property—have in recent years become acute.

R.G.A. Appeal to Producers

The remarks of Mr. Miller will be read by producers of plantation rubber side by side with an appeal which is made to them by the Rubber Growers' Association to help the campaign for expediting the commercial development of rubber roadways. Producers are asked to cooperate by setting aside a small portion of their crops for the specific purpose of rubber roadways. The proposal made to producers is that they shall agree to supply to Rubber Roadways, Limited, standard quality rubber for a period of five years on the following basis:—In each of the five years an amount not exceeding the equivalent of (1) one-half of 1 per cent. of their 1929 crops free; (2) 1 per cent. of their 1929 crops at market price ruling on date of delivery or 6d. per lb., whichever is lower; (3) 1 per cent. of their 1929 crops at market price on date of delivery or 9d. per lb., whichever is lower. It is proposed that the rubber will be called up in the above order as and when required, and that it will be devoted to the manufacture of, or experiments connected with, rubber roadways and to cognate purposes, and will not be realized for the purpose of providing funds. It is also intended that assents to the scheme shall not be binding unless producers representing a production during 1929 aggregating not less than 150,000 tons have agreed to contribute rubber on the basis outlined. That the appeal will have the serious consideration of the industry need not be doubted, and it will be surprising if it does not enlist wide support.

Life Policies with Options

The choice between whole life and endowment assurance policies, each participating in profits, has often to be made by proposers for assurance. For the annual expenditure of a fixed sum in premium the whole life policy gives the larger assurance protection, while the particular attraction of the endowment assurance is that it helps to provide for the later years of life and includes an assurance against the risk of premature death before the normal date of maturity. The largest cover is often needed in the early years of an assurance, and in order to simplify matters for proposers the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company has devised the "Benedict's Policy," in accordance with which low annual premiums are payable during the first five years for whole life assurances and the assured has then the right to convert the policy into a participating endowment assurance maturing at one of a number of ages. The following are examples of representative rates of premiums for whole life assurances of £100 during the first five years and the subsequent premiums if the policy is converted into an endowment assurance maturing at one of the ages shown:—

Age next birthday	Premiums payable for five years (or throughout if no change is made)	Annual years if	Premiums after first five policy changed to Endowment Assurance maturing at			
			50	55	60	65
	£ s. d.	£	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
21 ..	1 19 1	2	18 8	3 5 3	2 16 0	2 9 10
25 ..	2 3 5	4	15 7	3 16 1	3 3 8	2 15 9
30 ..	2 9 10	8	9 4	4 18 0	3 17 3	3 5 8
35 ..	2 17 6	9	14 2	6 3 9	4 17 5	3 19 7
40 ..	3 0 1	—		9 12 8	6 4 9	4 19 7

The company points out that, as a rule, a man with a whole life policy who is able after five years to increase his premiums would be better advised to allow his whole life policy to continue unchanged and to effect a fresh assurance in addition, but that where the existing sum assured is sufficient for requirements the opportunity to change is valuable. Such a policy undoubtedly offers a solution of the difficulty which some people may encounter in deciding at a particular time whether whole life or endowment assurances are best suited to their needs.

STOCK EXCHANGE

MORE LIQUIDATION

OIL AND MINING SHARES LOWER

The stock markets again suffered from liquidation yesterday. Paris was a heavy seller of oil and mining shares, and unfavourable advices from New York caused a further fall in Anglo-American securities. Standard British industrial shares also were depressed. A heavy tone prevailed in the Foreign market, and South American railway securities continued to show weakness. British Government stocks were very firm, though India loans were marked down on the new issue.

In the GILT-EDGED market the War Loan again advanced, and closed at 104¼, while the Five per Cent. Conversion Loan was again very firm, rising ¼ to 104¼. Similar gains were recorded in Four per Cent. Consols (89½), and Victory Bonds (98½). On the announcement of the new issue India bonds were generally marked down. The old Six per Cents fell to 103, and there were losses of ¼ in the Three-and-a-Half per Cents (63¼) and Three per Cents (54½), and of ½ in the Two-and-a-Half per Cents. Smaller declines were recorded in the other loans. Australian stocks remained dull. Prices of HOME RAILWAY stocks continued to dwindle, and Great Western and L.M.S. were both a point lower at 68½ and 31½ respectively. "Berwick" Preferred fell ¼ to 15½, and there were smaller losses in the other junior stocks of the big groups.

The volume of selling in the FOREIGN market was not large, but buyers were lacking, and the tone was consequently weak again. Brazilian loans were 1 to 2 points lower as a rule, though hardening slightly at the close. Sao Paulo Coffee "Sevens" of 1933 were 3 points lower at 75, and City of Nictheroy "Sevens" were heavily marked down to 75-85. Argentine loans again fell with the exchange, and Chilean and Mexican bonds and Peruvian Corporation stocks were also lower. German Five-and-a-Half per Cents finished a point down at 73¼, and the Seven per Cents and many of the German State and municipal loans also declined. Falls occurred also in Czechoslovak, Rumanian, and Estonian bonds. Chinese and Japanese loans were easier. Weakness was again shown by ARGENTINE RAILWAY securities, most of which showed declines.

FALL IN INTERNATIONALS

OIL shares were weak on Paris selling. Shell lost 3-16 to 3½, and Royal Dutch closed ¼ lower at 27½, while Anglo-Persian declined 3-16 to 2 15-16. Apex Trinidad was weak, and there were falls of varying extent almost throughout the list. Exceptionally Trinidad Leaseholds were 1-32 higher at 1 1-16, a movement that was attributed to "bear" covering. The RUBBER share market was idle, and TEA shares weakened again, Amalgamated falling to 17, Tea and Lands to 20, and Chargola to 11s. 3d.

There was further liquidation in the INDUSTRIAL market. British-American Tobacco fell to 4 15-16, and Imperial declined to under 4½, while Imperial of Canada was also lower. Carreras, however, was steadier. Unfavourable advices from New York were responsible for a renewed fall in the Anglo-American group. Brazilian Traction, after opening at 22½ and touching 22¾, fell to 21½, a decline of 2¼ as compared with Monday's quotation, and Hydro Electric was 1¼ lower at 28. International Nickel opened appreciably lower at about 17½, but strengthened after hours to 18, showing a net fall of ¼. There were falls in Gramophone and Columbia Graphophone also, General Electric was weak, Motor shares remained depressed; Leyland fell 1s. 6d. to 52s. 6d., and falls of 6d. to 9d. were marked in Austin, Dennis, Ford, and Singer. Turner and Newall weakened rather sharply, and falls also occurred in Unilever, Hudson's Bay, Sudan Plantations, and Pinchin, Johnson. Brewery shares were again easier, Watney falling 1s. 3d. to 52s. 6d. and Courage losing 9d. to 59s. 6d. Exceptionally, Guinness was harder at 100s. 6d. Cables and Wireless stocks continued to lose ground, and the Preference fell 2 to 64. The Allied Store group was depressed, International Tea being only 18s. P. & O. was weak, and Cunard and Furness, Withy were easier. Newspaper shares were flat.

MINING shares suffered from selling on Paris account. Chartered were conspicuously weak at 27s. 10½d., and Rhodesian copper shares were also very depressed, N'Changa falling ½ to 2. In the South African market weakness was shown by Central Mining, Gold Fields, and Johannesburg Consolidated, but Randfontein remained firm. Rio Tinto was flat. Tin shares were easier on the renewed fall in the price of the metal. Minerals Separation fell to 4½. Ashanti Goldfields exceptionally were higher at 31s.

ITALIAN S.I.P. GROUP

RESIGNATION OF MR. PANZARASA

We are informed that Mr. Panzarasa, chairman of the Italgas and its group, has resigned from the boards of the Societa Idroelettrica Piemonte (S.I.P.) and its associated companies, Societa Industrie Elettro-Telefoniche (S.I.E.T.), Societa Telefonica Interregionale Piemontese e Lombarda (S.T.I.P.E.L.), Societa Lombarda per Distribuzione di Energia Elettrica (Vizzola), and Ente Italiano Audizioni Radiofoniche (E.I.A.R.). He has also resigned his seat on the board of the Banca Commerciale Italiana, which he held as the representative of the above-mentioned electrical group.

These resignations are a consequence of the special problems which the Italgas have to face at the present moment, to which it is desirable that Mr. Panzarasa should be able to devote the whole of his activities, thus relinquishing those directorships which were of a purely personal nature. These directorships were in no way the expression of any financial or industrial relation between the Italgas and the S.I.P., which are entirely independent of each other; in fact, the only relation between the two groups is a small holding by the Italgas of S.I.P. shares.

BANKS' STATEMENTS FOR SEPTEMBER

The following figures, taken from the monthly statement of the London Bankers' Clearing House, show the average weekly balances of the 10 clearing banks during September, the percentage columns denoting the ratios of the respective items to the corresponding deposit items:—

(000's omitted)

—	Deposits, &c.	Cash in hand & at Bank of Eng.	%	Cheques in transit	Money at call & short notice	%
	£	£		£	£	
Barclays ..	334,794	35,061	10·5	8,170	23,741	7·1
Coutts' ..	17,910	1,482	8·3	532	2,342	13·1
Glyn Mills	25,548	3,167	10·6	1,240	3,584	12·0
Lloyds ..	348,351	35,022	10·1	8,573	31,152	8·9
Martins ..	74,515	7,876	10·6	2,007	7,476	10·0
Midland ..	376,285	41,875	11·1	8,373	24,686	6·4
National ..	26,765	2,150	8·0	149	3,372	9·2
Nat. Prov.	272,928	30,075	11·1	6,862	16,442	6·0
Westm'st'r	278,762	28,548	10·2	6,635	21,272	7·6
Williams ..	30,495	3,253	10·7	932	2,778	9·1
Totals ..	1,800,661	189,519	10·5	43,474	136,244	7·6
Aug., 1930 totals ..	1,803,839	190,968	10·6	45,043	137,195	7·6
Sept., 1929 totals ..	1,791,812	194,520	10·9	49,072	150,284	8·4

(000's omitted)

—	Bills dis.	%	Investments	Advances	%
	£		£	£	
Barclays ..	54,496	16·3	58,497	172,623	51·6
Coutts' ..	1,302	7·3	3,765	10,115	56·5
Glyn Mills ..	1,243	4·2	6,609	15,117	50·7
Lloyds ..	49,822	14·3	48,106	185,137	53·1
Martins ..	5,407	7·3	16,971	39,397	52·9
Midland ..	85,010	17·2	46,281	207,573	55·2
National ..	1,806	5·2	15,287	10,435	44·7
Nat. Prov. ..	47,953	17·6	33,310	148,196	54·3
Westminster ..	57,281	20·5	45,783	129,815	46·5
Williams ..	1,232	4·0	6,533	17,655	57·9
Totals ..	285,852	15·9	270,122	941,861	52·3
Aug., 1930, totals	281,172	15·6	285,356	960,881	52·7
Sept., 1929, totals	224,078	12·5	256,172	988,232	55·2

The total of acceptances, endorsements, &c., for the month is £117,787,000, compared with £121,732,000 for July last, and with £188,736,000 for August, 1929.

LLOYDS AND MARTINS BALANCE-SHEET

The average weekly statements of Lloyds Bank and Martins Bank are drawn up in the more detailed form inaugurated in the balance-sheet of Lloyds Bank of December, 1927. The policy of issuing statements drawn up on these lines has not, so far, been followed by the other London banks, and in consequence the form of the monthly statements issued by the London Bankers' Clearing House remains unchanged, Lloyds' and Martins' figures being adjusted for this purpose.

MONEY MARKET

FURTHER FALL IN THE PESETA

Monetary ease was yesterday pronounced. Borrowers were able to obtain renewals and fresh day to day advances at 1½ per cent., and the banks were reported to be offering fixtures for any date until the end of the year at 2 per cent. In such conditions the discount market was barely steady at the low rates prevailing in the last few days. There was business in the new Treasury Bills at 2 1-16 per cent., at which rate the Continent was again a buyer of three months bank bills. The discount houses' quoted buying rate was 2½ per cent., but it was difficult to do business in competition above 2 3-32. Of the bar gold in the open market, amounting to £604,000, France secured £294,000, and £205,000 was taken by an unknown buyer. The balance was reserved for the home and Continental trade.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).				
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1½—2	2	2⅛—2⅛	2⅛—2⅛	2⅛—2¼	2¼

Discount (Treasury Bills).			(Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.	
%	%	%	%	%	
2⅛—2⅛	2⅛—2⅜	3—3⅛	3¼—3½	3½—4	

BANK OF THE NETHERLANDS

—	October 13	Inc. or Dec.
	Guilders	Guilders
Gold and silver	430,118,000	+ 20,181,000
Bills and advances ..	378,540,000	— 2,427,000
Notes in circulation ..	840,880,000	— 14,149,000
Deposits	42,649,000	+ 25,746,000

—*Reuter.*

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

With the principal exception of Spanish and Argentine currencies the foreign exchanges yesterday were comparatively steady. The sterling-dollar rate was quoted nearly all day at from $4.85 25-32 to $4.85 13-16, though business was done up to $4.85 27-32. Forward business was done on a basis of 1-32c. under spot, one month, and 3-32c. under spot, three months. Exchange on Paris, after touching 123.95f., closed 1c. lower on the day at 123.92f. Further depreciation took place in the peseta; opening at 49.30p., the rate on Madrid rose to 50.40p., closing at 50.30p., buyers, against 49.37½p. on Monday. The Argentine dollar was again weak; the closing rate was 36 15-32d., but business took place as low as 36¼d. The Peruvian exchange also suffered fresh depreciation, being quoted at 15.55 soles to the £, compared with 15.32½.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported yesterday:—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exchange	Oct. 14	Oct. 13
New York	$ to £	4.8665	4.85⅛-85/16	4.85⅛-85/16
Montreal	$ to £	4.8666	4.85 15-16-5/16	4.85 15-16-5/16
Paris ..	Fr. to £	124.21	123.90-123.95	123.86-123.95
Brussels ..	Bel. to £	35.00	34.84-34.85	34.83½-84½
Milan ..	Lire to £	92.46	92.78-92.81	92.70-92.82
Switzerland ..	Fr. to £	25.2215	24.99½-25.00	24.99½-25.01
Athens ..	Dr. to £	375	374¼-375¼	374¼-375¼
Reichsmarks ..	M. to £	193.23	192¾-193	192¾-193
Madrid ..	Pta. to £	25.2215	49.30-50.40	48.30-49.60
Lisbon ..	Escu. to £	—	108⅛-108¾	108⅛-108¾
Holland ..	Fl. to £	12.107	12.05⅛-05¾	12.04⅛-05¼
Berlin ..	M. to £	20.43	20.43-20.45	20.43-20.45
Vienna ..	Sch. to £	34.5825	34.43-34.45	34.42-34.45
Budapest ..	Pen. to £	27.82	27.74-27.76	27.73-27.76
Prague ..	Kc. to £	164.2527	163 15-16-78	163 15-16-78
Danzig ..	Gldr tod.	48.34	48⅛-48⅜	48⅛-48⅜
Riga ..	Lats to £	25.2215	25.22-25.27	25.22-25.27
Bucharest ..	Lei to £	813.6	817-818	817-819
Constantinople	Pst. to £	110	1.0251	1.0251
Belgrade ..	Din. to £	275.2215	274¼-274	273¾-274
Kovno ..	Lit. to £	48.46	48⅝-48⅞	48⅝-48⅞
Sofia ..	Lev. to £	673.400	668-673	668-673
Reval ..	E.Kr.to£	18.159	18.22-18.28	18.20-18.27
Oslo ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15⅝-16¼	18.15⅝-16¼
Stockholm ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.08⅞-09¼	18.09-09¼
Copenhagen ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15⅛-16¼	18.15⅛-16¼
Alexandria ..	Pst. to £	97⅛	97 15-97 15	97 15-97 15
Bombay ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 27-32-1/5 29	1/5 15-16-5 31
Calcutta ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 27-32-1/5 29	1/5 15-16-5 31
Madras ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 27-32-1/5 29	1/5 15-16-5 31
Hong-kong ..	Per dol.	—	1/3 15-16-1/4 1	1/3 15-16-1/4 1
Kobe ..	Per yen	24.58d.	2/0 7-16-17-32	2/0 13-32-17-32
Shanghai ..	Per tael	—	1/7 29-32-1/7 15-16	1/7 29-32-1/7 15-16
Singapore ..	Per dol.	2/4	2/3 27-32-2/3 29	2/3 27-32-2/3 29
Batavia ..	Fl. to £	12.107	12.05⅞-06⅛	12.04⅞-05⅛
Manila ..	Per dol.	24.866d.	2/0 5-16	2/0 5-16
R. de Janeiro ..	Per mil.	5.309d.	—	—
B. Aires ..	Per dol.	47.377d.	36 15-30 5-8	37-37 1-4
Montevideo ..	Per dol.	51d.	37-37 1-8	38-38 1-8
Lima† ..	Soles to £	12.186	15.55‡	15.32‡
Mexico ..	Pesos to £	9.76	10.20-10.40	10.20-10.40

† 90 days. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

—	Buying Rates per £100				Selling Rates			
	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight	Cable Transfers		Demand	
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
Australia* ..	109 16 3	110 7 6	110 18 9	111 10 0	106 17 6		106 17 6	
New Zealand ..	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 0	92 3 9	95 0 0		95 0 0	
South Africa and Rhodesia ..	98 15 0	98 2 6	97 10 0	96 17 6	99 12 6		99 13 9	

* Rates for 100 London pounds.

The Bank of England yesterday announced the withdrawal for export of 7,000 SOVEREIGNS and the purchase of £363 in FOREIGN GOLD COIN. The day's movements, therefore, resulted in a net efflux of £6,817. Since Wednesday last there has been a net influx of £310,480, as shown below:—

Arrivals	£	Withdrawals	£
Oct. 9	Nil	Oct. 9—	
		Bar gold ..	34,842
		Sovs.	8,000
Oct. 10—		Oct. 10—	
Bar gold ..	10	Bar gold ..	67,055
		Sovs.	6,000
Oct. 11—		Oct. 11—	
Sovs.	84,000	Bar gold ..	17,480
		Sovs.	4,000
Oct. 13—		Oct. 13—	
Sovs.	750,000	Bar gold ..	370,536
		Sovs.	15,000
Oct. 14—		Oct. 14—	
Foreign gold coin ..	383	Sovs.	7,000
		Net influx ..	310,480
Total ..	£834,393	Total ..	£834,393

Net influx for 1930 to date, £9,869,356; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

The price fixed in the open market for yesterday's transactions in GOLD was 84s. 11½d., or ½d. below the previous day's quotation. The Walmer Castle, due from the Cape on October 27, has on board refined gold to a value of £770,655.

BAR SILVER rose 1-16d. to 16 13-16d. per oz. for cash and forward delivery. China was a buyer, but the market became dull in the afternoon, when America showed a disposition to sell.

BULLION AND SPECIE

Imports of gold into Great Britain and Northern Ireland registered from midday on October 9 to midday on October 13 were £268,042, of which £179,355 came from Brazil and £84,000 from Argentina. Exports were £260,787, of which £130,900 was for Switzerland and £94,988 for Germany. Silver imports were £13,516 and exports £8,186.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2⅝-2¾	1½-2
New York	2½	2-1 7/8	2
Paris	2½	2	1¾
Berlin	5	5	5-7
Swiss Bank places ..	2½	1½	—
Milan	5½	5½	—
Amsterdam	3	1½	½
Brussels	2½	2¼	2¾

INVESTORS AND THE "STAG"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It is admitted that where an issue is largely oversubscribed the difficulty of making an equitable allotment is greatly increased. The ballot system adopted in connexion with the Ayr loan is frequently resorted to when the number of applications is abnormal, but it is very unfair to the genuine investor who desires to obtain stock for permanent investment of, say, trust funds.

A method adopted in Germany and elsewhere on the Continent would appear to be worth consideration. This is known as the "bloque" system, where the applicant who undertakes not to sell his allotment for a period of, say, six months receives special consideration.

If such a method were adopted on the London market it would not only tend to support the market in a new issue, but would also be one way of countering the activity of the "stag" who has no intention of retaining the allotment. Yours faithfully,

NORMAN HATTON.

London, E.C.2, Oct. 14.

REVENUE RETURNS

The following table shows the Revenue and Expenditure for the week to Saturday last together with the increase or decrease compared with the corresponding period in the previous financial year:—

Revenue	Week to Oct. 11	April 1 to Oct. 11	April 1 to Oct. 11 Inc. or Dec.
	£	£	£
ORDINARY REVENUE			
INLAND REVENUE:			
Income-tax	1,979,000	65,290,000	+ 2,504,000
Sur-tax, including arrears of Super-tax ..	360,000	14,220,000	+ 2,190,000
Estate, &c., Duties	980,000	44,430,000	+ 870,000
Stamps	550,000	8,870,000	— 3,730,000
TOTAL INLAND REVENUE ..	3,989,000	132,670,000	+ 1,814,000
CUSTOMS AND EXCISE:			
Customs ..	2,215,000	63,985,000	— 1,620,000
Excise	1,623,000	62,100,000	— 1,900,000
TOTAL CUSTOMS AND EXCISE ..	3,838,000	126,003,000	— 3,520,000
Motor Veh. Duties (Exch. Share)	530,000	2,054,298	— 113,389

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

RALLY AFTER SALES

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—After an early outbreak of selling pressure trading on the Stock Exchange diminished considerably and following the cessation of offerings prices showed a tendency to rally. Sales were returned at 3,382,000 shares.

The opening was easy on a heavy accumulation of selling orders. All the leading speculative issues showed losses ranging from 1 point to 3 points, bears contending that numerous issues were still selling at above intrinsic values. Selling continued active during the early part of the morning, bringing numerous issues, including Steel Common and Westinghouse Electric, to new low levels. Good buying of standard issues, however, was interpreted as evidence of banking support and long pool investment accumulation. This subsequently induced covering on a fairly active scale, and the list rallied strongly under the leadership of American Telephone and Telegraph, whose earnings for the nine months ended September 30 shows net income of $123,000,000, against $120,000,000 last year.

Indications of support for the speculative leaders prompted a withdrawal of professional selling pressure in the afternoon. There was also evidence of quiet accumulation, and the close was steady.

Exchange	Method of Quoting	Parity	Oct. 14	Oct. 11
Montreal on—				
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅝	4.85⅛
New York on—				
London, sight..	£1	—	4.85 11/16	4.85 11/16
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85 15/16	4.85 7/16
60 days' sight..	£1	—	4.83 7/16	4.83 1/32
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85 7/16	4.85⅝
Seven days ..	£1	—	4.85	4.85
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.92½	3.92	3.92¼
Bonn, cables ..	100l.	5.26	5.25⅝	5.25⅝
Amsterdam, short sight ..	100fl.	40.20	40.27½	40.29¾
Oslo, cables ..	100kr.	26.80	26.75¼	26.75¾
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.86	26.86
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75¼	26.75¾
Prague, cables ..	100kr.		2.96⅞	2.96⅞
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.77½	23.78¾
Brussels, cables ..	100bel.	13.90	13.94⅛	13.95
Berne, cables ..	100f.	19.30	19.43⅝	19.45⅞
Madrid, cables ..	100pe.	19.30	9.67	10.04
Vienna, cables ..	100sch.	14.07	14.11¼	14.11¾
Budapest, cables	100pen	17.49	17.51½	17.50¾
Belgrade, cables	100din.	1.77	1.77⅝	1.77⅝
Athens, cables ..	100dr.	1.29½	1.29⅝	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	32.49	33.84
Rio, cables ..	1 mil.	32.45	9.75	9.75

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices			Closing Prices		
—	Oct. 14	Oct. 11	—	Oct. 14	Oct. 11
Atchison..	201½	200½	Int. Amer.	15⅜	7
Atl. Coast L.	120⅝	123	Kansas City	50¼	52
B. & O. ..	85	86	Louisville	113	111
Do., Pref.	78	78	Minn., St. P.	10	10
Brooklyn ..	—	—	Miss. Pac.	42⅞	42
M. T. ah	69½	68⅝	Do., Pref.	102⅛	102
Can. Pac. ..	171	170	N. Mex. & T.	1	1
Cent. N.J. ..	210	211	Do., 2 Pf.	—	—
Ches. & O. ..	43	41	N.Y. Cent.	145⅛	140
Ch. G.W. ..	7⅛	7⅛	Norfolk ..	213½	215
Do., Pref.	27¼	26½	N. Pacific	59	56¼
Chi., N.W.	49	48	Pennsylv'a	67⅜	67½
Ch., Mil. & P.	9	9	Reading ..	98	97
Ch. Rockis.	76¾	78	S.L. & S.F.	69	67½
Del. & Hud.	150	150	S.L. & S.W.	48	45
Del., Lack.	105½	106	S. Pacific	105	105¼
Erie	36	36	Southern ..	70¾	70
Do., 1 Pf.	52	52	Do., Pref.	85	87
Do., 2 Pf.	38	38	Un. Pacific	199	199
Illinois ..	103¼	104	Do., Pref.	95½	96½
Interboro' ..	—	—	Wabash ..	21	20
Rapid Tr.	28⅛	28½	Do., Pf. A	57	54

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct.	103½	101	Int. Nickel	17⅜	18
Allied Chem.	210	202¼	Int. Paper	9⅜	10¼
Amer. Ag. Ch.	24	23	Int. T. & T.	27¼	26⅞
Do., Pref.	14	13	Kennecott ..	26½	27½
Am. Can. ..	13	12¾	Kresge A ..	27	27
Am. and F. ..	—	—	K'ger, 5% ..	25	25⅜
Power	41¼	39⅞	Liggett & M.	87	86
Am. Car. ..	119	116½	Loose Wiles	53⅞	51½
Am. Loco. ..	30¼	30	Mack Trks.	48	48
Am. Metals ..	—	—	Montg'y W.	25¾	23¾
Mills	38⅛	38¼	Nash Mtrs.	31¾	31⅞
Am. Smelt. ..	54½	54¾	Nat. Biscu.	78	77
Am. Sug. R. ..	45	45	Nat. Cash R.	32⅞	35
Am. Tel.	199	195⅞	Nat. Dairy ..	43¾	42⅞
Am. Tob.	110	110	N. Amer. ..	64¼	64½
Am. Wat'r'ks	71⅜	71	Packard	10¾	10¾
Am. Woolen ..	37	36⅝	Para. A. Pet.	48	48¼
Armour Pf. ..	75½	73⅝	Pub. Ser. ..	—	—
As. Dry Gds.	29⅛	30¼	N.J. ..	85	85⅛
At'tic Ref.	24¼	24⅝	Pullman ..	59	58
Baldwins ..	27	27⅛	Radio Corp.	24⅜	23⅞
Barnsdall A	19⅞	19½	Remington R	19⅞	19½
Beth. Steel	75	75	Ryl. Dutch	43⅞	44
Celanese ..	10⅛	10⅛	Sears R'b'k	57⅛	54⅝
C. de Pasco	33⅜	33⅛	Shell Trans.	38⅝	37⅝
Chile Copp.	32	32	Shell Un. ..	10¾	10⅝
Chrysler ..	17⅞	17⅞	Simm. & Bl.	20¼	20
Col. Fuel ..	24⅛	25	Std. Brands	16⅛	16½
Colum. Gas ..	44	44¼	Std. Gas ..	79	77
Col. Graph.	11⅜	11¼	Std. Oil of N.J.	—	—
Comm. Inv.	98¾	96¾	Do., of N.Y.	38⅜	38⅛
Cont. Can.	49	48¼	Stew.-Warn.	25⅜	25⅛
Cont. Oil ..	13⅞	13¼	Studebaker	25⅜	26
Corn Prod.	78¼	77⅞	Texas Corp.	43¾	43⅝
Crucible ..	65⅞	65⅛	Tex. Gulf S.	51	51
Curtis Wr. A.	21	21	Tidewater	10¾	10⅛
Drug Inc. ..	71⅛	72⅛	Timken ..	10¾	10⅛
Du Pont	99	99¾	Trans. Amer	—	—
Eastman K.	194½	188	Corp. ..	18¼	18¼
Elec. P. & L.	52	50¾	Tr. Cont. Cp.	10⅛	10
Elec. Stor. ..	58	57	Un. Carbide	63½	62
Fam. Play. ..	35¾	35	Un. Drug ..	25⅞	26
Gen. Elect. ..	56⅝	54⅜	Un. Fruit ..	71½	70
Gen. Foods ..	51⅛	51	United Gas ..	30⅝	30⅝
Gen. Motors	36½	35¼	U.S. Leather	6	6¼
Gillette	36	37	U.S. Rubber	13¾	13
Goodrich ..	14	14	U.S. Steel ..	142⅝	139⅜
Goodyear ..	41⅛	41	Warner Pict.	14½	14
Hon. Off'rs.	56	55¾	W. Un. Tel.	143⅛	139
Hud. Mtrs.	22¼	24¼	Whse. Mig.	113½	111
Ind. Rayon	45	48	Woolworth	63¼	62
Int. Harv.	62¼	61⅞	Wor. Pump	85	80½
Int. Match.	—	—	Young'n'n	—	—
Pref. ..	67⅛	68	Stock Exch. Seat	88	90

CURB EXCHANGE

Asd. Gas A	25	25¼	Mid. West Utilities	23½	22⅜
Br. Am. Tob. (Bearer)	24	23¾	Penn Road	8½	8½
Elec. Bond	57⅛	55	Silica Gel.	10⅜	10¼
Gulf Oil	97⅝	99½	Std. Oil Ind.	42	42½
Hud. Bay Min.	27	25¾	Swift Int.	32	32
Int. Petrol.	14¼	14⅜	Vacuum Oil	66⅜	66½

BONDS

Libty. 3½ ..	101[14]	101[15]	Pitsl. 6% ..	88	91
Do. 4¼% ..	103[22]	103[23]	Pres. 7½% ..	103	103
Do. (4th) ..	103[22]	103[23]	1941	125⅛	125¼
4½% ..			Pres. 7% ..	103	103
U.K. 5% ..	104⅞	104⅝	1942	120⅛	120⅝
1937	105⅜	105⅜	Ger. 7% ..	100¼	100⅜
Do., 4% ..	89	89	1949		
1960-90 ..			Greek 7% ..	96	98
Arg. 6% ..	89	89	1964		
1959			Hamb. 6½ ..	83	84¼
Aust. 7½%	78¼	81	Hungary, 7½% '44	99½	99½
1957			Ital. 7% ..	104	104
Aust. 7% ..	102⅜	102¼	1951	93¼	93¼
1943			Japan 6½%	104	104
Belg. 6% ..	102	102¼	1954		
1955	112	112	Nord Rly. 6½% ..	106	106
Bordeaux, 6% '34	105¼	105¼	Norway 6% 1952 ..	101¼	101¼
Brazil 7½%	97¼	97¼	P.-L.-M. 6%	93	93
1952			1958	104¼	104¼
Brdx. 7% ..	65	66	Do. 7% ..	105¾	106½
Canada 5%	105¼	105⅜	Poland 7%	77½	77½
1957			1947		
Chile 7% ..	87¼	89½	Do. 8% ..	81	81
1942			1950		
Chile, 6% ..	75	73	Rio de Jnl. 6% ..	59¼	59¼
1960			San P. 8% ..	39	39
Czech. 8% ..	109¼	110	1950		
1951			Seine, 7% ..	108	108
Denmark 6%	102¼	102¼	1942		
1942			Swed. 5½%	105⅛	105½
Dutch E.I. 6% '62	102¾	102¾	1954		
Dutch E.I. 5½% '53	102⅝	102¼	Tokio City 5½% '61	91⅜	91⅜
Estonia 7% ..	105	105¼			

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter :—

—	Oct. 14	Oct. 11
Atchison, Pref.	106½	106½
Lehigh Valley	55	54
Missouri, Kansas and Texas ..	25⅛	25¼
New York, Ontario and Western	6¼	7
Reading, 1st Pref.	47	47
Texas and Pacific	106	106
National Lead	119	116

* Ex dividend. ‡ Ex rights. † Ex stock dividend. § Asked. ‖ New stock.

The Money Market was steady, 2 per cent. being the ruling rate for call loans throughout the session. Commercial Paper remained at 2½ to 2 per cent. for prime names.

Sterling exchange further eased to 4.85 13-16 for cable transfers.

Silver was quoted ⅛c. higher at 36⅛c. for foreign bullion.

According to the American Petroleum Institute, the daily average production of crude oil in the past week was 2,366,800 barrels, against 2,387,000 barrels in the previous week and 2,436,100 barrels in the corresponding week last year.

The Bond market was moderately active but irregular. Sales reached $11,979,000.

PERUVIAN BANK SUSPENDS PAYMENT

The Banco rel Peru y Londres, the head office of which is at Lima, has been allowed to suspend payments, according to advices received in London, from October 13 to October 18—i.e., for the remainder of the current week. In the meanwhile, the Peruvian Government and the Reserve Bank are seeking to formulate means for the resumption of payments.

The bank has an authorised capital of £P.1,000,000, of which £P.800,000 is subscribed and paid-up. The balance-sheet issued in 1929 showed a total of £P.13,139,066, deposits, current accounts, &c., amounting to £P.4,902,312. The bank was established in 1877.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKETS

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—WHEAT.—The cash market closed firm, 3½c. to ⅞c. up. No. 2 red winter, 95½c.; No. 2 amber durum, 82½c.; No. 2 hard winter, 89½c.; No. 2 Manitoba, 81½c. MAIZE firm, 2½c. up. No. 2 mixed, 100½c., f.o.b. New York. OATS barely steady, ⅛c. lower. White clipped, 45½c., f.o.b. New York. RYE firm, 2½c. up. No. 2 Western, 59c., f.o.b. New York. BARLEY nominal, with No. 2 malting unquoted.

The visible supply of wheat in the United States is 946,000 bushels larger on the week at 224,206,000 bushels, which compares with 318,089,000 last year; that of maize is 74,000 bushels smaller at 4,569,000 bushels, against 3,937,000; and that of oats is 535,000 bushels larger on the week at 21,079,000 bushels, compared with 28,706,000 a year ago.

FLOUR steady, Spring Clears unchanged at $4.60, and Kansas Straights 5c. dearer at $4.55; Minneapolis Patents and Bakers' Clears unaltered at $4.80 and $4.20 respectively.

DAILY GRAIN MOVEMENTS (Thousands)

—	To-day	Same day last yr.	This week	This season	Last season
Wheat (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	1,985	1,446	1,985	248,703	280,500
Do., Atlantic ..	320	435	320	50,186	43,235
*Exports, ditto..	201	176	201	44,168	27,163
Maize (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	884	606	884	84,981	62,830
Do., Atlantic ..	35	14	35	1,398	1,451
*Exports, ditto..	—	—	—	—	—
Flour (barrels)—					
Shipments, Weste.	156	121	156	10,008	7,905
Receipts, Atlantic	162	80	162	6,621	6,118
*Exports, ditto..	18	15	18	1,514	1,607
Oats (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	563	574	563	50,815	68,185
Do., Atlantic ..	16	31	16	1,504	2,422
*Exports, ditto..	—	—	—	14	37

* From New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

LARD firm at 35c. advance. Prime Western steam, $12.20; middle West, spot, $12.00 per 100lb.

COFFEE.—Rio futures opened firm, 35 to 9 points higher, and advanced further on general buying. The rise attracted realising, but the close was steady at gains ranging from 28 to 5 points. Sales, 12,000 bags. Dec., 7.35c.; Jan., 6.65c.; March, 6.31c.; May, 6.01c.; July, 5.85c.; Sept., 5.75c. Santos No. 4 futures closed steady and 50 to 15 points up. Sales, 16,000 bags. Dec., 12.40c.; Jan., 11.15c.; March, 10.44c.; May, 9.85c.; July, 9.45c.; Sept., 9.20c. Cash coffee firm. Rio No. 7, ⅛c. higher at 9½c.; Santos No. 4 unchanged at 14½c. to 15c.

The week's deliveries of Brazilian coffee amount to 175,000 bags, against 167,000 last week and 116,000 a year ago. Stocks at New York total 481,000 bags, against 466,000 and 329,000, while the stock of Brazilian at New York, New Orleans, and Baltimore totalled 682,000 bags, compared with 637,000 and 405,000. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee is returned at 1,147,000 bags, against 1,157,000 a week ago and 937,000 last year.

COCOA futures closed easy and 18 to 10 points lower. Sales, 35,000 bags. Oct., 5.99; Jan., 6.27; March, 6.49; May, 6.70; July, 6.90; Sept., 7.08.

SUGAR.—Raw futures closed firm at 9 to 11 points advance. Sales, 75,000 tons. Dec., 1.32; Jan., 1.35; March, 1.42; May, 1.49; July, 1.57; Sept., 1.63. No. 2 contract, duty free, Dec., 3.26.

Cuban centrifugals, 96deg.—Sales comprise 50,000 bags Cuba, Oct.-Nov. shipment, at 3.30c. per lb., c.i.f., and 72,000 bags Philippine, Nov.-Dec. shipment, at 3.40c. per lb., c.i.f.

Cotton on the spot closed unchanged at 10.45c. Futures market opened 8 to 13 points down under Southern hedging operations and poor cable advices from Liverpool, but was steadied by shorts covering, buying by trade interests, and a rally in wheat and securities. The close was steady, 1 point up to 10 points down. New Orleans, spot, middling, unchanged at 10.23c.; futures unchanged to 3 points up.

New York	Closing Range	
Futures	To-day	Prev. day
October	10.28 10.28	10.27 10.27
November	10.38 10.38	10.40 10.40
December	10.45 10.45	10.35 10.55
January	10.58 10.58	10.48 10.48
New Contract		
October	10.24 10.24	10.32 10.32
November	10.34 10.34	10.40 10.40
December	10.46 10.45	10.55 10.52
January	10.57 10.56	10.64 10.63
February	10.68 10.66	10.73 10.73
March	10.77 10.77	10.82 10.83
April	10.89 10.88	10.92 10.92
May	10.98 10.96	11.02 11.01
June	11.05 11.05	11.09 11.09
July	11.15 11.15	11.21 11.18
August	11.15 11.15	11.18 11.18

	To-day	Week	Season	Last season
Receipts at ports	*164,000	224,000	2,552,000	2,930,000
Exports Ct. Sts.	*10,000	10,000	220,000	223,000
Exports, Cont. &c.	*46,000	181,000	1,469,000	1,382,000

* Two days' returns.

COPPER quiet and unaltered for electrolytic, domestic, spot, and export, spot, and Nov. delivery, at 10.00c. per lb., asked. National Metal Exchange closing prices for standard futures were unchanged. Oct., Nov., and Dec., 9.50c. Sales, nil. TIN easy. Straits metal, spot, 55 points down at 24.65c., and Nov. delivery 55 points lower at 24.70c. per lb., asked. National Metal Exchange closing prices for standard futures were :—Oct., 24.10c.; Nov., 24.15c.; Dec., 24.30c. Sales, 10 lots. SPELTER easy and 10 points down for East St. Louis, spot and Nov. delivery, at 4.00c. per lb., asked. LEAD.—Spot unchanged at 5.10c. per lb. PIG IRON steady. No. 2 foundry unaltered on Eastern Pennsylvania markets at $18.50 per ton.

RUBBER.—Smoked sheet sellers ⅛c. higher; spot and Oct., 8c.; Oct.-Nov., 8⅛c. First latex crepe sellers also ⅛c. up; spot and Oct., 8¼c.; Oct.-Nov., 8⅜c. per lb. New York Rubber Exchange closing prices were 20 to 10 points up. Oct., 7.80c.; Jan., 8.10c.; March, 8.30c.; May, 8.50c.; July, 8.70c. Sales, 3 contracts.

COTTON OIL closed steady. Refined futures were 10 points up to 4 points down. Crude, spot, 6.13½ (sales); yellow, spot, 7.50, bid. Futures.—Oct., 7.60; Dec., 7.50; March, 7.43; May, 7.52. The Census Bureau reports that 717,000 tons of cottonseed were crushed between August 1 and October 1, against 611,000 tons in the same period last year.

PETROLEUM.—Pennsylvania crude, standard grades, were unchanged at $2.25 to $2.30 per barrel.

TURPENTINE quiet and 1c. lower at 46c. to 41c.

JACKSONVILLE, Oct. 14.—TURPENTINE quiet at 34½c. to 35c.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 14.—TURPENTINE dull and ⅛c. down at 35c. bid. ROSIN.—Grade F, $4.12½; grade K, $4.15; grade WW, $6.65.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 14.—WHEAT opened easy at a fall of 1¼c. to 1⅜c. under the influence of discouraging Liverpool advices. Covering of this was subsequently influenced by the falling off in the interior movement, rumours of an improved export demand for Manitoba wheat, and reports that much of the crop was still unthreshed in Saskatchewan and Alberta. Part of the advance was lost later in the session on the announcement that the wheat pool has reduced payment to farmers from 60 cents to 55 cents a bushel, but the close was steady and 1⅛c. to ⅞c. higher. Oct., 70⅛c.; Dec., 72⅜c.; May, 77⅛c. OATS closed irregular, ⅛c. lower to ⅜c. higher. Oct., 33⅛c.; Dec., 31⅛c.; May, 35⅛c. BARLEY futures closed steady at ⅛c. advance. Oct., 29⅛c.; Dec., 31⅛c.

The visible supply of wheat in Canada shows a decrease of 1,323,000 bushels on the week at 68,144,000 bushels, which compares with 75,056,000 last year, while the visible supply of oats is 50,000 bushels smaller on the week at 4,895,000 bushels, compared with 11,619,000 last year.

LINSEED closed easy at 2½c. to 1⅛c. decline. Oct., 1.29c.; Dec., 1.37⅛c.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—WHEAT opened 2c. to 1⅛c. lower for old contract options, with reports of beneficial rains in Argentina and the American South-West. "Bear" covering caused a rally later, but the market failed to maintain the recovery owing to expectations of larger visible supply figures and increased estimates of the Australian crop. A renewal of "bear" covering strengthened the position towards the end of the day, the close being firm at ⅛c. to ⅜c. up. Old contract :—Dec., 78⅜c.; March, 82⅛c.; May, 84⅛c.; July, 84⅛c. New contract :—Dec., 78⅛c.; March, 82⅜c.; May, 84⅜c.

MAIZE closed firm, 1⅛c. to ⅜c. up. Old contract :—Dec., 80⅜c.; March, 80⅜c.; May, 81⅜c.; July, 83⅜c. New contract :—Dec., 80⅛c.; March, 81⅛c.; May, 83⅜c.; OATS, ⅜c. to ⅝c. up. Old contract :—Dec., 36⅛c.; March, 38⅛c.; May, 39⅛c. New contract :—Dec., 36⅛c.; March, 39c.; May, 40c. RYE futures firm, ⅜c. to 1⅛c. up. Dec., 49c.; March, 53⅛c.; May, 55c.

PROVISIONS closed steady, with lard 32½ to 20 points higher and pork unchanged. Lard.—Dec., 10.72½; Jan., 10.82½; May, 10.65. Pork (drysalted clear bellies).—Oct., 13.62½; Jan., 12.25; May, 12.50. Cash lard advanced 5 points to 11.50.

BACON steady and unchanged. Hogs firm; light 15 to 10 points and heavy sorts 10 points higher. Receipts at 15 principal Western centres, including Chicago, since March 1 total 15,406,000, against 16,685,000 for a similar period last year.

—	Bacon, fat backs, 12-14lb.	Hogs Light	Hogs Heavy
To-day	11.50	9.50 to 9.75	9.60 to 9.90
Previous day ..	11.50	9.35 to 9.65	9.50 to 9.80
Last year	11.87½	9.60 to 10.15	9.25 to 10.30
Receipts—		Western	Chicago
To-day		77,000	20,000
Previous day		38,000	20,000
Last year		126,000	28,000

COMPANY RESULTS

MIDLAND URUGUAY RAILWAY

The dividends shown in the following table are those announced on the Ordinary capitals of the companies mentioned, and are the actual rates being paid (as distinct from the rates per annum) :—

Company	Div.	Corresp. div.	Date payable	Total for year	Prev. year
	%	%		%	%
African City Props. ..	Int. 4‡	Same	Nov. 1	—	—
Anglo - Amer. Telegrph. ..	Qrtly. 1¼	Same	Nov. 1	—	—
Bengal Dooars Railway ..	Fin. 4† } Bon's 3† }	Same	—	11	Same
British Drug Houses ..	Int. 2	3	Nov. 1	—	—
Oriental Tob. and Elec.	Int. 4†	Same	Nov. 1	—	—
Second Amer. Trust ..	Fin. 4½	Same	—	7	Same
Wilson's Brewery	Int. 5	Same	—	—	—

‡ Less tax at 2s. 10d. in the £. † Less tax at 2s. 6½d. in £. * Tax free.

Home and Foreign Investment Trust.—Interim dividend (less tax) on Ordinary stock at the rate of 6 per cent. (unchanged).

Second Securities Trust of Scotland.—Interim dividend of 2½ per cent. (less tax) on Ordinary stock. For the previous year no interim was paid, 5 per cent. being distributed at the close of the accounts.

Wembley Park Estate.—The liquidators have notified their intention to make a first distribution at the rate of £1 per fully-paid Ordinary share. The present capital is 74,621 Ordinary £1 shares.

ASSOCIATED TEA ESTATES OF CEYLON

The accounts of the Associated Tea Estates of Ceylon for the year to June 30 show a profit of £8,380 (against £9,589 for 1928-29), and a balance brought forward of £1,488. The Preference dividends absorb £3,600, leaving £1,768, which it is proposed to carry forward. Last year a dividend of 1 per cent. was paid on the Ordinary shares, and £3,000 was added to the reserve. The tea crop amounted to 400,864lb. (against 418,687lb.), and sold at a net average price of 1s. 3.73d. per lb. (against 1s. 4.75d.). The rubber crop amounted to 459,839lb. (against 420,426lb.), and sold at a net average price of 6.49d. per lb. (against 8.05d.). Meeting, Oct. 23.

URUGUAY NORTHERN RAILWAY

Gross receipts of the Uruguay Northern Railway Company for the year amounted to £295,000 (against £31,765), and working expenses to £20,743 (against £20,176), so that net receipts were £8,216 (against £11,589). The ratio of working expenses to receipts was 72 per cent. (against 64 per cent.). The loss on exchange was £1,193 (against £3,681). After crediting interest received and declaring interest on the 5 per cent. Prior Lien Debenture stock, income-tax, and renewals, there is a balance due to the 5 per cent. Income Debenture holders of £2,247 (against £6,881), representing interest at 0.5 per cent. upon the Income Debenture stock for the year (against 1.42 per cent.) payable on Nov. 1. Meeting, Oct. 23.

FERRANTI

The directors of Ferranti, Limited, electrical engineers, report a net profit of £58,749 for the year to June 30 (against £68,189). The net profit for the year on the Preference shares requires £9,579, and £40,000 (the same) has been transferred to reserve, increasing it to £110,000. A dividend of 6 per cent., less tax, is now recommended on the Ordinary shares, absorbing £18,000, leaving £40,741 to be carried forward (against £39,572). Last year the dividend was 12 per cent., tax free, and it absorbed £18,000. The Court recently sanctioned a capital scheme under which the two classes of Preference shares were consolidated into one class and the capital was increased. Considerable extensions to plant have been made during the year. Meeting, October 31.

MORIB PLANTATIONS

The Morib Plantations harvested 2,290,300 coconuts during the year ended June 30 (against 2,201,800 nuts for 1928-29), and 600 tons (against 577½ tons) of copra were manufactured, which sold at a profit of £8 12s. 9d. per ton (against £10 2s. 9d.). The rubber crop amounted to 181,917lb. (against 182,000lb.). The cost of production on the estate was 1.85d. per lb. (against 1.87d.), and the average net sale price, including the estimated value of the unsold portion of the stock was 6.90d. per lb. (against 9.52d.). The accounts show a profit of £5,996 (against £8,994), to which is added £1,748 brought forward. The directors recommend a dividend of 6 per cent. (against 10 per cent.), which (at £1,500) is to be transferred to reserve, leaving £2,645 to be carried forward. Meeting, October 28.

MIDLAND URUGUAY RAILWAY

Gross receipts of the Midland Uruguay Railway Company for the year to June 30 amounted to £329,944 (against £323,517 for 1928-29), of which working expenses absorbed £187,731 (against £189,140), so that net receipts were £51,613 (against £54,377). The ratio of expenses to receipts was 78.43 per cent. (against 75.67 per cent.). The loss on exchange increased from £1,760 to £12,146. After crediting interest received, &c., and deducting interest on the Five per Cent. Prior Lien Debentures and sinking fund, income-tax, renewals, &c., there is a balance due to the Five per Cent. Debenture-holders of £10,887 (against £20,933), to which £918 brought forward. Interest on Debenture stock for the year at the rate of 1 per cent. (against 2.60 per cent.) absorbs £11,569, leaving £36 to be carried forward to the credit of the Five per Cent. Debenture-holders. Meeting, October 23.

CAMBUHY COFFEE AND COTTON

The accounts of the Cambuhy Coffee and Cotton Estates for the year to June 30, 1930, after allowing for depreciation, of £9,080 (against £2,826 for 1928), but after providing £28,431 for depreciation in exchange there remains a loss of £19,345. This is deducted from the balance of £67,430 brought forward, leaving £48,085, which the directors propose to carry forward. The arrears of dividend on the £350,000 of Preference capital amounted at the date of the balance-sheet to £84,000, being in respect of the three years ended December 31, 1929. No dividend has yet been paid on the Ordinary shares of this company, which was formed in 1925. The report states that the stocks of coffee on hand on December 31, 1929, were valued at cost or market value, whichever was lower (these stocks are shown in the consolidated balance-sheet at £134,062). Since that date some 25,000 bags of coffee have been sold at prices in excess of those valuations. The coffee crop for 1929 weighed out as 109,201cwt. (against 99,579cwt. for 1928). The 1930 crop is estimated to yield about 42,000cwt. During the year 209,847 young coffee trees reached bearing age, and 63,091 new trees were planted. Cotton-growing has been continued in conjunction with the State Government. The profits accruing from this branch of the business, states the report, are not likely to be a substantial one, as there is an improvement in the price of cotton. There are now 8,394 head of cattle on the estates. A loss of £4,349 was shown in this department in 1929 (against a profit of £5,105), due to the small number of sales. The remaining land and coffee trees in the Garden End Estate have now been sold on terms similar to those of previous sales, with the exception of a small pasture. When the whole estate has been disposed of it will probably be found that a loss has been incurred as between the price realised and the price at which the estate was capitalised in the accounts. The directors, however, think the policy of selling is justified, because of the benefit accruing to the company through the sale of the old coffee trees at the Santa Eudoxia estate and by the centralisation of the administration at headquarters on Cambuhy. Meeting, October 22.

SEPTEMBER RUBBER CROPS

Company	1930 Lbs.	1929 Lbs.
Abacy	20,000	30,000
Allanar	70,000	55,000
Allied Sumatra	402,420	361,908
Alor	42,187	35,438
Asahan	73,540	69,320
Badak	42,000	39,200
Batavian Syrnd.	45,500	45,500
Bek Liau ..	141,225	140,345
Bejoicktjod.	100,855	99,728
Bekoetoek ..	100,000	90,000
Bandjermalie	32,085	39,027
Bangawan ..	42,000	49,000
Belmont	60,000	—
Betak Baleh	39,500	39,045
Batang Onoeh.	90,431	92,408
Batu Caves ..	59,250	51,300
Batu Lintang	73,500	—
Batu Matang	47,000	35,000
Batu Tiga ..	100,000	91,000
Bean Sejour	53,600	43,100
Bekoh	80,803	79,473
Bertam Dto. Extended ..	207,972	—
Bukit Rajah	33,800	—
Bukit Sembilan	61,000	64,000
Bila	81,230	78,326
Bilah	55,100	54,994
Binatan	45,000	54,994
Braunston ..	52,344	52,663
Brisk	32,866	31,847
Brit. Java ..	192,800	—
Bukit Club ..	48,297	39,914
Bukit Mertajam	256,810	—
Bukit Kajang	128,145	104,385
Castlefield ..	113,694	87,860
Central Sumatra	49,704	47,517
Ceylon Cove and Rub.	17,664	14,416
Ceylon Amber	44,663	30,605
Cheroenan ..	97,300	61,400
Chersa	56,800	52,254
Chota	49,500	49,500
Clovally	20,500	15,000
Cons. Malay	116,000	107,000
Cuplah	20,000	15,000
Dalkeith	50,000	50,000
Dapdap	66,168	—
Devitsara' ..	52,200	50,010
Dominion ..	165,707	125,404
Dominions ..	30,083	29,508
F.M.S.	227,000	170,850
Federated ..	83,500	78,000
Frotibig

COMPANY MEETINGS

HARRISONS AND CROSFIELD, LIMITED

CONSERVATIVE FINANCE

MR. ERIC MILLER'S REVIEW OF TEA AND RUBBER

The ANNUAL MEETING of Harrisons and Crosfield, Limited, was held yesterday in the Council Room of the Rubber Growers' Association, Idol-lane, London.

Mr. H. ERIC MILLER (the chairman) said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—The report of the directors and the statement of accounts for the 12 months ended June 30, 1930, have been in your hands for more than the prescribed period, and if you approve we will take them as read. (Agreed.)

THE BALANCE-SHEET

The balance-sheet this year has been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1929, and differs slightly in form from that of a year ago. The main difference is on the assets side, where you will see our investments are in five groups, whereas last year they appeared under three.

Our investments (including loans) in subsidiary and associated companies combined total £642,000. In the main these are trading concerns carrying on business similar to our own. Most of them are private limited companies whose shares are not quoted, but the directors are satisfied that the value of these various interests is in excess of the figure at which they appear in the company's books.

During the year we disposed of our interest in Harrisons, Davis and Co., our associated company in Japan, to Mr. Jarmain, an original partner in the business. Following the experience of several other foreign firms in Japan, we found that local conditions offered us little encouragement to continue our establishment there.

Investments in tea, rubber, and other produce companies are now shown as a separate group and amount to £954,000. During the year we witnessed a very heavy fall in the market value of plantation companies producing tea, rubber, and other Eastern produce, but, in spite of that fact, the value of the company's holdings at June 30 last still showed an appreciation over the book value. Since then prices have declined further and, as you are aware, we have allocated out of the profits of the year the sum of £100,000 to be written off the book cost of these investments. In doing this the directors are pursuing a conservative policy, but they feel that under the prevailing conditions of world-wide trading depression the shareholders will endorse their action.

Such has been the fall in Stock Exchange quotations of plantation shares that in many cases they are purely nominal, and in certain instances represent little more than the actual cash assets of the undertaking without attaching any value to the estates owned. I may add that a revised valuation has been made this month, and the directors are satisfied that adequate provision has been made in writing down the investments without in any way entrenching upon the general reserve of £560,000. (Hear, hear.) The directors are of the opinion that such acute depression in the plantation industries can only be of temporary duration, and that as soon as world conditions show signs of improvement there will be a readjustment of values to a more rational basis.

Cash on hand, &c., amounts to £248,000, an increase on previous figures. Government securities at £317,000 are now shown separately for the first time. These liquid resources would constitute a valuable asset at any time, but, under present conditions, they may, I think, be regarded as having a special value in so far as they are available for extending the company's business.

Turning to the other side of the balance-sheet you will notice that the issued capital now stands at just over £2,000,000 sterling, having been increased to the extent of £39,000 by the allotment of Deferred Ordinary shares taken up in pursuance of the option rights attaching to last year's dividends.

General reserve is unchanged at £560,000 and staff special reserve at £75,000. Sundry liabilities and amounts due to subsidiary companies combined are £132,000 less than a year ago. The staff provident funds, which do not appear in the balance-sheet, but which are invested in gilt-edged securities in the hands of trustees, now amount to £310,790.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

The result of the year's working is a net profit of £352,003, which is £36,000 less than the record figure of last year, but in 1929-30 we had to provide for income-tax at 4s. 6d. in the £ against 4s. in the £ in 1928-29. We have a total available profit of £456,475, out of which we have distributed £176,829 in the full twelve months' dividend on the Cumulative Preference and Preferred Ordinary shares and the fixed dividend of 10 per cent. on the Deferred Ordinary and Management shares. It is proposed that the balance of £379,645 be dealt with by writing down the book value of investments in tea, rubber, and other produce companies by £100,000, paying a final dividend of 10 per cent. on the Deferred Ordinary shares, making 20 per cent. for the whole year, distributing a like sum among the holders of the Management shares as provided by the memorandum of association, and carrying forward a balance of £106,586, an increase of £2,115.

OPTION OVER DEFERRED ORDINARY SHARES

In connexion with the option to Deferred Ordinary shareholders to take up at par further Deferred Ordinary shares to the extent of one-half of their dividend in excess of 10 per cent., less income-tax, fractions of £1 have been excluded in the past. It has been represented to us that, in view of the reduced dividend this year, the small shareholder would, on this basis, suffer a special disadvantage. The minimum number of shares required to give the right to take up one new share is 26, and as we now have over 400 shareholders with 25 shares or less, the directors felt that they should remove any question of hardship by issuing to shareholders two forms, one the usual Letter of Rights and the other a Letter of Fractional Rights for fractions of £1 calculated in fortieths. As an example, on a holding of 100 Deferred Ordinary shares, one-half of the dividend in excess of 10 per cent., less income-tax, amounts to £3 18s. 9d. The holder will be entitled to take up three new shares at par, and in addition will receive a Letter of Fractional Rights for ¾ of a share. The company cannot allot fractions of shares, but the shareholder will be able to acquire other fractions to enable him to apply for a complete share, or dispose of his fractions to others. (Hear, hear.) Unless a shareholder has adopted one of these two courses before November 15 the Letter of Fractional Rights will be valueless, as all rights in respect of the present dividend will definitely lapse on that date.

CHANGES IN DIRECTORATE

The directors, like the members of the staff, are daily workers in the service of the company, and this close contact forges links of comradeship which mean a great deal, not only to the individuals, but to the company as a whole.

Those of you who have the pleasure of personal acquaintance with Mr. Gerald Townend and Mr. H. P. Church will appreciate the sincerity of our regret at their retirement from active business (Hear, hear) and will desire to join with us in expressing to them on this occasion not only the heartiest possible thanks for all they have done to further the interests of the company during their long association with it, but also our best wishes for continued good health to enjoy the leisure which they have so well earned. (Hear, hear.)

When vacancies on the board come to be filled we naturally consider first the men who occupy senior positions of responsibility on the staff. We were fortunate in having available for promotion two worthy successors in Mr. Reid and Mr. Horner. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Reid joined our Calcutta staff in 1909 and during the past few years he was manager of our office there. He is recognized as one of the soundest men in the tea trade, and although Mr. Townend is a difficult man to follow we believe that Mr. Reid will succeed in maintaining and we hope still further developing that important section of our business. Mr. Horner entered the business in 1910, and after service in head office he joined the Colombo staff and was our manager there for a number of years. Our business in Ceylon is very extensive and Mr. Horner rendered exceptionally good service in putting the organization on a thoroughly sound basis. His wide experience and capacity for work make him a most useful addition to the board. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Robert Ramsay, senior, whom we are glad to see with us to-day, has recently retired from the chairmanship of Harrisons, Ramsay Proprietary, Limited, our associated company in Australia. He has been in business for half a century and has been associated with us for 17 years. Although he will still be available for consultation, his presence here renders this a particularly suitable occasion for me to express our appreciation of his past services and to wish him health to enjoy his greater leisure. (Hear, hear.) He is succeeded by Mr. J. O. Meeks, who is well known to most of you.

We are also glad to see with us to-day several members of our Eastern staff.

We are passing through difficult times and it is more than ever fitting that this meeting should accord a hearty vote of thanks and encouragement to the directors of our associated companies and to the whole of the staff. We do not carry any item for "goodwill" in our balance-sheet, but it is nevertheless our most valuable asset and is represented by our loyal and efficient band of workers. (Hear, hear.)

REVIEW OF TEA INDUSTRY

Since my speech a year ago we have had less fluctuations in the price of tea than in most of the previous years. At that time common Indian tea stood at 9d. per lb. and to-day the price is about the same; it went down to about 8d.–8¼d. during November—but when finer plucking was agreed upon it recovered to about 8¾d.-9d. and has remained round that figure. Even at this level a certain proportion of the gardens are selling at a loss and there is no doubt that had it not been for finer plucking prices would have fallen much lower and the position would have been critical for many producers.

The outstanding feature of the period under review is the fact that for the first time in the history of the trade we have had all the three main producing countries, India, Ceylon, and the Dutch East Indies, in agreement on a common policy for the benefit of the industry. We trust that continuance of finer plucking during 1931 will be agreed to, as it would be the height of folly to flood the market again with large quantities of inferior quality teas which are not wanted by the trade or the public.

Recent production in India, Ceylon, and the Dutch East Indies is set out in the following table, in millions of lb.:—

	1926	1927	1928	1929
Northern India ..	340	336¼	341	370¼
Southern India ..	51	52	56	58¼
Ceylon (exports)	216	227	236¼	251¼
Java (exports) ..	119	127	134¼	136¼
Sumatra (exports)	18	18	19¼	22¼
	744	760¼	787¼	839¼

Reliable figures are not available for production in China, Japan, Formosa, and other smaller producing countries.

The latest figures for the current year show a total decrease amounting to 46,000,000lb. compared with the same period in 1929, divided as follows:—

Northern India (crop) ..	34½
Southern India (exports) ..	4½
Ceylon (exports)	4½
Dutch East Indies (exports)	2
	46

By the end of the year we expect to see the reduction amount to 55,000,000lb.

World consumption during 1929 is estimated at 950,000,000lb., an increase of 22,000,000lb. over 1928 consumption. We do not look for any marked increase in world consumption during the current year, as, though the use of tea is probably less affected than any other commodity by the world-wide depression which we are passing through, the smaller spending power of the community in general is having its effect.

According to the figures of the Tea Brokers Association of London, deliveries this year from January 1 to the end of September, including re-exports, amounted to 351,500,000lb., while imports for the same period were 314,000,000lb. Stocks in London at September 30 totalled 223,000,000lb., against 202,000,000lb. in 1929 and 175,000,000lb. in 1928. We anticipate, however, that by the end of the year the surplus will be considerably reduced, as we are only now beginning to get the full benefit of smaller shipments, and we believe that by the end of December stocks will be very little ahead of those in 1929. Even that, however, would still leave the figures on too high a basis, and a continuance of finer plucking is clearly the right policy for producers, who should continue to devote their best efforts to turning out tea of the best possible quality.

Scientific study of factory processes in recent years has taught planters how to prepare their leaf to the best advantage. The public have had the benefit of this in an all-round raising of the standard of quality supplied to them by the blenders, and the better price obtainable in the open market for teas of more desirable character is ample compensation for the greater pains taken in the handling of the leaf in estates factories.

WORLD-WIDE DEPRESSION

The present depression in commodity values and trading activity is world-wide in character and of such magnitude as to cause serious concern to all in a position of responsibility, coinciding as it does with political unrest in so many countries of which it is partially the cause.

High prices during the War, coupled with expansion in the use of machinery and of fertilizers, largely augmented agricultural producing capacity in all countries outside the War zone. Enormous additions were likewise made to the world's manufacturing capacity, and the wave of optimistic expansion culminated in feverish speculation in 1928 and 1929. A reaction was bound to follow and the intensity of the era of speculation finds its counterpart in the gravity of the depression.

In a perfectly organized world there should always be an adequate supply of every commodity, so that consumption would never be checked, and producers, who in my opinion are the most useful section of the community, should always be assured of a fair return for their labour.

The world we actually live in is far removed from this ideal, and we are condemned to suffer the most violent fluctuations, which are ruthlessly accentuated by powerful speculative operators, while supply and demand average themselves out in the most primitive way.

REVIEW OF RUBBER INDUSTRY

It is most difficult to get people to pursue a steady course or even to see the obvious. Partly as a result of too rapid expansion in producing capacity, but to a greater degree as a result of the present economic unsettlement throughout the world, with consequential contraction in demand, much more rubber is being produced and forced on the market than the world needs at the moment. Most producers appear to be striving their utmost to further increase their production in the ostrich-like belief that their efficiency and business sense is to be measured in terms of the lowest attainable cost of production, regardless of the fact that in pursuing this objective alone they are:—

(1) Adding still further to the unwanted surplus stocks of rubber.
(2) Further depressing the price obtainable for their rubber when it comes to market.
(3) Probably overtapping their trees and encroaching on bark reserves, which are the true capital of every rubber estate.
(4) Neglecting cultivation works which are ordinarily deemed necessary under good husbandry.
(5) Involving their customers, the manufacturers of tires and rubber goods, in very heavy inventory losses.
(6) Shaking confidence in the industry at the very time when a steady policy is most needed. (Hear, hear.)

When the manufacturers of tires find they are unable to market the whole of their output even at cost price or under, they do not continue piling up stocks of unwanted tires. They either work short time or close down altogether for a spell, but no one looks upon that as a crime against the community. Yet if rubber growers attempt to organize the regulation of supplies to the requirements of the market at a reasonable price, that is condemned in no unmeasured terms!

PRODUCERS AND TAPPING POLICY

Well, until more enlightened days arrive, organized regulation of the exports of rubber must be ruled out of account and each producer has to help himself as best he can. Have all the lessons of the past been forgotten? Is it too much to expect that the majority of producers, of their own free will and guided by their own common sense, should come to realize the folly of turning good bark reserves into unwanted surplus stocks of rubber? Human nature being what it is, I am very much afraid that, left to themselves, the planters will say, as they have said before, "Why should I put part of my areas out of tapping when X, Y, or Z, my neighbours, continue full tapping?"

The Rubber Growers' Association in their recent circular gave very clear and definite advice as to what was best to be done to help tide over the present period of difficulty. Yet I understand that many boards of directors are allowing the "all-out" tapping policy to continue. All I can say is this—that I would infinitely rather have my money in a company which reduces production at times when the price of the commodity is unduly low than in one which continues full production. The one is conservative and provident, the other is improvident to a degree. If a company's finances are none too strong, then I would not hesitate to put the estate on to a "care and maintenance" basis, because we know from past experience that a complete rest from tapping for a year on end is a marvellous restorative, and the cost of maintenance will be very little greater than the loss incurred by continuing production.

The Governments of the rubber producing countries would be well advised to offer financial assistance on easy terms to all growers who definitely discontinue tapping, to enable them to carry their properties during the crisis on a "care and maintenance" basis.

"RATIONALIZATION"

In the last year or two "rationalization" has become a catch-word, acclaimed as a panacea for all industrial ills, most people being under the impression that it is achieved by amalgamation. My dictionary says "rational" means "Acting in conformity to reason; wise; judicious." There is certainly room for rationalization as so interpreted, not only in the rubber growing industry but in all industries. Unless amalgamation brings about greater efficiency and more wisdom in the decisions taken, it has no real value. When concerns get too big there is an inevitable tendency to cramp initiative and to shirk responsibility and prompt decision. These drawbacks are seen more clearly by the general public in the working of Government Departments. (Laughter.)

My idea of rationalization is to ensure sound decisions as to general policy; not to overload men, but to see that their task and responsibility is kept within their capacity. Our own business has been built up on this basis, and we are capable of further expansion because we spread the responsibility by a system of decentralization and because we do not tolerate speculation, though we are at all times prepared to take constructive business risks. Our investments in the plantation industries are not a speculation but the record of years of work helping to build up valuable producing industries, and we know it is only a matter of time for these industries to become profit-earning again. (Hear, hear.)

The statistical position of rubber may be summed up in a few figures. The 1929 production was 840,000 tons. The 1930 production will be about 810,000 tons, the May tapping holiday having cut production by about 30,000 tons. The outstanding features are that Malayan production in 1930 is likely to be but little less than in 1929, notwithstanding the May tapping holiday. From all accounts the small-holders in British Malaya, who at present produce 45 per cent. of the total quantity of rubber coming from the Peninsula, are squandering their bark at a very rapid rate. Many of them will soon find themselves with no tappable bark left and others will find their producing capacity much reduced. In contrast to Malaya some of the other producing areas, including Brazil, show declines, and there is an obvious falling off in the shipments of Ned. Indies native rubber, particularly during the last few months, under the influence of the further fall in price.

ASIATIC OWNERSHIP

The recent circulars from Sir Eric Geddes to the shareholders in the Dunlop Company have already been challenged. His anxiety to attribute to the Stevenson scheme the increase in Asiatic ownership of rubber trees, particularly in the Ned. Indies, has led him to overlook certain facts which may be briefly stated. He says "Up to the year 1915 the industry was practically all in European hands, Asiatic ownership being negligible." An official census was taken of the areas planted with rubber in British Malaya at the end of 1921 showing that about 600,000 acres, or nearly one-half the total acreage, in Malaya at the end of 1915 was in Asiatic ownership.

As regards the development of native rubber in the Ned. Indies, Dr. Rutgers, then Director of Agriculture, said in November, 1925:—

"Rubber cultivation has become such an extraordinary source of income for the population in the Ned. Indies thanks to the initiative of the European companies who introduced this cultivation into Eastern Asia, and to the insight of the Government officials who encouraged the cultivation by the native population."

The spectacular rise in price in 1925 encouraged extensions throughout the East, but this rise was due to the faulty buying policy of the manufacturers in 1924 and not to the Stevenson scheme in itself.

In regard to the Ned. Indies native production, Sir Eric Geddes says that under the urge of high prices it is estimated by most careful investigators that production can be "very quickly" raised to 350,000 tons per annum. What two of these investigators, Mr. Taylor and Mr. Stevens, actually said in the concluding part of their report to the Rubber Growers' Association in 1929 was:—

"If the rubber planted in the other countries of the Dutch East Indies is comparable with that which we have seen in those visited, it is possible that the output may total as much as 300,000 tons in six to eight years' time, provided the price of rubber is in the neighbourhood of 1s. 6d. per lb."

Hardly "very quickly."

As regards absorption, the figures for the first eight months of 1930 show a decline in the United States of 70,000 tons against the corresponding period in 1929, and the rest of the world is down about 13,000 tons. For the whole year the reduction in absorption may be from 90,000 to 100,000 tons.

Stocks of crude rubber have mounted proportionately. They increased by 50,000 tons during the first eight months of 1930, a figure which would have been much greater but for the May tapping holiday, and it is obviously suicidal for producers to continue adding to them still further. The rational policy is to cut production drastically until economic conditions throughout the world show definite improvement.

RUBBER ROADWAYS

We must continue to push ahead the development of new uses for rubber, and I would like especially to urge the desirability of laying rubber surfaced blocks in city streets where the traffic is heavy and the discomforts arising from excessive noise and vibration are so pronounced as to be almost intolerable. (Hear, hear.)

Experimental areas which have been laid during the last few years, mainly with the assistance of Rubber Roadways, Ltd. (a co-operative concern which was started by some of the more far-seeing rubber-growing interests as far back as 1914 to encourage the development of the use of rubber as a roadway surfacing material), have proved that a rubber surfaced block can be properly anchored and will withstand the strain and stress of the heaviest and most concentrated traffic. Experience has also been gained as to the most suitable rubber compound to use, and, what is even more important, the price at which a dependable rubber roadway can be laid has been reduced to approximately £2 10s. a square yard. Formerly, when costs had to be reckoned on the basis of £4 to £5 a square yard, the price factor was a definite bar to progress, but at £2 10s. a square yard rubber roadways are no longer a luxury but a really attractive proposition for city streets. (Hear, hear.) For your information granite sets cost about £3 a square yard, I understand, so that £2 10s. for rubber compares very favourably with that.

It has taken more than 15 years to get thus far, and no one would claim that we have reached finality yet, either in the method of attachment or in the cost at which rubber roadways can be laid, but we have reached the stage when conservative criticism must give way to progressive encouragement. The nervous strain of modern life is so great that any practical means of reducing noise and vibration in busy streets ought to be welcomed with open arms by the municipal authorities and the frontagers who are to receive the immediate benefit.

The Rubber Growers' Association have wisely decided that now is the time to give special impetus to this new use for rubber, and an appeal is being made to all rubber producers to help the campaign by setting aside a small portion of their crops during the next five years for the specific purpose of rubber roadways. I have no doubt this will be widely supported. (Hear, hear.)

ROAD TRANSPORT

The Minister of Transport recently gave an outline of the provisions of the new Road Traffic Act, and it is satisfactory to learn that within a reasonable time all motor-cars and heavy motor-vehicles will have to run on pneumatic tires. (Hear, hear.) I referred to this subject a year ago, more particularly from the point of view of national economy, and we must all be relieved that steps are being taken thus to save our roads from being pounded to pieces by vehicles that are inadequately shod for the loads they carry.

An interesting discussion took place at the quite recent annual conference of the Municipal Tramways and Transport Association, which clearly brought out the economic advantage of replacing tramways by the much more flexible motor-bus. The cost of conversion is admittedly delaying progress in this direction, but tramway tracks are not everlasting, and as routes become due for repair it is to be hoped the opportunity will then be taken of effecting the change to buses. Only in that way can we overcome the exceptional congestion and traffic delays which are so noticeable in all thoroughfares where trams run.

In concluding my remarks I will not attempt to forecast when the world will come to its senses again (laughter), but I can assure you that the board, our associates, and our staff will continue to do their best on your behalf, and I venture the hope that we may meet again a year hence under less disturbed conditions.

Much latent demand is being temporarily repressed, but will manifest itself as soon as some measure of confidence in returning prosperity is restored.

The report was unanimously adopted, and the dividends recommended were declared.

On the motion of Mr. ERNEST BATES, seconded by Mr. HUGH CROSFIELD, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to the directors and staffs of Harrisons and Crosfield, Limited, and the associated companies.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE
TUESDAY, OCT. 14

PARTNERSHIPS DISSOLVED

A. FAGE and L. H. MAXWELL, constructional engineers, Maxwell House, St. Paul's-square, Liverpool, under the style of MAXWELL and FAGE.

F. R. DUKES and B. DAVIS, opticians, 73, Upper Bridge-street, Walsall, under the style of BEN DAVIS and SON.

P. YOUD, J. LEES, and G. R. WOODS, auctioneers and estate agents, Station-road, Ellesmere Port, Chester, under the style of YOUD and LEES.

B. AMBROSE, F. P. BENNETT, and V. C. JAMES, registered medical practitioners, 277, High-road, Kilburn, London, N.W., under the style of R. AMBROSE, F. P. BENNETT, and V. C. JAMES; so far as concerns V. C. James.

A. R. SONE, W. M. BLAKER, and M. A. SONE, confectioners and caterers, Stamps Farm House, Southborough, Kent, under the style of "YE OLDE WEAVER TEA HOUSE."

R. G. HOLDEN and V. PEARSON, bakers and confectioners, Smithy Carr-lane, Brighouse, in the county of York, under the style of HOLDEN and PEARSON.

F. F. GOYMER and E. GOYMER, haulage contractors, 38, Vicarage-lane, East Ham, London, E.6, under the style of F. and E. GOYMER.

M. F. HINCH and L. COLE, caterers, The Guest House and Dale Villa, Knebworth, Herts, under the style of HINCH and COLE.

E. SMITH and H. J. BROWNE, upholsterers and cabinet makers, 67, Church-road, Croydon, under the style of GEORGE J. RANCE and SON.

J. L. BYRNE and T. E. BYRNE, tailors, 50, Holloway-bank, Hill Top, West Bromwich, and at 60, Union-street, Wednesbury, under the style of J. BYRNE and SONS.

A. T. BARRITT and E. R. RICH, dentists, 162, Charing Cross-road, London, under the style of Messrs. W. and A. BARRITT.

W. E. ASPREY and J. LAWTON, motor-car electrical fittings suppliers, under the style of ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES CO.

W. L. RUTHERFORD and R. G. H. RUTHERFORD, and N. B. LETHBRIDGE, garden architects and nurserymen, under the style of RUTHERFORD BROTHERS; so far as concerns N. B. Lethbridge.

H. J. SARGENT, A. H. SARGENT, and E. F. S. COOPER, omnibus and motor-coach proprietors, at the Dorset Arms Garage, East Grinstead, Sussex, under the style of EAST GRINSTEAD MOTOR COACHES; as regards E. F. S. Cooper only.

J. D. McCARTHY and H. W. SIMMENCE, motor-cycle specialists, Norfolk Garage, High-street, Shoreham-by-Sea, Sussex, under the style of the NORFOLK GARAGE.

E. G. BAKEWELL, R. P. McDONALD, and S. J. FAIRBROTHER, cotton selling agents, 16, Hackins-hey, Liverpool, under the style of BAKEWELL and McDONALD.

J. S. A. PUGSLEY and S. W. COOMBS, boot and shoe manufacturers, 5a, Bath-hill, West Keynsham, Somerset, under the style of PUGSLEY and COOMBS.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACTS, 1914 AND 1926

RECEIVING ORDERS

LONDON

Gold, M., 113, Old-street, London, E.C., and of 49, Buxton-street, Spitalfields, shopfitter.

J. A. Munro and Co. (a firm), 5, Fenchurch-street, E.C., foreign exchange brokers.

Radford, J. A., 17, Phoenix Lodge-mansions, Brook Green, London, commercial traveller.

Simons, D., 62, Downhills Park-road, South Tottenham, Middlesex, and lately carrying on business under the style of D. Simmons, at 46, Aldersgate-street, London, E.C., fur and skin merchant.

IN THE COUNTY

Hughes, C., residing at 2, Upperfield-street, Dolgelley, and carrying on business at Arfon House, Dolgelley, tobacconist and (trade) fitter. Court—Aberystwyth.

Neal, A. (trading as A. Neal and Son), Bicester House, High-street, Prestatyn, decorator.

Sweetman, W., 76, Pevensey-road, Eastbourne, Sussex, and lately at 7, Seaside, Eastbourne, Sussex, 80a, St. James-street, Brighton, Sussex, and 35, George-street, Hastings, Sussex, gentlemen's outfitter. Court—Brighton and Lewes (at Brighton).

Brockhurst, J. F., Yew Tree House, Hillesley, Wootton-under-Edge, in the county of Gloucester, advertising service agent, lately residing at Blaize View, Grove-road, Coombe Dingle, Bristol, and carried on business at Blaize View, Grove-road, Coombe Dingle, and previously at 53, Park-street, Bristol. Court—Bristol.

Jones, D. C., 90, High-street, Staple Hill, in the county of Gloucester, grocer. Court—Bristol.

Finch, F. E., 94, Heath-drive, Raynes Park, Surrey, export manager. Court—Croydon.

Wilkinson, T. A., 48, Franchise-street, Derby, lately carrying on business as a shopfitter and cabinet-maker, at Sowter-road, Derby, under the style of "The Midland Cabinet Works," and at Queen's Café, North Parade, Matlock Bath, as a café proprietor, now of no occupation. Court—Derby and Long Eaton.

Barter, T., Frost Farm, Bovey Tracey, Devonshire, farmer. Court—Exeter.

Coleman, D. C., trading as D. C. and E. Coleman (a firm), Market-street, Harlow, Essex, builder and contractor. Court—Chelmsford.

Grimwood, R. V., 22, Croft-street, Ipswich, formerly trading at High-street, Needham Market, butcher. Court—Ipswich.

Wade-Smith, H. E., 13, Fore-hamlet, Ipswich, late builder, now a builder's assistant. Court—Ipswich.

Mullins, A. R., residing at 75, Beechwood-view, Burley, and carrying on business at 302 and 304, Burley-road, both in Leeds, trading under the style of "Reg. Mullins," plumber. Court—Leeds.

Shaw, F., residing at 2, Apperley-lane, Yeadon, in the county of York, and carrying on business at Ghyll-royd Foundry, Guiseley, iron-founder. Court—Leeds.

Hamilton, W. R., trading as Kenneth Graham Hamilton, at 29A, Week-street, Maidstone, ophthalmic optician, and residing at 73, Milton-street, Maidstone. Court—Maidstone.

Wright, K., 10, Goldspink-lane, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, engineer. Court—Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Matthews, E. H., Laurel House, Welborne, Norfolk, agricultural machinist. Court—Norwich.

Barratt, E. (widow), Main-road, Radcliffe-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, boot and shoe dealer. Court—Nottingham.

Cleakley, J. C., 44, First-avenue, Trecynydd, Caerphilly, in the county of Glamorgan, lately residing and carrying on business as a confectioner, at 9, Llwynon-street, and 20, Castle-street, both Caerphilly, collier. Court—Pontypridd, Ystradyfodwg, and Porth.

Clay, J. W., 37, Commercial-road, Bournemouth, fruiterer and florist. Court—Poole and Bournemouth.

Finlay, A. G., Riseley Lodge, Boyne Hill, Maidenhead, Berks, advisory engineer, formerly residing in a furnished house at 28, Bodorgan-road, Bournemouth, Hants. Court—Poole and Bournemouth.

Stott, E. A. (widow), residing and lately carrying on business at "Halden Villa," Halden-road, Morecambe and Heysham, in the county of Lancaster, under the style of "Service Transport," haulage contractors. Court—Preston.

Williams, H. W. G. (male), of 29, Sumner-road, Harrow, Middlesex, grocer, and lately carrying on business at 13, Clarendon-road, Harrow, Middlesex. Court—St. Albans.

Morgan, S. A. (widow), 15 and 16, Esplanade-gardens, Scarborough, boarding-house keeper. Court—Scarborough.

Bunting, W. T., 131, Carlisle-street East, Sheffield, grocer and general dealer. Court—Sheffield.

Grice, H. W., 14, Factory-lane, Doncaster, fish and chip frier. Court—Sheffield.

Blundell, W. H., Hill Farm, Michelmersh, near Romsey, Hants, farmer. Court—Southampton.

Turner, F. J., lately residing at 1, Hardware-street, West Bromwich, coal merchant, and carrying on business at 1, Hardware-street, West Bromwich. Court—West Bromwich.

Ridge, T. W., 143, John-street, Workington, Cumberland, confectioner. Court—Workington and Cockermouth.

Simpson, R. J., Bolton Hall Farm, Wilberfoss, Yorkshire, farmer. Court—York.

The following Amended Notice is substituted for that published in the *London Gazette* of Sept. 30, 1930:—

Whitlock, Charles Andrew (described in the Receiving Order as Charles Arthur Whitlock), "Marek," College-road, Isleworth, in the county of Middlesex, butcher. Court—Brentford.

THE MID-EUROPEAN CORPORATION

INCREASED NET REVENUE

INVESTMENT TRUSTS AND INCOME-TAX

STATUS OF THE COMPANY

MR. H. C. HAMBRO'S SPEECH

The SIXTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Mid-European Corporation, Limited, was held yesterday at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

Mr. H. C. HAMBRO (chairman of the company) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. Reginald J. Godfrey, F.C.I.S.) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen,—The directors' report and accounts for the year ended July 31, 1930, have been in your hands for some time, and I assume that you will agree to take them as read.

As compared with a year ago the present accounts show several important changes, and in order that you shall be under no misapprehension as to what has taken place I propose to explain in some detail the nature of these changes and the motives of the board in adopting them.

DISTINCTION BETWEEN TRUST AND FINANCE COMPANIES

You are all aware that the business of investment trust companies is conducted in accordance with certain generally accepted principles, and that they differ from finance companies in a number of respects. For instance, the revenue of a trust company consists solely of interest and dividends from investments and, in certain circumstances, underwriting commission, and excludes all realized appreciation made by the sale or redemption of investments, which is utilized only for capital purposes. The distinction between these two classes of companies is recognized by the Inland Revenue, and investment trusts are not liable to income-tax on their realized capital appreciation.

Since the inception of the corporation its business has been conducted in accordance with investment trust company principles, and the greater part of our funds—over 80 per cent. indeed—has been invested in Stock Exchange investments such as are held by any trust company. A certain amount of our capital has, however, been invested in secured loans to Continental Governments, municipalities, and a few of the more important industrial undertakings. These loans were arranged for periods extending from a minimum of five years to a maximum of 20 years, and in the view of your board the only essential differences between these loans and similar loans raised by the public offering of bonds were that they had no Stock Exchange quotation and gave a rather higher rate of interest.

THE INCOME-TAX QUESTION

During the year which has elapsed since we last met the question of the corporation's liability for income-tax has come before the tribunal specially appointed to deal with such cases. This tribunal decided that the corporation was liable for income-tax on its realized capital appreciation, and, so far as can be gathered, based its decision to a large extent on its own view that the making of the secured loans, to which I have referred, constituted the business of a finance company and not a trust company. While your board does not by any means concur in this view, it was bound to recognize that as a result of the decision, so long as investments of this character were included in its holdings, the corporation would be hampered in the conduct of its business as a trust company.

A NEW COMPANY FORMED

After having obtained the best possible advice it was clear to the board that in order to preserve the character of the corporation it would be necessary to abandon certain powers contained in the memorandum of association, to modify the articles to some extent, and to cease to hold these secured loans. You have received a notice of an extraordinary general meeting to be held at the close of these proceedings at which the new memorandum and articles of association will be submitted to you. In order to deal with the question of the loans the directors have formed a subsidiary company under the name of Lothbury Continental Company, Limited, in which The Mid-European Corporation, Limited, holds all the issued capital. To this company we have transferred all the secured loans together with certain shares, and we have every reason to believe that this separation of our assets will lead to the desired result.

The accounts presented to you on this occasion cover a period of general trade depression which is by no means confined to this country. The whole world has its problems of unemployment, lower prices, and the restriction or cheapening of output to meet the lessened demand of consumers, and it is only to be expected that this should be reflected in the current prices of some of our investments. Your directors during this period have sold certain securities, where the prospects of better conditions appeared rather remote, and have replaced them with investments for which the outlook is more promising.

BOARD'S FINANCIAL POLICY

Our attention is principally directed to the question of income, and we are concerned much less with capital appreciation or depreciation, because if the income is satisfactory it follows that over a period the capital position also must be satisfactory. However, as a result of these exchanges, and of the market prices at the date of our sales to the Lothbury Continental Company, Limited, a certain amount of depreciation has been transformed into the capital losses to which reference is made in the report.

Rather than deal with only this one item, the directors have thought it better to write off at the same time the discount on our Debenture stock, which, after the appropriation of £10,000 from this year's revenue, amounts to £50,000, although this liability does not mature for another 28 years, and to utilize the balance of the capital reserve account for writing down the investments generally. These measures very materially improve the appearance of the balance-sheet, as we have now eliminated every intangible asset, including even £5,000 stamp duty on the unissued authorized capital. Further, I am happy to be able to inform you that, notwithstanding the prices ruling at July 31, the figure at which our investments stand in the balance-sheet is fully covered by a valuation at that date.

RESULT OF YEAR'S OPERATIONS

You will note that our net revenue, after paying a full year's Debenture interest of £50,000, against £31,750 last year, and our management and other expenses, amounts to £132,396, which is approximately £12,000 more than last year. This increase has enabled us to carry forward to new account £53,757, as against £37,611 brought in, which is satisfactory.

I think that I have explained the changes disclosed by the accounts. It seems unnecessary to deal with any other items of the balance-sheet, but I shall be pleased to answer any questions from stockholders.

Having replied to some questions, the Chairman formally moved:—"That the directors' report and accounts for the year ended July 31, 1930, submitted to this meeting be and they are hereby adopted, and that a final dividend of 5 per cent. on the Ordinary stock, making 8 per cent. for the year, recommended by the directors in their report, be and is hereby declared."

Mr. P. C. CRUMP, O.B.E., seconded the resolution, and it was carried unanimously.

Mr. JULIAN DAY, M.C., proposed the re-election of the retiring directors, Mr. H. C. Hambro and Mr. Norman Holden.

This was seconded by Mr. EDWARD DE STEIN and unanimously adopted.

On the motion of Mr. F. INGHAM, seconded by Mr. J. W. WALSBY, Messrs. George A. Touche and Co. were reappointed auditors.

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

An Extraordinary General Meeting was then held to consider resolutions making certain alterations in the memorandum and articles of association of the company.

The CHAIRMAN, dealing with the proposed alterations to the articles, said that the

(Continued at foot of next column)

changes embodied in the new draft were of three kinds—namely:—

The embodiment in the text of special resolutions which had been from time to time adopted in the past for the purpose of altering the original articles;

A few minor changes in order to bring the articles into ling with the Companies Act of 1929, which was now in force;

The adoption of the special provisions usually included in trust company articles of association but which in the company's original articles were omitted.

The alterations to the memorandum of association, which had been recommended by their legal advisers, amounted to nothing more than the abandonment of some of the wide powers contained in the original document, quite unnecessary for the conduct of their business, and the consequent rearrangement of the remaining provisions in a new order.

The resolutions were carried unanimously.

TRIPLEX SAFETY GLASS

IMPROVED ORGANIZATION AND MANUFACTURE

THE COMPANY'S PRODUCT

SIR HERBERT AUSTIN'S APPRECIATION

The NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of The Triplex Safety Glass Company, Limited, was held yesterday at the Holborn Restaurant, London, W.C.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL O. C. CLARE, D.S.O., M.C., chairman, moved the adoption of the report and accounts, and in the course of his remarks said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—The net profit for the year shows an increase of £39,077 after allowing an exceptional writing off of stock amounting to over £13,000. The decline in profits from the Willesden factories from £47,958 to £24,292 is incidental to the development of the business, and owing to the reduction in the price of Triplex to meet keen competition. The change at the King's Norton factories from a loss of £20,881 to a profit of £45,914 is largely due to improved organization and methods of manufacture.

There is an increase of assets shown of £17,012 and £6,440, which represents the completion of the King's Norton factories and the machinery and plant for these extensions.

During the year goodwill was reduced by £25,000 by the sale of remaining foreign rights to Triplex (Continental), Limited, for £12,500 in shares and a like amount in cash, of which we are still owed £9,152.

POSITION OF THE SUBSIDIARIES

The position of the Triplex Company of North America shows that as trade conditions improve your holding in this company should prove a very valuable asset.

Triplex (Northern), Limited, a company in which you hold half the shares, has completed the erection and equipping of the new factory near St. Helens, and as the demand for Triplex increases this factory should earn substantial profits.

Stocks in

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

SETTLEMENT DATES

Ticket ..	Oct. 21	Nov. 4	Nov. 18
Pay-day ..	Oct. 23	Nov. 6	Nov. 20

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Highest and Lowest, 1929	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
86⅝ 82	Consols, 2½% ..	86½ 86¼	..
81⅝ 81⅜	Do., 4% ..	89¼ 89⅛	+⅛
105¼ 99 16	War Loan, 5% ..	104 11 16 104 15 16	+⅛
101⅛ 99½	Do., 4% ..	100 9 16 100 11 16	..
91¼ 82½	Fdg. Loan, 4%	91½ 91¼	..
95½ 90	Victory, 4% ..	96⅛ 96	..
95⅝ 90	Do., Sm. Bds.	96⅛ 96⅛	+⅛
89¼ 72 16	Conversion, 3½%	79⅛ 79⅜	..
100 93	Do., 4½% ..	101¼ 102	..
— —	Do., 5% ..	104⅜ 104⅝	+⅛
101⅜ 97¾	Treas. 5% '33-38	103⅜ 103⅝	..
100 96½	Do., 4½% '30-32	101⅛ 101⅜	..
98 15 16 94½	Do., 4½% '32-34	101¼ 102	..
97⅛ 93⅝	Do., 4% '31-33	100⅝ 101	..
66¼ 55	Irish Land, 2½%	59¾ 60¼	..
66 60¼	Do., 3% ..	65 66	..
65 15 16 60	Local Loans, 3%	65⅝ 65⅞	..
84¾ 80	T'reas'y Bds. '29-31	82 84	..
260 259	Bank of England	260 262	..
82⅜ 77¼	Egyptian, 3% ..	83 85	..
71¼ 60	India, 3½% ..	63 64	..
61¼ 50½	Do., 3% ..	54 55	..
51½ 44	Do., 2½% ..	44½ 46½	..
101¼ 98	Do., 5½% ..	102⅜ 102¾	..
93¾ 80¼	Do., 4½% '50-55	86¾ 87¾	..
109 103 12	Sudan, 4½% ..	106¾ 107¾	..
66⅜ 60	Ldn. City, 3% ..	65 66	..
78¼ 70	Do., 2½% ..	76 77	..
104⅜ 99¼	Do., 5% '40-60	102½ 103	..
104¼ 100	Corp. of Ldn., 5%	104 105	..
63¼ 59	Met. Water "B"	66½ 67½	..
67 58¾	Do., "A" ..	65¾ 66½	..
85¾ 81	Met. Cons., 3%	86½ 89½	..
75⅜ 67½	Do., 2½% ..	74 75	..
64 58	Ft. of Lond., 3% "A" ..	64 65	..
83¼ 76¼	Do., 4% .. "B"	84 85	..
100¾ 93	Do., 4¼% ..	98 99	..

DOMINION AND COLONIAL

103½ 98	Aust., 6% '31-41	95½ 96½	..
99¼ 90½	Do., 5% '45-75	84½ 85½	−½
91¼ 86¼	Can., 4% '40-60	93¾ 93¾	+¼
89⅝ 84½	Do., 3½% '40	89 89½	..
95¾ 91½	Cape, 4% '16-36	95¾ 96¼	..
90¾ 78¼	Do., 3½% '29-49	85 85½	..
81½ 78¼	Do., 3% '53-63	83¾ 84	..
113⅝ 108½	G.Col., 6% '45-70	109½ 110	..
104⅛ 99	Kenya, 5% '48-78	103¾ 104¼	..
91⅜ 81½	N.Z., 4½% '45-65	96 96½	..
87⅝ 82½	Do., 4% '29-49	89¾ 89¾	..
78¾ 72½	Do., 3½% '40	80 80½	..
85¾ 78¼	Do., 3% '12-32	82 83	..
81¾ 78¼	Do., 3% '26-43	83¾ 84	..
99¾ 93¾	Nig., 5% '47-57	102¾ 103¼	..
89 83¼	Q'ld., 5% '40-60	82 83	..
73¾ 68¼	Do., 4% '50-70	69½ 70½	..
98⅝ 91¾	S. Af., 5% '45-75	102¼ 102¾	..
88 83¼	Do., 4% '40-60	93 93½	..
81½ 75	Do., 3½% '57-77	85¾ 86¼	..
104⅛ 98½	Sth. Rhod., 5% '47-57	102¾ 103¼	..
100 89	Vic., 5% '45-75	83 84	..
73¾ 70	Do., 3½% '29-49	65 66	..
99⅛ 91	W. Aus., 5% '45-75	83 84	..
89⅜ 82	Do., 4½% '29-55	88 89	..
81⅛ 72	Do., 4% '42-62	66 67	..

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT

Rating-gs, &c.	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
87	Arg., 4% Resolution	83 84	−1½
93	Do., 4% 1900 ..	76½ 77½	−1
95	Do., Port Cap., 5% ..	90 92	..
103⅝	Austrian, 6% ..	101¼ 102¾	+¼
111	Belgian, 7% ..	111 112	..
82	Berlin (City of), 6% ..	76 78	−1
47½	Brazil, 4% 1889 ..	38 40	−1
57	Do., 4% Resolution ..	41 43	−2
57	Do., 5% 1913 ..	47 49	−2
70	Do., 5% Fdg. 1914 ..	65 67	−2
80	Do., 6½% 1927 ..	58 60	−1
66½	Buenos Aires, 5½% ..	50 52	−1
78	Bulgaria, 7% ..	75 77	..
93	Chile, 6% 1926 ..	83 85	−2
87½	Do., 6% 1911 ..	84 86	..
105½	Do., 7½% 1922 ..	100 102	−1
99	Chinese, 5% 1898 ..	93½ 99½	..
95	Do., 4½% 1898 ..	85 90	..
41½	Do., 5% 1912 ..	39½ 40⅝	..
64½	Do., 6% 1913 ..	62½ 63¾	−1
59	Do., Shanghai, 5% ..	56 59	−1
23	Do., Tientsin-F. 5% ..	20 23	..
51	Do., Hukuang, 5% ..	50 54	..
110½	Czechoslovak, 8% ..	109 110	−1½
73½	Egyptian Unified ..	72 74	−1
20⅝	French, 6%	20½ 21	..
20⅝	Do., 4%	20½ 21	..
104½	Midl. 6%	104 105	−¼
104	Nord, 6%	104 105	..
104½	Orleans, 6%	104 105	−¼
105	P.L.M., 6%	105 106	..
111	Seine (Dept. of), 7% ..	110 111	..
103¾	Do., 6% 1909 ..	100½ 101½	..
79¾	Do., 6½% 1930 ..	75 74	−1
61	Greek Monopoly, 4%	61 64	..
76	Do., 6% 1914 ..	77 79	..
84¾	Do., 7% Refugee ..	102½ 103½	..
90	Do., 6% Stabilisation ..	86 88	−1
100½	Hungarian, 7½% ..	99½ 100¾	..
17½	Italian, 5%	17 18	..
99¾	Do., Cit. Consort., "B"	98 100	−2
77½	Japan, 4% 1899 ..	77 78	..
91	Do., 5½% 1907 ..	90¾ 91¾	..
101⅛	Do., 6% 1924	100½ 101½	..
95	Tokyo (City of), 6½%	93 94	−1
23	Mexican, 5%	18 20	−2
65	Peru, 6% 1928	56 59	..
88	Do., 7%	82 84	−1
45½	Portugal, 5% 1st Ser.	42 43	..
42⅝	Roumanian, 4% Cons.	39 40	−½
2	Russian, 4% 1889 ..	1 2	..
2	Do., 5% 1906	1 2	..
81	San Paulo Coffee, 7½%	65 65	..
90⅜	Do., 7% 1930	75 76	−3
105⅝	Saxon, 6% 1924 ..	105½ 106½	..
104	Turkish, 4% Unified ..	91½ 93½	+½
63	Uruguay, 5½% ..	61 63	−½
—		—	
5	Peruvian Corporation	4 5	..
35½	Do., Preference ..	32 33	−1½
102⅛	German Potash, 7% ..	98 99	−¼

BRITISH RAILWAYS

70¾	Great Western ..	68 69	−1
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	94 95	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd. ..	100 101	+½
—	Do., 5% Pref. ..	93½ 94½	..
33¼	L. Mid. and Scottish ..	31 32	−1
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	81¾ 82¾	..
—	Do., 4% Gtd. ..	77 78	..
—	Do., 4% Pref. ..	66¼ 67¼	..
64	L. and N. East., Def.	57½ 58½	..
17⅝	Do., Pref.	15¼ 16¼	−¼
—	Do., 3% Deb. ..	58½ 59½	..
—	Do., 4% 1st Gtd. ..	72 73	..
—	Do., 4% 1st Pref. ..	55¼ 56¼	..
—	Do., 4% 2nd Pref. ..	38 39¼	..
73	Metropolitan	70 71	−½
75	Met. Dist.	75 76	−½
22½	Southern, Defd. ..	21½ 22	−¼
65	Do., Preid.	63 64	−½
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	94 ..	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd. ..	98½ 100	..
—	Do., 5% Pref. ..	87 88	..
23 10 16	Underground, £1	22 7 16 23 1 16	−4 32
104¼	Do., Income ..	103½ 105	..

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL RAILWAYS

63	Antofagasta, Cons. ..	57 59	..
—	Argentine Gt. West. ..	75 16 75 16	..
—	Argentine N. Eastn. ..	23 25	−2
85	B.A. Gt. Southern ..	71 73	−1
81 16	B.A. and Pacific ..	73 75	..
65	B.A. Western	53 55	..
185	Canadian Pacific ..	174 175	−1
70	Central Argentine ..	59 16 61 16	−2 16
77 16	Central Uruguay ..	72 74	−1
17	Cordoba Central ..	13 15	..
25	Do., 2nd Pref. ..	20 22	−1
51	Costa Rica	30 32	..
79	Entre Rios	75 75	−2
—	Ind. Cent. America ..	8 11	..
29	Leopoldina	20½ 22½	−1½
8	Mexican, 1st Pref. ..	6 8	..
3¼	Nitrate (Bearer) ..	2 16 3	..
163	San Paulo	140 150	..
6	United of Havana ..	4 6	..

BANKS AND DISCOUNT COMPANIES

Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall on Ldn	Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
Ag. of Egypt	6 15 16	−⅛	Lloyds, A ..	63/6	..
Alexanders ..	66/6	..	Martins ..	7 15 16	+1 16
Anglo-L. Am.	5½	−⅛	Merc. Ind. Cr.	12	..
B. of Austl. ..	11 15 16	−1 16	Midland, £1	77/6	..
B. Ld. & S.A.	7¼	..	Do., .. £12	..	..
Bk. of Mtl. ..	61	−½	(£2 10s. pd.)	9 16	..
Bk.of N.S.W.	51	..	Nat. of N.Z.	6	+¼
Bk. of N.Z. ..	51/6	..	Nat. Dist. B.	10 1 16	−1 16
Barclays, A	85½	..	Nat. Egypt	29¾	−¼
Do., B	57/5	+3d	Nat. of India	59¾	..
Do., D.C.O.	26/6	..	Nat. Prov.£4	15¾	..
B. Overseas	5¼	..	Ryl. of Can.	61	−½
Can. Com. ..	49½	+½	Ryl. of Scot.	544	..
Char. India	17⅛	..	Stand. S.A.	14⅝	..
District	64/0	−/−	Do., New	14⅝	..
Eng. S. & A.	5⅝	+1 16	Un. Discount	9 11 16	−1 16
Hambros ..	8 11 16	−1 16	Westminster	78/6	..
Hongkong ..	108	..	Do., £1 ..	52/6	..

INSURANCE

Alliance, New	19¼	−½	Phœnix, f.p.	14¼	−½
Atlas Assur.	12⅝*	..	Prudential ..	23½	..
Britannic ..	14⅝	..	Do. .. $ ..	38/0	..
Com. Un. ..	23⅝	−⅛	Royal ..	7⅝	−⅛
Eagle Star ..	11½	..	R. Exchange	30	..
Ess'ex'Suffl'k	69/0	..	Scottish "A"	15½	..
Gen. Accdt.	15⅞	−⅛	Sea	69/6	..
Guardian ..	10⅝	..	Sun Insur.	..	..
Ldn. and L.	27½	..	£1 (5s. pd.)	74/0	..
Ldn. Assur.	9½	..	Sun Life ..	51½	..
N. Brit. & M.	33½	+½	Y'sh'e (50/-)	6⅝	..

TEXTILE AND CHEMICAL

Anal Cotton	64	..	Hagl. Cotton	1 15 16	..
Bleachers ..	16/9	..	Fine Spinners	19 1 16	−1 16
Borax, Def.	1 2	..	Hoyle, J. ..	5/6	..
Brad. Dyers	19/6	..	Impl. Chem.	19/3	..
Brit.Celanese	8/0	..	Do., Defd.	5/6	..
Do., 2nd Pf.	7/9	..	Jute Ind., Pf.	1/9	..
L. Dom. Dyers	3/6	..	Linen Thread	1 15 16	..
Brit. Enka ..	4/9	..	Lister ..	12/9	..
Calico Print.	6/5	+1 16	Patons & B.	19/6	..
Can. Celanese	2⅜	+¼	Rylands ..	16/3	−6d
C'n'ter Amer.	2¼	..	Salt Union ..	1 13 16	..
Courts ..	56/9	−6d	Sthn. Dyeing	2/6	..
Cruf. Son ..	6/9	..	Sthn. Viscose	7/6	+3d
Courtaulds ..	2	..	Wardlad Def.	1 11 16	..

ELECTRICAL POWER & EQUIPMENT

Ass. Elec. In.	20/6*	−3d	Hydro Elec.	27/6	−1⅜
Allen	23/9	−1/4	Johnson&Ph.	37/6	+3d
Bamfords&Th.	25	..	Metro. Elec.	41/0	..
B'mouth&Pl.	37/0	−1/0	Mex.TA. Cons.	60	..
Braz. Tract.	21⅞	−2⅛	Do., 1st Pf.	78½	..
Brit. Insul.	67/0	..	Mid.Counties	26/3*	..
Brit. Elec.	10/6	..	N'ern'n Elec.	22/6	..
Callenders ..	64/0	−6d	Peak River	7/9	..
City of Lond.	35/9	..	Siemens ..	20/9	..
CountyLond.	46/0	−6d	Teleg. Const.	18½	..
English Elec.	11⅞	+3d	Vic. Falls ..	23 15 16	..
Gen. Elec. ..	45⅜	−1/6	Whitehall Pf.	24/4½	..
Hoover's Ltd.	5¼	..	Yorkshire ..	13/6	..

MISCELLANEOUS

A. & E. Trad.	8/0	..	
Am.-Dent.Df.	3/6	..	
Apollinaris ..	6/6	−6d	
Asd. Cement	24/6	−3d	
Bovril, Def.	39/0	..	
Brit. Alum.	59 4½	..	
Brit. Am. Tb.	4 15 16	−1 16	
Brit.& S.Pac.	14/0	..	
Brit. Match	24/3	..	
Brit.Oil Cake	29/3	+3d	
Brit.Port Cm.	2¼	..	
Brit. Ropes ..	3/0	..	
Cah.&W "B"	10¾	−¼	
Do.,7½% 'A'	20	−1	
Do., 6½% Pf	64	−2	
Carreras "A"	5 1 16	..	
Col. Graph. ..	2 9 32	−1 16	
Crittall ..	23/0	−3d	
Cr.& Bl., 1 Pf.	10/1½	..	
Cunard St'm	18/6*	−3d	
Dunlop Rbr.	10/6*	..	
E.ReadyB.	17/9	+1 16	
Ever. P.Mang.	10¾	−¼	
Finlay, Jas.	79 4½	−7 16	
Furness, W.	33/3	−3d	
Gas Lt. & C.	19 1 16	..	
Gaumont Bk.	10/6	..	
Globe Tel. ..	14½	..	
Gramophone	2 7 32	−1 16	
H. Ready'D.	17/9	+1 16	
Imp. Con.Gas	340	..	
Imp. Smelt.	13/0*	..	

COAL, IRON, AND STEEL

Amal.A'lh'te	3/9	..	
Armstrong ..	0/6	..	
Babcock&W.	53/3	−3d	
Baldwins ..	2 1 16	..	
Bengal	6/0	−3d	
B.S.A. ..	9 7 16	−3d	
Bolsover ..	15/0	..	
Brown(John)	3/0	..	
Cammell Ld.	1/0	..	
Consett	6/0	..	
Cory (Wm.)	59/0	..	
Dorman,Long	4/0	..	
Ebbw Vale ..	0/7½	..	
Guest Keen	31/9	−3d	
Hadfields ..	7/0	..	
Harld.&W.P.	9/0	..	
Hopkinson ..	23 1 16	..	

MOTOR AND AIRCRAFT

Austin (5/0)	32/3	−6d	
Dennis Bros.	56/3	−9d	
Ford	65/0	−9d	
Guy Motors	12/0	..	
Humber ..	16/9	..	
Inv.Airways	19/0*	..	
Leyland ..	52/6	−1/6	
Lucas, J. ..	6/9	+6d	
Morris,7½Pf.	21/0	..	
Napier, D. ..	10 7½	..	

BREWERIES

Allsopp	22/6	..	
BarclayPerk.	25/6	..	
Bass, Ratcl.	68/6	..	
Benskin's ..	35/3	..	
C.of Lon.,Df.	11/6	..	
Courage	59/6	−9d	
Distillers ..	60/9	..	
Guinness	100/6	+6d	

STORE, CATERING, AND HOTEL

Aerated B. ..	17/3	+3d	
Army & N. ..	38/0	..	
Barker	57/6	..	
Boots Pure D.	5⅞	..	
Carlton	29/6	..	
E.Ready'D. B.	17/9	+1 16	
Finlay, Jas.	79 4½	−7 16	
Furness, W.	33/3	−3d	
Gas Lt. & C.	19 1 16	..	
Gaumont Bk.	10/6	..	
Globe Tel. ..	14½	..	
Gramophone	2 7 32	−1 16	
Imp. Con.Gas	340	..	
Imp. Smelt.	13/0*	..	

RUBBER

Allied Sum.	8/3	..	
An.-Dutch ..	22/0	..	
An.-Java ..	1/0	..	
An.-Malayal ..	⅝	..	
Bah Lias ..	⅜	..	
Bajoe Kidoel	17 4½	−9d	
Batu Tiga ..	1 1 16	..	
Bertam Cons.	2 4½	..	
BukitMert'm	1 4½	..	
Castlefield ..	3/0	..	
Cons. Malay ..	2/6	−1½	
Daff Devt. ..	5⅛	..	
E. Asiatic ..	1/3	−3d	
Grand Cent.	10/0	..	
GulaKalump.	9 16	−1 32	
Highlands ..	18/9	..	
Java Invest. ..	1	..	
Java United	7 8	..	
Jugra&Carey	8/9	..	
Kapar Para	1 5 16	..	
Kuala Lump.	1 1 8	−1 32	
Labu	1 3 32	..	
Lanadron ..	6 1 16	..	
Linggi	1 1 16	..	

TEA

Amal. Est. ..	17	−1 8	
An.-Ceylon ..	1 9 32	−1 32	
Assam Co. ..	29/9	−3d	
Assam Front	1 1 16	..	
Bogaw'a'wa	2 1 16	..	
Braes'ide'ra	30	..	
Brit. Indian	2 5 16	..	
Budla Beta	3 8	..	
Carolina ..	2 1 2	..	
Ceylon Plant.	95/0	..	
Chargola ..	11/3	−9d	
Chubwa ..	2 1 16	−1 16	
Cons. T. & L.	20	−½	
Darjeeling ..	57/6	−1/3	
Darj. Cons. ..	3 8	−6d	
Deundi	15/9	−6d	
Doona	2 1 8	..	
Doom Doom	5 1 16	−1 32	
Eastn. Assam	3 8	..	

OIL

A.-Ecuador ..	1 1 8	−9d	
A.-Egypt., B	2	−1 16	
A.-Persian ..	2 15 16	−1 16	
Apex Trin. ..	12/0	−1/6	
Attock	1 5 16	−1 16	
Brit. Borneo ..	3/6	..	
Brit. Burmah	4/3	+3d	
Brit. Cont.,Pf	3/9	−3d	
Burmah	3 3 32	..	
Canad. Eagle	7/3	−1 4d	
Do., 7% Pf.	12 4½	..	
Crooks	18/0	−3d	
Kern River ..	2/6	−3d	

SOUTH AFRICAN MINES

Al.& Europ'n	15/0	−3d	
Anglo-Transv.	16/0	−3d	
An.-French ..	1 1 16	..	
Brakpan	2 9 16	−1 32	
C.Mining, Rr.	1 1 4	−¼	
City Deep ..	6/0	..	
Cons. Diam.	6/0	..	
Cons. G. Fds.	1 1 32	−1 16	
Cons. M. R.	16/0	..	
Cons. M. Sel.	10/9	−3d	
Crown	5/9	+1 32	
Daggafontein	1 9 32	..	
De Beers, D.	5/9	..	
Durban Deep	12/6	..	
East Geduld.	2 1 16	−1 32	
East Rand..	9 1 4	−3d	
Geduld	3 7 16	−1 16	
Gen. Mining	1 1 32	−1 32	
Govt. Areas	1 1 8	..	
J'b'g C'nsl'av.	52/6	−6d	
Knights	6/9	−6d	
Langlaagte ..	23/0	..	
Meyer & C...	3 9 32	..	

RHODESIAN MINES

Bwana M'K'b	8/0	−7d	
Cam & Motor	1 1 16	+1 32	
Chartered ..	27 1 16	−1 16	
Gkls. Rhod.	7/0	−3d	
Lonrho	1/9	−3d	
Lonely Reef ..	1 5 16	..	
N'Changa ..	2	−¼	
Rhod.Ang.A ..	9 16	−1 32	
Rhod. B. B.	1/6	..	

NIGERIAN AND WEST AFRICAN MINES

Anglo-Cont.	5/9	..	
Ashanti	31/0	+6d	
Assoc.Nigeria	3/3	..	

EASTERN TIN MINES

Ayer Hitam ..	9/0	..	
Bangrin	1 9 32	..	
Gopeng	1 4 5 8	..	
Hong-kong ..	13/6	..	
Idris	6/0	..	
Ipoh	13/6	−3d	
Kampar Mal.	14/0	..	
Kamunting ..	4/0	..	
London Tin ..	8/6	..	
Malayan	14/9	−3d	

MISCELLANEOUS MINES

Aramayo	1 1 8	..	
Bahadur	2/3	..	
BaseMet.Min	6/6	−6d	
Bkn. H.Prop.	12/3	+3d	
Do., North ..	1 1 4	+1 4	
Do., South ..	1 1 4	+1 4	
Burma Corp.	9/3	−1 4d	
Dent.P.Mang.	2 1 2*	..	
Champion R.	7/6	..	
East Pool, Pf	1/3	..	
Elec. Zinc, P.	3	..	
L.Vw. & Star	7/3	−1 4d	
Min. Sepe. ..	4 3 4	−¼	
Mining Corp.	3/0	..	
Mining Trust	7/6	−3d	
Mount Isa ..	2 3 32	−1 32	
Mt. Lyell ..	7 8	+1 32	

* Ex dividend. ‡ Ex div. and Ex rights.

RECENT ISSUES

Stock or Share	Price of Issue	Yesterday's Quotations	Rise or Fall
Austrian, 7% Bds., 1930	95	90	− 5
Ayr. 5% Red., 1947-57	101	1¼ prem.	− ¼
B.A. and Pac. Rlr. 5% Deb.	82½	85	—
Cent. Ldn. Rlr., 5% Deb.	99½	1⅛ prem.	− ⅛
Ceylon, 4½% 1965 ..	93	1 prem.	—
Edmundson's Elec.,5% Deb.	99½	4 prem.	+ ½
Gen. Elec., 5% Deb. ..	96	1½ prem.	+ ½
Lds. Elec. Rlr., 5% Deb.	97½	4½ prem.	—
Do., 5% Deb. (Oct. issue)	99½	1⅝ prem.	— ⅛
Newcastle Elec., 5% Deb.	96	5¼ prem.	—
Skoda Works, 6% Deb. ..	95	99¼	− ¼
S. Africa, 5% Conv.-1950-70	99	4½ prem.	—
South Met. Gas, 5% Deb. ..	101½	1½ prem.	—
Treasury Bds., 4%, 1934-38	100½*	⅛ dis.	—
Ulster, 5%, 1950-60 ..	90	2⅞ prem.	—

* Minimum tender price.

AUSTRALIAN RAINFALL

The Australian, Mercantile, Land and Finance Company have received a cable message from their Sydney office, dated October 12, reporting further light to moderate rains during the last four days in New South Wales, being general over the eastern half and patchy over the western half. In Queensland further scattered falls are advisad.

OFFICIAL RECORD OF DEALINGS

In the following statement are shown the prices at which business in officially quoted stocks was transacted yesterday as shown in the list issued by the Stock Exchange. Appended to each section will be found prices at which business was done in securities which, under the order of the Stock Exchange Committee, are included in the Supplementary List of unquoted securities. The sequence of marking is not necessarily that in which the bargains were done.

The meaning of the signs used is as follows :—‡, Exceptional bargains, including those done free of stamp duty; ▲, bargains done with or between non-members; ††, bargains done during unofficial hours or on the previous day; A, the purchaser pays the accrued intcrest in addition to the price; ‡‡1, income-tax free up to 6s. in the pound; ‡‡2, income-tax free up to 1s. 2d. in the pound; ‡‡3, income-tax free up to 5s. in the pound.

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

2½% Annu.. 55¼ 3/8 5/8 3/4 3/4
3½% Annu.. 59½
4% Annu.. 76⅝ 1/2
5% Consols, 1944-64 .. 102 13/16 13/16 13/16

STOCK EXCHANGE DEALINGS—continued from page 21

INSURANCE

Alliance, 18½ ½
Do., New, £19/6/6 19/16 £19/6/6 19/16
Atlas, 12⅝
Commercial Union, 23/8 ⅞
Eagle, Star, Pref., 6/4½
Employers' Liability, 6⅝ -/6 6/- -/3¼
Equity and Law Life, 9½/16
Gen. Accdt., 15½† ½ 15
Lond. and Lancashire, 27⅝ -/8
Lond. and Manchester, 12¾ £12/16/9 12¾ £12/16/9
13 12
Lond. Assurance, 9½
N. Brit. and Mercantile, 33½ ½ ½
Nths., 16½
Pearl, fully pd., 12⅝ ⅛ 1/16
Do., partly pd., 12 ⅛ ⅛ £12/0/9
Phœnix, partly pd., 13⅜ ⅛ ⅛
Do., fully pd., 14⅛ £14/5/9 14⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛
£14/5/9 14⅛ £14/7/3 14⅛ ⅛
Prudential A., 23¼† ⅛ ⅛ ⅛
Do., "B," 37/11¼ -/16⅛ -/7½ ⅜ -/11¼ -/7½
Royal Exchange, 9½ ⅛
Royal, 71¼ ⅞ 2½
Scott. Un. and Nat., "A," 15¼ ⅛ ¼ ⅛ ¼
Sun, 69/6††
Sun, 74/6 ⅜ -/2
Yorkshire, partly pd., 6⅞△
Do., fully pd., 12½ ¼

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Prudential, New "A," 22½ ⅛ ⅛ ⅛

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Alliance, 4½ Pref., 85
American, 1st Pref., 153
Anglo-Celtic, 153
Do., 5% Deb., 97
Atlas Elec. and Gen., 23/7½ 4/- 4/- 3/10½ 4/3 3/10½ -/10½ 4/- 3/9
Do., 7% Pref., 24/10½ -/10½ -/10½ -/10½ -/9 -/9
British Invest., 4% Deb., 80½
Brit. Steamship Debs., 170 69½ 70 69
Do., 5% Deb., 95½
Continental and Indust., 22⅜
Deb. Corpn., 184†
Foreign and Colonial, 170 67
Do., 5% Pref., 93
Do., 5% Deb., 96½
Globe Telegraph, 14½
Do., 6% Pref., 10½
Gt. Northern, 5% Deb., 95½ ⅝ ⅝
Indian and Gen., 5% Deb., 94½††
Industl. and Gen., 4% Deb., 73
Invest. Trust Corp., Debt., 44⅛
Lake View, 22/3
Do., 5% Deb., 93½
Lond. Canadian, 5% Pref., 16½
Lond. Scottish Amer., Deb., 22½
Mercantile, 5% Pref., 99 9
Do., 4% Deb., 77¼ ¼
Mid-European Corp., 5% Deb., 88
New Yorks and Gen., 5% Pref., 80
Do., 5% Deb., 92½††
Nineteen Twenty-Nine, 94½
Quantum, 5% Pref., 86½ ½
Premier, 153
Railway Deb. and Gen., 160
Do., Pref. (4½%), 81½
Railway Shares, 177½
Rio Claro Railway, 5% Pref., 87½
Scottish, 20/3
Second Cons., 133
Second Guardian, 5% Pref., 86
Second Mercantile, 133
Sterling, 245
Do., 5% Pref., 95½
Trust Union, 4% Deb., 89½
U.S. States and Gen., 5% Pref., 91½
Do., Debt., 270½ ½ 69
U.S. and S. Amer., 5% Deb., 73½△ 7

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Abbots, 4½% Deb., 1919, 84½‡
Clyde and Mersey, 5% Pref., 76
Second Anglo-Celtic, 10/-
Do., 5% Pref., 82

IRON, COAL, AND STEEL

Amalg. Anthracite, 3/7½
Do., 7% Pref., 13/4½
Babcock and Wilcox, 53/3 3/- 2/9 3/9
Bengal, 5/3 6/6
Cory, 59/3½
Dorman, Long, 3/11¼ 4/- 4/- 4/-
Do., 5½% Deb., 87 7 6¼ ½
Guest, Keen, 31/6†† -/9 -/6
Do., 5% Red. Pref. (ex. of tax), 21/11½ -/6
Hall (T. and E.), 6% Pref., 86/3
Indian, 7½% Deb., 85¼ ¼
Lambert, 29/6½
Lewis's Deb., 1931, 108½
Madeley Coll., 7½% Pref., 7/6
Natal Nav., 19/14½ -/6 -/4½ -/6
Peuse and Pethens, 9/10½†† -/4½ -/3 -/6 -/6
Powell Duffryn, 9/9 -/9 7/- 6/6
Rhondda Deb., 1941, 102
Do., 6% Pref., 15/3 15/-
Staveley, 20/3½
Stewarts and Lloyds, Debs., 22/3 -/3 -/11½ -/11½
Do., 6% Pref., 22/9 -/9
Swan, Hunter, 20/3 -/9
Do., 6% Pref., 19/3††
Thomas, 1/7½
Do., 6% Pref. (1½), 7/10½ -/7½ -/4½
Do., 7% Deb., 96¼ ¼
Thornycroft, 46/10½ -/10½ -/10½††
Tinfos Steel (of S. Africa), 7% Deb., 101¾††
United Molasses, 15½ ¼ 15½
Vickers, 7/- 7/- -/11½ 7/- -/11½ -/9½
Do., 5% Cum. Pref. (1½), 17/4½ 16/10½ 17/- 17/-
Ward, 14/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Amal. Anthracite, New 7% Pref., "B," 10/9††
Brady (Fred.), 13 ½ ¼
Bull Combustion, 6/6††
Clarke, Chapman, 22/9
Duffield Iron, 2/9 -/4½ -/3½ -/3½ -/11½ -/6 -/6 -/5½
Hickleton Main Coll., 16/-
Illingworth Carbon, 6/6†† -/4½†† 6/-
Lindsay, Jones and Jones, 2/3
Sheffield Steel Prods., 11½ 11½
Do., 6% Deb., 85½
Skoda Works, 6% Debs., 93½†† ¼
Do. (ex. at 85, 265 pd.), 100½

MINES

Ashanti, 31/- 30/10½ 1/3 30/9 1/- 1/- 30/6 1/3 -/3 -/4½ 30/9
Cam and Motor, 13/9 14/8½ 13/3½ -/9 -/1½ 13/- 14/-
Cent. Mining and Invest. Corp. (Reserv.), 11¼ 12½ 11½
Do., 5% Deb., 59
Clydesdale, 15/9 -/9
Cons. Bultfontein, 21/3
Cons. Diamond of S.W. Africa, 5/9
Do., 5% Pref., 6⅛ -/10½
Cons. Main Reef, 13/6 -/8 -/9 16/-
Crown Mines, 72/2½†† 1/3 -/3
Daggafontein, 23/10½ -/7½ -/7½
Do., Def., 41/7½ 40/7½ 40/-
East Rand Prop., 9/3 -/1½ -/1½ -/3
Falcon, 2½
Geduld, 3½
Geldenhuis Deep, 7/6 -/6¼ -/4½ -/6¼ -/4½ -/3½
-/2 7/-
Gen. Mining and Finance Corp., 12/6 12½ -/6
Gold Fields Rhodesian Devt., 1/4†† 1/- -/1½
Gold Coast Amal. (Nordenfontein), 29/9 -/6 -/9
Goldenhuis Est., 5½ ½
Rt. E. Prop. (New), 6/11
Henderson's Transvaal, 2/10½ 2 3/- 3/-
Johnny Cons. Invest., 23/3 2/7½ 2 2½ -/3 2/7½ 2/1½ 2/10½ 2/9
Knight's, 2/3
Langlaagte Consolidated, 1/7½ -/7½ -/9¼ -/9 -/9
Lands, 4
Lyd. and Rhodesian, 1/2½
Lonely Reef, 17/7½
Luipaard's Vlei, 5½
Do., 4% Deb., 70½
Mayo (Rhodesia) Devt., 1/- 9/11½ -/10½ 1/-
Mount (Transvaal) Devt., 7/9 -/9½ 7/-
Modderfontein East, 11/10½
Modderfontein Revd., 20/9
Nigels, 4/3 3/9 -/4½ 2/9½ 3/9 5/- 3/9 -/10½ 2/9½ -/6
New Modderfontein, 65/-
New State Areas, 31/11½† 6/3 5/7½ 6/3
Nth. Charterland, 1/4½ -/3½ -/4½ -/6 -/6 -/5½ -/6
Nourse, 10/3 -/6
Oceana Cons., 2
Ooregaleend, Fontaine, 1/11½ -/9½ -/9½ -/11½ -/11½
Rand Mines, 15/11½ 2/9 15/10½ 2 2/9
Rand Select, 5/7½ 5/-
Randfontein Est., 11/10½†† 12/4½ -/7½ -/9½ -/4½
Rhodesian Anglo-American, 15/9 12/9½ -/6 -/6 13/6 12/6 13/9
Rhodesian Congo Border, 10½ ½ 10 10 £10/0/9
Rhodesian Corporation, 1/1½
Rhodesian Select., 20½ 19½
Roan Antelope, 16/7½ -/9 15/7½ -/9 16/7½ -/9
Rolleston Deep, 2 ½ 4/6
Sheba, 6/11½
Sherwood Starr, 15/6 ⅜
Simmer and Jack, 2/9½†† -/3½ -/6 -/6
South African Land and Exploration, 2/6
Springs, 16/6½ 2/6½ 4/10½ 6/3
Sub Nigel, 10/9 4/3½ -/4½ -/4½ -/6 2/9
Transvaal and Delagoa Bay, 12/6
Transvaal Gold Mining Estate, 2/6
Tweefontein Colliery, Pref., 19/3 -/9

Van Ryn Deep, 26/3
Village Deep, 4/6¼ -/7½
Wolvekuyl Exploration, 1/4††
West Rand Cons., 6/10½ -/9 7/11½ 7/- 6/9 -/10½ 7/- 6/10½ -/9¼
Witpoort, 5/6

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES.—WEST AFRICAN

Ariston, 1/4½
Assd. of Nigeria, 2½ -/3½ 2½ -/4½ 2/10½ 2½ -/4½
Bibiani, 4/9¼ -/10½
Bisichi, 5/- 5/-
Jantar Nigeria, 1/9¼
Ribon Valley, -/9¼
Sth. Bukuru Areas, -/3
Taquah and Akwoso, 2/6

NITRATE

Lautaro, Nos. 240001 to 430000 and 590001 to 1312000 (Reg.), 57/6
Do. (Bearer), 59/-†† 8/9 -/9
Liverpool, 7/9¼ -/3
Rosario, 4/9

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Lautaro, 84⅞ 5 5

OIL

Anglo-Ecuadorian, 11/9†† -/7½
Anglo-Persian, 63/1½†† -/1½ 60/7½ 1/3 -/10½ 60/-
60/- 59/4½ 60/-
Do., 6% Pref., 27/4½ -/7½ -/7½ -/4½
Attock, 21/10½
Burmah, 78/1½ 7/6 8/1½ 7/6 6/10½ 8/1½ 6/10½ 7/11¼ 6½ -/9 -/10½
Do., 8% Pref., 27/9 -/- -/-
Do., 5½% Deb., 104 3¼ ¼ ¾
Canadian Eagle, 7/4½†† -/7½ -/4½ -/6 -/3¼ -/3¼ -/4½ -/6¼ -/4½ -/6¼
Do., 6% Pref., 13/9 -/-
Do., 1st Pref. (7%), 12/4½†† -/11½
Kern River, 2/6½
Lobitos, 29/6½†† 7/6 8/11½†† 6/3 -/3
Mexican Eagle, 8/9 -/6 -/3¼ -/7½ -/6 -/6¼ -/4½ -/9 -/6 -/3¼ -/3¼ -/4½
Do., 7% Pref., ⅜
Do., 7% Pref., Pfg., 8/6 -/3
Phœnix Oil, 3% Deb., 30△
P. and O., 5% Pref., 96½††
Do., Deb., 42/- -/6 -/6 1/10½
Do., Def., 97½, 100 97½
R.M.S.P., 4½% Deb., 64 2 2
White Star, 6½% Pref., 9/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICE

Anglo-Egyptian "B," 41/3 39/4½ -/4½
Apex (Trinidad), 13/-†† -/4½ 13/- -/9†† -/6 12/10½ -/4½ -/7½
Baku Consold., "A" Pref., -/6††
Brit. Controlled, 1/5½ -/6 -/5½
Do., 7% Pfd., 3/10½ 4/- 3/10½ -/10 4/- 3/9¼
Brit. Mexican, 5½
Creole, 17/9†† 16/-††
Royal Dutch, 276½
Standard, 5% Pref., 105 5 5¼ 4
Trinidad Leaseholds, 20/11¼ 2/6 1/10½ -/10½ 2/6 -/6 20/10½ 1/- -/9 -/6½ 2/3 1/9
Utd. British of Trinidad, 4/3 -/3
Venezuelan Concessions, 31/10½ -/3 -/3 30/- -/3¼ 30/-

RUBBER

Allied Sumatra, 8/6†† -/11½††
Anglo-Dutch of Java, 21/9 2/4½†† 1/9
Do., Def., 3/-
Anglo-Malay, 6/3††
Beaufort Borneo, 4/3††
Cheroenan, 1/6¼
Dialoman, 9/3¼ -/3
Dunlop Plant., 6% Pref., 18/4½
Gd. Central (Ceylon), 9/6
Jugra Land and Carey, 8/10½
Labu (F.M.S.), 23/1½
Linggi, 13/3
Malacca, 11/3
Sabau-Nth. Borneo, 3/3 -/6 3/-
Sapong, 7/6
Teloporedjo Ud., 11/- 10/-
Ud. Serdang, 2/2
Ud. Sua Betong, 37/- 5/7½ 6/3

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Anal. Finance, -/1½
Bajan, -/9¼
Brit. Ests. of Java, -/8¼
Bukit. Mertajam, 1/2
Bukit Sembawang, -/3¼
Cheviot, 2/6 -/3
Dindings, 6/6‡
Eastern Sumatra, 1/3½
F.M.S. Ests., 14/6 -/9 15/-
Glenshiel, 5/7½††
Ledang, 5/-
Lingsar, 1 Pref., 13/9 -/8¼
Malaysian Plants, 13/1½
Port Dickson-Lubut, 1/4½ -/3 -/5
Rembau Jelei, 14/3 -/6
Rim, -/4½
Sarawak, -/6
Seafield, 10/-
Sedenak, 8/6
Screeman, 3/-
Straits, 11/6†† 12/6
Sungei Buaya, 5/-††
Sungei Krian, 14/9
Tall Ayer, 8/6
Ud. Sua Betong (ist. at 60/-, 40/- pd.), 11/3 10/7½
Way-Halim, -/7½
Yuen Seong, 1/3½

SHIPPING

Argentine Nav., 23/4½†† -/9 4/- 3/9 2/4 -/7½ -/9 -/9
Brit. India, 41/- Def., 81½
Bucs. Lanarine (Las Palmas), 1904, 2½% Deb., 1904
Canard, 18/7½ -/9 -/4½ -/7½ -/3 -/3 -/9 -/4½ -/3
Do., 5% Pref., 85½
Do., 5% Deb., 97½ 7½ 6½
Elder, Dempster, 6% Pref., 2/9 -/9
Do., 6½% Pref., 2/3
Furness, Withy, 32/6
Hamburg and Hull, 5% Deb., 30△
P. and O., 5% Pref., 96½††
Do., Deb., 42/- -/6 -/6 1/10½
Do., Def., 97½, 100 97½
R.M.S.P., 4½% Deb., 64 2 2
White Star, 6½% Pref., 9/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICE

Lond.-American Maritime, 5/3½△
Prince, 17/6††
Tankers, Pfd., 6/3 -/3 -/3½ -/3

TEA AND COFFEE

Assam, 29/-
Assam Consold., 8/10½ -/6 -/6
Brit. Ests., of Ceylon, 17/-
Brit. Indian, 45/6††
Cachar and Dooars, 22/11½
Ceylon Tea and Rubber, 30/9½†† 1½†† 20 1½ 20 19¼
Eastern Assam, 68/12½
Gishna, 44/4½†† ½
Imperial, 5% Deb., 30/9
Jhanzie, 45/-
Jokai, 60/- 1/-
Nedeem, 40/-†† 40/-
Ouvah, 68/-
Scottish of Ceylon, 60/- 60/-
Singlo, 47/6
Do., 6½% Pref., 18/6††

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Ambiamana, 1/9½ -/10
Assam-Dooars, 29 8½
Do., 6% Pref., 9½ ¼ ¼ ¼
Bibby (P.M.S.S.), 23/1½
Linggi, 13/3
Malacca, 11/3
Sabau-Nth. Borneo, 3/3 -/6 3/-
Sapong, 7/6
Teloporedjo Ud., 11/- 10/-
Ud. Serdang, 2/2
Ud. Sua Betong, 37/- 5/7½ 6/3

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Do. (Bearer), 59/-†† 8/9 -/9
Liverpool, 7/9¼ -/3
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Attock, 21/10½
Burmah, 78/1½ 7/6 8/1½ 7/6 6/10½ 8/1½ 6/10½ 7/11¼ 6½ -/9 -/10½
Do., 8% Pref., 27/9 -/- -/-
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Do., 6% Pref., 13/9 -/-
Do., 1st Pref. (7%), 12/4½†† -/11½
Kern River, 2/6½
Lobitos, 29/6½†† 7/6 8/11½†† 6/3 -/3
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Do., 7% Pref., ⅜
Do., 7% Pref., Pfg., 8/6 -/3
Phœnix Oil, 3% Deb., 30△
P. and O., 5% Pref., 96½††
Do., Deb., 42/- -/6 -/6 1/10½
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Do., 7% Pfd., 3/10½ 4/- 3/10½ -/10 4/- 3/9¼
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Utd. British of Trinidad, 4/3 -/3
Venezuelan Concessions, 31/10½ -/3 -/3 30/- -/3¼ 30/-

RUBBER

Allied Sumatra, 8/6†† -/11½††
Anglo-Dutch of Java, 21/9 2/4½†† 1/9
Do., Def., 3/-
Anglo-Malay, 6/3††
Beaufort Borneo, 4/3††
Cheroenan, 1/6¼
Dialoman, 9/3¼ -/3
Dunlop Plant., 6% Pref., 18/4½
Gd. Central (Ceylon), 9/6
Jugra Land and Carey, 8/10½
Labu (F.M

The Estate Market

EXECUTORS' OFFERS

A SUNBURY FREEHOLD

An architectural expert certifies that the Sunbury-on-Thames freehold, known as Kya Rosa, is thoroughly well built and in good condition. It is only five years since the house was erected, and, with nearly two acres, it comes into the market by order of executors. Messrs. Weatherall and Green (Chancery-lane) will sell the property at the Mart next Tuesday. It is a secluded house approached by a private road from Green-street. Five pretty cottages form the second lot.

Butlers Dene, a modern house and five acres at Woldingham, has been sold by Messrs. George Trollope and Sons, who, with Messrs. Alfred Savill and Sons, have sold Old Hatch Farm, Abinger Hammer, a sixteenth-century house.

Sir James Duke has disposed of a freehold of over an acre in Abbey-road, St. John's Wood, through Messrs. John D. Wood and Co. (Berkeley-square).

A large house and two acres at Hollington Park, St. Leonards-on-Sea, is for sale to-morrow by Messrs. Geering and Colyer (Ashford), who have an auction, at Canterbury next Saturday, of Felderland, a fruit farm of 10 acres with a good house and buildings, on the outskirts of Sandwich.

Hampstead-road freeholds, producing £260 a year gross, will be sold to-morrow at the Mart, by Messrs. White, Berry and Taylor (Sloane-street).

Next Tuesday at Oxted, Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley will sell portions of Starborough, 539 acres between Lingfield and Edenbridge, including the Stud Farm. Nos. 200 to 208, Tottenham Court-road and 1 and 2, Chenies-street, modern premises for occupation, will come under the hammer at Hanover-square next Wednesday. On October 23 they will submit The Brambles, Wimbledon, and, at Basingstoke, The Manor House and four acres. Manor Farm, Finchampstead, 349 acres, a model dairy holding, by the firm, with Messrs. Smith and Moore, at Reading, on October 25.

Sales by Messrs. James Styles and Whitleck (St. James's-place) include West End House, Ebbesbourne Wake, near Salisbury, with Mr. Robert Thake (Salisbury) and Messrs. Rippon, Boswell, and Co. (Exeter). It is an old stone house with 370 acres.

Bath fully-licensed freehold premises, the Royal Hotel, facing the Great Western Railway Station, are for sale by Mr. T. Powell (Bath) for about £11,000, by order of an executrix. The house contains 30 guests' bed-rooms, and is said to be capable of being developed as a commercial house, and the agent outlines various ways in which a larger trade than hitherto might be done.

The late Dowager Lady Smiley's mansion, overlooking the pier, at East Cliff, Bournemouth, will be sold on the premises on November 3 by Messrs. Fox and Sons (Bournemouth). The rates in the town are only 7s. in the pound.

Surrey property, Minnickfold, at Holmwood, near Dorking, a half-timbered house, and 18 acres, will come under the hammer of Messrs. Charles Osenton and Co. (Leatherhead) at the Mart next Tuesday, on behalf of executors.

The sale of St. John's House, Burgess Hill, 12 acres, has been postponed by Messrs. Hampton and Sons (St. James's-square). In their page in *The Times* yesterday, the firm gave views of seven houses, one of them of a property on the banks of the Upper Shannon in King's County, of 160 acres, including a couple of islands and salmon fishing, hunting, and shooting. For a house and six acres, at Enfield, executors would accept something over £5,000. The prices or rentals of other properties are stated, and many lots are offered without premium.

Terms quoted by Messrs. Ralph Pay and Taylor (Mount-street) include £170 a year for an unfurnished Queen Anne house and three acres in Sussex; and £4,750 for a freehold house and six acres on the Surrey hills.

Heath Brow, at the highest point of Hampstead Heath, stands in a quiet position well away from the main road, and commands views of Harrow-on-the-Hill, Windsor, and the Herts hills. The agents are Messrs. Prickett and Ellis (Highgate and Chancery-lane).

SALES BY AUCTION

HAMPTON AND SONS

ROEHAMPTON.—"Redhouse," 2½ acres. freehold £7,000

REGINALD C. S. EVENNETT

HASLEMERE.—14, 16, and 18, Shepherds-hill GRAYSWOOD.—1 to 4, Lubenham Cottages. freehold 800

HAMMER, HANTS.—1 and 2, Hammer-lane 600

E. J. BROOKS AND SON

OXFORD.—Boar's Hill, "Pickett's Heath." freehold 1,500

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
D. Young and Co.	The Mart, E.C. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Cutts and Hemmin	Do. (2.30)	Freehold Property
Nash and Co.	Do. (2.30)	Leasehold Properties
Petty, Son, and Prestwich	Do. (2.30)	Freehold Properties
Bullen, Poole and Co.	Do. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Perry and Purkis	Do. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Mr. J. C. Platt	2, The Broadway, Hammersmith, W. (3.0)	Freehold Property
Boyle, Knowles & Co.	Law Society's Rooms, Hereford (4.0)	Freehold Property

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c. SALES THIS DAY.

Rennie, Ltd.	Galleries, Trevor-sq., S.W. (11.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Professor Barry	67, Cheapside, E.C. (11.0)	Bulbs
Debenham, Storr and Sons	26, King-st., Covent Garden, W.C. (12.0)	Old Silver, Jewellery, &c.
Jackson McCartney	The Byrn. near Bishop's Castle, Shropshire (12.0)	Antique Furniture, &c.
Debenham and Storr	14, Porchester Terrace, Bayswater, W. (12.0)	Contents of Residence
Hodgson and Co.	115, Chancery-lane, W.C. (1.0)	Rare Books
Robinson, Fisher and Harding	King-st., St. James's, S.W. (1.0)	Old English and French Furniture
Messrs. Foster	54, Pall Mall, S.W. (1.0)	Picture and Drawing
Cornish, White and Pollard	Odden Cross, Bodmin (2.0)	Contents of the Mansion
Robertson and Butler	1, Bowman and Sons Depository, Blenheim-terrace, York (—)	Paintings, Engravings, Silver, China, &c.

From The Times of 1830

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1830. Price 7d.

The Duke of Wellington, as Constable of the Tower, having issued his order for the cleaning and deepening of the Tower-moat, workmen are now busily employed in the process. The moat is to be deepened four feet all round the Tower. . . . The Tower Moat has not been cleaned since the days of Charles II., and the labourers constantly keep an eager look out, in the hopes of finding coin and other valuables; but beyond a plain halfpenny or two, nothing further has been heard of. However, that there are watches, trinkets, coins, &c., embedded in the mud, cannot be doubted. It is storied that the notorious Moll Cutpurse, one night having robbed a gentleman of his gold repeater on Tower-hill, fearing detection, threw it into the moat, and it has never since been seen. When the water was drawn off, a considerable number of the inhabitants of the Tower Hamlets were present, and appeared to anticipate an almost miraculous draught of fishes; but in this they were miserably disappointed, a single basket of eels, and these of ordinary size, being all that was obtained. This is accounted for in the fact, that the fish come in with the tide and retire with it.

3 per Cent. Cons., 88¾ to ¾.

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 *lines* 18*s.* (*minimum*)

THE BRITISH and ARGENTINE STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited.
FOUR and THREE-QUARTER per CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE DEBENTURES.

The Holders of the undermentioned DEBENTURES are hereby notified that same have been DRAWN for redemption, and are requested to lodge the said Debentures, with Coupons attached, at the Company's office forthwith.

For redemption on 31st December, 1930.

A. 18	A. 22	A. 42	A. 43	A. 53	A. 104		
A. 112	A. 120	A. 153	A. 156	A. 157	A. 161		
A. 163	A. 166	A. 167	A. 219	A. 237	A. 243		
A. 252	A. 259	A. 267	A. 270	A. 274	A. 275		
A. 282	A. 341	A. 342	A. 345	A. 346	A. 357		
A. 383	A. 411	A. 429	A. 458	A. 459	A. 460		
A. 463	A. 464	A. 472	A. 473	A. 488	A. 510		
A. 539	A. 557	A. 582	A. 592	A. 610	A. 630		
A. 652	A. 659	A. 675	A. 676	A. 709	A. 756		
A. 789	A. 796	A. 803	A. 805	A. 860	A. 862		
A. 937	A. 995	A. 1010	A. 1031	A. 1044	A. 1055		
A. 1058	A. 1059	A. 1061	A. 1062	A. 1064	A. 1073		
A. 1105	A. 1122	A. 1135	A. 1138	A. 1149	A. 1160		
A. 1213	A. 1247	A. 1358	A. 1371	A. 1376	A. 1446		
A. 1448	A. 1449	A. 1468	A. 1500	A. 1501	A. 1525		
A. 1528	A. 1530	A. 1570	A. 1573	A. 1574	A. 1576		
A. 1633	A. 1643	A. 1644	A. 1647	A. 1652	A. 1685		
A. 1699	A. 1702	A. 1735	A. 1861	A. 1970	A. 1981		
A. 1983	A. 2013	A. 2018	A. 2024	A. 2041	A. 2092		
A. 2106	A. 2118	A. 2149	A. 2155	A. 2245	A. 2246		
A. 2280	A. 2304	A. 2343	A. 2347	A. 2355	A. 2374		
A. 2404	A. 2408	A. 2413	A. 2415	A. 2419	A. 2483		
A. 2496	A. 2523	A. 2524	A. 2579	A. 2602	A. 2603		
A. 2606	A. 2613	A. 2627	A. 2654	A. 2656	A. 2665		
A. 2672	A. 2675	A. 2676	A. 2721	A. 2725	A. 2887		
A. 2919	A. 2923	A. 2928	A. 2935	A. 2940	A. 2949		
A. 2961	A. 3008	A. 3054	A. 3096	A. 3097	A. 3100		
A. 3111	A. 3128	A. 3146	A. 3157	A. 3159	A. 3186		
A. 3206	A. 3213	A. 3238	A. 3240	A. 3287	A. 3377		
A. 3386	A. 3424	A. 3467	A. 3470	A. 3475	A. 3506		
A. 3542	A. 3693	A. 3735	A. 3755	A. 3770	A. 3779		
A. 3857	A. 3887	A. 3935	A. 3937	A. 3939	A. 3940		
A. 3950	A. 3993	A. 3996	A. 4125	A. 4128	A. 4134		
A. 4165	A. 4210	A. 4323	A. 4331	A. 4338	A. 4402		
A. 4403							
B. 7	B. 56	B. 91	B. 93	B. 94	B. 107		
B. 116	B. 128	B. 146	B. 157	B. 176	B. 206		
B. 212	B. 250	B. 254	B. 277	B. 284	B. 287		
B. 289	B. 297	B. 308	B. 316	B. 327	B. 342		
B. 369	B. 381	B. 398	B. 400	B. 461	B. 476		
B. 486	B. 531	B. 551	B. 565	B. 641	B. 697		
B. 696	B. 701	B. 715	B. 767	B. 779	B. 790		
B. 829							
C. 6	C. 7	C. 8	C. 30	C. 117	C. 130		
C. 145	C. 149	C. 157	C. 175	C. 250	C. 253		
C. 256	C. 265	C. 288	C. 291	C. 301	C. 333		
C. 335	C. 354	C. 362	C. 367	C. 484	C. 475		
C. 478	C. 479	C. 481					

The following Bonds previously drawn for redemption and have not yet been lodged at the Company's Office:—

A.1397 A.3284 C. 111

J. P. STEWART, Secretary.

58, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3.
14th October, 1930.

FREE STATE of SAXONY SIX per CENT. 25-YEAR EXTERNAL SINKING BONDS of 1927.

Hambros Bank Limited hereby give notice that the following BONDS of the above Loan were DRAWN in Dresden on the 1st October, 1930, for repayment on the 1st January, 1931, on and after which date they will be payable at their office, 41, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2.

Letter A.—Nos.

180	283	368	401	585	627	703
791	1094	1214	1227	1236	1239	1353
1429	1680	1906	1932			

784
1373

20 Bonds at £20 each .. .. = £400

Letter B.—Nos.

2200	2211	2276	2314	2322	2377	2495
2596	2646	2725	2870	2897	3142	3190
3338	3539	3655	3870	3957	3967	4073
4245	4255	4271	4350	4498	4525	4547
4612	4707	4883	5353	5357	5363	5402
5531	5539	5573	5937	6052	6088	6238
6272	6306	6410	6579	6581	7181	7227

2359
2380
4167
4575
5461
6243
7284

36 Bonds at £100 each .. .. = 3,600

Letter C.—Nos.

7367	7602	7610	7694	

4 Bonds at £500 each .. .. = 2,000

£6,000

41, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, 15th October, 1930.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

ALEXANDRIA WATER COMPANY, Limited.
ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT.
INTERIM DIVIDEND.

Notice is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Four Shillings per £5 Share on COUPON No. 84 is PAYABLE from and after 15th October, 1930, at the National Bank of Egypt, in Alexandria, at Rue Toussoun, or in London at 4 and 7, King William-street, E.C.4.

Dated, Alexandria, Egypt, the 1st October, 1930.

By Order of the Board,
J. EASTON CORNISH, for Managing Director.

ALOOMA CENTRAL TERMINALS, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement and Compromise and pursuant to Supplemental Trust Deeds executed as provided in said Scheme, PAYMENT will be made to the Holders of FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE per CENT. FIFTY-YEAR GOLD BONDS of Alooma Central Terminals, Limited, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, 47, Threadneedle-street, London, England, or at the offices of the Bank of Montreal, Montreal, or New York, on the 1st day of November, 1930, of interest on said Bonds at the rate of 2½ per cent. for six months from 1st February, 1930, upon presentation of Coupon No. 22 attached to said Bonds.

Dated the 15th day of October, 1930.

ALEX. TAYLOR, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS and COUPONS.
DATES of PAYMENT.

THE TRIPLEX SAFETY GLASS COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of 5 per Cent., per Income Tax, has been declared on the Ordinary Shares of the above Company in respect of year ended 30th June, 1930, and is PAYABLE at the Company's Bankers, Messrs. Lloyds Bank Ltd., Cox's and King's Branch, 6, Pall Mall, S.W.1., on and after the 16th October.

Shareholders desiring Warrants to be sent through their Coupons No. 3 at the Company's Bankers and leave them three three clear days for the purpose of examination.

By Order of the Board,
D. McDUELL, Secretary.

14th October, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

ASSOCIATED DYERS and CLEANERS, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on Saturday, 18th inst., to Friday, 31st inst., both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
R. P. CARLIN, Secretary.

Acton Vale, W.3, 15th October, 1930. Transfer Office, City Safe Deposit, Throgmorton-avenue, E.C.2.

CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Five per Cent. Redeemable Debenture Stock, 1907-1967, of the Company will be CLOSED on 16th October, 1930, for the payment of the Dividend due thereon for the six months ending 31st October, 1930.

F. FIGHIERA, Secretary.

3a, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2.

CALDWELL'S PAPER MILL COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company for the Preferred Ordinary Shares will be CLOSED from Monday, the 20th inst., to Friday, the 31st inst., both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants payable on 1st December, 1930.

By Order,
ROBERT BRYDIE, Secretary.

Paper Mills, Inverkeithing, Fife, 15th October, 1930.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
(Incorporated in Canada with limited liability.)
ONTARIO and QUEBEC RAILWAY Co. FIVE per CENT. PREFERENCE STOCK. SIX per CENT. COMMON STOCK.

In preparation for the payment of the Half-yearly Interest payable on the 1st December next on the above Stocks, the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED in London and Montreal on the 1st November, and will be reopened on 2nd December.—E. D. MORRISON, Deputy Secretary, 8, Waterloo-place, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. 14th October, 1930.

ESSEX COUNTY SIX per CENT. REDEEMABLE STOCK, 1940-60.

IPSWICH CORPORATION SIX per CENT. REDEEMABLE STOCK, 1947-52.

NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME CORPORATION 4½ per CENT. CONSOLIDATED REDEEMABLE STOCK, 1944-62.

WOLVERHAMPTON CORPORATION SIX per CENT. REDEEMABLE STOCK, 1938-50.

Barclays Bank Limited, of 54, Lombard-street, E.C.2, hereby give notice that in order to prepare the Dividends due the 1st December next, the BALANCES of the several accounts in the above Stocks will be STRUCK at the close of business on Saturday, the 1st November. On and after Monday, the 3rd November, the Stocks will be transferable ex-Dividend.

LONDON MIDLAND and SCOTTISH RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that in order to prepare the Warrants for the Interest due the 15th November next a BALANCE of One per CENT. REDEEMABLE DEBENTURE STOCK will be STRUCK at the close of business on Saturday, the 25th October, and only proprietors then registered on the books will be entitled to the forthcoming Interest.

By Order,
O. GLYNNE ROBERTS, Secretary.

Secretary's Office, Euston Station, London, N.W.1.
14th October, 1930.

ORIENTAL TELEPHONE and ELECTRIC COMPANY, Limited. Notice is hereby given that the REGISTERS of TRANSFERS of Preference and Ordinary Shares will be CLOSED from the 15th to the 28th October inclusive, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
Alderman's House, Alderman's-walk, E.C.2.
14th October, 1930.

The Times

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

INLAND

	One Year	6 Months	3 Months
The Times only	£4 11s. 0d.	£2 5s. 6d.	£1 2s. 9d.
Literary Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 6d.	8s. 9d.	4s. 4d.
Educational Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 6d.	8s. 9d.	4s. 4d.
Trade and Engineering Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 6d.	8s. 9d.	4s. 4d.
The Times with all Supplements ..	£7 5s. 0d.	£3 12s. 6d.	£1 16s. 3d.

ABROAD

	One Year	6 Months	3 Months
The Times only	£5 4s. 0d.	£2 12s. 0d.	£1 6s. 0d.
Literary Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 6d.	8s. 9d.	4s. 4d.
Educational Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 6d.	8s. 9d.	4s. 4d.
Trade and Engineering Supplement extra (weekly)	17s. 6d.	8s. 9d.	4s. 4d.
The Times with all Supplements ..	£7 18s. 0d.	£3 18s. 0d.	£1 19s. 0d.

THE TIMES ROYAL EDITION

	One Year	6 Months	3 Months
Inland ..	£5 4s. 0d.	£2 12s. 0d.	£1 6s. 0d.
Abroad ..	£6 10s. 0d.	£3 5s. 0d.	£1 12s. 6d.

THE TIMES WEEKLY EDITION

	One Year	6 Months	3 Months
Inland and Canada ..	£1 5s. 0d.	11s. 6d.	5s. 9d.
Other Countries ..	£1 8s. 0d.	12s. 0d.	6s. 0d.

All subscriptions are payable in advance.
Cheques and postal orders should be made payable to "The Times" and crossed "Barclays Bank Limited."

COMPANY MEETING NOTICES

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

DE BEERS CONSOLIDATED MINES, Limited. (Incorporated in the Union of South Africa.)
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Head Office of the Company in Kimberley, South Africa, on Monday, the 15th day of December, 1930, at 11 a.m., to receive and consider the Balance-sheet as at 30th June, 1930, and the Profit and Loss Account for the year ended that date, together with the Report of the Directors and Auditors, to elect Directors in the place of Sir Ernest Oppenheimer, Mr. S. R. Joel, and Sir Basil Blackett, who retire from office, but who are eligible for re-election, and to transact any other business which, under the Articles of Association of the Company, may be transacted at an Ordinary General Meeting.

And notice is hereby further given that at the conclusion of the above-mentioned Ordinary General Meeting an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the same place for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing with or without modification in the manner required for the passing of extraordinary resolutions in accordance with the Companies Act, 1929, all or any of the following resolutions, namely:—

(A) That the capital of the Company be increased from £4,750,000, divided into 1,100,000 Deferred shares of £2 10s. each and 600,000 Preference shares of £2 10s. each, to £5,500,000, divided into 1,400,000 Deferred shares of £2 10s. each and 800,000 Preference shares of £2 10s. each, by the creation of 300,000 Deferred shares of £2 10s. each, and that the Directors be empowered to dispose of the aforesaid new shares or any of them for any purpose they may deem advisable.

(B) That Article 85 (a) of the Articles of Association of the Company shall be altered by substituting the word "sixteen" for the word "twelve" where it appears in that Article.

(C) That Article 85 (c) of the Articles of Association of the Company shall be deleted and the following Article inserted in its place, namely:—

(c) The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any qualified person as a Director competent to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board, but so that the total number of the Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed. In the case of a Director being appointed to fill a casual vacancy he shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

And notice is hereby further given that a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the same place at 11 a.m. on Tuesday, the 25th day of December, for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at the first-mentioned Extraordinary General Meeting, and of confirming if thought fit as special resolutions all or any of the resolutions passed at the first-mentioned Extraordinary General Meeting.

The holders of Deferred Share Warrants to Bearer will not be entitled to vote, either in person or by proxy, in respect of such warrants, unless they shall have deposited such warrants at the Head Office of the Company in Kimberley, at least 24 hours before the Meetings, or at the Transfer Office in London on or before the 19th November, 1930.

J. A. STEVENS, London Secretary.

London Transfer Office, 15, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C.4.
14th October, 1930.

MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL

4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT 6% INSCRIBED STOCK.

NATAL GOVERNMENT 3½% INSCRIBED STOCK.

SIERRA LEONE GOVT. 3½% INSCRIBED STOCK.

THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES give notice that the BOOKS of the above STOCKS will be CLOSED for the preparation of Dividends on the night of the 1st November, after which date the Stocks will be transferable ex dividend.

ST. LUCIA GOVERNMENT 4½% DEBENTURES.

THE CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES give notice that the half-year's INTEREST due 1st November on the above LOAN will be PAID after that date.

The coupons must be left for examination (between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, Saturdays before 12.30) three clear days prior to payment being made. They will be received on and after that date at the Crown Agents Office, 4, Millbank, S.W.1, 15th Oct., 1930.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

ANGLO-INDIAN, at present motoring in South of England, would like to HEAR of a really attractive and well-fitted COUNTRY HOUSE in a healthy district, preferably within 40 miles of London; about seven-ten bedrooms; small garden to up gardens; sufficient land for privacy. Advertiser has been so many derelict houses at fancy prices that only genuine sellers need apply. Cash down, and no mortgage required.—Write Box M.294, The Times, E.C.4.

A Well FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED, Belgravia or Kensington, Nov. 22, six-eight weeks; six-seven bed rooms; elderly lady, very careful tenant; no pets. Moderate rent. One or more gardens; sufficient land for privacy. Advertiser has been so many derelict houses at fancy prices that only genuine sellers need apply. Cash down, and no mortgage required.—Write Box M.294, The Times, E.C.4.

A Well FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED, Belgravia or Kensington, Nov. 22, six-eight weeks; six-seven bed rooms; elderly lady, very careful tenant; no pets. Moderate rent. One or more gardens; sufficient land for privacy. Write Box 3711, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

A Responsible TENANT or PURCHASER will be speedily INTRODUCED by instructing FAIRBROTHER, WEST and Co., 178, Praed-street, W.2. Padd. 3833.

BRENT or GOLDERS GREEN (near Heath).—WANTED, UNFURNISHED HOUSE; five-six bed, two-three reception rooms; garage; garden; moderate space; moderate rent.—Write Box 3161, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

COUNTRY COTTAGE WANTED, Rent or Purchase, within 50 miles of London; four bed rooms; wooded; must be absolutely secluded.—Write Box F.3455, The Times, E.C.4.

FURNISHED RESIDENCE REQUIRED AT ONCE.—COBHAM or OXSHOTT DISTRICT.—Three reception, seven bed (two baths; garage for two); six months or longer; excellent tenant.—Particulars to EWBANK and Co., High-street, Cobham. 'Phone 47.

ESSEX.—WANTED, to PURCHASE or RENT at once, a modern HOUSE with about four rooms and five acres, suitable for market garden; not more than 25 miles from London.—Write Dundas, 19, Trafalgar-square, Chelsea, S.W.1.

NO COMMISSION REQUIRED.

MESSRS. NICHOLAS are seeking to purchase on behalf of a client a RESIDENTIAL and SPORTING ESTATE in Hampshire, Surrey, or Sussex. The house is not wanted. 16-18 bed rooms being sufficient; trout fishing a great attraction, and the estate must provide good shooting; Hampshire preferred, but other districts considered.—Write to "F. R. C." Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

REQUIRED to PURCHASE in the area between REDHILL and GUILDFORD, a good type of HOUSE, either (as not thought fit) a good type of HOUSE, either an old house modernised, a replica or modern architect-built residence; seven-eight bed rooms, good convenience, two or three acres of gardens, and paddock or two; up to £3,000 will be paid and inspections made at an early date.—Details and photographs to W. C., care of NORFOLK and PERCIL, 14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY, a COUNTRY HOUSE of a good type, within 50 miles of London, high up, on light soil; four reception rooms, three or more bath rooms, 12 to 15 bed rooms; stabling, garage, well-timbered gardens, grassland, and woods, about 50 ACRES. Price not exceeding £12,000.—Details and photos should be sent direct to Lady R., Mount-street, W.1.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, in SURREY, BERKS, BUCKS, or HERTFORDSHIRE.—Well-appointed HOUSE; seven or more bed rooms, four reception rooms if possible; company's electric light and water required; about two acres garden to ensure complete privacy. A reasonable price will be paid. (Usual commission required.)—Full particulars should be sent to E. Messrs. COLLINS and COLLINS, 37, South Audley-street, London.

WANTED to BUY or LEASE, COUNTRY HOUSE within three miles of main line station, about one hour London; three sitting, five-six bed rooms, small offices. Two Acres or over; not hunting country; Thames Valley; not over £3,000.—Apply, stating full particulars, Surveyor.

WANTED, in SOMERSET or DORSET, A LONG LOW HOUSE with eight to ten bed rooms, three to four reception rooms. Modern conveniences and good stabling. About 100 acres of grassland. Price about £4,000.—Particulars to Messrs. CLUTTON, CLUTTON and ROBERTSON and LUCEY, 108, Mount-street, London, W. (Tele., Gros. 1471.)

WANTED to BUY, in KENT, SURREY, BUCKS, or OXON, an OLD-STYLE HOUSE with about 100 acres grass; six-seven beds; good hunting; must be available shortly for a really nice small property.—"A.K.," care of WOODCOCK and SON, 20, Conduit-street, W.1.

FACTORIES

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

RE
BURY PAPER MAKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SALE by PRIVATE TREATY, the old-established PAPER MILL PROPERTIES known as GIGG MILLS, with the office, Dryworks, 23 cottages, four dwelling houses, and valuable Water Rights, situate at Gigg Bury, in the County of Lancaster, together with the steam boilers, engines, sub-station, transformers, converters, switch board, 66 motors, bleach plant, bleaching towers, size plant, clay plant, beaters, three paper making machines with two stuff chests to each machine and pumps, power, steam, and hydraulic mains, fittings of mills, mechanics' shop and case making shop, new locomotive, office furniture, fixtures, stores, and general effects throughout or without stock of unsold paper.

The site of the mills, reservoirs, offices, dryworks, and of the cottages and dwelling houses contains approximately 179,710 square yards, and with the exception of 1,570 square yards is held on long leasehold, subject to rents amounting in the aggregate to £753 5s. 1d. per annum. The land containing 1,570 square yards is held on a yearly tenancy subject to the annual rent of £6 10s. 10d.

The rents receivable in respect of the dryworks, cottages, dwelling houses, &c., amount to £748 6s. 8d. per annum.

There is a valuable siding connecting the works with the London Midland and Scottish Railway Company.

The property will be sold subject to the covenants, reservations, and conditions relating to the same.

Further particulars may be had from Messrs. C. M. Merchant and Son, Chartered Accountants, Savings Bank Buildings, Bury; or from Messrs. Butcher and Barlow, Solicitors, Bury, Lancashire.

AND NOW
THE BIJOU FACTORY.

To meet the demands of Manufacturers who do not require a large floor space we are now building small SELF-CONTAINED FACTORIES, which have all the well-known facilities of our larger types, and the rents of which are only

£80 PER ANNUM.

Dept. "A" SLOUGH ESTATES, Ltd.,
TRADING ESTATE, SLOUGH.
'Phone: Slough 240.

FARMS AND NURSERIES

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

MARLPOST FARM, SOUTHWATER.—For SALE, this exceptionally good and compact small holding with Georgian RESIDENCE, containing seven bedrooms, farm buildings and 30 ACRES of sound fertile land. Sale imperative, owner leaving district. £1,950.—KING and CHASEMORE, Horsham.

WANTED to BUY in KENT or SUSSEX, gentleman's PLEASURE FARM, 10-50 acres (some fruit preferred); moderate sized house, about 5 to 10 rooms; cottabuildings. Price £1,500 to £2,000.—N., care of GEERING and COLYER, Ashford, Kent.

SPORTS GROUNDS

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

WELL-KNOWN BUSINESS HOUSE REQUIRE PURCHASE FREEHOLD LAND within easy access City; suitable sports ground; approximately Four to Five Acres; main drainage and electric light.—Full details and price to Box R.1559, The Times, E.C.4.

DELIGHTFUL NEW HOUSES
IN A QUIET SQUARE ON THE CADOGAN ESTATE.

Seven or eight bed rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, ground-floor domestic offices; garage. *Conveniently planned, luxuriously fitted; central heating, hot water, electricity, gas; labour-saving.*

UNUSUALLY BRIGHT AND CHEERFUL. ALL DARK PLACES ELIMINATED.
LEASE 99 YEARS. PRICES FROM £8,500.

MESSRS. WINKWORTH & CO., 48, CURZON-STREET, MAYFAIR.

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS

(Established 1778.)
ESTATE AGENTS, SURVEYORS, AND VALUERS.
25, MOUNT-STREET, W.1.
5, WEST HALKIN-STREET, AND 45, PARLIAMENT-STREET. 13, HOBART-PLACE, EATON-SQUARE, S.W.1. Telephone: Grosvenor 1553.

TOWN HOUSES FOR SALE.

HYDE PARK.
(OVERLOOKING).
WITH SOUTH ASPECT.
TO BE SOLD. A BARGAIN.

A CHARMING FAMILY RESIDENCE, with GARAGE at rear and rooms over; 12 bed rooms, two bath rooms, five reception rooms, excellent domestic offices, modern conveniences, including parquet floors, independent hot water installation, electric heating, secondary staircase, service lift.

LEASE 46 YEARS.
GROUND-RENT £200 PER ANNUM.
PRICE FOR AN IMMEDIATE SALE, £8,500.
Recommended by GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.
AN ATTRACTIVE MEDIUM-SIZED RESIDENCE.

AN opportunity occurs to acquire the Lease of a Modernised RESIDENCE, within a few minutes of the Station and in one of the most sought-after positions in this district; seven or eight bed and dressing rooms, three or four reception rooms, bath room, usual offices; service lift; constant hot water; private garden; in excellent order; lease about 21 years; rent £175, rising to £200; premium £1,200.—Recommended by GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1, or at other offices.

FURNISHED HOUSES & FLATS,
AVAILABLE FOR THE WINTER OR LONGER.

HOUSES.

BERKELEY-SQUARE, W. Just out of.—An attractive RESIDENCE; six bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, &c.; modern conveniences. Rent 25gns. a week.

CHESTERFIELD-STREET, W.—A beautifully FURNISHED BIJOU RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms. Rent 35gns. a week for any period less than a year.

CROSVENOR-STREET. A family RESIDENCE; 17 bed rooms, four bath rooms, five reception rooms, &c.; passenger lift. Rent £500 per week.

JOHN-STREET, W.—A charming BIJOU HOUSE; five bed rooms, three bath rooms, two reception rooms, &c. Rent 15gns. a week.

SOUTH-STREET, W.—A magnificently appointed and splendidly FURNISHED low-built RESIDENCE; 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, &c.; garage and chauffeur's flat. Available to 1st Feb. only. Rent 45gns. a week.

CUMBERLAND-PLACE.—Overlooking Regent's Park; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, &c.; passenger lift; central heating, &c. Rent only 35gns. a week.

HYDE PARK-GARDENS, W.—Overlooking the Park and facing South; nine bed rooms, three bath rooms, five reception rooms, &c. Rent 25gns. a week or offer.

FLATS.

SOUTH-STREET, MAYFAIR.—Overlooking Gardens; six bed rooms, two bath rooms, two reception rooms, &c.; fourth floor. Rent 14gns. a week.

CARLTON-PLACE, W.—Well FURNISHED, with large rooms; six bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, &c.; second floor. Rent 12gns. a week.

EATON-SQUARE, S.W.—

FLATS AND CHAMBERS
(Continued from Page 23)

WILSON & CO.,
14, MOUNT-STREET, LONDON, W.1.

Luxuriously appointed with cheerful sunny and open aspect.

SPACIOUS MAYFAIR FLAT
for DISPOSAL in one of the most sought-after and up-to-date buildings in this fashionable quarter. Newly decorated and containing :—
Six bed rooms, four fine bath rooms, three reception rooms, and lounge hall.
Capital offices including servants' hall.
Reasonable premium required for the lease of 11 years at £1,500 per annum
Inclusive of rates, central heating, constant hot water, use of two lifts, &c.
Strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

VERY LIGHT AND QUIET.
MOST Attractive SERVICE FLAT in Mayfair to be LET, unfurnished ; situate in favourite building ; beautifully decorated, and containing two bed rooms, bath room, large sitting room and box room ; central heating ; constant hot water ; passenger lift ; splendid catering and attendance. Small premium required. Strongly recommended.
£425 P.A. INCLUSIVE.
Sole Agents,
WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

A MANSION FLAT, WITH SOUTH ASPECT, adjoining

GROSVENOR-SQUARE,
in a luxurious modern building, with central heating and constant hot water ; beautifully decorated, and containing :—
Five bed rooms, three bath rooms, two reception rooms, excellent domestic offices.
LOW RENT, £640 per annum, INCLUDING RATES. Greatly reduced premium for 4, 6, or 13 years' lease.
Strongly recommended by the Owner's Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

A. B. CHESNEY, LTD.,
LARGE SELECTION of WEST END FLATS.
28, Eastcastle-street, Oxford-circus, W.1. Museum 4600.
£216 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE.—An excellent MANSION FLAT in W.C.1 district ; four bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, bath room ; constant hot water ; £50 or other fix fixtures and fittings.
£150 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE.—MANSION FLAT, WESTMINSTER ; two bed, reception, bath ; service optional.

KENSINGTON GARDENS.—Unique RESIDENTIAL STUDIO, 45ft. long, with two rooms ; £250 per annum inclusive.—FARNHAM and COIGLEY, 9, Kensington High-street. Park 6666.

LARGE FIRST-FLOOR FLAT, in prominent position in South Kensington, to be LET, Unfurnished ; five bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, kitchen, &c. ; passenger lift ; constant hot water ; porter. Rent £275 per annum or lower offer. Premium required. Strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HOWELL, SON and BONNIN, 88A, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. (Western 5133-4.)

LANCASTER-GATE.—Attractive four-roomed FURNISHED FLAT ; constant hot water ; moderate. Paddington 4400.

LEASE for SALE, KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—Beautifully FURNISHED seven-roomed FLAT ; two years to run and furniture £1,255.—Sloane 5458 or Croydon 1050.

MADDOX-STREET, close to Regent-street.—Self-contained FLAT ; two rooms, kitchen, and bath ; good lease ; moderate. No premium.—Apply Allan Phillips and Co., 11, Maddox-street, W.1. Phones, Mayfair 1402-3.

MAYFAIR (1min. Piccadilly).—Lady wishes to SELL luxuriously FURNISHED FLAT ; three bed, two reception, kitchen, bath ; lift. Bargain.—Phone May-fair 2505.

MAYFAIR.—Unfurnished MAISONNETTE to be LET ; three bed rooms, large double reception room, kitchen, bath ; rent moderate ; lease 7 years. Apply Messrs. JACKSON STOPS, Stops House, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1.

MAYFAIR.—Delightful MEWS FLAT to be LET FURNISHED for any period ; two reception, two bed rooms, bath. Exceptional antique furniture.—WHITE-MAN, 56, Brompton-road, S.W. Sloane 0138.

MAYFAIR.
FACING SOUTH OVER GARDENS.
A MOST ATTRACTIVE FIRST-FLOOR FLAT IN EXCELLENT ORDER CONTAINING FIVE OR SIX BED ROOMS, BATH ROOM, TWO OR THREE RECEPTION ROOMS (ONE WITH BAY WINDOWS), KITCHEN, PANTRY, &c.
Long Lease. Rent £725 inclusive.
No Premium.
Highly recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

MONTAGU-SQUARE (off).—£110 per annum exclusive. Well-arranged Unfurnished FLAT ; two bed, two reception, &c. Reasonable sum for six years' lease and fittings.—Apply to S. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street. W.1. Welbeck 2070.

NO PREMIUM, KENSINGTON.—Delightful unfurnished MAISONNETTE, overlooking gardens ; three bed, two reception, kitchen, bath ; £172 per annum inclusive.—GOODWIN and SON, 153, New Bond-street, W.

NORTH OF OXFORD-ST.
VERY WELL-FURNISHED FLAT, NEWLY DECORATED.
Four bed rooms, two reception, one bath room.
Constant hot water. Central heating.
Strongly recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

OXFORD-CIRCUS (a few minutes).—Charming MANSION FLAT in splendid condition ; first floor ; two bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, bath room ; constant hot water ; £50 or offer for fixtures and fittings.
£150 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE.—MANSION FLAT, WESTMINSTER ; two bed, reception, bath ; service optional.

PARKHILL (No. 14).—Self-contained FLATS ; well Furnished ; one floor ; telephone ; lift ; excellent cuisine. Moderate tariff. Regent 2044.

PRINCES-GATE (overlooking Gardens).—SECOND FLOOR FLAT to be LET FURNISHED for the Winter. Excellent cuisine. Five bed rooms, three reception rooms, four bed rooms ; constant hot water ; passenger lift. Most reasonable rent.—Apply Messrs. KING and KING, 115a, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tel. Nos. Sloane 2294 (three lines).

LANCASTER-GATE.—Attractive four-roomed FURNISHED FLAT ; constant hot water ; moderate. Paddington 4400.

LEASE for SALE, KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—Beautifully FURNISHED seven-roomed FLAT ; two years to run and furniture £1,255.—Sloane 5458 or Croydon 1050.

MADDOX-STREET, close to Regent-street.—Self-contained FLAT ; two rooms, kitchen, and bath ; good lease ; moderate. No premium.—Apply Allan Phillips and Co., 11, Maddox-street, W.1. Phones, Mayfair 1402-3.

MAYFAIR (1min. Piccadilly).—Lady wishes to SELL luxuriously FURNISHED FLAT ; three bed, two reception, kitchen, bath ; lift. Bargain.—Phone May-fair 2505.

MAYFAIR.—Unfurnished MAISONNETTE to be LET ; three bed rooms, large double reception room, kitchen, bath ; rent moderate ; lease 7 years. Apply Messrs. JACKSON STOPS, Stops House, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1.

MAYFAIR.—Delightful MEWS FLAT to be LET FURNISHED for any period ; two reception, two bed rooms, bath. Exceptional antique furniture.—WHITE-MAN, 56, Brompton-road, S.W. Sloane 0138.

SERVICE FLATS
(facing the Park).
Furnished for any period.
High-class Restaurant. Children specially catered for. Apply Manager, ROYAL PARK MANSIONS, De Vere-gardens, London, W.8.
Telephone : Kensington 3675 (10 lines).

SLOANE-STREET, S.W. (just off).—An excellent FLAT, without premium ; constant hot water, &c., to be LET. Unfurnished ; 3 bed rooms, large two-three reception rooms, bath room, lounge hall and offices. New lease. Modern mansion block. Rent £400 per annum.—Apply Agents, Messrs. KING and KING, 115, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tel. Nos. Sloane 2294 (three lines).

SLOANE-STREET (just off).—An excellent MANSION FLAT to be LET FURNISHED for the Winter ; two bed rooms, bath room, reception room, kitchen ; rent 10 guineas per week.—Recommended by Messrs. KING and KING, 115, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tel. Nos. Sloane 2294 (3 lines).

ST. KENSINGTON.—UNFURNISHED FLAT with independent system for central heating and constant hot water ; four bed, two reception, &c. ; £235 per annum ; fixtures and fittings at valuation.—Apply to S. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1 (Welbeck 2070).

ST. LOAN-SQUARE.—FURNISHED FLAT ; reception, bed, bath, kitchen ; gas fires, cooker ; constant hot water ; lift.—Telephone Sloane 1322.

£190 PER ANNUM.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Newly decorated FIRST-FLOOR FLAT with 3 three bed, bath room, large reception room, and kitchen. New lease. No premium.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7880.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Really excellent FIRST-FLOOR CORNER FLAT ; two reception, five bed rooms, bath, kitchen. Rent only £250 per annum. Moderate premium for 7 years' lease and fittings.—HERBERMAN and Co., 191a, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.

ALBANY, W.1.
SMALL but cosy ATTIC FLAT to be LET FURNISHED ; hall, bed-bath room, bed-sitting room ; very light and quiet ; gas fires and plate left. Moderate rent.—Write Box 966, 8, Serle-street, W.C.2.

ST. JAMES'S-STREET, PICCADILLY.—FURNISHED SERVICE FLATS to be LET.—Apply Manager, Palace Chambers, 24, St. James's-street, S.W.1. Gerrard 1210.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—FURNISHED FLAT ; two bed, one sitting, kitchen, bath ; near Tube. Underground. Rent 2½gns. week.—31, Abbey-road. Maida Vale 4140.

SUNNY SPACIOUS FLAT, facing South ; absolute quiet ; lovely view ; eight rooms (two, bath rooms) ; constant hot water, central heating, lift ; portering ; garden ; 10gns. weekly ; butler and cook if required. 38a, Lyon's Inn, Strand, or lower rooms, Thorne Park 3589, or write Box F.972, The Times, E.C.4.

SUNNY TOP FLAT gentlewoman's quiet house ; bed room, sitting room, kitchenette, newly decorated and furnished.—52, Durham-terrace, W.2.

THE ST. KNIGHTSBRIDGE ; seven rooms ; well FURNISHED ; quiet, warm ; 6½ guineas per month.—Apply Sloane 5456 or Croydon 1090.

TO be LET, SUITE of FIVE ROOMS ; with central heating ; intercommunicating ; St. James's-square, S.W.1.—For terms write Box W.1846, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET for several months, a charming well FURNISHED MAYFAIR MAISONNETTE, with large and lofty rooms yet compact and easily run ; four bed, three reception ; constant hot water ; able rent according to term.—Agents, H. LIDDINGTON and Co., 87, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square, Mayfair 0737.

UNFURNISHED ONE-ROOM FLATLETS (redecorated) to be LET in charming house ; service as required. Apply 2, Portland-square, Holland Park, before 10 o'clock or after 5 o'clock. Park 2194.

UNFURNISHED FLAT to be LET, KNIGHTSBRIDGE ; rent reduced, £410 ; seven rooms, two w.c.'s, two bath rooms ; fittings cheap. Particulars from Sloane 5456 or Croydon 1050. View any time.

WARWICK-SQUARE, S.W.1.—Self-contained Upper MAISONNETTE ; delightful position, overlooking gardens ; five rooms, bath room. Rent £160 per annum ; lease built two months. Inspect before. Apply ROGERS, CHAPMAN and THOMAS, 50, Bedford-row, W.C.1.

WELL FURNISHED Self-contained FLAT ; large reception, bed, kitchen, bath ; 5gns. ; service available. Dalsell, 40, Colville-gardens, Bayswater. Park 8116.

WELL FURNISHED FLAT to be LET containing three bed rooms, bath, fitted offices ; all modern conveniences ; 6 guineas per week.—Apply 74, Elm Park-mansions, Park-walk, Chelsea, S.W.10.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS (continued)

NORMAN BRETT & CO.,
19, GEORGE-STREET, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.
Mayfair 6482.
offer the following MANSION FLATS WITHOUT premium :—
North Audley-street.—Five bed, three bath, two reception ; £850 per annum.
Mayfair.—Two-five bed, two bath, two reception ; £340-£975 per annum.
Bromption-road.—Two bed, one bath, two reception ; £310 per annum.
Kensington-court.—Three bed, one bath, two reception ; £350 per annum.
The above are recommended and immediate inspection advised. Communicate with Agents, as above.

FACING GARDENS in SQUARE, WITH ACCESS.
£125 PER ANNUM.—WESTMINSTER.—Bright Unfurnished THIRD-FLOOR SELF-CONTAINED FLAT ; two bed rooms, one reception, kitchen, bath.—J. CURTIS and Co., Abbey House, 2, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

COSILY FURNISHED MANSION FLAT.
3-3½ GNS. PER WEEK.—CHELSEA.—Well FURNISHED FLAT ; telephone ; two bed rooms, one reception, kitchen, bath.—L. J. CURTIS and Co., as above.

CHEAP FLATS
UNFURNISHED.

SLOANE-STREET (off)	5 bed.	2 recep.	£250 p.a.
CADOGAN-PLACE (by)	3 bed.	2 recep.	£200 p.a.
EATON-SQUARE (by)	4 bed.	2 recep.	£200 p.a.

Low Premiums.
FURNISHED.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE	5 bed.	2 recep.	12/14gns. Bargain
Do.	4 bed.	2 recep.	10gns. "
SLOANE-STREET	3 bed.	2 recep.	8gns. "
ADAMS and WATTIS, 38, Sloane-street, S.W.1.			

FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.
WHITEHALL COURT, S.W.1.—Shortly becoming available for any period ; double bed room, large sitting room, and bath room ; very comfortably furnished and appointed.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Victoria 3100.

WESTBOURNE-TERRACE, W.2.—UPPER MAISONNETTE ; eight rooms, two baths, two lavatories ; redecorated. Rent £300 inclusive.—Write Box E.1477, The Times, E.C.4.

FURNISHED FROM OCTOBER.
WESTMINSTER.—Nice airy FLAT, with four bed, bath, two reception rooms, and kitchen ; rent 10gns. per week ; maid lett.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Vic. 7860 and 1.

FIVE BED, TWO BATHS, TWO SITTING ROOMS.
£400 PER ANNUM.—Quietest position in Westminster, close to St. James's Park.—Light, airy, and tastefully appointed FLAT to be LET without premium ; carpets, curtains, &c., optional.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

TWO RECEPTION, FOUR BED ROOMS.
£250.—WESTMINSTER.—Well arranged CORNER FLAT, in select, seven-eight years' lease, open outlook ; fittings, &c., £20.—ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 123, Victoria-street, S.W.1. (Vic. 8881.)

£122 PER ANNUM. — SELF-CONTAINED FLATS. Hall and Top (four rooms, bath, kitchen).—29, Hogarth-road, Earl's Court. Park 3661.

4 GNS. PER WEEK.—Comfortable, FURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED FLAT ; large reception, two bed rooms ; constant hot water to kitchen and bath room, gas fires.—Telephone, Housekeeper, 3, Clanricarde-gardens, Hyde Park, W.2.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

BOURNEMOUTH, East Cliff, immediately facing the sea.—Excellent self contained FLATS to be LET Unfurnished, each containing two sitting rooms, five or six bed rooms, two bath rooms, and offices ; central heating and hot water supplied ; garage.—Apply rents and further particulars apply to REDBRICK BROS., The Square, Bournemouth.

FURNISHED FLAT ; garage ; six rooms ; modern conveniences ; fine position facing sea, two minutes beach, close to Moordams.—Lock, Cirencester.

ST. ANNES-ON-SEA.—Small, excellent FLAT ; 25s. weekly clear ; suit person desiring to economise.—Write Box M.222, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED

FLAT, three rooms, also bath, kitchen, Unfurnished, in W.8, S.W.7, S.W.1, or adjoining districts ; 1st December or later.—Write full particulars to Box M.275, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY, careful tenant, requires small FURNISHED FLAT ; two bed, one sitting, kitchen, and bath ; self-contained ; central position ; telephone ; moderate rent.—Write Box M.280, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, FURNISHED FLAT, self-contained, with double bed room, sitting room, bath, and kitchenette ; near Tube station and within 20 minutes Charing Cross (Bank) ; rent not to exceed £2 2s. per week.—Write Box 06435, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

WANTED.—Unfurnished FLAT with four bed rooms, two-three reception rooms. Rent £400-£500 per annum. Mayfair district preferred.—Apply Messrs. JACKSON STOPS, Stops House, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1.

WANTED in SOUTH KENSINGTON or VICTORIA, FURNISHED FLAT, with three bed rooms, 1st November to mid-January. Rent 7gns.—Particulars to V. S., care of DRAKE and RUCK, 39, Alfred-place, South Kensington.

WANTED, KENSINGTON, KNIGHTSBRIDGE, or LANCASTER-GATE.—Unfurnished FLAT, four bed rooms, bath, two reception, &c. Long lease.—Full particulars to A., care of GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

WANTED, UNFURNISHED FLAT ; must be in good residential neighbourhood. Rent not to exceed £150.—Write Box 06440, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

WANTED, SMALL FLAT, suitable for single person, Bayswater, or within easy reach of City.—Write Box 06439, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

CONSULTING ROOMS

CONSULTING ROOMS to be LET, Harley-street and district ; whole and part time. Lists sent on application.—ELGOOD and Co., 10, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square, W.1. Langham 2601.

SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

MAPLE & CO., LTD.,
Auctioneers, Estate Agents and Valuers,
TOTTENHAM COURT-ROAD, W.1.

17, WEST LODGE-AVENUE, EALING COMMON.
MAPLE and Co., Ltd., beg to state that the above FREEHOLD has been SOLD by Private Treaty, and the AUCTION announced to take place this day at 2.30 p.m. is therefore CANCELLED.

SALE this day at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C., at 2.30 p.m., of the MODERN labour-saving RESIDENCE on two floors, with garage and large garden, 27, AYLESTONE-AVENUE, BRONDESBURY PARK, N.W.2.—Auctioneers, MAPLE and Co., Ltd.

FORTHCOMING SALES BY PUBLIC AUCTION.
FAIRLEY-ROAD, BARNES, SURREY.
AN undoubtedly attractive HOUSE with modern conveniences ; detached, double-fronted ; crazy-paved front garden, with matured garden at rear. Accommodation on two floors only : five bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, usual offices ; central heating, electric power ; lavatory basins in four bed rooms ; parquet flooring ; detached Garage. Rent £180 per annum, at a ground rent. For SALE privately, or by public AUCTION at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on Wednesday, November 12th next.—Auctioneers, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., as above.

119, HORNSEY-LANE, HIGHGATE, N.6.
THIS commanding Detached, Double-fronted FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, standing back from the road and approached by carriage sweep ; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three entertaining rooms, and offices ; garage ; large garden, in all about ONE ACRE ; electric light and power ; good, lofty rooms. For SALE privately, or by public AUCTION at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4, on Wednesday, a date to be fixed next.—Messrs. MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

ADJOINING PINNER HILL GOLF COURSE.—Charming HOUSE : one large sitting room, four beds, bath, &c. ; pretty gardens. £2,300 FREEHOLD.—Apply J., 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

RICHMOND.
Actually overlooks the beautiful Park, Golf Links, &c.
A Well-arranged NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE in a healthy position on gravel soil ; five bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, balcony, and excellent domestic offices ; every modern convenience ; good garden. £1,550 FREEHOLD.—Sole Agents, HOUGHTONS OF RICHMOND, Adj. Railway Stations, Tels., Richmond 3141 (4 lines). And at Kew Gardens and Putney.

IN MAGNIFICENT COUNTRY.
yet only 25 minutes to City.
BEAUTIFUL HAYES (KENT).—Charming modern DETACHED FREEHOLD ; six beds, with cavity walls and slate damp course ; four good beds, bath, separate w.c., two excellent receptions, cloak room ; garage ; electric light and gas, main drainage ; £1,375 only. Quite secluded. Mr. BARD YOUNG, Bingham Hall, Addiscombe. 'Phone 1611.

BEAUTIFULLY appointed NON-BASEMENT CORNER RESIDENCE, facing Common, S.W. district ; large and lofty rooms, all on two floors ; fine hall, four reception, 12 bed, three bath rooms, excellent offices ; one acre ; ample garage space. Over £800 spent on decorations past few months. FREEHOLD or LONG LEASEHOLD, with option. Rent £260 per annum.—Apply JOHN G. DREAN and Co., 196, High-road, Balham, Surrey.

BETWEEN FINCHLEY-ROAD AND HAMPSTEAD HEATH.
TWO FLOORS ONLY.
NON-BASEMENT. PARQUET FLOORS.
Five bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, small offices.
FREEHOLD.
Apply HAMPTON and SONS, 49, Heath-street, Hampstead, N.W.3.

CRICKLEWOOD.—To be LET or SOLD, charming semi-detached HOUSE ; Southern aspect ; six bed rooms, three large reception rooms, delightful garden.—Apply Owner, 173, Walm-lane, Cricklewood.

EDGWARE.
CANON'S PARK.
Not a garden city, but a beautiful park, planned over 200 years ago by the Duke of Chandos, and recently beautified by Sir Arthur du Cros at a cost of many thousands.
Cedar-lined avenues ; boating ; fishing ; swimming and adjoining golf course.
£1,200 to £3,000 (small cash payments arranged) will secure a gem of a house in this unique setting.
Or build to your own design.
A few plots on the avenue and other picked positions available.
Perfect Tudor reproduction just completed. Bricks, tiles, oak, &c., all antiques. The most fascinating little place imaginable. As advertisement, will be Sold at cost. 2,000 GUINEAS ONLY (200 CASH).
Illustrated booklet
"A House in a Park," by H. C. Shelley.
Sent post paid.
Agents : FREDERICK GEORGE and Co., Ltd., Premier-parade, Edgware (adjoining Tube Station).

HIGHGATE, WOODSIDE PARK, TOTTERIDGE, WHETSTONE, FINCHLEY, HADLEY WOOD.
FOR particulars of all available RESIDENCES, FLATS, SHOPS, BUILDING LAND in these districts apply, stating requirements, PRICKETT and ELLIS, Auctioneers and Valuers, 7, High-street, Highgate, N.6 ; Highgate Station (L.N.E.R.). N.6 ; 57, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

LATEST Labour-saving Detached RESIDENCE in open country position, three minutes electric trains, 30 minutes Waterloo. Lady just leaving will take low rental £200. first-class order. Hard tennis court, lounge hall, bath, 2nrt. lounge, beamed ceiling, dining room, constant hot water, electric light and power ; delightful old time gardens. Fruit trees. View any time.—Messrs. GOODMAN & MANN, Hampton Court Station.

UNSOLD AUCTION BARGAIN.
MUSWELL HILL.—Attractive MODERN RESIDENCE in high position, close station and bus routes ; contains every good bed, bath room, &c., ON TWO FLOORS ONLY ; every modern convenience ; electric light ; suitable two flats ; lease 70 years. Bargain at £1,800 for quick sale.—ROBSON and PERRIN, Highgate, N.6.

PURLEY. £1,400. FREEHOLD.
PLEASANT surroundings, best locality.—Detached RESIDENCE, well built, with many rooms ; three bed, bath, two reception, fitted offices ; all excellent ; fully stocked garden, fruit trees, &c.—Apply ALLISON and TARVER, opposite Royal Oak, Purley. 'Phone 1323.

SUBURBAN HOUSES (continued)

DIXON & CO.,
Railway Approach, SUTTON, Surrey. Tels., Sutton 2097 (3 lines) ; and 25, Cheam and Wallington.

BANSTEAD DOWNS (almost adjoining), very fine position, 2min. buses and old-world village, 10min. station, electric service to London Bridge and Victoria, quiet road.—Excellent modern PROPERTY, compactly planned ; electric light ; latest improvements ; TWO FLOORS : three bed rooms, tiled bath room, two reception rooms, kitchenette (two rooms measure 17ft. 6in. long) ; pleasant garden. FREEHOLD £925 ; £50 deposit, balance as rent.

SUTTON, highest and best part, 300ft. up, convenient for tennis and social clubs, half-mile Banstead Downs.—Attractive MODERN PROPERTY, planned for labour-saving ; electric light ; latest improvements ; TWO FLOORS ; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, rooms, kitchenette ; garage. FREEHOLD £1,150.

SUTTON, quiet road, convenient for station, shops, and buses.—Excellent detached RESIDENCE, IN GOOD ORDER, well built and planned, TWO FLOORS ; four bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, usual domestic offices ; GARDEN over ¼ QUARTER of an ACRE ; garage space ; electric light ; modern conveniences. FREEHOLD £1,400.

CARSHALTON BEECHES, in a fine high position, few minutes station.—Excellently planned MODERN PROPERTY ; TWO FLOORS ; electric light ; latest improvements ; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, kitchenette ; pleasant gardens ; GARAGE. FREEHOLD £1,175.
Full particulars of these and other available properties may be obtained from DIXON and Co., as above.

UXBRIDGE-ROAD, W.—Unique RESIDENCE ; seven bed, bath, three reception, conservatory ; White Rose boiler ; in splendid repair ; cheerful outlook. PRICE £2,500, or Rent £150.—Apply EYDMANN, STREET and BRIDGE, 242, High-street, Acton.

£3,850 OR NEAR OFFER.
WIMBLEDON.
IN A SECLUDED POSITION
close to Common and Stations.
A FREEHOLD, artistic, four-roomed DETACHED HOUSE, ON TWO FLOORS ONLY.
Hall, two reception, five beds, bath ; electric light and power ; excellent decorative repair ; good garage. LARGE GARDEN, delightfully laid out (space for tennis lawn).—Strongly recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, High-street, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19. (D.3810.)

CHISLEHURST.
On an eminence. Fine views. Sunny aspect. Close to Camden and Sundridge Parks.
TO BE LET OR SOLD,
WELL BUILT and attractive RESIDENCE (only drive approach) ; hall, three good reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, bath room, &c.
Company's electric light, gas and water.
Partial central heating. Main drainage.
Brick-built GARAGE about 20ft. by 15ft.
EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GROUNDS shaded by fine old trees, tennis lawn, kitchen garden, flower gardens, &c., in all nearly 1¼ ACRE ; few minutes of station and golf.
RENT £200 P.A. PRICE £4,000.
Inspected and recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (K.39301.)

CHARMING OLD HOUSE OF CHARACTER.
In 4½ ACRES of beautiful old-world and finely timbered grounds, occupying unique situation, being quite rural yet only
8 MILES from TOWN and NORTH of HAMPSTEAD ; it stands high, in absolute seclusion, and commands extensive views to the South ; recently modernised and redecorated at great cost ; two floors only ; six or seven bed rooms, dressing room, three bath rooms, two reception rooms, servants' hall ; central heating, electric light, and gas ; modern five-roomed gardener's cottage, chauffeur's quarters or two bed room and bath room ; garage for two cars ; first-class hard tennis court, superb wide-spreading lawns, fine rose pergolas and flower gardens, picturesque wood, prolific kitchen garden ; close golf, two miles Sandy Lodge. FREEHOLD.
—Full particulars and photos of the Sole Agents, ERNEST OWERS, Ltd., 200, Finchley-road, N.W.3. (Hampstead 4910.)

FURNISHED SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

SMALL WELL FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET ; two reception rooms, four single bed rooms ; electric light, heating, gas ; 10 minutes station.—Mrs. McLaren, Rosleigh, High View, Pinner.

WIMBLEDON COMMON.—Beautiful HOUSE with Garden to be LET, FURNISHED, for six months (November-April) ; three large reception and lounge hall, 11 bed rooms, two baths ; with or without complete staff ; double garage and chauffeur's rooms above. Any reasonable offer considered.—Apply Box 2/a, Geo. Kelly and Co., 14, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

WILLETT.
GODALMING (near).—Genuine old TUDOR RESIDENCE in glorious wooded country.
Six bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, compact offices.
Wealth genuine old oak beams and floors, old brick open fireplaces and chimneys, &c.
Electricity, water, independent hot water service and modern drainage.
Beautifully restored and ready for immediate entry.
33 ACRES.
Pasture and woodland and stream.
Fine old oak tithe barn.
PRICE £4,500 FREEHOLD.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS, occupying a fine Residential situation.—A well built MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE standing in its own grounds.
Eight bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, well planned offices.
Central heating, independent hot water, &c., lavatory basins to bed rooms ; electric lighting and all conveniences.
Delightful terraced gardens.
Tennis court. Rock gardens. Pergolas.
Garage. Greenhouses.
PRICE £5,975 FREEHOLD.
Full particulars from the Agents :—
WILLIAM WILLETT, LTD.,
SLOANE-SQUARE, S.W.1. (Sloane 8141.)

PEASLAKE, near GOMSHALL SURREY.
In this glorious district between Pitch Hill and Hombury.
A Gentleman's RESIDENCE, two miles Station, between Guildford and Dorking ; in delightful position, high up, on sandy soil, right in the country, yet convenient for Town ; omnibus service five minutes' walk.
Eight bed and dressing rooms, bath, three reception rooms, lounge hall, billiard room.
Central heating, main water ; cottage ; garage for three cars, stabling ; matured and secluded grounds. THREE ACRES.
Agents, HARRIE STACEY and SON, Gresham Buildings, Redhill.

AMIDST the most beautiful scenery in Surrey, with a gorgeous views South to Hindhead and Blackdown.—For SALE, a most attractive MODERN RESIDENCE, fitted with every modern comfort and improvement ; electric lighting and heating throughout, Vita glass, &c. ; eight principal bed rooms (all hot and cold running water), four bath rooms, servants' rooms and two bath rooms, four reception rooms, excellent offices, tiled roofs ; large garage, Badminton court, two hard tennis courts, kitchen with glass, part and woodland, long carriage drives, 30 ACRES ; nearly sole ONE OF THE CHOICEST HOUSES OF ITS SIZE IN THE MARKET.
Full particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

BURNHAM BEECHES.
ATTRACTIVE COTTAGE RESIDENCE to be SOLD in secluded part of the Beeches ; four bed, dressing room, bath room, three reception, good offices ; charming old-world garden 1 ACRE ; garage ; electric light, 'phone, &c. ; in state of excellent condition, strongly recommended.—BAILEY-DENTON and Co., Farnham Common. 'Phone 179.

A New stone-built TUDOR COTTAGE ; stone-tile roof, mullion windows, metal casements, oak doors, timbered ceilings, parquet floors, three bed rooms, lounge, bath and cold, bath room ; two lavatories ; garage ; electricity. £1,250.—Elliott, Whitchurch, Herefordshire.

BEACONSFIELD, A. C. FROST.
Opposite Station. Homefinder free. 'Phone 600.

ONLY £2,000.
BEAUTIFUL LEITH HILL District.—Picturesque COTTAGE-STYLE RESIDENCE in apple pie order, and on sandy soil (600ft. above sea) ; two reception, five bed, bath room, kitchen, and usual offices ; prettily laid-out garden ; electric light, company's water, phone, modern drainage, &c.—Recommended by WALLIS and WALLIS, 21, High-street, Guildford. 'Phone 1307.

GREATEST BARGAIN IN SURREY.
BEAUTIFUL HINDHEAD DISTRICT, fine position and views.—Finely built RESIDENCE in perfect order ; 12 bed, four reception, four bath, compact offices ; every convenience installed ; excellent lodge, chauffeur's flat, garage and stabling ; lovely inexpensive grounds ; 4½ ACRES. Low price for quick SALE.—Apply Owner's Agents, BRIDGER and SONS, Hindhead and Haslemere, Surrey.

BERKS (40 minutes London).—An attractive comfortable RESIDENCE, on high ground, enjoying quiet with lovely country outlook ; three reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room ; very pretty garden with ample fruit, and paddock ; window, nearly ONE ACRE.—Recommended by Messrs. NICHOLAS, Reading.
£2,000. NEAR GOLF.

BERKS.—Hunting centre.—Old-world style COUNTRY RESIDENCE ; perfect order ; South ; four reception, five bed, bath ; electric light, central heating ; two garages ; pretty grounds, hard tennis court, &c. ; nearly THREE ACRES. Recommended.—TREGADDOSIUS and PICKERSGILL, Newbury.

BERKS, PANGBOURNE, high ground.—For SALE, charming detached RESIDENCE ; five bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), three reception rooms ; matured garden with tennis court ; all conveniences ; garage. Recommended.—BUCK, LANE and SONS, 154, Friar-street, Reading.
£2,250.

BROADSTAIRS.—"BROOKHURST," ST. PETER'S-ROAD.—For SALE, this unusually well-built and fitted MODERN HOUSE, standing in secluded grounds, ONE ACRE, sunk orchard and flower garden, hard tennis court (Chas's green), class ; sheltered from North, open to South ; large lounge and two reception rooms (all parquet floor), cloak room, five bed rooms, dressing room ; £4,000 or less for quick sale.—Apply Owner.

AN UNDOUBTED BARGAIN.
BUCKS, close to WENDOVER.—Substantially built HOUSE, in good repair ; nine bed rooms (on one floor), bath room, four reception rooms, good domestic offices ; stabling, garage ; central heating ; grounds of Two Acres.
PRICE, FREEHOLD, £1,600,
INCLUDING FOUR COTTAGES.
Sole Agents, MARLER and MARLER, 25, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

BUCKS (25 miles from London).—HISTORICAL 16TH-CENTURY HOUSE reputed to have been occupied by Sir Francis Drake. Situate in a charming old village. Auction 21st inst. Details of BUCKLAND and SONS, Estate Agents, Slough and Windsor.

BUCKS.—Near PRINCES RISBOROUGH, 600ft. up on the Chilterns. Extremely well-built superior SEMI-BUNGALOW RESIDENCE ; two reception, three bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c. ; central heating, electric light, indoor sanitation, &c. Stocked flower, kitchen, and fruit gardens. Tennis lawn and garage. View by appointment through Estate Dept. ARMY and NAVY STORES, 105, Victoria-street, S.W.1.
£100 P.A. INCLUSIVE. LEASE.

BOURNEMOUTH.—For SALE, attractive detached HOUSE in Talbot Woods ; every convenience ; near lake ; three reception rooms, six bed rooms, two bath rooms ; garage.—Price and full particulars from REDBRICK BROS., The Square, Bournemouth.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

GEERING & COLYER, F.A.I.
Auctioneers, Land Agents and Valuers,
ASHFORD, KENT (Tele. 25).
Hawkhurst, Kent (Tele. 19) and Rye, Sussex (Tele. 55).

KENT, glorious situation, 600ft. up.—Choice little RESIDENTIAL and SPORTING ESTATE, 86 ACRES, sound meadowland and sporting woodlands, gentleman's attractive residence ; seven bed, two bath, and three-four reception ; co.'s water ; garage ; cut-houses ; nice grounds ; six-roomed bungalow ; POSSESSION. FREEHOLD only £3,250 ; or the residence, buildings, and about 31 acres, £2,250.

KENT, 40mins. Town, 5mins. Village.—Detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE ; five bed, bath, three reception ; co.'s electric light and water ; garage ; matured gardens, one acre. FREEHOLD £1,750. POSSESSION.

SUSSEX HIGHLANDS, outskirts delightful Village.—Fine old-fashioned COUNTRY HOUSE ; six bed, two b

PROPERTIES IN HAMPSHIRE, DORSET, AND WILTSHIRE

FOX & SONS,
LAND AGENTS, BOURNEMOUTH.

By Order of the Executors of the late Dowager Lady Smiley.

EAST CLIFF, BOURNEMOUTH.

OVERLOOKING THE BEAUTIFUL BAY.
Most expensively fitted. Charming grounds. Grand sea views.
The Magnificent Marine Mansion,
"FOREST HOUSE,"
GROVE-ROAD AND RUSSELL COTES-ROAD,
Seven principal bed rooms, three principal bath rooms, drawing room, dining room, morning room, laundry, four servants' bed rooms, two servants' bath rooms, servants' hall, kitchen, and excellent offices. WELL-BUILT COTTAGE and GARAGES with ACCOMMODATION for THREE CARS.
Delightful pleasure gardens comprising well-kept lawns, terrace walks, and shrubberies, practically abut on to the cliff. The whole extends to an area of about
ONE AND THREE-QUARTER ACRES.
The property is held on lease for a term of 99 years from 1911 at an annual ground-rent of £50.
VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION.
To be offered for Sale by Auction on the premises on Monday, November 3rd, 1930, at 3 p.m. precisely.
Solicitors :—Messrs. Carson, Baillie and Thorn, 41, Royal-avenue, Belfast, and Messrs. Lee and Pembertons, 44, Lincoln's Inn-fields, London, W.C.2.
Auctioneers :—Messrs. FOX and SONS, Bournemouth and Southampton, from whom particulars of sale may be obtained.

ONLY JUST IN THE MARKET.
SOUTH DORSET.
In a favourite Residential District within about 10 miles of Bournemouth.

Standing on high ground with delightful country views, well away from main road traffic.
Exceedingly attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.
Thirteen bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms, lounge hall, complete offices. Garage for four cars. Stabling. Two cottages. Private electric lighting plant. Company's water.
DELIGHTFUL PLEASURE GARDENS, three tennis courts, lawns, flower gardens, kitchen garden, paddock,
THE WHOLE EXTENDING TO AN AREA OF ABOUT
12 ACRES.
PRICE £9,500, FREEHOLD.
Particulars of FOX and SONS, Land Agents, Bournemouth.

IN A FAVOURITE PART OF DORSET.
COMMANDING EXTENSIVE VIEWS OVER BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY.

PARTICULARLY WELL CONSTRUCTED ON A SOUTHERN SLOPE.
A DISTINCTIVE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE OF CHARACTER SURROUNDED BY ITS OWN PARK-LIKE GROUNDS.
Thirteen bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms, fine suite of reception rooms; lounge hall; good domestic offices.
Stabling, garage and man's rooms, four cottages, outbuildings.
BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS comprising two tennis courts, lawns, rose garden, orchard, kitchen garden, woodland and paddocks.
The whole extending to an area of about
44 ACRES.
Full particulars of FOX and SONS, Land Agents, Bournemouth.

HAMPSHIRE COAST.
ONLY A FEW MINUTES WALK FROM THE SEA SHORE.
OCCUPYING A QUIET AND RESTFUL POSITION.
Charming old-world residence with all modern conveniences.
Seven bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, offices, garage and stabling, electric light. Company's water. Main drainage. Beautifully matured grounds, Croquet and Tennis Lawns.
The whole comprises about
ONE-AND-A-HALF ACRES.
PRICE £4,500 FREEHOLD.
Particulars of FOX and SONS, Land Agents, Bournemouth.

BOURNEMOUTH.
IN THE BEAUTIFUL BRANKSOME PARK.
Quite close to Sea and within easy reach of golf and centre of Town.

This very charming RESIDENCE of unusual design has just come into the market for SALE with vacant possession.
RECENTLY REDECORATED THROUGHOUT AND DOMESTIC OFFICES RECONSTRUCTED.
Eight bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms, billiard room, oak panelled lounge hall, with gallery, complete domestic offices. Central heating. Stabling and garage with living rooms over.
MATURED GARDEN OF ABOUT ONE ACRE.
THE EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICE OF
£6,500 FREEHOLD WILL BE ACCEPTED.
INSPECTED and STRONGLY RECOMMENDED by the SOLE AGENTS, FOX and SONS, Bournemouth West.

'Phone 1307 (4 lines). Telegrams: "Richmond."

HANKINSON & SON,
F.A.I., P.A.S.I.,
LAND & ESTATE AGENTS, BOURNEMOUTH.

NEW FOREST, near BURLEY.
1¼ miles Holmsley Station adjoining miles of open Forest land. Glorious riding country. ATTRACTIVE WELL-PLANNED HOUSE: three reception, eight bed rooms, bath room, cloak room, good offices; electric light, central heating; garage and stabling; secluded grounds of 3¼ ACRES with tennis lawn; kitchen garden and paddock. FREEHOLD, £5,500.—AGENTS, as above.

IMMEDIATELY OVERLOOKING GOLF LINKS.
BOURNEMOUTH.
MOST ATTRACTIVE MODERN HOUSE, recently redecorated throughout, in faultless order: electric light; three reception, five bed, bath, heated linen cupboard, box room, good offices; EXCELLENT GARAGE; PRETTY GARDEN. FREEHOLD, £2,250. The excellent furniture can be purchased if required, owner giving up housekeeping.—AGENTS, as above.

BOURNEMOUTH.
ON THE FAVOURITE WEST CLIFF, CLOSE TO SEA, TRAMS, AND RAILWAY STATION.
EASY REACH OF GOLF COURSE.
Hall, cloak room (hot and cold), delightful drawing room and conservatory, two other reception, nine bed, two baths, servants' hall and good offices; electric light and heat, gas.
ALL PRINCIPAL ROOMS FACE SOUTH.
GARAGE. SECLUDED GROUNDS ¼ ACRE.
LOW PRICE, £3,000. Ground-rent £21; or would be Let Furnished for winter months, rent 12 guineas per week.
AGENTS, as above.

BOURNEMOUTH.
DELIGHTFUL SITUATION in TALBOT WOODS, near trams, easy reach centre of town and golf.
MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.
Sunny aspect, pleasant matured garden; three good reception, cloak room (hot and cold), seven bed, bath, excellent offices.
Electric light, heat, and gas.
LOW PRICE, £3,750. Owner leaving the district. Fittings at valuation.
AGENTS, as above.

BOURNEMOUTH WEST.
Healthy locality on high ground, easily accessible to bus route and shops.
WELL FURNISHED HOUSE; MODERN CONVENIENCES, ELECTRIC LIGHT, GAS, 'PHONE.
GOOD HOT WATER SUPPLY.
Hall and cloak room (hot and cold); three reception, five or six bed, bath, &c.
Pleasant secluded garden.
TO BE LET FOR WINTER MONTHS.
RENT 10 GUINEAS WEEKLY.
Including wages of two excellent maids.
AGENTS, as above.

PARKSTONE (about three miles from Bournemouth), high, healthy situation, close good golf course, pretty views over Purbeck Hills.—Well FURNISHED HOUSE; labour-saving; two reception, four bed, bath, &c.; electric light, wireless, 'phone; garage.
To be Let any period. Low rent 4 guineas weekly.
AGENTS, as above.

FURNISHED HOUSES
FOR WINTER and HUNTING SEASON.
Particulars of available Houses in Bournemouth and surrounding country sent upon receipt of applicants' requirements.
AGENTS, as above.

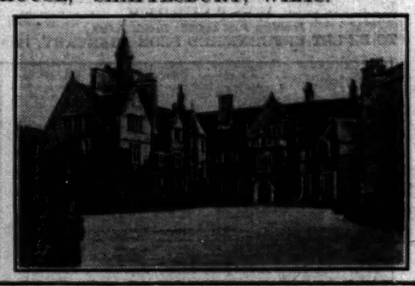
DELIGHTFUL OUTLOOK OVER A GOLF COURSE.
BOURNEMOUTH.
One of the best EQUIPPED HOUSES AND CHOICEST POSITIONS of its KIND ANYWHERE in the DISTRICT.
Handsome salon or drawing room, billiards or music room, three other sitting rooms, eight bed, three baths, maids' sitting room.
HOT AND COLD WATER IN BED ROOMS.
DOUBLE GARAGE.
BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS ABOUT TWO ACRES.
FOR SALE FREEHOLD.
AGENTS, as above.

VIEW OF PART OF THE WATER GARDEN.

BOURNEMOUTH.
Near Sea and Bus route; accessible to good Golf Courses.
DELIGHTFUL MODERN RESIDENCE,
quiet, and secluded. Oak-panelled hall, four reception, billiards, nine bed and dressing, three baths, servants' hall. Electric light, heat, and power.
DOUBLE GARAGE. GREENHOUSE.
GROUNDS ONE ACRE. Tennis Court; Kitchen Garden.
FREEHOLD £5,000, including fittings, billiard table, carpets, &c.
AGENTS, as above.

In a favourite part of
DORSET.
10 miles from Bournemouth. Close to excellent golf links. Fine hunting centre S. Dorset and Portman.
ATTRACTIVE GEORGIAN HOUSE.
Four reception, nine bed, two bath, good domestic offices.
Stabling, Garages, Two Cottages, Beautifully Timbered and Sheltered Pleasure Grounds
TWO FINE TENNIS LAWNS.
Kitchen gardens and pasture-land, IN ALL 12 ACRES.
Central heating. Petrol gas lighting. Extensive views.
FREEHOLD, £6,300.
AGENTS, as above.

COST £120,000 TO BUILD 45 YEARS AGO. UPSET PRICE £4,000.
"COOMBE HOUSE," SHAFTESBURY, WILTS.
Modern stone-built MANSION: 27 bed and dressing rms bath, 37ft. by 20ft. panelled in oak with minstrel gallery. Billiard, five reception.
Stabling, Cottage, and
14 ACRES GROUNDS.
To be OFFERED by PUBLIC AUCTION in November (unless sold privately). At the LOW UPSET PRICE of £4,000.
IF SOLD
The remainder of the Estate, about 100 ACRES pasture and woodland, with two cottages, SMALL STONE-BUILT HOUSE, FISHPOND stocked with TROUT, and BOATHOUSE will also be offered in CONVENIENT SIZED LOTS AT LOW RESERVES. AUCTIONEERS, as above.



Messrs. ROBERT THAKE, F.S.I.,
AND J. ROBERT TAUNTON.
ESTATE OFFICES, SALISBURY.

IN THE WYLYE VALLEY, WILTS.
FOR SALE. SUPERB GEORGIAN RESIDENCE.

Seated in a greatly timbered park of
60 ACRES,
approached by two long drives with lodges and bailiff's house.
Hall, four handsome reception rooms, panelled library, eight principal bed rooms, bath room, also secondary bed rooms and servants' rooms.
Central heating. Electric lighting. Ample stabling and garages.
Walled gardens. Ornamental lake and
TROUT STREAM.
Low price to secure early sale. Particulars of Sole Agents, as above.

ON BORDERS OF OLD BERKS—IN THE V.W.H.
Easy distance Main Line—Fast Services.
FOR SALE

THIS FASCINATING COUNTRY HOUSE
in a Fine Timbered Park of
30 ACRES
of rich grazing pasture. Two drive entrances with lodges. Eight bed rooms, bath room, four reception rooms, excellent servants' offices.
Central Heating and Lighting. Main Water.
Inexpensive and attractive gardens and grounds. Ample stables and garages; three cottages.
WHOLE ESTATE IN PERFECT ORDER.
Particulars of Sole Agents, as above.

HANTS AND DORSET BORDERS.
Fast Service for London.
TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.
A BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED DOWER HOUSE

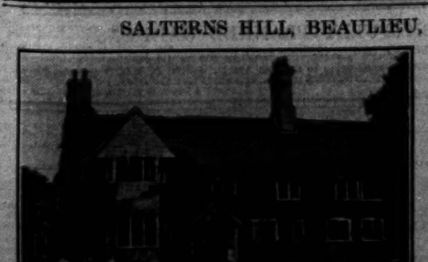
with modest but most attractive grounds and paddocks, about
16 ACRES.
Four reception rooms, sitting room, eight principal bed rooms, three bath rooms, servants' bed rooms.
Central heating. Electric light.
Stabling, garages, and two cottages.
1¼ MILES OF FISHING and
1,400 ACRES (or less)
SHOOTING AVAILABLE.
Apply as above.

NEW FOREST BORDERS.
TO LET FURNISHED.
DELIGHTFUL MODERNIZED FARMHOUSE.
Six bed rooms (fitted lavatory basins).
Two bath rooms, two reception rooms.
Electric lighting.
Landlord says gardener.
RENT 3 to 4 GUINEAS PER WEEK, according to term.

IN THE PORTMAN HUNT.
PRICE £2,500 FREEHOLD.
ATTRACTIVE GEORGIAN RESIDENCE of seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms. Main services. Walled gardens. Tennis court. Stabling. Garage. Two Cottages.

Apply Messrs. ROBERT THAKE, Estate Offices, Salisbury.

SALTERNS HILL, BEAULIEU, HANTS.



18th CENTURY COUNTRY HOUSE on two floors, fine oak beams and open fireplaces.
High position with magnificent view down Beaulieu River to broad expanse of sea and Isle of Wight.
Large sum has been spent on completely equipping.
Three reception, beautiful panelled billiard room, six or seven bed rooms, five with basins and cold water, three fine bath rooms; electric light, central heating.
Extensive farm buildings and garages; stabling, three horses; comfy new bailiff's cottage; bathing hut on foreshore.
Walled rose garden with yew hedge, pergolas, ornamental pond with rose garden, tennis court, herbaceous and kitchen gardens.
ABOUT 112 ACRES ADJOINING RIVER WITH YACHT MOORING.
Mostly grass, but grazing.
LONG LEASE WITH LOW GROUND-RENT £7,000.
Apply Owner, Salterns Hill, Beaulieu, Hants.

WILTSHIRE.
In old-fashioned village in Bramfield Country.
A Well-planned HOUSE, in pleasant surroundings; two reception rooms, kitchen and offices, three bed rooms, bath room, &c.; garage and stores, pretty garden, paddock; in all about 2¼ ACRES. Rent £60 per annum. Lease, Stream of about 200 yards of good trout fishing. Two Tudor cottages (not on an estate); garage; three other cottages.—Particulars of the Sole Agents, CHARLES W. OATLEY, Auctioneer and Estate Agent, Cirencester. Phone 61.

DORSET.
IN the OLD-WORLD TOWN of BRAMINSTER; favourite Social and Residential district. Three reception, six bed and dressing rooms, box room, bath room; garage, garden; rent, £120 per annum, or price £1,600.—LAWRENCE and SON, Bridport and Crewkerne.

HOOK (Hants).—Nearly built charming COTTAGE RESIDENCE, designed by well-known London architect; two reception, four bed rooms, bath (hot and cold); company's gas, water; wired electric light; main drainage; garage; good garden; lovely views. FREEHOLD £1,000.—H. W. Carr, Nyewood, Rogd.

Telephone: Welbeck 4583. WELLESLEY-SMITH Telephone: Welbeck 4583.

PREMIER POSITION IN HAMPSHIRE.
WITH SHOOTING, HUNTING AND FISHING FACILITIES. NEAR A CATHEDRAL CITY.

A BEAUTIFUL SPECIMEN OF THE LATE QUEEN ANNE PERIOD.
REVERENTLY RESTORED BY AN ARCHITECT FOR HIS OWN OCCUPATION.
To those who appreciate country pursuits, yet at the same time desiring the amenities offered by the proximity of a good social Town, this property will strongly appeal. The house is really a gem of its age, full of character, but without the burdens of antiquity. It is in first-rate condition and contains lounge hall, three spacious reception, 10 or 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms. Electric light, company's water. Garage, cottage, &c. A delightful old garden with new en-tout-cas court, about
11 ACRES FREEHOLD.
IT HAS BEEN VALUED BY EMINENT AGENTS AT £10,000.
MY PRICE IS £6,500,
WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO ACCEPT ANY REASONABLE OFFER.
Recommended from personal knowledge.—Particulars and permits from my Estate Office, 94, Baker-street, London, W.1. Welbeck 4583.

SOUTHAMPTON & SOUTH HAMPSHIRE.
SAWBRIDGE & SON, F.A.I.

AUCTION SALE, NOVEMBER 4th.
SOUTH HANTS
WITH VACANT POSSESSION.
Overlooking Beaulieu Heath, with extensive views.
A DETACHED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.
"LUCHENZA,"
DIBDEN PURLIEU.
Two miles from Hythe, 12 from Southampton, seven Beaulieu Road.
Lounge, two reception, six bed and dressing rooms, bath room; garage; electric-light plant.
2½ ACRES.
Two six-roomed cottages at present let.
Full particulars:—SAWBRIDGE and SON, Albion Chambers, Southampton.

NEW FOREST, BROCKENHURST. — Detached RESIDENCE, overlooking Moor and Forest; three reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, bath room, &c.; gas, water, telephone; small garden. Rent £100 per annum, or price £2,000 FREEHOLD. (3005.)—SAWBRIDGE and SON, Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON (OUTSKIRTS). high ground.—Tudor-style, half-timbered RESIDENCE; hall, cloak-room, two reception, five bed rooms, bath, &c.; hardwood floors, oak staircase; central heating, water, electric light and heating; garage two cars; ornamental garden ONE ACRE. PRICE £4,250. FREEHOLD. (2995.)—Specially recommended by SAWBRIDGE and SON, of Albion Chambers, Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON, BASSETT. — Attractive BUNGALOW RESIDENCE, with about ONE ACRE; lounge hall, two reception, six bed rooms, bath room, billiard room, &c.; well laid out gardens, including tennis lawn; £2,000.—SAWBRIDGE and SON, Albion Chambers, Southampton.

Telephone: WINCHESTER 451. JAMES HARRIS & SON Established 1861.
JEWRY CHAMBERS, WINCHESTER.

HAMPSHIRE.
Close to Winchester.
ATTRACTIVE MODERN RESIDENCE commanding lovely views over the Itchen Valley. Entrance hall, three reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room; electric light, Company's water; garage; 4 acres. FREEHOLD, £3,150. (Fo.1546.)

Three miles from
WINCHESTER
on high ground.
CHARMING COUNTRY RESIDENCE. Three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms; Company's gas and water; electric light available; garage; grounds of 1½ ACRE. FREEHOLD, £2,750. (Fo. 1520.)

WINCHESTER.
Well-appointed RESIDENCE, beautifully placed in well-timbered grounds of 2¼ ACRES; entrance hall, three reception rooms, nine bed rooms, bath room; electric light, Company's gas and water; main drainage; delightful grounds; tennis court; garage, stabling, gardener's cottage. The FREEHOLD for SALE. (Fo. 1547.)
For SALE by AUCTION, October 29th, 1930.

CITY OF WINCHESTER.
"FAYREACRE," WORTHY-ROAD.
In one of the best residential parts of the City. Very attractive RESIDENCE containing two reception rooms, four bed rooms, bath room; garage; charming grounds of nearly an ACRE. —Particulars and orders to view of the Auctioneers, as above.

DORSET, CANFORD CLIFFS; close to Sea and Golf Links.—Substantially built pre-War RESIDENCE commanding beautiful views, and containing eight bed rooms, bath room, dressing room, three reception rooms, cloak room and lavatory, and extensive offices; electric light, central heating; garden of 1 ACRE, with tennis lawn, lily pond, fruit and vegetable garden; cottage, garage, and stabling. £8,000 FREEHOLD.—JAMES and SONS, Estate Agents, Parkstone, Dorset.

CANFORD CLIFFS.—Very sunny well-planned RESIDENCE, erected by builder for personal occupation; short walk from Sea and Golf Links; South aspect; four bed rooms with lavatory basins, bath room, two reception rooms, lounge hall, and offices; electric light; about half an acre of garden; garage. £3,700 FREEHOLD.—JAMES and SONS, Parkstone, Dorset.

ALRESFORD-WINCHESTER.
High up, facing South, with extensive views over the Downs.
CHARMING IVY-CLAD RESIDENCE, with large rooms; close to station, village, and golf; lounge hall, two reception, six bed rooms, bath, &c.; excellent garage; main gas and water.
MATURED, SHADY GARDENS, 1½ ACRE, tennis lawn, lily pond, and vegetable garden.
£3,000 FREEHOLD.
Would be Let Furnished for winter months.—Inspected and confidently recommended by Owner's Agents, WHITEMAN and CO., 56, Brompton-road, S.W. (Sloane 0138.)

HANTS & SUSSEX BORDERS.
DELIGHTFUL SMALL ESTATE.
67 ACRES,
with expensively fitted House, in picked position; four reception rooms, 12 bed rooms, four bath rooms, servants' hall, and offices.
All services. First-rate order. Central heating.
Garages and man's room; beautiful, inexpensive gardens and grounds; home farm, with period house.
FOR SALE. A BARGAIN,
with or without large illustrated particulars from Agents, REGINALD H. S. EVENNETT, F.A.I., Haslemere (Tels. 16); also at Hindhead and Farnham.

NEAR BASINGSTOKE.
A GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE WITH
9½ ACRES AT £4,750.
To include 2,000 head world-famous strain of poultry and equipment.
PICTURESQUE 14TH-CENTURY HOUSE, away from all traffic and secluded by Hants poplars; recently modernised and enlarged; main electric light and water; hall, three reception, five bed rooms, bath, &c.; cottage, garage, useful outbuildings; pleasure garden, orchard, kitchen garden, and paddocks.
A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.
Inspected and thoroughly recommended.—Owner's Agents, WHITEMAN and CO., 56, Brompton-road, S.W. (Sloane 0138.)

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

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HOOK & BASINGSTOKE.
Situate on a Hill. Good Views. South-West Aspect. Hunting. Golf.
COTTAGE STYLE RESIDENCE, containing hall, dining room, drawing room, four bed rooms, bath room, linen room. *Electric light. Septic tank. Co.'s water. Telephone.* Double garage. Stabling. Living room. CHARMING GROUNDS with tennis and other lawns, kitchen garden, rose garden, in all about 2½ ACRES. FREEHOLD £2,300
For a quick Sale.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

£2,850 FREEHOLD.
FLEET, HANTS.
DELIGHTFUL PRE-WAR RESIDENCE.
In secluded position, yet near shops and station.
Five bed rooms, three reception, bath, usual offices. Electric light, company's water. Telephone, main drainage. Garage, greenhouse, outbuildings.
Well-timbered grounds, particularly well laid-out and stocked with all kinds of flowers, shrubs, and vegetables, together with fruit trees, and a pretty piece of woodland. In all
ABOUT TWO ACRES.
Sole Agents:—
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

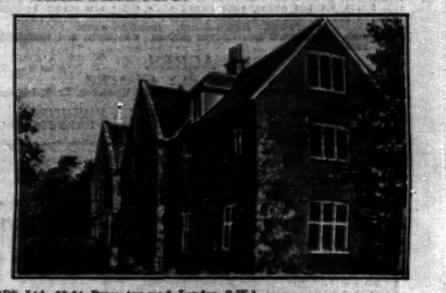
ABOUT 1 HOUR FROM TOWN.
Attractive GEORGIAN HOUSE in old-world village.
Entrance hall, three reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, attics, and bath room; company's water, gas, electric light; telephone; garage, stabling, &c.
NICELY TIMBERED GROUNDS with walled kitchen garden, herbaceous borders, space for tennis lawn, orchard, paddock, in all
ABOUT 3½ ACRES.
FREEHOLD £3,250.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BY DIRECTION OF LORD MOSTYN.
Exceptional hunting facilities.
WILTS.
Hunting with Duke of Beaufort's four days a week, and one day with Lord Bathurst's. Tedworth and Vine Hounds. Polo Club. Fishing. Golf.
MANOR HOUSE OF GEORGIAN PERIOD, luxuriously appointed; glorious views of the Downs. Hall and cloak room, four reception, ten principal bed rooms, six secondary bed rooms, four bath rooms, excellent offices. *Central heating. Electric light. Telephone. Modern drainage.*
Four cottages, first-class stabling for 18 hunters; garage for four cars; excellent outbuildings.
Delightful grounds with full-size squash racquets court, tennis lawn, pasture and parkland.
IN ALL ABOUT 45 ACRES.
LOW PRICE FOR FREEHOLD.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"THE MOUNT."
CHARMOUTH, DORSET.
DELIGHTFUL FREEHOLD RESIDENCE *in a wonderful situation, truly glorious views.*
Close to sea and golf; three miles station.
Lounge hall, eight bed, three reception, bath room; electric light, co.'s water, telephone, main drainage; garage, stabling, and useful outhouses.
BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS, in first-rate order, full of flowers, shrubs, and fruit, and including an excellent meadow,
IN ALL ABOUT 2½ ACRES.
For SALE Privately or by AUCTION October 21st.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

WILTS AND SOMERSET Borders.
BATH AND BRADFORD (Between).
ATTRACTIVE STONE-BUILT HOUSE AT LIMPLEY STOKE, within three miles of Bradford and five miles of Bath; three minutes from Station. No noisy road traffic.
Two reception rooms, four bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, box room, and loft.
Co.'s *gas, water; co.'s electric light available.*
Old-world garden with lawn, kitchen gardens, &c., in all about ONE ACRE.
Garage and Stabling.
FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, £1,450.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SHAFTESBURY.
Hunting with four packs.
QUAINT OLD FASHIONED RESIDENCE
Lounge hall, 3 reception rooms, 11 bed rooms, bath room and complete offices.
Excellent Garage. Stabling. Cottage. First rate Farm buildings.
CHARMING PLEASURE GROUNDS
orchard, lawns, rich pasture-land &c., in all
94 ACRES.
PRICE £5,700
FREEHOLD.
Might be sold with pleasure grounds only for £3,250.



HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

NEW FOREST.
On an eminence, amidst pretty country, commanding a delightful prospect over the Avon Valley.
ATTRACTIVE LABOUR-SAVING RESIDENCE
fitted with every convenience for reducing domestic labour to a minimum.
Hall, gentlemen's lavatory, three reception rooms, four bed rooms, two bath rooms, and w.c.'s on first floor.
Company's electric light. Modern drainage. Central heating. Constant hot water. Fitted basins in all bed rooms.
Grounds include orchard, woodland and pastureland, in all about
15 ACRES.
PRICE FREEHOLD, ONLY £2,500.

Inspected and recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

DORSET.
In Beautiful Country, on the Outskirts of an Old-world Village.
ARTISTIC REPLICA OF A SMALL TUDOR HOUSE,
with rooms of exceptional size and proportions.
Lounge hall 22ft. by 17ft. open to roof, drawing room 27ft. by 18ft., plus bay 11ft. by 6ft., dining room 15ft. by 17ft., billiard room 24ft. by 18ft., four bed rooms, bath room, beautiful lounge.
Central Heating. Excellent Water. Good Garage.
Beautiful gardens and grounds, tennis lawn, orchard and paddock, in all nearly
FIVE ACRES.
PRICE FREEHOLD £3,000.

Inspected and recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

HANTS.
In a favourite residential district, among heather and pine country, on sandy soil.
BEAUTIFUL UP-TO-DATE HOUSE
with accommodation on two floors only, and having every convenience and comfort.
Four reception rooms, five principal bed rooms, two dressing rooms, four maids' bed rooms, servants' hall, three bath rooms.
Company's water, electric light, gas, main drainage, telephone, central heating, constant hot water, electric refrigerator, garage for two cars.
Delightful gardens and grounds of about Two Acres, and Four Acres woodland, in all
ABOUT 6 ACRES.

HUNTING. GOLF. POLO IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY.
FOR SALE FREEHOLD, OR WOULD BE LET FURNISHED.
Full details of the Agents:—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

SHAFTESBURY.
700ft. up, yet well sheltered.
TO be SOLD, FREEHOLD.—Gentleman's exceptionally well built and designed HUNTING BOX or RESIDENCE, in first-class order throughout. Hunting, several packs, shooting, yachting (26 miles Poole Harbour), fishing, golf.
Three reception, cloak (hot and cold), eight bed, three w.c.'s, and usual offices. Lounge Conservatory and other glasshouses, heated modern economic installation. Modern drainage, company's water, gas and electric available. Double garage. Stabling. Beautiful walled garden, lawns, choice trees, tennis.
One and three-quarter acres.
Further seven acres paddock, reputed best in County, all the year round grass feed, and seven-roomed stone-built cottage if required.
Apply:—
DE TORTON HARRISON,
The ZIBOL CHEMICAL CO., Ltd. (COVENTRY).

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PROPERTIES IN
HAMPSHIRE, DORSET
AND
WILTSHIRE

HAMPSHIRE.
Near Fleet and Aldershot.
A Delightfully-placed COUNTRY HOUSE.
Two reception rooms (one 21ft. by 24ft.) with polished floor, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, excellent offices; garage.
Charming Grounds of about 1½ Acre, including Tennis Lawn.
Co.'s water and gas; electric light available.
Vacant Possession.
FREEHOLD, £2,850.

GRIBBLE, BOOTH, and SHEPHERD, Estate Agents, Basingstoke and Yeovil.

HEWITT & CO.,
THE NEW FOREST AND DISTRICT ESTATE OFFICES.
LYMINGTON, HANTS.
BROCKENHURST, NEW FOREST. — Attractive modern HOUSE, forest frontage, South and South-West; nine bed, three bath, four reception; electric light, central heating, company's water, main drainage; garage for three; two hard tennis courts; golf and station one mile. To be LET UNFURNISHED, or for SALE.—Apply to HEWITT and Co., as above.
BURLEY, NEW FOREST.—Charming small FREEHOLD PROPERTY, comprising modern residence, three reception, three bed, bath; garage; 1½ ACRE; hunting, shooting, golf, and fishing. To be LET, or for SALE.—Apply to HEWITT and Co., as above.
HAMPSHIRE COAST.—LYMINGTON.—Gentleman's RESIDENCE; hall, three reception, nine bed, bath; all modern conveniences; garage; tennis court. PRICE £3,500 FREEHOLD, with grounds of about 2¼ ACRES. —Apply to HEWITT and Co., as above.

SOUTH WILTS.
In an unspoilt district in a good social neighbourhood with convenient communications, about one mile from the station on the main line.
A GEORGIAN HOUSE, built of local stone, occupying a picked site some 450 feet up, with a rare view of undulating wooded country and valley scenery. Contains four reception, six bed rooms (easily increased); good garages, &c.; grass paddocks; EIGHT ACRES. In excellent order, ready to occupy. Main electric light and water.
Full particulars from the Sole Agents:—
WOOLLEY and WALLIS, SALISBURY.

ON the NORTH-WEST BORDERS of the NEW FOREST.—Delightful picturesque small RESIDENCE to be LET FURNISHED for 1½ year or for a short period. Fitted with all modern conveniences; two sitting rooms, four bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two attics; electric light; hunting several days a week New Forest, Fox Hounds and Buck Hounds, &c. Shooting over the New Forest by Crown Ranger. Thoroughly recommended. The property of a Naval Officer. Rent from 3½ to 4½ guineas a week according to term.—Apply:—WOOLLEY and WALLIS, Salisbury.

Kens. 1490. Telegrams "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

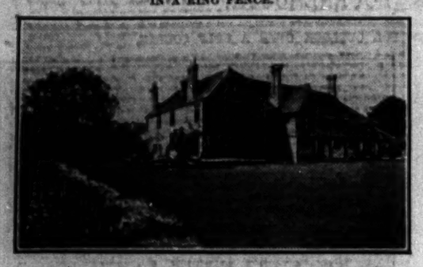
Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

WEST SUSSEX & HAMPSHIRE BORDERS.

ONE OF THE NICEST SMALL SPORTING AND AGRICULTURAL PROPERTIES IN THIS FAVOURITE DISTRICT EXTENDING TO

ABOUT 700 ACRES

IN A RING FENCE.



TUDOR-STYLE RESIDENCE

Four reception rooms (one 55 by 25), 10 bed rooms, five bath rooms; water laid on; electric light and power throughout; garages and stabling; sets of model buildings for pure-bred cattle; farmhouses and 16 cottages; good roads; land all properly trenched for water.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD

at a figure many thousands of pounds below actual cost.

Highly preserved shooting. Golf. Yachting. Racing.

Inspected and confidently recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, London. Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

SOMERSET COAST.

Five minutes' walk from famous Golf Courses. Delightful views. Healthy and bracing air.

EXCELLENT WELL-APPOINTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.

Lounge halls and cloak room, four reception, nine principal bed and dressing rooms, five servants' bed rooms, two bath rooms, up-to-date offices. *Electric light, central heating, independent hot-water system.*

Garage (four cars), stabling (man's room over), greenhouse, peach house, and outhouses.

ARTISTICALLY DISPLAYED GROUNDS.

Full-sized croquet lawn, two tennis lawns, rock and other gardens. Also two fine gardens or rich building land, with valuable road frontages.

PRICE ONLY £5,250 (OFFERS CONSIDERED).

Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

WEST SURREY.

Frensham Pond and The Devil's Jumps.

TO BE LET UNFURNISHED FROM FEBRUARY, 1930.

17th CENTURY COTTAGE RESIDENCE,

modernised, in excellent order, full of old oak, and containing three reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room; Co.'s water and supply by rain; electric gas, radiators, telephone; garage; summerhouse (sleeps two). *Sandy soil. High position. Beautiful views.*

Tennis court, flower and kitchen gardens, woodlands, and heathlands, in all about

18½ ACRES.

LAKE OF NEARLY AN ACRE

heavily stocked with Trout. Shooting: Pheasants, Woodcock, Duck, Pigeons, Rabbits.

RENT £150 PER ANNUM. SMALL PREMIUM.

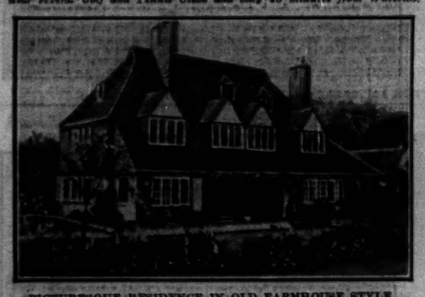
Very strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BY ORDER OF EXORS.

SURREY.

IN FAVOURITE PINE DISTRICT,

near several Golf and Tennis Clubs and only 40 minutes from Waterloo.



PICTURESQUE RESIDENCE IN OLD FARMHOUSE STYLE,

finely appointed and with every convenience, including polished oak floors and central heating, and set in beautiful garden. Eight bed and dressing rooms, tiled bath room, three reception rooms (drawing room 30ft. long), offices, and garage.

ALL MAIN SERVICES.

Gardens of unique charm with tennis lawn, paved terrace, herbaceous borders, and kitchen garden.

ABOUT 1¼ ACRE.

PRICE £4,250.

THE BEST PROPOSITION AT THIS FIGURE IN A VERY WIDE AREA.

Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., Surrey Estate Office, West Byfleet.

GENUINE OPPORTUNITY

FOR THE DISCRIMINATING BUYER.

ON THE SURREY HILLS.

500 feet above sea level, commanding delightful, extensive, uninterrupted views.

"UPLANDS,"

KENLEY.

20 minutes from Town. Secluded Position.

EASILY WORKED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE in faultless order. Lounge hall, cloak room, three reception, billiard room, logria, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices; electric light, independent hot water supply; fine garage. Delightful inexpensive garden, full-size tennis lawn, herbaceous borders, two kitchen gardens, orchard, and copse, about

TWO ACRES.

For SALE by Private Treaty at a nominal figure. *If unsold,* Auction October 21st next.

Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"ROVINDENE," RYE, SUSSEX.

In a wonderful position, commanding Fine Views to the Sea.

DELIGHTFUL CREEPER-CLAD FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

containing entrance hall, cloak room, three reception, nine bed rooms, three dressing, bath room, complete offices; company's water; 'phone; cottage; garage, stabling.

CHOICE PLEASURE GROUNDS,

two tennis lawns, croquet lawn, flower, kitchen, and fruit gardens, woodland and valuable paddock.

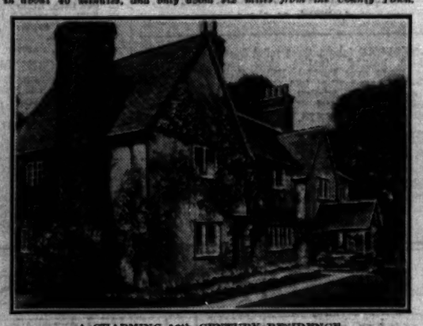
IN ALL ABOUT SIX ACRES.

For SALE privately or AUCTION, OCTOBER 21st.

Auctioneers: HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

PRETTIEST PART OF ESSEX.

About 1¼ mile from the main line station with express service to the City is about 40 minutes, and only about six miles from the County Town.



A CHARMING 16th CENTURY RESIDENCE

with a wealth of oak timbering and other interesting features; three reception, five bed rooms, bath room; usual offices.

Main drainage, electric light, co.'s water. Telephone. Garage. Workshop and other useful outbuildings.

BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GARDENS

laid out in lawns, lily pond, flower beds, rock garden, kitchen garden; also small piece of meadowland, in all about

1¼ ACRE.

BARGAIN PRICE FOR QUICK SALE.

Recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO THE CITY MAN.

"KILBRANNAN," OVERTON-ROAD,

SUTTON, SURREY.

In a retired situation within a few minutes' walk of station, shops, &c.

CLOSE TO SEVERAL GOLF COURSES

and within direct access of Surrey's most beautiful country.

Lounge hall, three handsome reception, seven bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, compact offices; excellent garage; useful outbuildings.

Company's water and gas; electric light and power; main drainage; telephone.

Delightful and well-laid-out garden, in all

ABOUT HALF AN ACRE.

For SALE privately or by AUCTION later.

Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

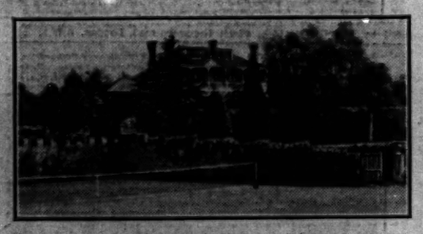
EWART, WELLS & CO.

Telephone: Gros. 1458. (Private Branch Exchange.)

UNSURPASSED SITUATION ON A SPUR OF THE CHILTERNS.

HIGH UP. MAGNIFICENT VIEWS. DAILY REACH.

NEAR SEVERAL WELL-KNOWN GOLF LINKS.



FACING DUE SOUTH. PERFECTLY SECLUDED. ONE MILE FROM A STATION.

A SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED MODERN HOUSE OF DISTINCTION

upon which large sums of money have been spent. Approached by a drive from a private road, and containing:—Entrance hall, sun verandah, two reception rooms, billiards room, cloak room, seven-eight bed rooms, three bath rooms. Central heating. Electric light. Main water. Constant hot water. Garage for two cars. Excellent cottage. Chauffeur's room.

THE GARDENS AND GROUNDS FORM AN EXQUISITE SETTING

having been laid out with much taste. They include hard and grass tennis courts, prolific kitchen garden, heated greenhouse, large paddock. The total area extending to about

SEVEN ACRES. FREEHOLD AT A BARGAIN PRICE.

For immediate sale in consequence of the Owner having to go abroad.

Illustrated Booklets of the Owner's Agents, Messrs. EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, London, W.1. (Grosvenor 1458-9.)

IMMEDIATE SALE IMPERATIVE.

THIS FASCINATING HOUSE COST OWNER OVER £18,000.

TO-DAY'S ASKING PRICE WITH ABOUT 47 ACRES, £5,950.

THE FINEST PROPOSITION IN GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

Most favourite districts amidst scenery which is exquisite beyond description. One mile from a Station and within easy motor run of two large towns. The House is in first-rate condition, and stands well away from roads. Carriage Drive. Capital central hall, four reception rooms, seven or eight bed and dressing rooms, three well-fitted bath rooms, complete offices; spacious garage premises and stables; exceptionally pretty and well wooded gardens, including two tennis lawns. SPLENDID HOME FARM with good seven-roomed House and ample buildings; efficient water supply and drainage; electricity from own plant.—ABUNDANT SPORTING FACILITIES, including Hunter (two packs). Salmon Fishing, &c.

Inspected and recommended by Owner's Advisory Agents, EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1.

A MOST LUXURIOUS HOME

WITHIN 30 MINUTES OF LONDON.

In a much sought-after position.

Away from all traffic and near excellent golf.

MANY THOUSANDS SPENT UPON THE HOUSE,

which is now ready to step into and contains:—

Oak-panelled vestibule, cloak room, magnificent lounge hall, completely panelled in oak, billiards or dance room with oak block floor. Two very fine reception rooms, 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms. Electric light and power, central heating, constant hot water, company's gas and water. Two garages. Cottage available. Beautiful gardens and grounds.

OFFERED AT A SACRIFICIAL PRICE.

Full particulars of the Owner's Agents, EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Gros. 1458-9.)

23, BERKELEY-SQUARE, LONDON, W.1.

JOHN D. WOOD & CO.

Telephone: MAYFAIR 6341 (6 lines).

IN THE COUNTY OF PERTH.

THE FIRST-RATE RESIDENTIAL AND AGRICULTURAL ESTATE, well known as

KINFAUNS CASTLE

lying at the head of the Carse Gowrie, within three miles of Perth, nineteen miles of Dundee, and reached in one-and-a-half hour from either Edinburgh or Glasgow. Two hours London.

THE CASTLE OCCUPIES A STRIKINGLY BEAUTIFUL POSITION ABOVE THE RIVER TAY, faces South and sheltered on the North.

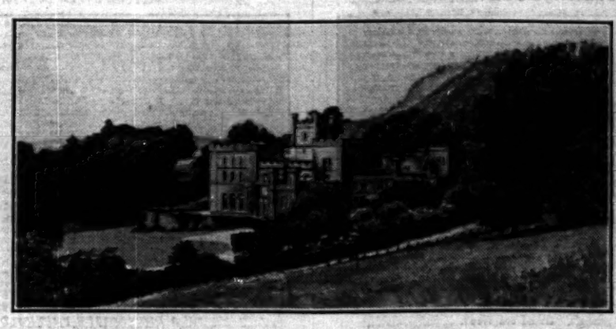
Accommodation comprises: Outer and inner halls, gallery, five or six reception rooms, boudoir and school room, about 20 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, night and day nurseries, and ample accommodation for servants, with bath rooms.

GOOD WATER SUPPLY.
MODERN DRAINAGE.
CENTRAL HEATING.
ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Garage for six cars. Chauffeur's house.

DELIGHTFUL GARDENS AND HOME POLICIES

form an outstanding feature of the place; they have been laid out with great taste and contain many beautiful trees.



THE ESTATE EXTENDS TO ABOUT

2,360 ACRES.

The whole, apart from land in proprietor's occupation, producing

A NET INCOME OF ABOUT

£3,000 PER ANNUM.

Numerous cottages, lodges, &c., included.

TO BE SOLD.

Full detailed illustrated particulars on application to:—

John D. Wood and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, London, W.1.

Messrs. Walker, Fraser and Steele, Estate Agents, 74, Bath-street, Glasgow, and 32, South Castle-street, Edinburgh.

Messrs. Gillespie and Paterson, W.S., 51, Melville-street, Edinburgh, who have the Titles.

The Property can only be seen by appointment and order to view from the Agents.

THE YEAR'S BARGAIN.

£7,000, WITH 106 ACRES.

NOT OPEN TO OFFER.

ANGLEY PARK, CRANBROOK, KENT.

EMINENTLY SUITABLE FOR SCHOOL OR INSTITUTION.

Six reception rooms, 37 bed and dressing rooms, five bath rooms, electric light, three cottages. If not sold, demolition sale will be held on the 29th and 30th October.

Further particulars from: JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, London, W.1.

FURNITURE SALES

BY DIRECTION OF THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE DOWAGER LADY SMILEY.

44, PARK-STREET, MAYFAIR, W.1.

IMPORTANT SALE OF OLD FRENCH AND ENGLISH FURNITURE.

Salon Suite in XVIIIth century Aubusson tapestry.

Examples in Petit Point needlework.

Louis XV. commodes.

English lacquer cabinet.

Charles II. stand.

Brussels tapestry.

Important powder-blue and Oriental specimens.

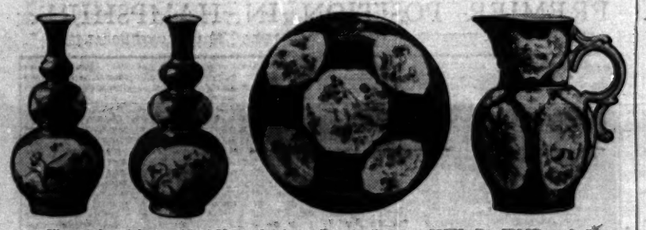
Dr. Wall exotic bird ewer and other choice pieces.

Books, Georgian silver, jewellery.

Pictures, old coloured engravings.

Set of Wheatley's "Cries."

To be SOLD by AUCTION, on Tuesday, 11th November, 1930, and three following days.



Illustrated catalogues, 2s. 6d. each, from the Auctioneers, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, W.1.

BY INSTRUCTIONS FROM EDGAR WATTS, ESQ.

"EASTWOOD PARK," FALFIELD, GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

ENGLISH PERIOD FURNITURE

OF THE 17th AND 18th CENTURIES

To be SOLD by AUCTION on the premises

ON TUESDAY, 28TH OCTOBER, and three following days.

Joint Auctioneers:—JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, W.1; and CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 2, Mount-street, W.1. Catalogues 1s. each.

N.B.—The Residential and Sporting Estate and about 400 ACRES will be offered by AUCTION at the Grand Hotel, Bristol, on October 27th.—Full details of the Joint Auctioneers, as above.

BY DIRECTION OF THE HON. LADY CUST.

DATCHET HOUSE, DATCHET.

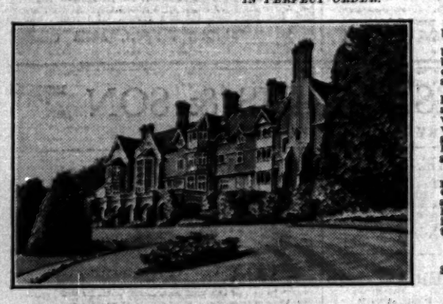
FURNITURE, OIL PAINTINGS, WATER COLOURS, PRINTS, LIBRARY OF 3,000 BOOKS.

To be SOLD by AUCTION on Tuesday, 28th October. Catalogues of the Joint Auctioneers:—JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, W.1; and Mr. W. B. MASON, Sheet-street, Windsor.

THREE MILES SOUTH OF GUILDFORD.

IN A BEAUTIFUL POSITION IN UNSPOILT COUNTRY.

OVER £10,000 HAS BEEN SPENT ON THE PROPERTY IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS AND IT IS IN PERFECT ORDER.



The Mansion is approached by two drives, and contains:—

Suite of reception rooms, 22 bed and dressing rooms, five bath rooms, central heating, electric light, excellent water supply.

The terrace in front of the house overlooks the gardens and parklands with a very fine view over undulating well-wooded country. Terraced gardens, flower gardens, tennis lawns, excellent kitchen gardens.

LAKE OF 6½ ACRES,

providing Shooting and Fishing. Garage, stabling, gardener's and chauffeur's cottage, bailiff's house, and model farm buildings. The whole Estate extends to about

250 ACRES,

with

SOME VALUABLE BUILDING FRONTAGES.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD AS A WHOLE.

OR THE HOUSE AND ABOUT 60 ACRES WILL BE SOLD AT A VERY LOW FIGURE.

Agents, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, London, W.1. 21372.

JUST IN THE MARKET.

IN THE MOST FAVOURITE PART OF OXFORDSHIRE.

3½ miles from Banbury and 18 from Oxford; Only 1¼ hours from London (main G.W.R.).

CHARMING OLD STONE-BUILT JACOBEAN RESIDENCE, 1624,

standing high on porous dry soil, 350ft. above sea level, with fine South aspect, approached by carriage drive with lodge at entrance through well-timbered parklands. Panelled lounge hall, billiard room, three reception rooms, 16 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, four men's rooms. Telephone, electric light, company's water, independent hot water supply. Water softening plant. Radiators throughout. Main drainage. Fine old range of stabling and garage accommodation with men's rooms over.

THE OLD-WORLD GARDENS ARE PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE.

Two grass tennis courts, woodland walks, lake and hog garden, three walled kitchen gardens. Lodge and five cottages. Several paddocks.

The Heythrop Hunt meet here, and is within easy reach of Bicester and Warwickshire. First-rate Golf at Tadmarton Heath 6 miles.

FOR SALE WITH ABOUT 30 ACRES.

Sole Agents, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, London, W.1. (V.30,730.)

BY DIRECTION OF THE MOST HON. THE MARQUESS OF LONDONDERRY, K.G., P.C., M.V.O.

MONTGOMERY AND MERIONETH BORDERS.

ABERDOVEY 10 MILES. DOLGELLEY 16. ABERYSTWYTH 18. NEWTOWN 28.

THE EXTENSIVE AND IMPORTANT AGRICULTURAL AND SPORTING ESTATE OF

PLÂS MACHYNLLETH,

EXTENDING TO

ABOUT 8,030 ACRES,

Comprising the important mansion in the late Georgian Style, with 18 bed rooms, four bath rooms, five reception rooms. Electric Light; and 40 ACRES. Suitable for a School or Hotel.

Also Gentlemen's Residences with nine and six bed rooms. Pedigree Farm with Gentleman's Jacobean Residence, two other Farms suitable for Gentlemen Farmers' occupation.

Numerous Sheep and Mixed Farms. Small Holdings. 90 smaller Residences and Cottages, some suitable for Week-end, Holiday, or Fishing Cottages. Woodlands, Accommodation Lands and Building Sites.

Situated in and around

THE BEAUTIFUL VALLEY OF THE RIVER DOVEY,

PROVIDING WITH ITS TRIBUTARIES

SOME OF THE FINEST SALMON AND TROUT FISHING IN THE BRITISH ISLES.

For SALE Privately in Lots, or by Auction at a later date, by Messrs. JOHN D. WOOD and Co.

Solicitors: Messrs. Athey, Turner and Co., 12, Park-place, St. James's-street, London, S.W.1.

Land Agent: Captain R. H. Jones Evans, The Estate Office, Plâs Machynlleth, N. Wales.

Auctioneers' Offices: 23, BERKELEY-SQUARE, LONDON, W.1.

BORDERS OF

WORCESTER AND HEREFORD.

15 miles from Worcester, five miles from Tenbury Wells, eight miles from Bromyard, three miles from Newnham Bridge Station.

IN LOTS. FREEHOLD.

The Valuable and Attractive RESIDENTIAL, AGRICULTURAL AND SPORTING PROPERTY well known as

"THE HANLEY COURT ESTATE,"

extending in all to about

1,555 ACRES,

INCLUDING, AS A LOT WITH 96 OR 12 ACRES,

THE CHARMING QUEEN ANNE MANSION

with five beautifully panelled rooms, seated in the midst of high undulating ground, and commanding glorious views of the surrounding country. Entrance hall, five reception rooms, billiard room, 19 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, good offices. Central heating. Ample water. Modern drainage. Lodges and garages. Stabling. Beautifully matured gardens and grounds, and extensive kitchen garden.

EIGHT CAPITAL MIXED FARMS,

ranging from 88 acres to 282 acres. Several valuable fruit farms and market garden holdings. Accommodation lands. The fully licensed free premises "The Fox Inn," many attractive cottages and small residences. And about

A MILE OF TROUT FISHING IN THE RIVER TEME.

Which will be offered for SALE by AUCTION (unless sold privately meanwhile) by JOHN D. WOOD and Co., at the Swan Hotel, Tenbury Wells, on Tuesday, October 28th, 1930, at 2 o'clock.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Hamlitch, Anstey and Thompson, Southernhay, Exeter.

Auctioneers:—JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, London, W.1.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS AND THE SEA.

(BETWEEN.) STANDING ON GRAVEL SOIL.

ABOUT 250 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL, FACING SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

This charming, old-fashioned Residence, originally a

SUSSEX FARMHOUSE,

commanding wide, open views over delightful country,

is for sale privately, with about

10 ACRES,

at a very reasonable price, or additional land up to 100 acres, including a Home farm, can be purchased if desired.

The house contains modern comforts, including Company's water, central heating, lighting, telephone, and old-world characteristics, oak beams and heavy oak floors.

11 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, billiard and three reception rooms, adequate domestic offices; garage, stabling, &c.

MOST DELIGHTFULLY PLANNED GARDENS

IN KEEPING AND INEXPENSIVE TO MAINTAIN.

Price, plan and further particulars on application to the sole Agents, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 23, Berkeley-square, London, W.1; or Messrs. T. BANNISTER and Co., Haywards Heath. (31437.)

TELEPHONE: GROSVENOR 1440 (THREE LINES).

WILSON & CO.

F. D. WILSON, F.S.I.
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TO BE LET OR SOLD.

GOOD POSITION.

NEAR LEDBURY.

A well-built FAMILY HOUSE; nine bed, three bath, large lounge, three reception rooms, and good offices; electric light, central heating, good water supply. Whole property in good order; excellent hunter stabling.

CHARMING OLD-WORLD GARDENS.

ABOUT 15 ACRES.

FREEHOLD £5,500 or near offer.

Rent on Lease £225 per annum.

Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

A GEORGIAN HOUSE,

NEAR GUILDFORD.

On South side of the "Hog's Back." Beautiful position; fine views; sand soil; 13 bed, three bath, three lofty reception rooms; good domestic offices; garage; four cottages; squash racquet court; company's gas and water; main electric light available; central heating; independent hot water; lovely well-timbered gardens.

ABOUT 30 ACRES.

FREEHOLD for SALE at moderate price.

Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

ADJOINING SUNNINGDALE GOLF COURSE.

IN A REMARKABLY BEAUTIFUL SITUATION AMIDST PERFECT SECLUSION. OVER 300 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL. ON SANDY SOIL. FACING PRACTICALLY DUE SOUTH. WITH ALL THE PRINCIPAL ROOMS COMMANDING SUPERB VIEWS.

A BEAUTIFUL MODERN HOUSE OF EXCEPTIONAL CHARACTER,

beautifully appointed and in faultless condition. A purchaser can enter into occupation with a minimum of expenditure.

Lofty lounge hall 25ft. by 18ft. 6in., three charming reception rooms, billiard room, exceptionally good domestic quarters; 12 bed and dressing rooms, three well-fitted bath rooms; central heating, electric light, gas, and every modern convenience. Stabling, garages for several cars. Two or Four Cottages.

FINELY TIMBERED PLEASURE GROUNDS OF SINGULAR CHARM. Hard Tennis Court. Squash Racquets Court.

NINE ACRES FREEHOLD.

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE. BARGAIN PRICE.

THE WHOLE PLACE HAS BEEN MAINTAINED REGARDLESS OF EXPENSE AND A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY OCCURS OF SECURING AT MANY THOUSANDS BELOW COST ONE OF THE MOST DELIGHTFUL PROPERTIES IN THIS FAVOURITE NEIGHBOURHOOD.

Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

ORIGINAL TUDOR MANOR.

One of the most beautiful specimens in existence; an hour from London in the best residential part of

SUSSEX.

All characteristic features of the period faithfully preserved with original fireplaces and carved oak staircase. Perfect exterior with the surrounding gardens in exquisite harmony.

Fourteen bed rooms, three baths, four beautiful reception rooms; electric light, central heating; garages and labourers' cottages.

MODEL HOME FARM IN HAND.

A place of rare charm and character.

FOR SALE WITH 150 ACRES.

WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

CHILTERN HILLS.

SURROUNDED BY COMMONS.

Over 400ft. up. Near Hember and Reading.

CHARMING OLD HOUSE OF CHARACTER.

Hall, logria, three reception rooms, with oak beams, 10 bed rooms, two baths; electric light, company's water, telephone, &c.; two garages, cottage; beautiful gardens, hard tennis court, orchard, paddock. SIX ACRES.

FREEHOLD FOR SALE, £5,500.

Agents: WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

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